"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today; tomorrow, fair; variable winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max., 75; Min., 62.
Forecast weather report see page 20.

VOL. LXXIII. No. 24,267. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1924. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 500 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

# CONVENTION IN UPROAR AS M'ADOO PUSHES HIS VOTE TO 505½, BUT FAILS IN FIERCE NIGHT DRIVE TO GAIN A MAJORITY; BRYAN WAGES FURIOUS AFTERNOON BATTLE WITH HECKLERS

## LA FOLLETTE TO RUN FOR PRESIDENCY AS PROGRESSIVE

### Brandeis May Be Choice for Vice Presidential Nomination of Cleveland Conference.

### OFFER TO BE MADE TODAY

### Platform Will Advocate Esch-Cummins Law Repeal and Public Ownership of Railroads.

### WILL BAR COMMUNISTS

### Third Party Leaders Hoping Democrats Will Nominate Conservative—Keynote and Platform Ready.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The stage is all set for the nomination of Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin as candidate for the proposed new third party for President of the United States at the convention to be held at Cleveland on July 4 by the Conference for Progressive Political Action.

The Senator is aware that he will be nominated early in the proceedings, and it is learned that he will accept. He is preparing a statement, which will be taken to the convention by an Executive Committee which will call upon him tomorrow, presenting an address in which he will be urged to assume the leadership of the third party movement at the hands of the convention.

It is understood that the reply the Senator will make to this committee is not to be made public, out of courtesy to the Cleveland gathering, until it is read in the convention, but that it will leave no doubt where he stands.

It will deal with the political situation as it appears to the senior Wisconsin Senator following the adoption of the Democratic national platform at New York. He regards the Republican platform adopted at Cleveland as reactionary and unsatisfactory and does not think that of the Democrats will meet the situation.

Senator La Follette has been advised that the convention will not be in session more than two days and that efforts will be made to complete its major work, the selection of nominees for President and Vice President and the adoption of a platform, on the first day—Friday.

**Probable Planks of the Platform.**

It is expected that this platform will advocate repeal of the Esch-Cummins act, declare for public ownership of railroads, favor abolition of injunctions in labor disputes and of the power to punish for contempt without trial by jury; public ownership and development of the nation's water power; reconstruction of the Federal Reserve system to provide for direct public control of national money and credit; legislation to permit and promote co-operative banking; the creation of a Government marketing corporation; lowering of taxes on smaller incomes while imposing higher taxes in the upper brackets; direct primary election of President and Vice President; revision of the anti-trust laws and a constitutional amendment to vest Congress with power by a two-thirds vote to override decisions of the United States Supreme Court.

It is understood that the proposed name of the party is "Progressive Party." It is the intention to present the names of its candidates to the voters in every State in the Union and to designate Presidential electors to go on the ballot in each commonwealth. In some States, it is said, it will be necessary to have the names of the third party electors placed on the ballots as independents, as that is the only way in which they can be designated under the election machinery now in vogue.

**Vice Presidential Possibilities.**

Although Senator La Follette appears to be the unanimous choice of those in charge of the convention for the third party Presidential nominee, no one, so far as can be ascertained, has been definitely picked for his running mate. There was a strong intimation tonight that Justice Louis F. Brandeis of the United States Supreme Court was being seriously considered. Senator La Follette and Justice Brandeis have long been personal and political friends.

Although born in Kentucky, Mr. Brandeis was appointed to the Supreme Court by President Wilson, on Jan. 28, 1916, from Boston; and the ticket of "La Follette and Brandeis," it is being argued by some leaders in the movement, would be geographically correct, linking the East and the West.

Others being considered for the Vice Presidency are Warren S. Stone of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Senator Burton K. Wheeler of Montana, Colonel Huston Thompson, Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, and former Representative Victor Murdock of Kansas. Representative Huddleston of Alabama has been mentioned, but it is understood that, having been renominated for Congress as a Democrat, he does not feel that he ought to accept nomination on a third party ticket.

In addition to the committee representing the Conference for Progressive Political Action, a committee headed by W. W. Raleigh of Freeport, Ill., will call upon Senator La Follette tomorrow to present petitions from the "La Follette-for-President" clubs which are being formed in various parts of the country. These petitions, it is said, have been signed by more than 250,000 persons and urge Mr. La Follette to run as an independent.

The convention at Cleveland will, it is stated, be composed of representatives of sixteen railroad brotherhoods, the farmers' National Council, various State federations of labor, the Non-Partisan League, the farmer-labor unions of Oklahoma and Texas, the Farmer-Labor

Continued on Page Six.

FLORIDA, 2:45 P. M. Daily Thru Sleepers All East and West Coast Points. Seaboard, 562 West 125th. Tel. Bryant 7413.—Advt.

### *British Cabinet Decides Against Channel Tunnel*

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Co.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—The Cabinet, accepting the views of its military and naval advisers, is understood to have decided against construction of the Channel tunnel between England and France.

The supporters of the scheme will, however, press for a public inquiry and for an explicit statement of the strategic objections taken by the defence authorities to the project.

## AFFIRM CONVICTION OF W. H. ANDERSON

### Appellate Division Finds Anti-Saloon Leaguer Committed a Fraud.

### OPINION IS UNANIMOUS

### Declares That Rights of the Defendant Were Scrupulously Observed at Trial.

The conviction and sentence of William H. Anderson, former State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New York, was unanimously affirmed yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. Justice John V. McAvoy, writing the opinion of the court, holds that, while the "compass of the act charged as a crime here is very narrow," the trial fully developed relevant matters "which preceded and were concomitant with the precisely charged dereliction"—forgery in the third degree.

The appeal was heard on May 28, when ex-Governor Charles S. Whitman appeared for Anderson and Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora for the prosecution. Mr. Whitman maintained that no harm had been committed by the act of third degree forgery of which Anderson was convicted and took exception to numerous points in the Court's charge. Regarding the false entry by which $4,400 credited to O. Bertsall Phillips, solicitor of contributions, was transferred to Phillips's "expense account," the opinion of Justice McAvoy says:

**Books Meant to Deceive.**

"This entry was doubtless calculated to render the books capable of shewing by legal proof that Phillips did not receive his full earnings as commissions and salary. This hardly needs argumentation. It is vain to protest that it hurt nobody, because, whether it did or not, it was a false entry which spoke against the fact in a material matter and fell within the bounds of the charge in both counts of the indictment in that it intentionally changed the effect of the previous entry to the possible prejudice and damage of the corporation employer, and was a false entry on which an intent to defraud some person might well be predicated.

"The defendant urges that no facts were given in evidence which either expressly or impliedly indicate that the false entries were capable of being used to defraud. If this be a correct deduction from the proof, it is a fundamental defect and these propositions should not have been submitted to the jury, since such a submission would be without evidence to sustain either count.

**Arrangement on Commissions.**

"The admitted fact is that there was an arrangement between Anderson and Phillips by which Phillips was to divide with Anderson one-half of the amount of his yearly salary and commissions in excess of $10,000. Anderson's testimony on this matter differed from that of the people's witness, Phillips, only in this, that Anderson asserted that Phillips voluntarily offered to give Anderson one-half of his earnings over $10,000 yearly, while Phillips in effect asserts that the division was compulsory.

"It was in testimony by the defendant, Anderson, that he directed the false entries in question be made, in order to obviate the necessity of Phillips paying an income tax to the Federal and State Governments on $4,400, which had been properly charged to Phillips. The defendant also testified that, although he received this $4,400 from Phillips out of the latter's earnings for 1920 and deposited the same to his personal account, he likewise paid no income tax to either the Federal or State Government on such a sum."

**Finds Books Were Falsified.**

Justice McAvoy's opinion cites certified public accountants' testimony, including William F. McLaughlin, called by Anderson, and points out that the latter's testimony supported the people's contention that the books were falsified:

"The fact proof as thus summarized," continues the opinion, "warranted a finding by the jury that there was an entry in the corporation's books falsely made by defendant's direction with intent to defraud, and that the corpora-

Continued on Page Seven.

## M'ADOO CLIMBERS REVIVED

### Oxygen Is Used and His Expedition Reaches a Dizzy Height.

### SMITH RESTING ON GLACIER

### Reported Applying a Well-Known Foot Relief—Davis Camp Seeks Lower Altitude.

### PERILOUS CREVASSES YAWN

### Bryan Struggles to Give McAdoo Expedition a Lift and Meets With Interference.

By ELMER DAVIS.

Trying to get a Presidential nomination is a good deal like climbing Mount Everest. Much can be done by oxygen, but when you get into the rarefied atmosphere of the upper reaches of the mountain there is a limit to human endurance.

Consider the McAdoo boom, for instance. Yesterday afternoon it looked worn out and done for. McAdoo got down on one afternoon ballot to 404 votes, 27 below where he had started, so his managers took his boom back to the base camp and began to administer stimulants. Before the afternoon session ended they had started it out again. "a youth who bore mid snow and ice a banner with the strange device, Excelsior."

Oxygen was administered on the first ballot of the night session, when Missouri and Oklahoma deserted John W. Davis and Senator Owen, respectively, and came back on the McAdoo reservation. Taking this accession of strength with that brought to McAdoo in the afternoon when Bryan persuaded Mississippi to desert Pat Harrison, McAdoo passed the 500 mark on the fortieth ballot.

But from there on, friends, the going becomes hard. When the convention adjourned for the night after the forty-second ballot the McAdoo boom was last seen among the streamers of mist below the upper peak, staggering along with the aid of oxygen at the rate of about eight feet an hour; and it was going over loose stones and soft snow where it was likely to drop into a crevasse at any moment.

Meanwhile Al Smith had gone back to the base camp on the lower glacier to rub his feet with Radway's Ready Relief and get a good night's sleep in the hope of starting again in the morning. John W. Davis had given it up and taken West Virginia, Louisiana and Porto Rico, his three steady supporters, down to the foot of the mountain to cool off and talk over the great moments when they thought they were going somewhere.

Tomorrow McAdoo may have flopped and somebody else may be trying for the summit—perhaps Smith, perhaps somebody who hasn't really started yet, but has been sitting back and learning from the misfortunes of other mountain climbers.

**Bryan Tries to Help McAdoo.**

The Democrats spent five hours and took eight ballots in Madison Square Garden at the day session yesterday, but nothing much happened except that a delegate at large from Florida explained his vote. The name of the delegate in question will readily occur to every one. It was none other than our old friend William Jennings Bryan, the peerless explainer, and his explanation provoked more pugnacity, ill-feeling, bad blood and unchristian ferocity than is ever seen in the Garden in a whole boxing season.

Bryan's explanation of his vote developed into a renomination of McAdoo. He promised at the outset of his explanation that he wouldn't attack any candidate, as he had promised friends of Al Smith the night before that he wouldn't attack their candidate, and he didn't attack any candidate by name, but he made it pretty clear that Al Smith and John W. Davis were the wicked ones he was out to destroy and he said frankly that McAdoo was the hero to whose defense he rushed.

Like a mailed warrior, like a plumed

Continued on Page Two.

### *Today's Official Program.*

Following is the official program for the Democratic convention today:

THIRTEENTH SESSION.

Convention called to order at 10 A. M. by the Permanent Chairman, Senator Walsh of Montana.

Invocation.

Continuation of the balloting for candidate for President, starting with the forty-third ballot.

Adjournment.

## MORE RALSTON TALK AMID THE DEADLOCK

### Taggart's Tactics Lead to Gossip of Compromise by Saturday

### AFTER LEADERS WEAR OUT

### Smith as Running Mate With Indianan Is One Suggestion—Cox Men Sticking.

The trend in the gossip among Democratic leaders last night, following William J. Bryan's speech, was that there would be two more attempts by the leading candidates, McAdoo and Smith, to break the deadlock, and then would come deals and the field for compromises would be opened for the nomination of President and Vice President, possibly not before Saturday.

One enigma in the situation continues to be Senator Ralston of Indiana. There were rumors last night that Ralston might be nominated for President and Governor Smith selected for his running mate. This development, which has figured as a possibility for two days, appeared last night to be more discussed than ever.

Some of the leaders were reported to be looking with more favor on the campaign which Thomas Taggart of Indiana, has been carrying on since he came here, refusing to give support to any other candidate, and quietly holding out Senator Ralston as a compromise candidate.

"We of Indiana are voting persistently for Senator Samuel M. Ralston, not because of hostility to any one but because of a well justified partiality for him," Mr. Taggart said yesterday. "Under all the conditions as they have developed, we are convinced that his nomination is better calculated to unite the party than that of any other.

"He is progressive. He is honest and open, and every one knows it. He is unselfish in his devotion to the party, and that is understood. He has great executive ability, as has been conclusively proved by his administration as Governor of Indiana.

"He not only promises economy in Government, but he has practiced it in office. He is in harmony with the fundamental purposes of the party, and for thirty years has been one of the ablest advocates of its principles. Labor respects him, the farmers have confidence in him, business is not afraid of him and as a vote getter he is not excelled by any man thus far mentioned for the nomination.

"I am not for him merely because he is my friend. I am happy in the friendship of other candidates as well. I have spent too many years fighting for the success of my party to make its interests as I see them secondary to personal friendships. I favor the nomination of Senator Ralston solely because I think his nomination would be acceptable to all elements and would result in the election of a Democratic President—and that is what we all want."

The position of David Franklin Houston, who was placed in nomination by Lewis G. Stevenson of Illinois, with the request "that no votes be cast for him unless and until the leading candidates should be eliminated by a deadlock," was defined at the close of yesterday's afternoon session as being unchanged.

"We have adhered strictly to our original program, announced a week ago in my nominating speech," said Mr. Stevenson, "and up to this time we have seen no reason to deviate from our policy of non-interference with the aspirations of the leading candidates. We have asked delegates not to vote for Mr. Houston until the time arrives when they are convinced that the leading contenders cannot secure the requisite two-thirds.

"From the very outset there has been a large block of votes which could have been assembled for Mr. Houston from not less than a dozen States, but if they had been cast for him it could only have contributed to the present confusion. Mr. Houston's latest strength has grown steadily. I am confident that if the deadlock is not soon broken the convention will turn to him as the foremost Democrat whose record is flawless and who would appeal especially to the two elements necessary for Democratic success—the dissatisfied farmers and independents."

Leaders of the forces behind ex-Governor James M. Cox of Ohio stated after a series of conferences last night that there would be no break in the Cox delegation and that it would hold firm as long as the McAdoo camp continued its fight. R. H. Moore, one of the Ohio leaders, was confident that Mr. McAdoo could not get a majority of the delegates. The Cox leaders refused to let any of their delegates go even temporarily to McAdoo or Smith or make any other political trades.

The Ohio delegation discussed last evening the advisability of starting a drive for Mr. Cox, but reached the conclusion that the right moment had not come and that the best strategy was to sit back and hold their forces together.

When you think of Writing Think of Whiting.—Advt.

## EX-SECRETARY DIRECTS FIGHT

### Said to Have Asked Robinson to Quit to Give Him Arkansas.

### DENY DEAL OVER DEADLOCK

### Both Smith's and Californian's Supporters Say No Conference Has Been Held.

### GOVERNOR HIDES STRENGTH

### Willing to Have Convention Run Over the Fourth—Mentioned for Vice Presidency.

William G. McAdoo took personal charge last night of the drive that it was hoped would put him in sight of the Democratic nomination for President and actually brought him up to 505½ votes.

From headquarters in Suite 208 in the Madison Square Hotel, directly opposite the convention hall, Mr. McAdoo was in constant communication with his lieutenants and directed the moves which made him the big gainer on the night's balloting.

Among those with Mr. McAdoo for practically all the time the convention was in session were Bernard M. Baruch and Thomas L. Chadbourne, two of Mr. McAdoo's principal backers. Soon after 11 o'clock, just before the convention adjourned, Mr. Baruch left the hotel and returned almost immediately with Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas.

Senator Robinson had a private talk with Mr. McAdoo and it was assumed that the purpose in sending for him was to ask him to withdraw as a candidate so that the eighteen votes of Arkansas might be thrown to Mr. McAdoo, placing him within striking distance of 550 votes, the majority which apparently was the goal of the McAdoo leaders in the drive that was cut short by an early adjournment and is expected to be continued this morning.

**Robinson Refuses to Talk.**

Senator Robinson came down from the McAdoo suite after a few minutes, and was approached by newspaper reporters in the lobby of the hotel. He declined to tell anything concerning his conversation with Mr. McAdoo.

Mr. McAdoo and his associates in the Madison Square Hotel headquarters made desperate efforts to get some assurance from the Virginia delegates that Senator Carter Glass would withdraw and permit the 24 votes of Virginia to be thrown to Mr. McAdoo. Former Governor Claude A. Swanson of Virginia was among those who saw Mr. McAdoo at his convention headquarters. It could not be learned whether Mr. McAdoo had received any assurance that Senator Glass would withdraw, but the prevailing opinion was that this was not likely, at least at present.

There was a constant stream of McAdoo leaders going and coming between the convention hall and Mr. McAdoo's suite in the Madison Square Hotel. Among them were William F. O'Connell of Chicago, Clyde L. Herring and E. T. Meredith of Iowa, Colonel Thomas B. Love of Texas, and Colonel Samuel B. Amidon, of Kansas.

Mr. McAdoo also was said to have been in almost constant telephonic communication with Judge David Ladd Rockwell, his campaign manager, and his floor leaders, a telephone having been installed in the room used as headquarters by the McAdoo field forces in Madison Square Garden.

**Rockwell Confers With Chief.**

Immediately after adjournment of the convention Judge Rockwell, J. Bruce Kremer of Montana, the chief McAdoo floor leader, and Bryce Claggett, Mr. McAdoo's secretary, joined Mr. McAdoo at the headquarters in the Madison Square Hotel.

Mr. McAdoo declined to comment upon the gain he had shown in the balloting. "I have nothing to say," he said with a smile.

"It was good," was Judge Rockwell's comment. "Everything looks sweet."

Mr. McAdoo and his party then left

Continued on Page Five.

### *LATEST (FORTY-SECOND) BALLOT.*

| Total Vote. | STATE | McAdoo | Smith | J. W. Davis | Underwood | Cox | Ralston | Glass | Robinson | Ritchie |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 24 | Alabama | .. | .. | .. | 24 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | Arizona | 3½ | .. | 1 | 1½ | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 18 | Arkansas | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 18 | .. |
| 26 | California | 26 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 12 | Colorado | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 14 | Connecticut | 4.9 | 9.1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | Delaware | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 12 | Florida | 10 | 1 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 28 | Georgia | 28 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 8 | Idaho | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 58 | Illinois | 13 | 20 | 10 | .. | 5 | 30 | .. | 4 | .. |
| 30 | Indiana | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 26 | Iowa | 26 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 20 | Kansas | 20 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 26 | Kentucky | 26 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 20 | Louisiana | .. | .. | 20 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 12 | Maine | 2 | 4½ | .. | 5½ | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 16 | Maryland | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 16 |
| 36 | Massachusets | 2½ | 33½ | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 30 | Michigan | 16 | 12 | 1 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 24 | Minnesota | 6 | 15 | 1 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | 1 | .. |
| 20 | Mississippi | 20 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 36 | Missouri | 36 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 8 | Montana | 7 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 16 | Nebraska | 12 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 |
| 6 | Nevada | 6 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 8 | N. Ham'hire | 4 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 28 | New Jersey | .. | 28 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | New Mexico | 6 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 90 | New York | 2 | 88 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 24 | No. Car. | 19½ | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4½ | .. |
| 10 | No. Dakota | 5 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 48 | Ohio | .. | .. | .. | .. | 48 | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 20 | Oklahoma | 20 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 10 | Oregon | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 76 | Pennsylv'nia | 25½ | 38½ | 6 | 3½ | .. | .. | .. | 1 | ½ |
| 10 | Rhode Isl'd | .. | 10 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 18 | So. Carolina | 18 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 10 | So. Dakota | 9 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 24 | Tennessee | 24 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 40 | Texas | 40 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 8 | Utah | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 8 | Vermont | 1 | 7 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 24 | Virginia | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 24 | .. | .. |
| 14 | Washington | 14 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 16 | West Va. | .. | .. | 16 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 26 | Wisconsin | 3 | 23 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | Wyoming | 1 | 4½ | ½ | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | Alaska | 1 | 3 | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | Dist of Col. | 6 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | Philippines | 3 | 3 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | Porto Rico | .. | 1 | 5 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 6 | Canal Zone | 6 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 1098 | Totals | 503.4 | 318.6 | 67 | 39½ | 55 | 30 | 28½ | 24 | 17½ |

SCATTERING, 14. SAULSBURY—Del. 6. OWEN—Ill. 4. SPELLACY—S. D. 1. DAVIS, J. M.—Ill. 2, Pa. 1. Total 3. Total votes, 1,097½. Necessary for choice, 732.

## M'ADOO BRINGS UP RESERVES

### Reaches Peak on Second Ballot, but Drops to 503.4 on Last Polling.

### ADJOURNS TO 10 A. M. TODAY

### Smith Has 318.6 on Last Ballot, His Forces Standing Firm—Davis Drops to 67.

### BIG BRYAN EFFORT FAILS

### He Speaks to Push McAdoo and Other Possible Candidates, Getting a Hostile Reception.

### *Changes in Candidates' Votes Between 1st and 42d Ballots*

This table shows how the candidates for President stood on the first ballot taken on Monday and on the forty-second ballot, the last cast last night, with the net change in the vote for each contender:

| Candidate | 1st Ballot. | 42d Ballot. | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|
| McAdoo | 431½ | 503.4 | +71.9 |
| Smith | 241 | 318.6 | +77.6 |
| Cox | 59 | 55 | — 4 |
| Harrison | 43½ | 0 | —43½ |
| Underwood | 43½ | 39½ | — 3 |
| Silzer | 36 | 0 | —36 |
| J. W. Davis | 31 | 67 | +36 |
| Ralston | 30 | 30 | 0 |
| Ferris | 30 | 0 | —30 |
| Glass | 25 | 28½ | + 3½ |
| Ritchie | 23½ | 17½ | — 6 |
| Robinson | 21 | 24 | + 3 |
| Jonath'n Davis | 20 | 3 | —17 |
| C. W. Bryan | 18 | 0 | —18 |
| Brown | 17 | 0 | —17 |
| Sweet | 12 | 0 | —12 |
| Saulsbury | 7 | 6 | — 1 |
| Kendrick | 6 | 0 | — 6 |
| Thompson | 1 | 0 | — 1 |
| Owen | 0 | 4 | + 4 |
| Spellacy | 0 | 1 | + 1 |

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

William G. McAdoo's supporters made a desperate effort last night to stampede the Democratic National Convention in Madison Square Garden for their candidate. The effort did not succeed, but Mr. McAdoo showed that he had great ability to come back. When the convention adjourned at 11:15 o'clock to meet at 10 o'clock this morning, Mr. McAdoo had 503.4 votes to his credit, against 318.6 for his nearest competitor, Governor Alfred E. Smith of New York.

The drive of the McAdoo forces was to obtain a majority of the convention for him. They came within 43¾ votes of it on one ballot. Behind this purpose lay the belief that if McAdoo attained a majority, there would be a stampede in his favor sufficient to give him 732 votes, the two-thirds of the number of delegates necessary for the nomination.

McAdoo's strength was waning when the convention adjourned on Tuesday night. He made considerable gains during the day session of the convention, which lasted from 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning till late in the afternoon, and when a recess was taken until 8 o'clock last night the total of his votes stood at 444.

Missouri returned to the McAdoo column and Oklahoma also gave its vote to McAdoo, bringing him to 499 on the thirty-ninth ballot, the first of last night's session. On the fortieth ballot he went to 500¾, on the forty-first he dropped to 504 6-10, and on the forty-second and last to 503 4-10.

**Looks Like a Long Fight.**

When the convention adjourned last night the indications were that there would be a long-drawn battle of ballots, lasting several days. In the opinion of veterans of Democratic conventions no adjournment is likely to come until Saturday at the earliest. One view expressed by some of these veterans was that it was likely to be the longest convention in the history of the party.

In spite of McAdoo's great gain yesterday, the convention is really deadlocked. The Californian candidate on the final ballot was 226½ votes short of the two-thirds necessary to obtain the nomination, and confidence was expressed by George E. Brennan of Illinois and other anti-McAdoo leaders that McAdoo had practically run his course. Opinion was strong among leading Democrats that the whole situation indicated that a dark horse would be the nominee.

The main incentive of the McAdoo management in attempting to make a spurt at last night's session was the knowledge that unless they did so their candidate would lose strength rapidly. Missouri, Mississippi and Oklahoma had gone to McAdoo after virtually serving notice that they would remain in the McAdoo column for only five ballots or so, unless the McAdoo poll mounted high enough to encourage the belief that he could obtain the necessary two-thirds.

**McAdoo Appeals to Delegations.**

Desperate eleventh-hour efforts were made last night to get Indiana, Virginia and Arkansas to come to the McAdoo side. Mr. McAdoo went personally to the Madison Square Hotel, opposite the Garden, and sent for Senator Joseph T. Robinson, Arkansas' favorite son, and Senator Claude A. Swanson

## *Text of W. J. Bryan's Speech That Aroused a Great Storm*

### *Stenographic Record of His Battle With Hecklers While He Tried to Name Candidates and Make Appeal for Unity in the Party to Bring Success.*

The full text of William Jennings Bryan's speech to the Democratic Convention yesterday afternoon and the attendant protests are shown in the official stenographer's report as follows:

Mr. William Jennings Bryan—Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent to explain my vote.

The Chairman—The gentleman from Florida, Mr. Bryan, asks unanimous consent that he be permitted to explain his vote. Is there objection? [Cries "Objection."] ["I object, I object."] ["No, no, no."] The Chair hears none. Mr. Bryan will come to the platform. [Cheers and applause mingled with hisses and boos.]

Mr. William Jennings Bryan—Mr. Chairman, members of the convention:

I greatly appreciate the privilege you have accorded me, and I hope when I am through you will feel that I have improved the time for the benefit of the Democratic Party. [Applause.] I have only one desire, and that is that we shall win this next election [cheers and applause], and I only desire that because I see no other hope for the nation except in the victory of the Democratic Party. [Applause.]

We have met here as representatives of the party in the entire nation, and no one who is acquainted to national conventions will fail to appreciate the wisdom of bringing together representatives of the party in all the States and Territories. All of us are liable to be influenced by environment. Men's opinion of what is to be is half wish and half environment.

No one can listen to the earnest plea made in behalf of different candidates without realizing how much acquaintance with life and record has to do with the formation of opinion; as I have listened to the pleadings of the friends of the various candidates, I have felt that possibly if we could have a campaign long enough for every voter to get as well acquainted with the proposed candidate as those who advocate him, it would be easier to make a selection and come to an agreement.

I do not claim any advantage over any one else. I am one in 1,098 delegates, and one in twelve of the Democrats of Florida, and I ask no one to accept my opinion on my authority. I only ask that they consider the reasons that have led me to the conclusion that I have reached and give to those reasons such weight as each one may think that they deserve.

**Calls Party Rich in Candidates.**

I think that is the spirit in which we all should meet, and with this introduction I want to submit a word in regard to a number of candidates, not in criticism, for I shall not mention any candidate whom I would have to criticize. I only want to speak of some whom I would be glad to commend, and when I have done that I want to speak of something more important than candidates. I want to get the lesser things out of the way before I take up the things of supreme importance. [Applause.]

In the first place, I want to say to you that the Democratic Party has candidates in abundance. We could call the roll of States and find in every State a Democrat worthy to be President of the United States. [Applause.] I have not time to call the roll, but if it becomes necessary I will furnish a list, and there will be more than one in many of the

Continued on Page Three.

## *Summary of Yesterday's Ballots*

| Candidates | Day Session 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | Night Session 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| McAdoo | 415½ | 415½ | 404½ | 445 | 439 | 439 | 444½ | 444 | 499 | 505¾ | 504.6 | 503.4 |
| Smith | 322½ | 322 | 310½ | 311 | 323½ | 323 | 321 | 321 | 320½ | 317 | 317.6 | 318.6 |
| J. W. Davis | 127½ | 128 | 121 | 107½ | 107 | 106½ | 107 | 106 | 71 | 71 | 70 | 67 |
| Cox | 57 | 57 | 57 | 56 | 56 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| Underwood | 39½ | 39½ | 39½ | 39½ | 39½ | 39½ | 39½ | 39½ | 38½ | 39½ | 39½ | 39½ |
| Ralston | 32 | 32 | 32 | 31 | 31 | 33½ | 32 | 32 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 30 |
| Owen | 25 | 24 | 25 | 5 | 25 | 25 | 24 | 24 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Robinson | 24 | 24 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| Glass | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 29 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 24 | 24 | 28½ |
| Ritchie | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | 17½ | 17½ | 18½ | 17½ | 17½ | 17½ |
| Saulsbury | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| J. M. Davis | 6 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Walsh | 3½ | 3½ | 2½ | 1½ | ½ | ½ | ½ | 1½ | 1 | .. | .. | .. |
| Ferris | .. | .. | 30 | 30 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Gerard | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Doheny | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Gaston | .. | .. | 1½ | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Jackson | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. |
| Cummings | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | .. | .. |
| Spellacy | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 1 | 1 |

## *Georgian Assembly, Invoking State Rights, Rejects Proposed Child Labor Amendment*

*Special to The New York Times.*

ATLANTA, Ga., July 2.—After Representative McCorsey of Schley had declared that "we don't drink of the same bottle with the Washington bunch" the Georgia State Assembly today, by a vote of 170 to 3, refused to ratify the proposed Amendment to the Federal Constitution giving Congress the power to regulate child labor in the United States. This action was taken largely on the ground that the Amendment would interfere with State rights and is too drastic in its provisions. Former Senator Hoke Smith had urged the legislators to oppose ratification, and has worked against passage of the measure, pointing out its alleged dangers to Georgia.

Mrs. Viola Napier of Bibb, one of the two women in the lower house, urged support of the amendment. A flood of "Nays" greeted her proposal.

The stand of the great majority of the Assembly was summed up in the address of Mr. McCorsey, who said:

"I don't want any more monkeying with the hung-saw by that bunch in Washington. We don't mix nohow. We weren't born under the same regime and don't drink out of the same bottle. We don't want them interfering with our affairs.

"And he characterized the amendment as the work of a bunch of "long-haired agitatists."

Reduced Prices Matinee TODAY. "KID BOOTS," Eddie Cantor, Mary Eaton. Zieg-feld Greatest Success. Earl Carroll Thea.—Advt.

RELIEF FOR ACUTE INDIGESTION relieves the most severe attacks.—Advt.

Hotel Astor's New Hotel, The Robert Morris, will please you. Moderate prices.—Advt.

# Features of the Third Day of Democratic Balloting for President

the head of the Virginia delegation. Mr. Bryan and other McAdoo chiefs went to Thomas Taggart, leader of the Indiana delegation. There were reports last night that Virginia was wavering in its solid support of Senator Carter Glass, but it was intimated that Mr. McAdoo had not succeeded in persuading Senator Robinson to withdraw in Mr. McAdoo's favor.

As for Mr. Taggart, he would have none of it when Mr. Bryan and others tried to exercise their persuasive influence upon him. He declared emphatically that Senator Samuel M. Ralston, Indiana's candidate, would remain in the contest and that he was certain to be the choice of the convention.

While engineered by the McAdoo management the drive in McAdoo's behalf at last night's session of the convention was in some measure an attempt on the part of those in charge of the political fortunes of dark horse candidates to eliminate Governor Smith. The plan of the dark horse backers is to get rid of the leading contenders and wait hopefully for lightning to strike the dark horse paddock. Governor Smith's forces held their own, however. There were occasional small losses in the Governor's strength but when the night session adjourned he had 513.6 votes or 2.6 more than on the last ballot of the session which ended yesterday afternoon.

With Smith out of the way, the dark-horses would have an opportunity of concentrating against Mr. McAdoo.

**Two Interesting Sessions.**

Yesterday's sessions of the convention were the most interesting since the Democrats assembled. They were full of thrills. In addition to the interest aroused by the come-back of McAdoo after his fortunes in the convention had been at low ebb the night before, Mr. Bryan furnished an exciting diversion by taking the platform on the plea that he desired to explain his vote as a member of the Florida delegation and indulged in a speech lasting more than half an hour, the burden of which was that the convention should nominate a candidate of progressive tendencies in order to win the election.

To point out the way the convention should go, Mr. Bryan named eight men whom he regarded as worthy of having the party's highest honors conferred upon them. One of those he named was his brother, Governor Charles W. Bryan of Nebraska. He spoke in the highest terms of him and of himself and heard himself accused while turmoil raced in the Garden of attempting to take advantage of the convention's courtesy in order to give Mr. McAdoo the nomination. The others named by Mr. Bryan as being good Presidential timber included Senator Thomas J. Walsh of Montana, Senator Ralston and Senator Robinson; E. T. Meredith of Iowa, who was Secretary of Agriculture under President Wilson, and Senator Simmons and Senator Bailey of North Carolina and Dr. A. A. Murphree, President of the University of Florida.

When the convention reassembled last night, however, Mr. Bryan went to work in real earnest to help in the McAdoo management in its effort to give Mr. McAdoo a majority of the delegates. He was extremely active on the floor of the Garden all during the evening, and when Mr. McAdoo passed the 500 mark in the fortieth ballot Mr. Bryan continued his effort to pile up a bigger majority.

**Promise a New Drive Today.**

For three ballots the number of votes polled by Mr. McAdoo were more than 500. His strength remained practically at a standstill on these three ballots, and as it was evident that there was no chance of further inroads into the strength of the candidates, the McAdoo managers were willing to have an adjournment. The managers of the other aspirants for the Presidential nomination were equally willing.

Mr. McAdoo's supporters promise a renewal of the drive when the convention reassembles this morning. Whether they will have any success was something that remained uncertain when the convention adjourned last night. In spite of the McAdoo drive, all the State delegations which have favorite son candidates, with the exception of Mississippi and Oklahoma, stood behind these favorite sons.

West Virginia continued to cast its vote for John W. Davis as it had from the beginning of the balloting, while Alabama supported Underwood and Indiana was for Ralston, Arkansas for Robinson, Virginia for Carter Glass, Ohio for Cox and Maryland for Ritchie, with Delaware giving its little block of six votes to former Senator Saulsbury.

When the convention adjourned on Tuesday night McAdoo had dropped to 415½ votes on the thirtieth ballot. On prior ballots he had gone as high as 479. At one time he had gone as low as 412. The managers of Governor Smith were satisfied Tuesday night that McAdoo had been stopped and that the general view through the country was that the convention in agreement with this opinion.

In the balloting of the first session yesterday, McAdoo had made gains. His managers at that time realized that did so his chances of obtaining the nomination would be entirely gone. There had been a drop in the McAdoo vote in yesterday's session to 404½, but this was overcome when, on the thirty-fourth ballot, the entire Mississippi delegation, with 20 votes, changed from John W. Davis to McAdoo. Oklahoma also changed into the McAdoo column, switching from Senator Robert L. Owen, but returned to Owen again on the thirty-fourth ballot.

**Missouri and Oklahoma Switch**

The advance in the McAdoo vote at the night session was due primarily to Missouri and Oklahoma giving him their votes. Missouri had gone from McAdoo to Davis on Tuesday, and intended to return to him yesterday afternoon, but refrained from doing so on account of indignation in the Missouri delegation over a speech made before the convention by William J. Bryan, who in the course of it gave a boost to McAdoo but declared that Democrats who he believed were worthy of leading the Democratic party in the campaign of 1924.

In yesterday afternoon's session there had been a break for McAdoo from the solid ninety votes which New York had been casting consistently for Governor Smith ever since the balloting began. Only two of the New Yorkers deserted their Governor, but small as the number was it gave great encouragement to the McAdoo forces.

The swing to McAdoo at last night's session made heavy inroads into the strength of John W. Davis of West Virginia, third in the list of contenders for the nomination. When the convention took a recess yesterday afternoon, Davis had 108 votes. His strength dropped last night on the forty-second ballot to 97 votes.

**Bryan's Speech Causes Confusion.**

The immediate effect of Mr. Bryan's speech was to leave the minds of the delegates in a state of confusion. As the convention adjourned upon the conclusion of the ballot which was interrupted by Mr. Bryan's appearance on the platform, there was considerable uncertainty as to what it was the Commoner had intended to accomplish when he asked unanimous consent to explain his vote.

But after they had had an opportunity to give consideration to the speech many delegates agreed that the thing that stood out in Mr. Bryan's oratorical effort was a virtual acknowledgment on his part that McAdoo's attempt to obtain the Presidential nomination had degenerated to a forlorn hope and could be revived by a last desperate effort.

This opinion was qualified in certain quarters by the view that Mr. Bryan had no hope at all that McAdoo could succeed and was laying the foundation for an effort in behalf of one or another of the men he named as Democrats worthy of holding the Presidential office. There were those, too, who insisted that Mr. Bryan believed that he might stampede the convention for himself.

There was enough in Mr. Bryan's remarks to create the feeling on the part of a good many delegates and spectators that he contemplated making another "Cross of Gold" speech, such as he delivered before the Democratic convention in Chicago in 1896 with such dramatic and persuasive effect that he swept the convention off its feet and made himself the candidate of his party on the free silver issue.

But the convention was not in a mood to be stampeded. While Mr. Bryan got some applause from friends of the men whom he mentioned as being good Presidential timber, and while the McAdoo adherents on the floor and in the gallery tried to get up a demonstration when he endorsed their candidate, there were more boos than cheers to punctuate the address of the man who had three times led the party to defeat.

**He Was Not the Bryan of Old.**

The Bryan who spoke yesterday was not the same Bryan who dominated it by his power of oratory when it met at Chicago twenty-eight years ago. Then he was the young leader, handsome and virile and full of the fire of youth. He had an issue which appealed to most of the delegations at that time and he clothed it with such charming and entrancing metaphors that he was seen at once as the Moses who had appeared as if by a miracle to lead the party out of the wilderness in which it found itself.

Yesterday in Madison Square Garden he still showed some of the fire and the eloquence of his first appearance, but the power to charm and lead appeared to be lacking. His audience lacked sympathy with him, and it was evident that Mr. Bryan did not possess the influence with his fellow Democrats that he possessed at Baltimore twelve years ago, when he deserted the cause of Champ Clark, for whom he was instructed as a delegate, and in a speech filled with sensational utterances made possible the situation which brought about the nomination of Woodrow Wilson for President after Clark had received a majority of the votes.

His great voice, however, was still rich and melodious. It carried clearly throughout the vast area of the Garden and Mr. Bryan was in great good humor. In spite of the booing that went on while his speech was being delivered, he managed to keep his temper and really beamed on his audience at times, until toward the end of his remarks when he created the impression that he had been diverted from what he had intended to say and took a line different from that which he had intended following when he went upon the platform to plead his cause. The good humor which he sought to maintain and his quickness at repartee were best displayed when he said:

"This is probably the last convention of my party in which I shall be a delegate."

There was applause at this, obviously to denote approval, and Mr. Bryan quickly responded:

"Don't applaud, I may change my mind."

The audience responded with hearty laughter.

**Speech Came as a Surprise.**

To most of the delegates and practically all of the spectators Mr. Bryan's request to be heard was a great surprise. It was well understood by many delegates that he intended making a speech critical of John W. Davis's association with the law firm which handles legal business for J. P. Morgan & Co., but this was coupled with the impression that Mr. Bryan would not seek to drop the nomination of Mr. Davis until the latter's strength in the balloting became impressive.

There had been an inkling, however, of Mr. Bryan's intention to address the convention. Senator King of Utah, one of Mr. McAdoo's most ardent supporters, had heard that the Commoner desired to deliver a speech and had gone to Senator Walsh, permanent Chairman of the convention, to plead that Mr. Bryan should not be recognized for that purpose. Senator King felt that any such course on Mr. Bryan's part, especially if he indulged in denunciation of Governor Smith, Mr. Davis, or other aspirants, would react unfavorably on the convention and might injure Mr. McAdoo's chances. Other friends of Mr. McAdoo's candidacy felt the same way and joined with Senator King in expressing their indignation after speech they had listened to Mr. Bryan's speech.

Bernard M. Baruch of New York and Breckenridge Long of Missouri, ardent supporters of Mr. McAdoo, were mentioned in this connection. They felt, it was said, that Mr. Bryan's speech would injure Mr. McAdoo's candidacy.

One of the New York delegates who had heard that Mr. Bryan was to make some remarks before the convention about the various candidates went to the Commoner and requested him not to attack Governor Smith. This delegate had been on friendly terms with Mr. Bryan in past campaigns. He readily obtained Mr. Bryan's assurance that there would be no attack upon the Governor. Mr. Bryan made good on this promise. In the course of his speech he said:

"I shall not mention any candidate whom I would have to criticise."

**Considered as Changing His Stand.**

That Mr. Bryan's speech was intended to be notice that he regarded Mr. McAdoo's chances of obtaining the nomination as ended was emphasized by the attitude Mr. Bryan has taken all along with reference to the McAdoo candidacy. As one of the delegates at large from Florida, Mr. Bryan is bound by instructions to support Mr. McAdoo until a majority of the Florida delegation decides otherwise.

Since he came to New York to attend the convention, Mr. Bryan has been questioned frequently as to what he thought of the situation and was frequently asked who was his second choice to Mr. McAdoo. Mr. Bryan consistently declined to discuss a second choice. He took the position that under his instruction as a delegate from Florida it would be disloyal to admit that there was a possibility of the nomination going to any other man than Mr. McAdoo.

So when he took the platform yesterday and suggested that were a number of prominent Democrats worthy of receiving the Presidential nomination it was apparent to those who had known Mr. Bryan's attitude that he had reached the point where he was willing to admit that McAdoo could not be nominated. This impression was not changed when Mr. Bryan praised McAdoo highly as the man who had made it possible for the Democratic Party to have a progressive convention in New York.

In requesting unanimous consent to address the convention Mr. Bryan put the request on the ground that he desired to "explain his vote." Just what he meant by this was not made clear during his remarks. Florida's delegation had consistently cast its twelve votes for McAdoo on a great many ballots, but not long before Mr. Bryan made his speech one of the twelve had switched to Smith and another to Ralston. One view of what Mr. Bryan meant was that he wished the convention to understand that he had voted for McAdoo because he regarded him as the most conspicuous progressive whose name was before the convention.

But Mr. Bryan left the matter in considerable obscurity. The more general impression created by his remarks was that he felt the time had come to consider other candidates than Mr. McAdoo and that he desired to make clear to the convention that its choice should be confined to one of those whom he mentioned.

**Answer Is Considered Unnecessary.**

When Mr. Bryan asked for unanimous consent to address the convention and Chairman Walsh, amid cries of "Object! Object!" and "No! No! No!" declared that no objection had been raised, the anti-McAdoo leaders showed signs of perturbation. They became extremely active. Brennan of Illinois and others determined quickly that Bainbridge Colby of New York, who, like Mr. Bryan, had served as Secretary of State under President Wilson, should be designated to answer the Commoner. But Mr. Colby would have none of it. He insisted that Bryan would do more harm than good to the cause he pleaded and that no answer was required.

Mr. Colby's advice appeared to be sound to those who at first thought that to those who at first thought that an answer to Mr. Bryan was required and they decided not to. Bryan's remarks passed unnoticed, although Edmond H. Moore of Ohio and other anti-McAdoo men sought to stop Mr. Bryan's speech by appealing to the Chair that his remarks were out of order.

Chairman Walsh let Mr. Bryan talk for half an hour, perhaps a little more than that time, for it was hard to stop the Commoner. Chairman Walsh responded to attempts to interrupt Mr. Bryan by declaring that he had consulted the convention's parliamentarian, who had advised him that under the rules Mr. Bryan was entitled to speak for that length of time. When Mr. Bryan permitted a question about Mr. McAdoo's connections with the Doheny oil interests, Chairman Walsh rendered a ruling, raising his voice above the turmoil in the Garden, that Mr. Bryan's time would expire as soon as he had answered the question.

When the answer had been given by Mr. Bryan and he was permitted to go on with his remarks there were shouts that the Chairman had violated his own ruling.

**Four Mentioned Still in Race.**

Of the eight men mentioned by Mr. Bryan as worthy of receiving the Democratic nomination, four were appearing in the balloting at the time the Bryan speech was delivered. These were Mr. McAdoo, Senator Robinson of Arkansas, Senator Ralston of Indiana and Senator Walsh of Montana.

Of the others, Mr. Bryan's brother, Governor Charles W. Bryan of Nebraska, had received votes on prior ballots, and some complimentary votes had been cast for Josephus Daniels of North Carolina, former Secretary of the Navy. There had been a complimentary vote or two also for E. T. Meredith of Iowa, who had been Secretary of Agriculture in President Wilson's Cabinet, but his name, like those of Governor Bryan and Mr. Daniels, had disappeared.

Mr. Bryan endorsed Senator Ralston as "a progressive Democrat." His mention of the names of Mr. Ralston and Governor Bryan was regarded as significant by those who were aware that on Tuesday Thomas Taggart, Mr. Ralston's campaign manager, had suggested that a good national ticket would be Ralston and Governor Bryan. This suggestion was said to have been pleasing to the Bryan brothers.

Senator Walsh has been spoken of as a possible dark horse compromise. Claims had been advanced in his behalf that his nomination would tend to minimize criticism of the Democratic Party for its refusal to incorporate in its platform a plank condemning the Ku Klux Klan by name.

Mention of Senator Robinson by Mr. Bryan was also regarded as having some significance. When opinion became widespread that Mr. McAdoo had lost his chance of obtaining the Presidential nomination, Senator Robinson was mentioned as one of those who might benefit by the deadlock between the McAdoo and Smith forces. He is the leader of the Bryan forces in the Senate, a fact which Mr. Bryan did not fail to mention, and Mr. Bryan emphasized the availibility of Mr. Robinson and the other Southern men whose names he suggested to the convention by contradicting reports that the North and the West would not support a Southern man for President.

As for Dr. Murphree and former Secretary Daniels, they are very close personal friends of Mr. Bryan.

One glaring error of judgment on Mr. Bryan's part in delivering his speech was quickly seen by many in his audience. Throughout the convention no disposition had been shown by those opposed to Mr. McAdoo's nomination to stress his connection with the Doheny oil interests. In fact the anti-McAdooites were meticulously careful not to fight Mr. McAdoo in the convention on that score.

Yesterday, however, Mr. Bryan's audience was not so considerate. There were continued cries of "Oil, oil" when he mentioned Mr. McAdoo's name, and Delegate Fitzpatrick of New Jersey called out "Tell us about Doheny and McAdoo and Mr. So Forth." In the face of the demand that Mr. Bryan felt obliged to make a defense of Mr. McAdoo and his employment by Mr. Doheny.

Mr. Bryan's interruption of the regular order came just before 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when the Florida delegation was called upon to announce its vote on the thirty-eighth ballot. When Mr. Bryan had concluded Florida polled ten votes for McAdoo, one for Smith and one for Ralston. This showed that the speech had no effect on the way of another on the delegation's preferences.

## STORY OF THE DAY SESSION.

### Few Changes to Liven Up the Eight Ballots.

Hundreds of the delegates were late in arriving for the morning session, and at 10:30 o'clock, the hour which had been set for assembling, not more than half of the seats in the convention hall were filled. There were thousands of vacant seats in the arena tiers and the balconies. Finally, Chairman Walsh called the convention to order at 10:58 o'clock, although it is doubtful that more than a bare majority of the delegates were on hand at that time.

The prayer was offered by Rabbi Louis I. Newman of Temple Israel, New York. In his prayer he said:

"As we go forth from here when our labors shall have been ended, may we bear memories that shall kindle our spirits for the greater work before us. The time is out of joint, and we are pledged to set it right. We shall need patience and forebearance, tolerance and good-will. We shall need concord to master our common adversaries of deceit, hypocrisy and betrayal."

The delegates were beginning to fill up the hall by the time the prayer was ended.

It was apparent from the start that a determined drive was on to obtain a break in the situation which would add to the hope of the McAdoo forces. Leading in the movement were William J. Bryan and Judge David Ladd Rockwell, the latter Mr. McAdoo's campaign manager.

Mr. Bryan began a tour of visits to delegations where he hoped to win over McAdoo votes, and he did some determined work, especially with the Mississippi and Oklahoma delegations. While this form of campaigning was in progress there was a rumpus in the Ohio delegation and loud words were exchanged. Judge Rockwell, formerly an Ohio leader for Cox but now manager for McAdoo, got into an altercation with former Governor Campbell of Ohio, who is making a hard fight to bring about the nomination of Mr. Cox. It is understood that Mr. Campbell charged Judge Rockwell with having circulated a report that some of the Ohio delegates were to be thrown to Governor Smith of New York in the hope that such a report might split the Ohio delegation. Winning votes from delegations which, although holding out of the McAdoo camp, are not favorable to the nomination of Governor Smith.

**THE THIRTY-FIRST BALLOT.**

Apparently Mr. Bryan and Mr. Rockwell had made little definite progress in corralling delegates by the time Chairman Walsh directed the clerk to call the roll for the thirty-first ballot.

As the call proceeded it was evident that the break had not yet come. The McAdoo rooters, among them hundreds of women delegates, alternates and spectators, were ready to cheer and shout whenever they saw the slightest encouragement. They cheered when California again cast her 26 votes for McAdoo, and again staged brief demonstrations as Georgia came along with 26, Iowa with 26, Kansas with 20 and Kentucky with 24.

Some of the McAdoo followers had hoped for an immediate break in the Missouri delegation, but Missouri held in line for John W. Davis, and there were cries of disappointment from the McAdoo camp instead of cheers.

There were no important changes in the thirty-first ballot. Mr. McAdoo had 415½ votes, the same number he got on the thirtieth ballot on Wednesday night. Governor Smith had 322¼, or 1 vote less than on the thirtieth ballot. John W. Davis had 127½, a gain of 1 vote. Senator Glass held his 24 from Virginia and former Governor Cox of Ohio again had Ohio's 48, 8 from Illinois and 1 from Minnesota.

**THE THIRTY-SECOND BALLOT.**

Again the long roll was started, and again the balloting went on without important change in the position of the leading candidates.

Governor Smith lost half a vote in the Colorado delegation, and McAdoo gained half a vote. The other important States held in line and this had a tendency to discourage the tired delegates. Mr. Bryan, however, kept up his unrelenting activities on the convention floor. He was working on Missouri, Mississippi and Oklahoma.

The result showed Mr. McAdoo with 415½ votes, Governor Smith had 322, one-half vote under his score on the thirty-first ballot. John W. Davis was up half a vote with 128, former Governor Cox held his 57.

The McAdoo followers did the best they could to stir things up and cheered their leader because he, at least, had held firm against the attacks being made on him.

**THE THIRTY-THIRD BALLOT.**

The thirty-third ballot was started and this supplied the first real bit of excitement of the session. The Michigan delegation which had given eleven each to McAdoo and Smith, seven to John W. Davis and one to Senator Ralston of Indiana, announced that it would cast its entire thirty votes for Senator Ferris, who had been urged by some of the Michigan delegates as a favorite son.

This meant a break in the strength of McAdoo, Smith and Davis and there were loud shouts of protest, especially on the part of women members of several of the McAdoo delegations. The action of Michigan, however, was the only important change. Mr. McAdoo tumbled to 404½, Governor Smith to 310, and John W. Davis to 121.

**THE THIRTY-FOURTH BALLOT.**

One of the most spectacular moments of the day came with the thirty-fourth ballot. There had been reports that Bryan had been successful in his work with Mississippi, and this news was confirmed when Mississippi was reached on the balloting. The chairman of the delegation got up on a chair and announced in a loud voice that twenty delegates who had been voting for John W. Davis would go to McAdoo.

It was the first real chance the McAdoo followers had to stage a demonstration, and they made the most of it. A parade was started about the hall, with the Mississippi standard at the head of it. A group of women delegates from several McAdoo States had a procession of their own.

There was one row when an effort was made to get the Missouri delegation into the parade. The delegation stubbornly knocked down and the sign torn from it. But Missouri held firm, along with New Jersey, Ohio, Connecticut, West Virginia, Delaware, Massachusetts, New York and Pennsylvania, the Pennsylvania delegation got the standard of that State into the line of march.

The roll-call was interrupted for about fifteen minutes while the demonstration was continued.

Missouri was passed for the time until a poll was taken of her delegates.

While this was being eagerly awaited by the McAdoo followers, Oklahoma gave McAdoo 20 votes which they had formerly given to Senator Owen. Then the McAdoo column. This started another demonstration.

Missouri was called again and announced that her ballot would be cast under the unit rule for John W. Davis.

McAdoo got 448 votes as a result of the switches. Governor Smith received 311, and John W. Davis 107. Cox lost three votes in Illinois and dropped from 57 to 54.

**THE THIRTY-FIFTH BALLOT.**

On the thirty-fifth ballot Michigan, which had readopted Senator Ferris as her favorite son on the earlier ballots of the morning, split again, giving 14½ to McAdoo, 12½ to Smith, 2 to Ralston and 1 to Cox.

This gain for McAdoo's total was offset when Oklahoma, which had caused much excitement by voting for him on the previous ballot, went back to Senator Owen.

There were no other material changes on the ballot and the result showed McAdoo's total receding to 419, while Smith's rose to 323½.

**THE THIRTY-SIXTH BALLOT.**

In the North Dakota delegation there is a comedian who, having with four colleagues voted for Smith for some time while the other five delegates stood by McAdoo, decided to liven things up a little on the thirty-sixth ballot by casting his vote for E. L. Doheny, doubtless feeling that it was unfair to let the Republicans have all the indicted statesmen.

A pleasing echo of 1920 came on that ballot when South Dakota, previously solid for McAdoo, threw four of her ten votes to James W. Gerard, who had the support of her delegation four years ago.

McAdoo lost scattering votes also on this ballot and the total showed all the three of the leaders slightly receding. McAdoo having 429, a loss of 10; Smith, 323, a loss of half a vote, and Davis 106½, also half a vote behind.

**THE THIRTY-SEVENTH BALLOT.**

McAdoo gained 1½ votes in Michigan on the thirty-seventh ballot, 1 vote coming from Ralston and half a vote from Smith.

This accession was as nothing to the first break on the New York delegation in the same ballot, when two of the 90 votes that had gone consistently to Smith so far turned aside to McAdoo. This started the usual hoorah which supporters of all candidates set up when there is any occasion, and often when there is not. The standards of the McAdoo States were carried down the centre aisle and trooped insultingly about the floor. Cork white big pledge cards of "McAdoo, Democracy's Hope" were displayed before the still unshaken 88 New Yorkers.

All the unshaken McAdoo States were represented in the parade of standards, along with North Dakota. Connecticut and Pennsylvania, where McAdoo has not a majority. The demonstration died out after five minutes amid a chorus of boos from the galleries.

Doheny lost his vote in North Dakota on this ballot but McAdoo recovered those lost to Gerard in South Dakota. The result of the ballot showed McAdoo's vote going back to 444½, while Smith's fell back to 321 and Davis kept along at 107.

**THE THIRTY-EIGHTH BALLOT.**

The thirty-eighth ballot was called for by the chair and the roll-call proceeded with clock-like, dreary regularity until Florida was reached. At that moment William J. Bryan stood in the main aisle gripping the pole of the Florida standard. He raised his right hand in a gesture that on more than one occasion when a political tempest has been brewing in a party gathering has been sufficient to restore temporary calm, but it was not so on this occasion.

For many days there had been reports that Mr. Bryan was anxious to get the floor to attack Governor Smith and John W. Davis. His upraised hand this time was a storm signal.

"Mr. Chairman," the Commoner cried, "I desire to obtain unanimous consent to explain my vote."

There were cries of "No! No!" from all parts of the Garden, not only the floor but the galleries, and a storm of booing, hissing and hoots.

"The chair hears no objection," said Chairman Walsh, and the convention laughed, but Mr. Bryan proceeded through the centre aisle toward the rostrum amid tempestuous protests against giving him a hearing.

When Mr. Bryan faced the audience the Garden became quieter though the delegations from States pledged to McAdoo, as a rule, were on their feet cheering and applauding as loudly as the opposition was expressing its anger.

Mr. Bryan received a great deal of applause in the early part of his address when he said that desire for a party victory was all that had prompted him in coming forward. He added that he was not going to criticise any candidate whose name was before the convention. This, too, was applauded, as was his declaration that the Democratic Party had an abundance of Presidential timber.

Mr. Bryan then proceeded to give a list of Democrats in his opinion available for the nomination who could bring the party victory. He first named Dr. A. A. Murphree, President of the State University of Florida, who was his dark horse trotted out months ago, but not put in nomination.

**Audience Shouts for Smith.**

"We want Smith," shouted a man in the gallery, and others took up the cry.

"He is a scholarly Democrat," said Mr. Bryan.

"Never heard of him," came a shout from the hall, loud enough to be heard above the din.

"Those who have not informed themselves about the nation's great men ought to remain silent until they have had a chance to inform themselves," the Commoner came back, with considerable asperity and in a flash, and this won him applause.

Mr. Bryan then cited former Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels and Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas as men who "with credit to themselves and honor to the party" could be placed in nomination. He scoffed at the suggestion that a Southern Democrat could not be nominated, and added that it was time to hush the voices that would exclude the South from full participation in the work for the welfare of party and country, at which there was general applause all through the Garden.

Another statement from Mr. Bryan that made a hit with the crowd was his declaration that this probably was the last Democratic National Convention that he would attend as a delegate. A volley of applause broke, and it was some time before he could continue.

"Don't applaud," he pleaded, holding up his hand, "I may change my mind and disappoint you."

The uproar that resulted when Mr. Bryan finally named William G. McAdoo as the man who "fitted our party's sentiment, its record and its platform," exceeded anything that had gone before during the session.

The Commoner had not mentioned Governor Smith by name, nor John W. Davis, but every remotely possible executive candidate on the Democratic ticket could not win was aimed at Mr. Davis.

There was a whirlwind of hisses from the galleries and from some delegations when Mr. McAdoo's name was mentioned, these mingled strong and sustained applause and cheering from the numerous delegations pledged to the Californian. In the galleries there were booing and hissing.

In the midst of the din, F. S. Fitzpatrick of the New Jersey delegation demanded to know about "McAdoo, Doheny and Oil."

"Oil! Oil! Oil! Oil!" cried the crowd for several minutes and when Mr. Bryan managed to get the ear of the convention again he declared that the retainers obtained by Mr. McAdoo from Doheny bore no relation to the naval oil land leases, but to legal business for the oil magnate in Mexico.

**Crowd Shouts "Put Him Out."**

"Put him out!" "Put him out!" came cries from all parts of the Garden.

Dennis F. Dunlevy of Ashtabula, one of Ohio's delegates, jumped on a chair and asked:

"May I inquire if Youngstown, where McAdoo got $200,000, is situated in Mexico?"

"Oil! Oil!" yelled the crowd again.

"If any drop of oil has ever touched McAdoo," the Commoner cried, "it has been washed off on the rough application of Wall Street to his candidacy."

National Committeeman Edmond H. Moore of Ohio mounted a chair directly in front of the orator's rostrum, waving Chairman Walsh, and raised the point of order that the whole proceeding was irregular, as nothing was in order but the roll-call.

Charles F. X. O'Brien, one of the New Jersey delegates, had raised the same point immediately after the Youngstown question was asked by the man from Ashtabula.

At that time Chairman Walsh had promised to shut off Mr. Bryan immediately after he had answered the question, but to Mr. Moore's objection Chairman Walsh said he had consulted the parliamentarian and had been told that Mr. Bryan, having been given thirty minutes, could not be interrupted until after his time had expired. Mr. Moore, backed by the New Jersey man, contended that the time was up.

"Oh, give him time," roared a man in the gallery with a big booming voice.

"Give him twenty years!"

Mr. Moore then moved that the convention return to its regular order of business—the roll-call on nominations.

Chairman Walsh overruled the Ohioan and permitted Mr. Bryan to go on, and the crowd finally subsided and gave the convention a chance to sit back and listen five minutes more to Mr. Bryan who, when he left the rostrum, got some applause and some hisses.

[The full text of Mr. Bryan's speech is printed elsewhere in THE TIMES.]

The roll-call then proceeded, and on the thirty-eighth ballot, the last of the afternoon session, McAdoo had 444 votes, a loss of one-half vote from the preceding ballot. Smith held his own, while John W. Davis lost two votes.

After the result of the ballot had been announced the convention adjourned until 8 o'clock in the evening.

## SCENES AT THE NIGHT SESSION

### Frequent Demonstrations After the Changes in the Balloting.

The night session was called to order a quarter of an hour behind the scheduled time. There was a good attendance of delegates from the start. The spaces set aside for spectators were well filled when the opening gavel fell.

After the opening invocation had been offered the presiding officer announced that the Police Department Glee Club would entertain the convention. The singers assembled in front of the rostrum, and for twenty minutes the convention sat back and listened to their melody. The last selection was "The Sidewalks of New York," which started cheering in the galleries, where many took up the words and joined in the chorus.

The roll-call on the thirty-ninth ballot began at 8:30.

Chairman David I. Walsh of Massachusetts, who wielded the gavel at the opening of the night session, rapped sternly whenever it appeared that the galleries were preparing to make trouble. This was found necessary again and again, for the moments the galleries seemed bent on venting its preference for Governor Smith and its dislike for rival candidates on the slightest provocation.

**Missouri Starts McAdoo Parade.**

Missouri and Oklahoma passed on the initial roll call. McAdoo lost one vote which Vermont had been giving the Californian. On this ballot it was given to J. Holmes Jackson, Mayor of Burlington, Vt. Mayor Jackson is a delegate. Smith gained a vote from Porto Rico which on previous ballots had given 3 to Davis and one to Underwood.

Missouri, called after the roll call had been completed, started a McAdoo demonstration when Mrs. A. C. Parsons of King City jumped on a chair and announced that the Missouri delegates would return to McAdoo after having supported John W. Davis for a number of ballots.

All the McAdoo States and some that had not given their solid vote to the Californian picked up their standards and paraded through the aisles. Michigan and Pennsylvania, which had been giving Smith big slices of their vote, joined in the procession.

When the McAdoo demonstration was showing signs of subsiding and the standards were being carried back to their stations, a rhythmic cry of "We want Smith, we want Smith," was started in the galleries and the New York delegation got up and joined. Soon it was heard coming in unison from thousands of throats with as much precision as though it had been directed by some one wielding a baton.

After the demonstration had ended Wright Gray of the Fifth Congressional District demanded that the Missouri delegation be polled. It was found then that the vote was divided between McAdoo and Davis.

"Is the man who can save us," said Mrs. N. A. Franklin of Unionville, a delegate from the Second Congressional District, when her name was called.

During the McAdoo demonstration the marchers dipped their standards in salute to Mrs. McAdoo and her sister, Miss Margaret Wilson, who were seated in a flag-draped box directly opposite the speaker's rostrum.

Mrs. McAdoo and Miss Wilson clapped their hands and cheered.

While Missouri was being polled Senator Clark, son of the late Champ Clark, whose only object at the convention is said to be the defeat of McAdoo, was trying to keep Missouri delegates from voting for the Californian, whom he holds chiefly responsible for his father's defeat as a candidate for the Presidential nomination in 1912, when Wilson was nominated. With him was his sister, who was Miss Genevieve Clark and now is Mrs. James Thompson, wife of a New Orleans publisher.

At the end of the Missouri rollcall Chairman Walsh announced that the 19½ votes, a majority, having been cast for McAdoo, the 36 votes of Missouri under the unit rule would be credited to the Californian.

Oklahoma, when called after the Missouri poll, cast her 20 votes for McAdoo. On recent ballots Oklahoma had been voting for Senator Owen.

The announcement of total showed McAdoo to have reached the high watermark of his strength, with 496 votes. There was cheering among the McAdoo delegations, especially the Missouri and California crowds. A dozen women in the California delegation waved banners bearing the coat of arms of their State.

The supporters of Governor Smith, who lost a vote on this ballot, set up a great cry of "We want Smith!"

"They've got out the whole gashouse gang for Smith tonight," remarked a McAdoo supporter in the Missouri delegation.

While the demonstration for McAdoo was at its height George E. Brennan, Democratic leader of Illinois and supporter of Governor Smith, became entangled in the procession and had to move along with the marching delegates for a while, but he took the first opportunity to slide out of the line of march and vanished through one of the doors leading to the lobby.

Supporters of McAdoo claimed that delegates who are members of the railroad brotherhoods and had left McAdoo had been directed by their organizations to support him and were coming back. The railroad brotherhoods were instrumental in getting up the third party convention, which will meet in Cleveland tomorrow.

While the fortieth ballot was being taken George E. Brennan went up to the Missouri delegation, where he had a chat with the daughter of the late Champ Clark. The Illinois leader passed through the aisles where a number of McAdoo delegations were seated. He stopped and shook hands and chatted with many delegates from McAdoo States. A moment later William J. Bryan was passing the same way, but-tonholing delegates.

On the fortieth ballot McAdoo gained one each in Michigan, Nebraska and South Dakota, and recovered a vote he lost on the previous ballot in Vermont.

There were repeated outbreaks of booing and hissing in the galleries during the demonstration for McAdoo. While it was on the managers picked up little Louise Mason of Eddyville, Ky., whose father is an alternate from his home State, stuck a tiny American flag in her hand and carried her in the parade.

McAdoo had gained 4 votes on the fortieth ballot. Smith lost 3½, John W. Davis lost 1, Ralston gained 2.

The Connecticut delegation was polled on this ballot and cast 16 for Smith and 4 for McAdoo, a further gain of 2 votes for the Californian. Two women deserted Smith.

The result showed 500½ votes for McAdoo. His supporters all over the Garden began to cheer.

Mrs. McAdoo was waving a California flag while the demonstration was in progress, and the marchers were passing the box where she was seated, dipping their standards in salute and stopping out to this rhythmic chant:

Mac, Mac.
Mac-U-Do.
Mac, Mac.
Mac-U-Do.

South Dakota gave a vote to Thomas M. Spellacy of Connecticut, Mr. Spellacy, who is one of the Democratic leaders of the Nutmeg State and was formerly its Attorney General, is a delegate at large to the convention.

McAdoo lost one-tenth of one vote on this ballot, winding up with 496 9-10. Smith gained 1-4-10 votes, with a total of 317 6-10.

The convention began taking the forty-second ballot at 2:30.

McAdoo was again found to have lost on the forty-second ballot, but only 1½ votes. Smith gained 1 vote. John W. Davis lost 2. He has suffered steady decline throughout the day's balloting.

After the vote had been announced, at 11:15, the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

## M'ADOO CLIMBERS REVIVED

By ELMER DAVIS.

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

knight, Bryan swung his silver-hilted ax and brought it down on the well-armored heads of Smith and Davis. It bounced off from their helmets without doing much damage, and as it bounced and carromed it landed with an awful backhand swipe on McAdoo. Bryan poured out in behalf of McAdoo the silver oratory that has made Bryan himself rich and famous, and the net result was that on the ballot which Bryan interrupted with his explanation—the last of the day session and the thirty-eighth of the session—McAdoo lost half a vote. Bryan did his best, standing up and shouting back against the massed boos and hissing of 14,000 persons, and when it was over his candidate had lost half a vote. The candidate, as already told, got back some more lost votes later, but it was not Bryan's doing.

Bryan would probably have done even more damage to McAdoo if the galleries had not done so much damage to Al Smith by their ill-judged efforts to howl Bryan down. That old-timer knows his faults, cannot be howled down. He has stood up to worse men now to him. Twenty-eight years ago he made his first speech in Madison Square Garden. It was the enemy's country then and it is the enemy's country now. They cannot worry Bryan by boos and hisses and cries of "Put him out!" but they did make the McAdoo phalanx a little more inclined never to vote for Smith, and they probably discouraged some doubtful delegates who might have given him their second choice votes.

Still, Bryan upheld his reputation as the peerless leader in the wrong direction. And, of course, wicked and slanderous persons, who are all too numerous around the convention, say Bryan is trying to make sure that as much interested in smashing McAdoo as in destroying Davis and Smith. Get them all out of the way, and maybe a weary convention will turn once more to the old faithful standby, Bryan. They think that in Bryan's home State, anyway.

A Florida citizen who heard one of Bryan's speeches when he was candidating for his job as delegate at large, a speech composed very largely of the same material as went into his speech in the Garden, reached and proclaimed the sage conclusion that Bryan expected to be the white horse of the convention. If the Floridian had his colors mixed up, that is only perhaps because there is a lot of white horses in Bryan's home town despite Bryan's moral leadership. And whether or not Bryan hopes to be this convention's dark horse he certainly helped to make McAdoo a dead horse.

It was a long day for McAdoo. He threw in reserves without much effect. When, on early ballots of the day, he had sunk as low as 404 votes, 76 below his peak and 37 behind where he started, a great drive was begun, and Mississippi was prevailed upon to turn from John W. Davis to McAdoo.

On the following ballot Oklah

# Reaction From Various Angles to the Commoner's Speech

## HOWDELEGATESTOOK BRYAN'S SPEECH

### Turmoil and Disorder Prevails as He Attempts to Push McAdoo.

### NEW YORK GROUP IS QUIET

### But Interrupters Were Plenty in the Other State Delegations.

When William J. Bryan looked down on his Democratic brethren in Madison Square Garden yesterday afternoon and made what many regarded as a last, valiant effort to save the cause of William G. McAdoo, there looked up to him from the floor men of his party who, for the time at least, seemed to hate him and showed no hesitation in giving voice to it.

In the thirty, overflowing minutes that followed passion welled up and ran over and bitter denunciations of the once "great Commoner" were to be heard on all sides among the delegates. The cause that Mr. Bryan espoused was generally and angrily discussed wherever delegates sat. While the pro-Smith demonstration during Mr. Bryan's speech came from the galleries much of the anti-McAdoo demonstration was made by the very delegates to whom the orator was appealing.

Nor was there wanting a charge of insincerity against the man who was three times the party's candidate for President. In half a dozen delegations the thought was expressed that Bryan was deliberately killing McAdoo with an eye single to his own chances, mindful, at the same time that his brother, Governor of Nebraska, might become successor to the throne should he fail to gain that honor for himself.

**Bryan's Busy Morning.**

All the morning Mr. Bryan had been busy. Scarcely for five minutes at a time was he sitting down. He was here, there, everywhere. He was with the Mississippi delegation when the vote of that State was swung into the McAdoo column from Mr. Davis. He sat for awhile in the Iowa delegation. He passed up one aisle and down another, busy all the time.

Just after the McAdoo vote had climbed again over the 440 mark, Mr. Bryan met a fellow worker in the same vineyard and smiled the inimitable Bryan smile:

"Well, things are going better today, aren't they?" he commented. He seemed pleased. He bustled about, he paraded, he shook innumerable hands.

Then came the thirty-eighth ballot. Bryan went to the New York delegation. He talked and at some length with Senator Copeland, whose under-cover boom had again been called to the delegates' attention through the circulation of fans bearing Senator Copeland's name and propaganda. The Senator had one of the fans while he talked with Mr. Bryan. The two chatted for some minutes earnestly.

There were newspaper men about and to one of them Bryan said:

"Gentlemen, the talk I have had with the Senator had nothing whatever to do with politics."

With that he returned to the Florida delegation and just an instant later he asked for permission to explain his vote. There was a stir and a craning of necks all over the floor. The "peerless one" bustled to the platform, while the aisles filled quickly. Delegates who had appeared jaded a moment before sat up and took notice, and there was a murmuring and whispering of speculation. Would Bryan read Mr. McAdoo out of the race? Would he propose Senator Copeland? Was he going at last to launch the boom for Homer Cummings that many delegates had been expecting?

**Various Camps Fear Attack.**

There was hot discussion in the Ohio delegation even before Mr. Bryan reached the platform. When the Chairman asked if there was objection to Mr. Bryan's explaining his vote, two or three in this delegation, including Edmond H. Moore, cried:

"Yes; I object."

But Chairman Walsh said he heard no objections and Mr. Bryan stepped forward. Twenty-eight years ago he appeared in much the same way before a convention in Chicago. Then unknown, a much younger and thinner man, he made an inspired speech about a crown of thorns and a cross of gold and carried both delegates and galleries with him to such an extend that he was made the nominee of the convention and became the leader of his party. One elderly delegate, when Mr. Bryan mentioned Wall Street yesterday, commented:

"He still has his cross of gold, but his crown of thorns is on crooked."

While Mr. Bryan talked the delegates listened, quietly at first and then wonderingly. They failed to comprehend what he was driving at. They speculated. In the West Virginia delegation there was a belief that he might attack John W. Davis. In Ohio there was the thought that he sought to further his own chances. In New York there were men and women who rather expected an attack on Governor Smith. Few thought that a plea for the McAdoo cause was the only thing that drove Mr. Bryan to the platform.

As he named a list of the men he considered available there were mutterings of discontent in the Alabama delegation, which is for Underwood, and in the Maryland delegation, which is for Governor Ritchie. Mr. Bryan in his list mentioned neither. Connecticut waited in vain for mention of Mr. Cummings's name. New York, a trifle nervous over the loss of two Smith votes, was on pins and needles for fear he would mention Senator Copeland.

**Delegates Spur Heckler On.**

Mr. Bryan went on peacefully enough for a while. His mention of his own brother caused a wave of comment across the floor. The comment was not favorable. Then expectancy quieted the delegates. What next? It was at this point, with the delegates on the qui vive all over the floor, the aisles jammed so that it was impossible to move, that the climax came.

The galleries were roaring their cheers, their catcalls and their boos. Mounting his chair, because he could not have made himself seen by the Chairman otherwise, F. S. Fitzpatrick of Jersey City shouted his question at Bryan. There was an answering roar, and the question was smothered in the overwhelming wave of sound. All about Mr. Fitzpatrick delegates were up and shouting encouragement to him, because they had heard what he said. The crowd in the aisle surged down to his chair.

What Mr. Fitzpatrick had asked was that Mr. Bryan explain Mr. McAdoo's connection with oil, inasmuch as that connection had been exposed by Senator Walsh, whom Bryan had designated the greatest investigator of all. But once the ball was started, there were scores on the floor ready to aid the heckler with suggestions, and their yells and calls added to the uproar and confusion.

"A thousand dollars a speech!" one man cried derisively.

"Same old Dollar Bill!" shouted another.

"Oh, get out!"

"Tell us about oil!"

"Cut it short!"

"How about coal contracts?"

These were a few of the cries sent up from the floor, not down from the galleries, and all about delegates rose up and shouted either at Mr. Bryan, in derision, or at Mr. Fitzpatrick, encouragingly. There were many quick glances thrown toward the New York delegation. Then, as later, that delegation remained quiet.

**Alabama Delegates In Uproar.**

Mr. Fitzpatrick proved a good man for his job. He did not lose his patience or his nerve. He stood on his chair and waited. The galleries howled, the delegates surged about him in the aisles. Strangers, without badges, offered encouragement. He waited, and eventually, as the record shows, his question was answered.

Meanwhile over in the Alabama delegation there was a smaller uproar. It had no chance to make itself heard, but it went on just the same. There the question was: "Why don't you mention Underwood?" Behind the delegates was a large group of Underwood boosters, many of them women. They kept up the cry, "Why don't you mention Underwood?" incessantly. Only those who were near heard what they said. The attention of the crowd, the attention of the galleries, was on New Jersey.

"Ask him about McAdoo and coal contracts," Mr. Fitzpatrick was urged.

"Give us 'Al' Smith!" yelled some one on the floor.

"How much are you getting for this?"

"Oil, oil, oil!"

Mr. Fitzpatrick did try to get across another question, but the noise was too great. His little colloquy with Mr. Bryan, during which he said he had voted for the Commoner three times and was sorry for it, had marked him to the extent that he thought it wiser to retire. However, Dennis Dunlevy of Ohio did put the other question across a little later. Mr. Bryan had said that the only connection Mr. McAdoo had with oil was in Mexico. Mr. Dunlevy, when he got comparative quiet and the delegates and others about him would let him alone, inquired:

"May I ask whether Youngstown, Ohio, is in Mexico, where he got $200,000 for getting income taxes of $2,000,000,000?"

Mr. Dunlevy did not finish. The outcry was one of the noisiest of the day, and that is saying a great deal.

**Bryan Fights Against Hope.**

But now on the platform there was another Bryan. The piercing Kliegl lights that enable moving-picture camera men to do their work were playing full on the delegate from Florida. Every line of his face, and there were many, stood forth pitilessly in that white glare. It was the face of an old man beaten; a man desperately fighting with the hope that had uplifted him gone. The large mouth was drawn tight and deep clefts seemed to extend it. The cheekbones glistened with sweat.

As he swung his arm out and pointed a trembling finger toward Mr. Dunlevy and snarled that it appeared that oil was not the only thing his hecklers were interested in, the vision of a "prince of peace" faded completely out of sight. From where Mr. Dunlevy stood on the floor, from where nearly 1,100 fellow-Democrats looked at their one-time leader, Mr. Bryan, his customary suavity entirely gone, appeared almost distraught with anger and bitterness. The crowd—his own crowd—was not with him, and he knew it.

Kentucky took a hand, or tried to. That delegation, which is for Mr. McAdoo, was up on its chairs. One man cried across to Mr. Dunlevy:

"Give Bryan a chance to finish and then he will answer your question."

"Never mind," Mr. Dunlevy shouted back over the heads of a hundred yelling people. "We are not from Kentucky. There's a lot of oil in Kentucky, too."

**McAdoo's Opponents Pleased.**

Throughout the remainder of Mr. Bryan's speech, however, Mr. Dunlevy stood on his chair waiting. The speaker never looked his way again. "Oil, oil, oil," yelled scores on the floor from time to time. One man shouted, "A thousand dollars a minute." Meanwhile, a McAdoo State across the floor, far on the other side of the hall, had moved for the regular order, and there was discussion among the delegates on the parliamentary point. E. H. Moore again moved the regular order and after Chairman Walsh had ruled that Mr. Bryan should have his time out, still another man, Charles X. O'Brien of New Jersey, sought to have him stopped. Mr. Dunlevy stood still, waiting.

"Answer the question," cried a score of delegates, but Mr. Bryan refused.

Meanwhile, the uproar had continued, without cessation, merely diminishing at times. There was a loud titter as Mr. Bryan shouted, "I thank you for your attention," and left the stand. Then the delegates and spectators on the floor began milling about again and the aisles gradually cleared.

Over in the Florida delegation J. E. T. Bowden, the Smith delegate, got back to his place. He had hobbled out into the aisle in a fruitless attempt to stem the pro-Smith demonstration.

"Keep quiet, keep quiet. Let him talk," he kept shouting. "You are only hurting Smith. I'm for Smith; you are doing him no good."

And to the east, in a box, a well-dressed man sat throughout the uproar waiting for the quieter moments. When one of these came he roared a single word. "Hypocrite!" Not less than twenty times he hurled this word at Mr. Bryan.

When the latter had retired there was a loud hum of comment among the delegates. It was all of one purport. One of the leading politicians of the convention laughed and said:

"I would have been willing to ask unanimous consent to have him talk all day. I could have asked for nothing more pleasing."

Needless to say this man is for another candidate than Mr. McAdoo.

Franklin Roosevelt, sitting smiling in the New York delegation, which had remained remarkably quiet through the hubbub made this comment:

"Mr. Bryan has killed poor McAdoo and he hasn't done himself any good."

That seemed to express the general opinion among the delegates on the floor. Many was not like the comment at San Francisco, when Mr. Bryan made and lost his "dry" fight; it was not like the comment at Baltimore, when he made and lost his fight over the chairmanship. At those times there had been an element of respect in the adverse comment among the delegates. Yesterday, as the delegates saw it, Mr. Bryan had sought to play a selfish game and the erstwhile magic of voice and presence was lacking.

## MORE GUESTS IN WALL ST.

### Delegates, Expecting a Nomination Soon, Hasten to See Exchange.

Many delegates and convention visitors went to Wall Street yesterday. Many of them expressed the opinion that the convention might end soon and said they were making what they considered a last minute visit to the financial district. Among the visitors at the Consolidated Stock Exchange were Avis Wilroth, Detroit; Misses Claske and Maria Tacoma, Indianapolis; Maurice Chesiem, Youngstown, Ohio; Harry B. Cordes, Yonkers; Albert Resmick, Youngstown, Ohio; Mrs. Ruth Watts, Denver; L. M. Allen, Los Angeles; Mr. and Mrs. Guy Kantz, Detroit; Jane McGhee and Marion McGhee, Louisville; Elsie Watts, Denver; Gladys Wilmot, Linwood, Mass.; Mary Bowers, Wilmot, Mass.; Charles Isler, Bombay, India; Arthur F. Knowles, Brockton, Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Williamson, Topeka, Kan.; Dr. and Mrs. W. Robert Richardson, Little Rock, Ark.; E. P. Rennert, Reading, Pa.; H. E. Dunn, Boston; J. M. Morrissey, Meadville, Pa.; Rev. Charles Delbeck, Buffalo; Mrs. Erle Baum, Fort Wayne, Ind.; Mr. Donald Stuart, Los Angeles, and Flora Harvey, Ashtabula, Ohio.

## RESENTS BRYAN'S ATTACK.

### Clarksburg Chamber of Commerce Scores Onslaught on Davis.

This message was received yesterday at the Davis headquarters in the Waldorf-Astoria:

Clarksburg, W. Va., July 2, 1924.

Louis A. Johnson, Waldorf Hotel, West Virginia Headquarters, New York.

The people of Clarksburg, regardless of party, strongly resent Bryan's unwarranted attack on John W. Davis.

S. R. BENTLEY,
President Clarksburg Chamber of Commerce.

This referred to Mr. Bryan's newspaper articles.

## TEXT OF BRYAN TALK THAT RAISED STORM

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

States who, in my judgment, would, with credit, fill the White House.

I am only going to mention a few, and you will understand the reasons why I select these. They are going to be scattered over the country. I want to show you how rich our party is in great and worthy Democrats. [Applause.]

We have a man in Florida. He is the President of our State University. [Laughter.] His name is Dr. A. A. Murphree.

Voices—We want Smith; we want Smith! [Laughter, applause and cheers.]

He is a Democratic scholar. [Hisses and boos.]

He is a scholarly Democrat.

Voice—Never heard of him.

Those who have not informed themselves upon the nation's great men ought to be silent until they have had a chance to inform themselves. [Cheers and applause.]

This gentleman lives down in Florida, and if any of you think that Florida is too small to have a President I want you to know we are bigger than Vermont. [Voice—What is the matter with Smith?] and better known than Vermont. He would fill the office with credit to himself and with honor to the party and the nation.

I mention him as the first on the list. I travel north from Florida to North Carolina. [Cheers and applause.] I mention one of the best Democrats in the United States, Josephus Daniels. [Cheers and applause.] He made a magnificent Secretary of the Navy. [Applause.] He is sound on every question, and he would grow every day in the campaign as people knew him better. That is my second man.

My third is another Southern man [Voice—"Smith!"]. Joseph Robinson of Arkansas. [Cheers and applause.] He is the Leader of the Minority in the Senate, a splendid leader and measures up to every requirement of the Presidency.

**Pays Tribute to the South.**

Here are three men from the South. This is probably the last convention of my party in which I shall be a delegate [applause], and I want my friends—don't applaud, I may change my mind [laughter, applause and cheers]—I want to pay back today the debt of gratitude that I owe to the South. I lived in the North when I was thrice nominated for the Presidency.

A Voice—That will never be again.

The South helped to nominate me in three campaigns. The South helped as far as they could in the giving of electoral votes. More than that, the South has helped this nation secure every economic reform that has been secured in sixty years. [Applause.]

A Voice—How about Cordell Hull?

Mr. Bryan—Some people have said that you cannot nominate a man from the South. I remind you that we have had two wars since the Civil War, and the sons of those who wore the gray and the sons of those who wore the blue marched side by side and were ready to die together on the battlefield. [Applause.]

I remind you that the South furnished as many soldiers for the late war as it furnished to the Confederacy [Applause.] I remind you that the South furnished more money to do our part in the World War than it furnished to the Confederacy.

A Voice—Why shouldn't it? [Applause.]

It is time that we should hush forever the voice that excludes the South from full participation in our party's welfare and in the welfare of our nation. [Applause.]

The man who says that the North will not vote for a Southern man libels the North. [Applause.] I call you to witness that Kansas, that possibly has a larger percentage of ex-Union soldiers in it in proportion to population than any State of the Union, elected as a Governor of that State Senator Harris, who came from Virginia to Kansas and who was a Confederate soldier before he went. [Applause.] What Kansas has done any other State would do.

I had the pleasure of seconding the nomination of Senator Cockrell, an ex-Confederate soldier, twenty years ago in our national convention. I believed then that he would poll as many votes as an ex-Confederate soldier as he would have polled if he had lived in a State further north. I believe it today.

What this nation wants is a man whose heart beats in sympathy with the common people, and we don't care where he was born or where he lives. [Applause.]

I mentioned three Southern men, and now I want to mention some Northern men.

[A Voice—Don't forget New Jersey.]

Another Voice—What is the matter with Underwood? Another Voice—He's all right.]

My first Northern man is Samuel L. Ralston of Indiana. [Applause.] Cries of "Hurrah for Ralston!"] He is a Democrat. He is a progressive Democrat. He has a noble record of work done for his State and for his nation through the Democratic Party.

My next man from the North is E. T. Meredith of Iowa. [Applause.] He was in the President's Cabinet and an honor to the President. He has been long identified with agriculture, and he knows the farmers' needs. The farmers constitute the largest group of our population, some 29 per cent., and they are the ones who are in most distress today. Their condition presents its piteous appeal to the nation, and the Democratic Party will try to answer that appeal.

**Offers Brother and Senator Walsh.**

If you will pardon me, my next Northern man has the misfortune to be my brother. [Laughter and applause and boos].

But you need not take my word for it, as to his worth and availability take the 50,000 majority they gave him in Nebraska, which is better testimony than my word. Take his record. Has he protected the people from the extortion of the gasoline monopoly and from the extortion of those who control the coal supply of Nebraska?

Take the verdict rendered in his favor at the last primary—52 per cent. of the votes cast at the primary, the Democratic primary, and 78 per cent. of the votes cast at the primary of the independent party in that State.

And then I go to the Northwest and I mention the name of a man from Montana, Senator Thomas J. Walsh. [Applause.]

Voices—He's all right.

He is your presiding officer. As a lawyer he has no superior [applause], as a statesman he has few equals and as an investigator he is above them all. [Applause.] Under his leadership more gigantic corruption has been disclosed than by any previous investigation. If I raised the roof and let the American people see how the Republican machine works when well oiled. [Cries of McAdoo, McAdoo.]

And out of that investigation is going to come one priceless benefit to our nation. We have for a generation been trying to show the Republicans that these men who contribute large sums do not contribute for patriotic purposes, but that they are buying Government favors at public auction [applause]; that my large campaign contributions they purchase legislative privileges and administrative immunity; and as a result of this investigation we are going to purify American politics and make them decent again. [Applause.] And Thomas J. Walsh deserves more credit than any other one for the facts that make this possible. [Applause.]

I have given you names of seven Democrats.

Voices—"Name the real one you have got in mind." "Attaboy!" "What's the matter with Smith?"

Mr. Bryan—Do not rush me, my friends. [Voices—McAdoo, McAdoo.] Give me time to develop my subject in my own way. I shall not disappoint you when I am through. [A Voice—Say Smith.]

I commence in the southeast corner of the United States, and I cross the nation to the northwest corner, and give you men in these different sections. If you have any preference about sections, take your choice.

A Voice—How about Connecticut?

I could commence in the Northeast and go to the Southwest, and from the West and go to the East, and from the North and go to the South. If it is necessary I will furnish you a list that will keep you voting until the next Presidential campaign. [Laughter and applause.]

Voices—Go ahead.

But, my friends, I now want to present a brief argument for one who I think fell into this occasion, and I will tell you why. It is necessary that we shall make a progressive fight. [Applause.] We are challenged, and we cannot decline the challenge; and if they had not challenged us, we would have challenged them, for that is the issue that must be settled.

I think it is necessary also that our candidate shall be a man whose record on the liquor question is such that every mother will know that every home will be protected. [Applause.] I have given you the names of men whose position will not be questioned on the matter of law enforcement, and there must be no question as to our candidate's position on the great progressive issues.

The last Congress was the most progressive Congress we have had in years, and the Democratic Party in that Congress made the most progressive record that the Democratic Party has made since I have been acquainted with politics [applause], and my acquaintance runs back many years. All that we did was progressive, and it was done in cooperation with progressive Republicans. The endorsement the progressive Republicans get in our platform is the only endorsement they have received from platforms, so far. [Applause.]

**Hails McAdoo as Progressive.**

And, therefore, to fit our party's sentiment, to fit our party's record, to fit our party's platform and to appeal to the only votes that we have any chance of securing, our candidate must be a Progressive. [Cries of "Senator Walsh."]

"If we attempted to nominate a reactionary, which I consider impossible in this convention, he could not draw Republican reactionaries from the Republican Party; he could not even hold reactionary Democrats away from the Republican ticket. We have tried it before. We have allowed them to select a reactionary, and after having disgraced us they have deserted us on election day; and this year they shall not take us up on the mountain and promise us land that they don't own and can't deliver. [Applause.]

I have mentioned men who, I think, would fit into our platform, and now I mention one who has made it possible for us to have a progressive platform and nominate a progressive candidate.

[A Voice: Name yourself.]

If he had not made the fight, we would not have a progressive convention today [applause], and we could not nominate a progressive candidate. But because of his courageous leadership, we have a progressive convention in which no one but a progressive candidate can be nominated. [Applause.]

The man who is entitled to credit for making a victory this year possible, whether you like him or not, whether you nominate him or not, but the man who has made possible the nomination and election of a progressive, is William Gibbs McAdoo of California.

[Applause and boos; considerable disorder on floor and in gallery.]

[A Voice: Hurray for Al Smith!]

A Delegate (Wisconsin)—Give us Al Smith, a Progressive Democrat. Wisconsin is for Al Smith; two thousand Republicans will vote Democratic for Al Smith and nobody else.

Mr. Fitzpatrick (New Jersey)—Tell us about Doheny and McAdoo and oil. [Continued cries of "Oil, oil."]

Mr. Bryan—Allow me to answer the gentleman's question.

A Voice—Have the galleries cleared.

Mr. Bryan—My friends, I have been speaking a long time—

The Chairman—The Sergeants-at-Arms will clear the galleries. Clear those people out of the galleries.

Mr. Bryan (continuing)—But I never make a speech unless I am ready to answer questions, and I take pleasure in answering the question.

Mr. Fitzpatrick (New Jersey)—Let me put the question, please.

Mr. Bryan—All right.

Mr. Fitzpatrick—You have said that Senator Walsh has been the greatest investigator in the United States. Senator Walsh has exposed the fact that McAdoo has accepted oil retainers.

A Voice—Tell us about that retainer.

Mr. Bryan—Will the gentleman inform me of his State?

Mr. Fitzpatrick—New Jersey, Jersey City. I voted for you every time you ran for President.

Mr. Bryan—I am very much obliged to you.

Mr. Fitzpatrick—I am sorry.

Hon. S. A. King (Utah)—Mr. Chairman, I ask for the regular order. I object to the gentleman speaking longer.

The Chairman—As soon as the question is answered.

A Voice from the floor—The regular order of business.

The Chairman—The question is asked the speaker from the floor. The regular order is asked. As soon as the speaker answers the question of the delegate from the floor, the Chair will insist upon the regular order.

A Voice—May we all ask questions?

A Voice—All right, hurry it up. Regular order.

A Voice—We understand he can explain his vote. Let him explain it. We don't want his advice. We know whom we are going to vote for.

Mr. Bryan—Are you not as willing to have an answer as you were to ask a question?

Voices—Yes.

Other Voices—Regular order.

**Calls Wall Street an Oil Solvent.**

Mr. Bryan—The gentleman asks about Mr. McAdoo's retainers from Mr. Doheny. [A Voice: "That's the boy; attaboy, attaboy."] Let me answer. Mr. McAdoo's retainers—

[A Voice: "Let him explain, hush, hush!"] had to do with oil in Mexico. But I will go further than that. If any oil has ever touched William G. McAdoo, the intense, persistent, virulent opposition of Wall Street washes all the oil away. [Loud cheers and applause, hisses and boos]. [Voices: "Question, question!"]

No man who allows Wall Street to influence his action has any right to criticize McAdoo, who cannot be controlled by Wall Street. [Boos, confused cries. A delegate stands on a chair in the Ohio section gesticulating wildly]. I have answered the question. [Voices: "Oh, no!"] Now my friends, I want to present an issue larger than any man.

D. F. Dunlavy—May I ask you a question? [Cries for order].

The Chairman—Allow the Chair to say that under the rules Mr. Byran has half an hour to speak, and the time that he is interrupted must be taken from him. [Voices: "We don't want to hear him."] So if you will kindly listen to him for a while, Mr. Bryan will conclude in five minutes.

D. F. Dunlavy—May I inquire if Youngstown, Ohio, is in Mexico, where he got $200,000 for getting $2,000,000? [Tremendous cheers and cries]

Mr. Bryan—It seems that, after all, you are not willing to hang your case on oil. You dodge to something else when the oil is explained. [Voices: "No, no." Cries.]

The gentlemen who find fault with Mr. McAdoo's fees have a right to present their complaint to the bar associations and disbar him if his conduct has not been ethical. Gentlemen, I want now to speak of something more important than men. I am interested— [Voices: "Come off, come off!" (Great confusion).

James J. Hoey (New York)—How about the coal contract? Great disorder, shouting, boos, cat-calls and cries of "Out of order!"]

A Delegate (New Jersey)—I ask for the regular order of business. [Cries of "Regular order of business!"]

E. H. Moore (Ohio)—I move, Mr. Chairman, that we now recur to the regular order of business.

Charles F. X. O'Brien (New Jersey)—Mr. Chairman—

The Chairman—The Chair recognizes the delegate from—Ohio.

Mr. Moore (Ohio)—I ask the Chair to recognize me. I move that we recur to the regular order of business.

Charles F. X. O'Brien (New Jersey)—I second the motion.

[Cries of "Second the motion. We second the motion!"]

The Chairman—The Chair cannot entertain a motion of that character because the speaker has the floor for thirty minutes, and his thirty minutes are all but expired if you will only keep still.

[Many cries of "Mr. Chairman—"]

The Permanent Chairman—The Chair cannot recognize any man at this time because the speaker has the floor.

A Delegate from New Jersey—Mr. Chairman, a point of order.

The Chairman—The gentleman from New Jersey.

Charles F. X. O'Brien, New Jersey—The point of order, Mr. Chairman, the point of order.

Mr. Moore (Ohio)—The man has exceeded his time.

The Chairman—The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New Jersey.

Charles F. X. O'Brien, New Jersey—Mr. Chairman—

The Chairman—For what purpose does the gentleman arise?

Charles F. X. O'Brien, New Jersey—Mr. Chairman, you said that as soon as Mr. Bryan answered the question of the other representative or delegate from New Jersey you would continue the regular order of business.

The Chairman—The Chairman consulted the parliamentarian, who tells me that under the rules he has thirty minutes and cannot be interrupted.

Mr. O'Brien (New Jersey)—He has had that now.

Mr. Moore (Ohio)—Under the rules of the House a roll-call can never be interrupted.

The Chairman—The thirty minutes have expired except for a few minutes, and at the end of that time he will be called to order.

Mr. Moore (Ohio)—I appeal from the decision of the Chair. Let us proceed with the order of business. [Cries of "Roll-call! Roll-call!"]

Mr. Moore (Ohio)—Let us have the next order of business.

Mr. Bryan (continuing)—I think the audience will not object to anything else I am going to say.

[A voice: "Who is paying you for this?"]

Mr. Bryan (continuing)—I have passed the personal part. [Hisses.]

Mr. O'Brien (N. J.)—You did not answer that man's question.

[A Voice—I don't think he has got any right to be there at all. Another Voice—He is out of order. Another Voice—A thousand dollars a minute.]

Mr. Bryan (continuing)—My time is nearly up. I have some principles to present to you, and now I want you to hiss and scoff at my principles if you dare.

The Democratic Party—[hisses].

A Delegate—Mr. President—

Mr. Bryan (continuing)—The Democratic Party is facing the greatest campaign in a generation.

A Delegate from Michigan—I want to be heard—shouted:

"I'll bite. 'Who is he?' "

**"Hylan of Palm Beach."**

Mr. Bryan then mentioned the fact that he was from Florida. It caused laughter in some parts of the galleries when Murphree was classified as a Southerner.

It was alleged by some that Florida was inhabited wholly by Northerners.

"How about Hylan of Palm Beach?" howled one voice above the tumult.

The galleries tried to demonstrate that Bryan was all wrong when he said that McAdoo was acceptable.

"He's a Kluxer," yelled several. Others joined in the chant:

"Ku, Ku, McAdoo."

But the majority raised the familiar cry of "Oil." Now and then Bryan gave the galleries their head, but he was always master of the Garden. He had the galleries so well disciplined by the time he had concluded that they were in a state of perpetual surprise during the rest of the balloting because the speech was not followed by a landslide in any one of six directions.

Individuals in the gallery had tried to remind Bryan that he had been beaten three times and to insinuate that he wanted to try again. There was great surprise when no votes shifted to Bryan.

"They are all set to switch to Bryan!" exclaimed one man who arrived in the east gallery breathless after having made inquiries on the floor below.

**Afraid of Bryan.**

This and similar rumors flew around the galleries. Even the dreaded spectre of Murphree was used to cause a panic in parts of the upper tiers. Bryan's prestige with the galleries was so great that it was generally believed that he had the power of naming his man.

The galleries did not put up their usual fight against Bryan, as they had been completely staggered a few minutes before when the two New York delegates jumped to McAdoo. They could hardly believe their ears. Their boos and hisses could hardly be heard over the demonstration by the McAdoo forces on the floor.

Field glasses were brought to bear on the New York delegation. It was expected that something would happen to the men who had switched.

"They're sitting there quietly, as if nothing had happened," reported one of the long-distance observers. "Franklin D. Roosevelt is reading a newspaper."

The theory became current that there was some deep strategy about this and that it would all turn out favorably to Smith. Nevertheless, the galleries were in a tremble all through the rest of the balloting. Their nerves were restored when Smith got through without any more losses and the cry of "oil" was taken up again.

Before the excitement over the change of the two votes it had been the zero hour in the galleries. They were less than half filled and appeared to be filing out by the thousands. The flurry over the loss of the New York State votes brought hundreds back from the food centres in the basements and behind the platforms.

Although still strong for Smith, the galleries were in a mood to welcome any great change. The sport of taking down the ballots and adding them up had wholly lost its spice. The floor of the Oklahoma delegation from Owen to McAdoo and back had ceased to entertain. The whole show had failed as an amusement.

## NEW YORK WOMEN OPEN HOMES TO DELEGATES

### Want to Keep Sisters Hard Pressed for Funds Here to End.

A number of New York women have thrown open their homes to women delegates and alternates of the Democratic Convention, the invitation to accept their hospitality being extended particularly to those who are pressed for funds. This action has followed reports that many women would have to return to their homes before the convention was over because of lack of money for paying hotel bills.

It is the desire of the New York women to have the women delegates from other parts of the country, irrespective of political beliefs, stick to the convention until the end, so that they can take part in the nomination of a Vice President.

A campaign is being quietly waged to stress the importance of selecting a Vice Presidential candidate on these women. This was started because it has been said that most of the delegates, weary from the long session, will rush away from the city on the selection of a Presidential candidate or pay too little attention to the choice of a running mate if they remain, in order that they may get away.

"We are trying to bring home to the women delegates the importance of choosing a Vice President, which is often overlooked by the men," declared one of the New York women. "And for this reason we are desirous that the women remain to the end of the convention and give careful consideration to the running mate. His job is an important one. He may any day assume the Presidency, as did Roosevelt and Coolidge, and it is necessary to have ready for the highest job the country can offer a man who is capable.

"Besides, it is likely, since it was overwork that contributed to President Harding's death, that the Vice President of the future will take over some of the burdens of the President's office. Therefore his election should require the most careful consideration. We would not like to see the women hasten off after the Presidential candidate is selected or give little attention to his running mate. If it's a matter of money I'm sure the New York women will be glad to look after these delegates, and some homes have already been thrown open for that purpose."

One of the women who has extended the hospitality of her home to the women delegates is Mrs. Earl Harding of 34 Gramercy Park, who is in charge of press and publicity of the Committee of Nine. She has two women guests. Another woman who lives near the Garden has also two women in her home, having turned over the rooms of a son and daughter who are away. Two other women have each invited a woman to their homes.

## BRYAN TALKS DOWN GALLERY HECKLERS

### Stuns Them by Offering Murphree of Florida as Compromise.

### "WHO, WHO, WHO?" IS CRY

### Commoner's Voice Triumphs Over All Varieties of Din, Including the Loud Speakers.

The galleries learned yesterday afternoon for the second time that they were no match for William Jennings Bryan. Again he silenced a thousand hecklers and forced them to listen to the kind of language they least liked to hear.

Bryan inflicted the second defeat on the galleries in spite of the handicap of the loud speakers. These clamorous instruments, which made other speakers audible, were soft-pedals for Bryan. If he had been allowed to speak without these impediments, he might have stampeded the galleries, which were showing signs of wavering.

With a sportsmanlike admiration for their conqueror, the galleries began to mix in cheers and applause with the hisses before Bryan was through.

The heaviest blow Bryan landed on the galleries was the naming of Murphree. This name stunned them. They were completely taken by surprise by the mention of the Florida pedagogue. Then they rallied and gave a prolonged cries of "Who? Who? Who?" This was misunderstood on the floor where it was supposed that the galleries were booing.

When Mr. Bryan paid no attention to the whoo-whooing, one spokesman for the galleries shouted:

"I'll bite. 'Who is he?' "

**"Hylan of Palm Beach."**

Mr. Bryan then mentioned the fact that he was from Florida. It caused laughter in some parts of the galleries when Murphree was classified as a Southerner.

It was alleged by some that Florida was inhabited wholly by Northerners.

"How about Hylan of Palm Beach?" howled one voice above the tumult.

The galleries tried to demonstrate that Bryan was all wrong when he said that McAdoo was acceptable.

"He's a Kluxer," yelled several. Others joined in the chant:

"Ku, Ku, McAdoo."

But the majority raised the familiar cry of "Oil." Now and then Bryan gave the galleries their head, but he was always master of the Garden. He had the galleries so well disciplined by the time he had concluded that they were in a state of perpetual surprise during the rest of the balloting because the speech was not followed by a landslide in any one of six directions.

Individuals in the gallery had tried to remind Bryan that he had been beaten three times and to insinuate that he wanted to try again. There was great surprise when no votes shifted to Bryan.

"They are all set to switch to Bryan!" exclaimed one man who arrived in the east gallery breathless after having made inquiries on the floor below.

**Afraid of Bryan.**

This and similar rumors flew around the galleries. Even the dreaded spectre of Murphree was used to cause a panic in parts of the upper tiers. Bryan's prestige with the galleries was so great that it was generally believed that he had the power of naming his man.

The galleries did not put up their usual fight against Bryan, as they had been completely staggered a few minutes before when the two New York delegates jumped to McAdoo. They could hardly believe their ears. Their boos and hisses could hardly be heard over the demonstration by the McAdoo forces on the floor.

Field glasses were brought to bear on the New York delegation. It was expected that something would happen to the men who had switched.

"They're sitting there quietly, as if nothing had happened," reported one of the long-distance observers. "Franklin D. Roosevelt is reading a newspaper."

The theory became current that there was some deep strategy about this and that it would all turn out favorably to Smith. Nevertheless, the galleries were in a tremble all through the rest of the balloting. Their nerves were restored when Smith got through without any more losses and the cry of "oil" was taken up again.

Before the excitement over the change of the two votes it had been the zero hour in the galleries. They were less than half filled and appeared to be filing out by the thousands. The flurry over the loss of the New York State votes brought hundreds back from the food centres in the basements and behind the platforms.

Although still strong for Smith, the galleries were in a mood to welcome any great change. The sport of taking down the ballots and adding them up had wholly lost its spice. The floor of the Oklahoma delegation from Owen to McAdoo and back had ceased to entertain. The whole show had failed as an amusement.

## CHANT "AL, AL, IS OUR PAL."

### East Side Youngsters Serenade Waldorf, Using Oil Cans.

"Hell's bells and oyster shells," exclaimed a Colorado delegate at the Waldorf yesterday, "that man Smith's certainly got this town organized."

The occasion for his outburst was a serenade by a gang of about fifteen east side youngsters, none of whom appeared to be more than seven years of age. They carried Smith banners and chanted "Al Al, is our pal," over and over again.

"Did you notice that those youngsters drummed their accompaniment on empty Standard Oil cans?" added the delegate.

## SMITH NAME ON HER FLAG.

### Woman Booster of McAdoo Finds She Is Waving Governor's Banner.

A California matron who had been waving a collection of little flags at every mention of McAdoo suddenly discovered last night that some wag slipped a Smith banner on the top of the staff and that she had been waving an emblem for the New York Governor.

She indignantly took off the Smith streamer and tore it into tiny bits.

## BRYAN REWARDS PRODIGALS

### Gives Flowers to Mississippi Women After Return to McAdoo.

William Jennings Bryan expressed his appreciation of Mississippi's return to the McAdoo fold yesterday by dividing among the women of the delegation an artificial sunflower, a red rosebud and a faded red carnation.

Read "Professor McElroy on the New Immigration law," and the attitude of Japan, July Current History Magazine, at news stands, 25c.—Adv.

A CHINA DRINK

On September 25th, 1660, Mr. Pepys wrote in his famous Diary:

"I did send for a cup of tea, a China drink, of which I had never drunk before."

Until that memorable day, Mr. Pepys had missed one of the greatest joys of life.

As any one will admit who has sipped the delightful tea served at CHILDS.

Freshly brewed as individual pots, it is a pleasing adjunct to any meal.

Childs

VISIT CONEY ISLAND AND DINE AT CHILDS, WHERE OCEAN BREEZES BLOW.

The first-class places all serve White Rock
The World's Best Table Water

Switch Into Something Better

July is a month for switching investments. But do not switch for the sake of switching. Switch for the sake of *safety*. Get into something better, something safer, something that's *Guaranteed*.

Invest at least part of your July funds in PRUDENCE-BONDS, which are secured by first mortgages on income-earning properties, and which pay you 5½% plus the priceless premium known as peace of mind!

Guaranteed as to interest and principal by our entire resources.

*Get in touch with us today while you think of it.*

OFFICES OPEN MONDAYS UNTIL 9 P. M.

The PRUDENCE COMPANY, Inc.
UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE N. Y. STATE BANKING DEPT.
331 MADISON AVE., at 43d St. NEW YORK
162 REMSEN STREET, BROOKLYN

CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND RESERVES OVER $2,700,000

DENOMINATIONS: $100 - $500 - $1000

Copyright,

# MANY LONG FIGHTS IN PARTY HISTORY

### Democratic Convention of 1860 Took 57 Ballots to Nominate Douglas.

### WILSON WON ON THE 46TH

### While 44 Ballots Were Required Before Cox Was Selected Four Years Ago.

The history of political party conventions in the United States reveals many instances of prolonged balloting before nominations were finally made. The record was made by the Democratic Convention of 1860, which nominated Stephen A. Douglas.

The convention met at Charleston, S. C., on April 23 and fifty-seven ballots were taken. Douglas was always in the lead with 145 to 151 of the 303 votes. To break the deadlock an adjournment was taken to Baltimore, where the convention continued from June 18 to June 23. After the Chairman, General Caleb Cushing of Massachusetts, and many of the Southern delegates left the convention announcement was made that Douglas had been nominanted on the second ballot.

The rump convention under the chairmanship of General Cushing met at Baltimore from June 18 to June 28 after adjourning from Charleston and Richmond, and nominated Vice President John C. Breckinridge.

The trouble at the 1860 convention was caused by bickering over the platform. In the Committee on Resolutions California and Oregon supported the position of the Southern wing of the party on slavery. As the committee was organized by States, the majority report represented the Southern attitude on the slavery question. The Northern opposition brought in a minority report, and as the convention, voting by numbers, had a considerable Northern majority, the minority report was adopted. The Southern Democrats who bolted held a convention at Charleston and made no nominations but adopted a pronouncement on the platform.

**Whigs Took Fifty-three Ballots.**

Fifty-three ballots were taken at the Whig convention in Baltimore, June 16 to 19, 1852, which nominated General Winfield Scott for President. The Whig platform upheld the Fugitive Slave law and stood by Washington's Farewell Address concerning the admonition to keep out of permanent foreign alliances.

Scott received 159 of the 293 votes, against 112 for President Fillmore and 21 for Secretary of State Daniel Webster.

The failure to renominate President Fillmore was due to the strong conviction of the majority that he would not be able to counteract the prejudice excited by his signature of the Fugitive Slave act. He was warmly supported by nearly all the Southern delegates and by some from the North, who regarded his Administration as satisfactory to the country and the opposition to him by the Anti-Slavery Whigs as unjustified.

In the same year, 1852, the Democratic meeting at Baltimore under the chairmanship of John W. Davis, United States Commissioner to China, nominated for President on the forty-ninth ballot ex-Brigadier General and ex-Senator Franklin Pierce of New Hampshire. Until the fortieth ballot General Cass was in the lead, with 107 of the 262 votes, against 93 for ex-Secretary of War William Marcy of New York, 29 for Senator Stephen A. Douglas, 27 for ex-Secretary of State James Buchanan and 20 for Pierce. After the fortieth ballot there was a break for Pierce and he was nominated after nine more ballots.

**Wilson Named on 46th Ballot.**

Woodrow Wilson, Governor of New Jersey, was nominated on the forty-sixth ballot at Baltimore, where the Democratic Convention convened on June 25, 1912. He received 990 of the 1,086 votes in the 1912 convention. On the last ballot Representative Champ Clark had 84 and Governor Judson Harmon of Ohio, 12. Clark received 440½ on the first ballot; Wilson, 324; Harmon, 148, and Oscar W. Underwood, 117½. The struggle for the nomination was long and bitter, with William J. Bryan denouncing Wall Street and at the end vigorously fighting for Wilson.

It took 44 ballots to nominate Governor James M. Cox of Ohio on the Democratic ticket when the convention was held on June 28, 1920, at San Francisco. The balloting began on July 2 and ended on July 5, Governor Cox receiving 732½ votes out of the 1,092 at the convention. On the final 987 votes went to William G. McAdoo, 52 to Ambassador John W. Davis, 34 to Senator Robert L. Owen, 1½ to Senator Carter Glass, 1 to Secretary of State Bainbridge Colby, and 1 to Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer.

On the first ballot the vote was: Cox, 134; McAdoo, 266; Palmer, 256; Governor Smith, 100; Governor Edward I. Edwards of New Jersey, 42; Homer Cummings, 25; John W. Davis, 32; former Ambassador James W. Gerard 21; Glass, 26½; Senator Gilbert M. Hitchcock, 15; Secretary of Agriculture Edwin T. Meredith, 27; Owen, 33, and Colby, 1.

The platform contained a complete endorsement of the Wilson Administration and the Covenant of the League of Nations.

James A. Garfield of Ohio was nominated as Presidential candidate by the Republican Convention of 1880 on the thirty-sixth ballot. The convention, under the chairmanship of Senator George F. Hoar of Massachusetts, met on June 2 and adjourned on June 8, 1880. The delegates who wanted to nominate Ex-President Ulysses S. Grant stuck to their guns, but the field combined against them and Garfield was nominated, with 399 votes against 306 for General Grant and 42 for Senator James G. Blaine.

The platform demanded a constitutional amendment forbidding public funds to sectarian schools; a tariff for revenue and protection; no more railroad or corporation land grants; no more polygamy; no more ship subsidies, and Chinese immigration restriction.

**Seymour Nominated in 1868.**

Ex-Governor Horatio Seymour of New York was nominated as the Democratic Presidential candidate by the convention which met in Tammany Hall, New York, from July 4 to July 11, 1868. The other principal candidates were ex-Representative George H. Pendleton of Ohio, President Andrew Johnson, General Winfield S. Hancock, ex-State Controller Sanford E. Church of New York, ex-Representative Asa Packer of Pennsylvania, ex-Governor Joel Parker of New Jersey, Governor James E. English of Connecticut and Senator James R. Doolittle of Wisconsin.

The platform demanded restoration of all rights to the States, amnesty for past political offenses, payment of the public debt, equal taxation, a single currency, Government economy, abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau, and protection to naturalized citizens, and denounced Andrew Johnson.

The first ballots taken at the National Whig Convention which met at Harrisburg, Pa., on Dec. 4, 1839, but it is known that many ballots were taken before General W. H. Harrison was nominated for President. Harrison began with 86 and ended with 148 votes. The platform reaffirmed State's rights, denied the power of the Government under the Constitution to carry on internal improvements or the power of Congress to charter a United States bank, or to interfere with questions of slavery.

# Yesterday's Ballots for Democratic Nomination for President

## 31ST BALLOT

| Total Vote | STATE | McAdoo | Smith | J. W. Davis | Underwood | Cox |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 24 | Alabama | | | | 24 | |
| 6 | Arizona | ½ | | 1 | 1½ | |
| 18 | Arkansas | | | | | |
| 26 | California | 26 | | | | |
| 12 | Colorado | 4 | 4½ | 3½ | 1 | |
| 14 | Connecticut | 2 | 12 | | | |
| 6 | Delaware | | | | | |
| 12 | Florida | 10 | 1 | | | |
| 28 | Georgia | 28 | | | | |
| 8 | Idaho | 8 | | | | |
| 58 | Illinois | 13 | 20 | 4 | | 8 |
| 30 | Indiana | | | | | |
| 26 | Iowa | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Kansas | 20 | | | | |
| 26 | Kentucky | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Louisiana | | | 20 | | |
| 12 | Maine | 2 | 4½ | | 5½ | |
| 16 | Maryland | | | | | |
| 36 | Mass'h'setts | 2½ | 33½ | | | |
| 30 | Michigan | 11 | 11 | 7 | | |
| 24 | Minnesota | 5 | 15 | 2 | | 1 |
| 20 | Mississippi | | | 20 | | |
| 36 | Missouri | | | 36 | | |
| 8 | Montana | 7 | 1 | | | |
| 16 | Nebraska | 12 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Nevada | 6 | | | | |
| 8 | New Ham're | 3 | 3½ | | | |
| 28 | New Jersey | | 28 | | | |
| 6 | New Mexico | 6 | | | | |
| 90 | New York | | 90 | | | |
| 24 | No. Carolina | 21 | | 3 | | |
| 10 | No. Dakota | 5 | 5 | | | |
| 48 | Ohio | | | | | 48 |
| 20 | Oklahoma | | | | | |
| 10 | Oregon | 10 | | | | |
| 76 | Penns'lvania | 25½ | 38½ | 6 | 3½ | |
| 10 | Rh'de Island | | 10 | | | |
| 18 | So. Carolina | 18 | | | | |
| 10 | So. Dakota | 9 | | | | |
| 24 | Tennessee | 24 | | | | |
| 40 | Texas | 40 | | | | |
| 8 | Utah | 8 | | | | |
| 8 | Vermont | 1 | 7 | | | |
| 24 | Virginia | | | | | |
| 14 | Washington | 14 | | | | |
| 16 | Wt. Virginia | | | 16 | | |
| 26 | Wisconsin | 3 | 23 | | | |
| 6 | Wyoming | | 5 | 1 | | |
| 6 | Alaska | | 4 | | 2 | |
| 6 | Dist. of Col. | 6 | | | | |
| 6 | Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | |
| 6 | Philippines | 3 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Porto Rico | | | 5 | 1 | |
| 6 | Canal Zone | 6 | | | | |
| 1098 | Totals | 415½ | 352½ | 127½ | 39½ | 57 |

SCATTERING—136. RALSTON, Fla. 1, Ind. 30, Mich. 1. Total 32. GLASS—Va. 24. Total 24. DAVIS, J. M.—Ill. 8, Pa. 1. Total 9. ROBINSON—Ark. 18, Ill. 4, Minn. 1, Neb. 1. Total 24. RITCHIE—Md. 16, Pa. ½. Total 16½. SAULSBURY—Del. 6. Total 6. OWEN—Ill. 4, Okla. 30, Pa. 1. Total 35. WALSH—N. H. 1½, S. D. 1. Total 2½. Total vote, 1,098. Necessary for choice, 732.

## 32D BALLOT

| Total Vote | STATE | McAdoo | Smith | J. W. Davis | Underwood | Cox |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 24 | Alabama | | | | 24 | |
| 6 | Arizona | 3½ | | 1 | 1½ | |
| 18 | Arkansas | | | | | |
| 26 | California | 26 | | | | |
| 12 | Colorado | 4½ | 3 | 3½ | 1 | |
| 14 | Connecticut | 2 | 12 | | | |
| 6 | Delaware | | | | | |
| 12 | Florida | 10 | 1 | | | |
| 28 | Georgia | 28 | | | | |
| 8 | Idaho | 8 | | | | |
| 58 | Illinois | 13 | 20 | 4 | | 8 |
| 30 | Indiana | | | | | |
| 26 | Iowa | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Kansas | 20 | | | | |
| 26 | Kentucky | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Louisiana | | | 20 | | |
| 1 | Maine | 2 | 4½ | | 5½ | |
| 16 | Maryland | | | | | |
| 36 | Mass'h'setts | 2½ | 33½ | | | |
| 30 | Michigan | 11 | 11 | 7 | | |
| 24 | Minnesota | 5 | 15 | 2 | | 1 |
| 20 | Mississippi | | | 20 | | |
| 36 | Missouri | | | 36 | | |
| 8 | Montana | 7 | 1 | | | |
| 16 | Nebraska | 12 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Nevada | 6 | | | | |
| 8 | New Ham're | 3 | 3½ | | | |
| 28 | New Jersey | | 28 | | | |
| 6 | New Mexico | 6 | | | | |
| 90 | New York | | 90 | | | |
| 24 | No. Carolina | 20½ | | 3½ | | |
| 10 | No. Dakota | 5 | 5 | | | |
| 48 | Ohio | | | | | 48 |
| 20 | Oklahoma | 20 | | | | |
| 10 | Oregon | 10 | | | | |
| 76 | Penns'lvania | 25½ | 38½ | 6 | 3½ | |
| 10 | Rh'de Island | | 10 | | | |
| 18 | So. Carolina | 18 | | | | |
| 10 | So. Dakota | 9 | | | | |
| 24 | Tennessee | 24 | | | | |
| 40 | Texas | 40 | | | | |
| 8 | Utah | 8 | | | | |
| 8 | Vermont | 1 | 7 | | | |
| 24 | Virginia | | | | | |
| 14 | Washington | 14 | | | | |
| 16 | Wt. Virginia | | | 16 | | |
| 26 | Wisconsin | 3 | 23 | | | |
| 6 | Wyoming | | 5 | 1 | | |
| 6 | Alaska | 1 | 3 | | 2 | |
| 6 | Dist. of Col. | 6 | | | | |
| 6 | Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | |
| 6 | Philippines | 3 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Porto Rico | | | 5 | 1 | |
| 6 | Canal Zone | 6 | | | | |
| 1098 | Totals | 415½ | 352½ | 128 | 39½ | 57 |

SCATTERING—136. RALSTON—Fla. 1, Ind. 30, Mich. 1. Total 32. GLASS—Va. 24. Total 24. DAVIS, J. M.—Ill. 8, Pa. 1. Total 9. ROBINSON—Ark. 18, Ill. 4, Minn. 1, Neb. 1. Total 24. RITCHIE—Md. 16, Pa. ½. Total 16½. SAULSBURY—Del. 6. Total 6. OWEN—Ill. 4, Okla. 30, Pa. 1. Total 35. WALSH—N. H. 2½, S. D. 1. Total 3½. Total vote, 1,098. Necessary for choice, 733.

## 33D BALLOT

| Total Vote | STATE | McAdoo | Smith | J. W. Davis | Underwood | Cox |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 24 | Alabama | | | | 24 | |
| 6 | Arizona | 3½ | | 1 | 1½ | |
| 18 | Arkansas | | | | | |
| 26 | California | 26 | | | | |
| 12 | Colorado | 4 | 4½ | 2½ | 1 | |
| 14 | Connecticut | 2 | 12 | | | |
| 6 | Delaware | | | | | |
| 12 | Florida | 10 | 1 | | | |
| 28 | Georgia | 28 | | | | |
| 8 | Idaho | 8 | | | | |
| 58 | Illinois | 13 | 20 | 4 | | 8 |
| 30 | Indiana | | | | | |
| 26 | Iowa | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Kansas | 20 | | | | |
| 26 | Kentucky | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Louisiana | | | 20 | | |
| 12 | Maine | 2 | 4½ | | 5½ | |
| 16 | Maryland | | | | | |
| 36 | Mass'h'setts | 2½ | 33½ | | | |
| 30 | Michigan | 14½ | 12½ | | | 1 |
| 24 | Minnesota | 5 | 15 | 2 | | 1 |
| 20 | Mississippi | 20 | | | | |
| 36 | Missouri | | | 36 | | |
| 8 | Montana | 7 | 1 | | | |
| 16 | Nebraska | 12 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Nevada | 6 | | | | |
| 8 | New Ham're | 3½ | 4 | | | |
| 28 | New Jersey | | 28 | | | |
| 6 | New Mexico | 6 | | | | |
| 90 | New York | | 90 | | | |
| 24 | No. Carolina | 20½ | | 3½ | | |
| 10 | No. Dakota | 5 | 5 | | | |
| 48 | Ohio | | | | | 48 |
| 20 | Oklahoma | 20 | | | | |
| 10 | Oregon | 10 | | | | |
| 76 | Penns'lvania | 25½ | 38½ | 6 | 3½ | |
| 10 | Rh'de Island | | 10 | | | |
| 18 | So. Carolina | 18 | | | | |
| 10 | So. Dakota | 9 | | | | |
| 24 | Tennessee | 24 | | | | |
| 40 | Texas | 40 | | | | |
| 8 | Utah | 8 | | | | |
| 8 | Vermont | 1 | 7 | | | |
| 24 | Virginia | | | | | |
| 14 | Washing'on | 14 | | | | |
| 16 | Wt. Virginia | | | 16 | | |
| 26 | Wisconsin | 3 | 23 | | | |
| 6 | Wyoming | | 5 | 1 | | |
| 6 | Alaska | 1 | 3 | | 2 | |
| 6 | Dist. of Col. | 6 | | | | |
| 6 | Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | |
| 6 | Philippines | 3 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Porto Rico | | | 5 | 1 | |
| 6 | Canal Zone | 6 | | | | |
| 1098 | Totals | 404½ | 310½ | 121 | 39½ | 57 |

SCATTERING—165½. FERRIS—Mich. 30. Total 30. RALSTON—Fla. 1, Ind. 30, Neb. 1. Total 32. GLASS—Va. 24. Total 24. DAVIS, J. M.—Ill. 5, Pa. 1. Total 6. ROBINSON—Ark. 18, Ill. 4, Minn. 1. Total 23. RITCHIE—Md. 16, Pa. ½. Total 16½. SAULSBURY—Del. 6. Total 6. OWEN—Ill. 4, Okla. 30, Pa. 1. Total 35. GASTON—Mass. ½. Total ½. WALSH—N. H. 1½, S. D. 1. Total 2½. Total vote, 1,098. Necessary for choice, 732.

## 34TH BALLOT

| Total Vote | STATE | McAdoo | Smith | J. W. Davis | Underwood | Cox |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 24 | Alabama | | | | 24 | |
| 6 | Arizona | 3½ | | 1 | 1½ | |
| 18 | Arkansas | | | | | |
| 26 | California | 26 | | | | |
| 12 | Colorado | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | 1 | |
| 14 | Connecticut | 2 | 12 | | | |
| 6 | Delaware | | | | | |
| 12 | Florida | 10 | 1 | | | |
| 28 | Georgia | 28 | | | | |
| 8 | Idaho | 8 | | | | |
| 58 | Illinois | 13 | 20 | 10 | | 5 |
| 30 | Indiana | | | | | |
| 26 | Iowa | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Kansas | 20 | | | | |
| 26 | Kentucky | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Louisiana | | | 20 | | |
| 12 | Maine | 2 | 4½ | | 5½ | |
| 16 | Maryland | | | | | |
| 36 | Mass'h'setts | 2½ | 33½ | | | |
| 30 | Michigan | 14½ | 12½ | | | 1 |
| 24 | Minnesota | 5 | 15 | 2 | | 1 |
| 20 | Mississippi | 20 | | | | |
| 36 | Missouri | | | 36 | | |
| 8 | Montana | 7 | 1 | | | |
| 16 | Nebraska | 12 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Nevada | 6 | | | | |
| 8 | New Ham're | 3½ | 4 | | | |
| 28 | New Jersey | | 28 | | | |
| 6 | New Mexico | 6 | | | | |
| 90 | New York | | 90 | | | |
| 24 | No. Carolina | 20½ | | 3½ | | |
| 10 | No. Dakota | 5 | 5 | | | |
| 48 | Ohio | | | | | 48 |
| 20 | Oklahoma | 20 | | | | |
| 10 | Oregon | 10 | | | | |
| 76 | Penns'lvania | 25½ | 38½ | 6 | 3½ | |
| 10 | Rh'de Island | | 10 | | | |
| 18 | So. Carolina | 18 | | | | |
| 10 | So. Dakota | 9 | | | | |
| 24 | Tennessee | 24 | | | | |
| 40 | Texas | 40 | | | | |
| 8 | Utah | 8 | | | | |
| 8 | Vermont | 1 | 7 | | | |
| 24 | Virginia | | | | | |
| 14 | Washington | 14 | | | | |
| 16 | Wt. Virginia | | | 16 | | |
| 26 | Wisconsin | 3 | 23 | | | |
| 6 | Wyoming | | 5 | 1 | | |
| 6 | Alaska | 1 | 3 | | 2 | |
| 6 | Dist. of Col. | 6 | | | | |
| 6 | Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | |
| 6 | Philippines | 3 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Porto Rico | | | 5 | 1 | |
| 6 | Canal Zone | 6 | | | | |
| 1098 | Totals | 445 | 311 | 107 | 39½ | 54 |

SCATTERING—141. FERRIS—Mich. 30. Total 30. RALSTON—Fla. 1, Ind. 30. Total 31. GLASS—Va. 24. Total 24. DAVIS, J. M.—Ill. 2, Pa. 1. Total 3. ROBINSON—Ark. 18, Ill. 4, Minn. 1, Neb. 1. Total 24. RITCHIE—Md. 16, Pa. ½. Total 16½. SAULSBURY—Del. 6. Total 6. OWEN—Ill. 4, Okla. 30, Pa. 1. Total 35. WALSH—N. H. ½, S. D. 1. Total 1½. Total vote, 1,097½. Necessary for choice, 732.

## 35TH BALLOT

| Total Vote | STATE | McAdoo | Smith | J. W. Davis | Underwood | Cox |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 24 | Alabama | | | | 24 | |
| 6 | Arizona | 3½ | | 1 | 1½ | |
| 18 | Arkansas | | | | | |
| 26 | California | 26 | | | | |
| 12 | Colorado | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | 1 | |
| 14 | Connecticut | 2 | 12 | | | |
| 6 | Delaware | | | | | |
| 12 | Florida | 10 | 1 | | | |
| 28 | Georgia | 28 | | | | |
| 8 | Idaho | 8 | | | | |
| 58 | Illinois | 13 | 20 | 10 | | 5 |
| 30 | Indiana | | | | | |
| 26 | Iowa | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Kansas | 20 | | | | |
| 26 | Kentucky | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Louisiana | | | 20 | | |
| 12 | Maine | 2 | 4½ | | 5½ | |
| 16 | Maryland | | | | | |
| 36 | Mass'h'setts | 2½ | 33½ | | | |
| 30 | Michigan | 16 | 12 | | | 1 |
| 24 | Minnesota | 5 | 15 | 2 | | 1 |
| 20 | Mississippi | 20 | | | | |
| 36 | Missouri | | | 36 | | |
| 8 | Montana | 7 | 1 | | | |
| 16 | Nebraska | 12 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Nevada | 6 | | | | |
| 8 | New Ham're | 3½ | 4 | | | |
| 28 | New Jersey | | 28 | | | |
| 6 | New Mexico | 6 | | | | |
| 90 | New York | 2 | 88 | | | |
| 24 | No. Carolina | 20½ | | 3½ | | |
| 10 | No. Dakota | 5 | 5 | | | |
| 48 | Ohio | | | | | 48 |
| 20 | Oklahoma | | | | | |
| 10 | Oregon | 10 | | | | |
| 76 | Penns'lvania | 25½ | 38½ | 6 | 3½ | |
| 10 | Rh'de Island | | 10 | | | |
| 18 | So. Carolina | 18 | | | | |
| 10 | So. Dakota | 9 | | | | |
| 24 | Tennessee | 24 | | | | |
| 40 | Texas | 40 | | | | |
| 8 | Utah | 8 | | | | |
| 8 | Vermont | 1 | 7 | | | |
| 24 | Virginia | | | | | |
| 14 | Washington | 14 | | | | |
| 16 | Wt. Virginia | | | 16 | | |
| 26 | Wisconsin | 3 | 23 | | | |
| 6 | Wyoming | | 5 | 1 | | |
| 6 | Alaska | 1 | 3 | | 2 | |
| 6 | Dist. of Col. | 6 | | | | |
| 6 | Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | |
| 6 | Philippines | 3 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Porto Rico | | | 5 | 1 | |
| 6 | Canal Zone | 6 | | | | |
| 1098 | Totals | 439 | 323 | 106½ | 39½ | 55 |

SCATTERING—139. RALSTON—Fla. 1, Ind. 30, Mich. 2. Total 33. GLASS—Va. 24. Total 24. DAVIS, J. M.—Ill. 5, Pa. 1. Total 6. ROBINSON—Ark. 18, Ill. 4, Minn. 1, Neb. 1. Total 24. RITCHIE—Md. 16, Pa. ½. Total 16½. SAULSBURY—Del. 6. Total 6. OWEN—Ill. 4, Okla. 30, Pa. 1. Total 35. WALSH—N. H. ½. Total ½. GERARD—S. D. 1. Total 1. PASSET—Col. ½. Total ½. Total vote, 1,097½. Necessary for choice, 732.

## 36TH BALLOT

| Total Vote | STATE | McAdoo | Smith | J. W. Davis | Underwood | Cox |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 24 | Alabama | | | | 24 | |
| 6 | Arizona | 3½ | | 1 | 1½ | |
| 18 | Arkansas | | | | | |
| 26 | California | 26 | | | | |
| 12 | Colorado | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | 1 | |
| 14 | Connecticut | 2 | 12 | | | |
| 6 | Delaware | | | | | |
| 12 | Florida | 10 | 1 | | | |
| 28 | Georgia | 28 | | | | |
| 8 | Idaho | 8 | | | | |
| 58 | Illinois | 13 | 20 | 10 | | 5 |
| 30 | Indiana | | | | | |
| 26 | Iowa | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Kansas | 20 | | | | |
| 26 | Kentucky | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Louisiana | | | 20 | | |
| 12 | Maine | 2 | 4½ | | 5½ | |
| 16 | Maryland | | | | | |
| 36 | Mass'h'setts | 2½ | 33½ | | | |
| 30 | Michigan | 14½ | 12½ | | | 1 |
| 24 | Minnesota | 5 | 15 | 2 | | 1 |
| 20 | Mississippi | 20 | | | | |
| 36 | Missouri | | | 36 | | |
| 8 | Montana | 7 | 1 | | | |
| 16 | Nebraska | 12 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Nevada | 6 | | | | |
| 8 | New Ham're | 3 | 4½ | | | |
| 28 | New Jersey | | 28 | | | |
| 6 | New Mexico | 6 | | | | |
| 90 | New York | | 90 | | | |
| 24 | No. Carolina | 20½ | | 3½ | | |
| 10 | No. Dakota | 5 | 4 | | | |
| 48 | Ohio | | | | | 48 |
| 20 | Oklahoma | 20 | | | | |
| 10 | Oregon | 10 | | | | |
| 76 | Penns'vania | 25½ | 39½ | 6 | 3½ | |
| 10 | Rh'de Is and | | 10 | | | |
| 18 | So. Carolina | 18 | | | | |
| 10 | So. Dakota | 9 | | | | |
| 24 | Tennessee | 24 | | | | |
| 40 | Texas | 40 | | | | |
| 8 | Utah | 8 | | | | |
| 8 | Vermont | 1 | 7 | | | |
| 24 | Virginia | | | | | |
| 14 | Washington | 14 | | | | |
| 16 | Wt. Virginia | | | 16 | | |
| 26 | Wisconsin | 3 | 23 | | | |
| 6 | Wyoming | | 5 | 1 | | |
| 6 | Alaska | 1 | 3 | | 2 | |
| 6 | Dist. of Col. | 6 | | | | |
| 6 | Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | |
| 6 | Philippines | 3 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Porto Rico | | | 5 | 1 | |
| 6 | Canal Zone | 6 | | | | |
| 1098 | Totals | 439 | 323 | 106½ | 39½ | 55 |

SCATTERING—134½. RALSTON—Fla. 1, Ind. 30, Mich. 2, N. C. ½. Total 33½. GLASS—Va. 24. Total 24. DAVIS, J. M.—Ill. 3, Pa. 1. Total 4. ROBINSON—Ark. 18, Ill. 4, Minn. 1, Neb. 1. Total 24. RITCHIE—Md. 16, Pa. ½. Total 16½. SAULSBURY—Del. 6. Total 6. OWEN—Ill. 4, Okla. 30, Pa. 1. Total 35. WALSH—N. H. ½. Total ½. DOHENY—N. D. 1. Total 1. GERARD—S. D. 1. Total 1. Total vote, 1,097½. Necessary for choice, 732.

## 37TH BALLOT

| Total Vote | STATE | McAdoo | Smith | J. W. Davis | Underwood | Cox |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 24 | Alabama | | | | 24 | |
| 6 | Arizona | 3½ | | 1 | 1½ | |
| 18 | Arkansas | | | | | |
| 26 | California | 26 | | | | |
| 12 | Colorado | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | 1 | |
| 14 | Connecticut | 2 | 12 | | | |
| 6 | Delaware | | | | | |
| 12 | Florida | 10 | 1 | | | |
| 28 | Georgia | 28 | | | | |
| 8 | Idaho | 8 | | | | |
| 58 | Illinois | 13 | 20 | 10 | | 5 |
| 30 | Indiana | | | | | |
| 26 | Iowa | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Kansas | 20 | | | | |
| 26 | Kentucky | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Louisiana | | | 20 | | |
| 12 | Maine | 2 | 4½ | | 5½ | |
| 16 | Maryland | | | | | |
| 36 | Mass'h'setts | 2½ | 33½ | | | |
| 30 | Michigan | 16 | 12 | | | 1 |
| 24 | Minnesota | 5 | 15 | 2 | | 1 |
| 20 | Mississippi | 20 | | | | |
| 36 | Missouri | | | 36 | | |
| 8 | Montana | 7 | 1 | | | |
| 16 | Nebraska | 12 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Nevada | 6 | | | | |
| 8 | New Ham're | 3½ | 4 | | | |
| 28 | New Jersey | | 28 | | | |
| 6 | New Mexico | 6 | | | | |
| 90 | New York | 2 | 88 | | | |
| 24 | No. Carolina | 20 | | 4 | | |
| 10 | No. Dakota | 5 | 5 | | | |
| 48 | Ohio | | | | | 48 |
| 20 | Oklahoma | 20 | | | | |
| 10 | Oregon | 10 | | | | |
| 76 | Penns'lvania | 25½ | 38½ | 6 | 3½ | |
| 10 | Rh'de Island | | 10 | | | |
| 18 | So. Carolina | 18 | | | | |
| 10 | So. Dakota | 10 | | | | |
| 24 | Tennessee | 24 | | | | |
| 40 | Texas | 40 | | | | |
| 8 | Utah | 8 | | | | |
| 8 | Vermont | 1 | 7 | | | |
| 24 | Virginia | | | | | |
| 14 | Washington | 14 | | | | |
| 16 | Wt. Virginia | | | 16 | | |
| 26 | Wisconsin | 3 | 23 | | | |
| 6 | Wyoming | | 5 | 1 | | |
| 6 | Alaska | 1 | 3 | | 2 | |
| 6 | Dist. of Col. | 6 | | | | |
| 6 | Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | |
| 6 | Philippines | 3 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Porto Rico | | | 5 | 1 | |
| 6 | Canal Zone | 6 | | | | |
| 1098 | Totals | 444 | 321 | 107 | 39½ | 55 |

SCATTERING—131. RALSTON—Fla. 1, Ind. 30, Mich. 1. Total 32. GLASS—Va. 24. Total 24. DAVIS, J. M.—Ill. 4, Minn. 1, Pa. 1. Total 6. RITCHIE—Md. 16, Neb. 1, Pa. ½. Total 17½. SAULSBURY—Del. 6. Total 6. OWEN—Ill. 4, Okla. 30. Total 34. WALSH—N. H. ½. Total ½. ABSENT—Col. ½. Total vote, 1,097½. Necessary for choice, 733.

## 38TH BALLOT

| Total Vote | STATE | McAdoo | Smith | J. W. Davis | Underwood | Cox |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 24 | Alabama | | | | 24 | |
| 6 | Arizona | 3½ | | 1 | 1½ | |
| 18 | Arkansas | | | | | |
| 26 | California | 26 | | | | |
| 12 | Colorado | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | 1 | |
| 14 | Connecticut | 2 | 12 | | | |
| 6 | Delaware | | | | | |
| 12 | Florida | 10 | 1 | | | |
| 28 | Georgia | 28 | | | | |
| 8 | Idaho | 8 | | | | |
| 58 | Illinois | 13 | 20 | 10 | | 5 |
| 30 | Indiana | | | | | |
| 26 | Iowa | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Kansas | 20 | | | | |
| 26 | Kentucky | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Louisiana | | | 20 | | |
| 12 | Maine | 2 | 4½ | | 5½ | |
| 16 | Maryland | | | | | |
| 36 | Mass'h'setts | 2½ | 33½ | | | |
| 30 | Michigan | 16 | 12 | | | 1 |
| 24 | Minnesota | 6 | 15 | 1 | | 1 |
| 20 | Mississippi | 20 | | | | |
| 36 | Missouri | | | 36 | | |
| 8 | Montana | 7 | 1 | | | |
| 16 | Nebraska | 12 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Nevada | 6 | | | | |
| 8 | New Hamp. | 4 | 4 | | | |
| 28 | New Jersey | | 28 | | | |
| 6 | New Mexico | 6 | | | | |
| 90 | New York | 2 | 88 | | | |
| 24 | No. Carolina | 20 | | 4 | | |
| 10 | No. Dakota | 5 | 5 | | | |
| 48 | Ohio | | | | | 48 |
| 20 | Oklahoma | 20 | | | | |
| 10 | Oregon | 10 | | | | |
| 76 | Penns'lvania | 25½ | 38½ | 6 | 3½ | |
| 10 | Rh'de Island | | 10 | | | |
| 18 | So. Carolina | 18 | | | | |
| 10 | So. Dakota | 9 | | | | |
| 24 | Tennessee | 24 | | | | |
| 40 | Texas | 40 | | | | |
| 8 | Utah | 8 | | | | |
| 8 | Vermont | 1 | 7 | | | |
| 24 | Virginia | | | | | |
| 14 | Washington | 14 | | | | |
| 16 | Wt. Virginia | | | 16 | | |
| 26 | Wisconsin | 3 | 23 | | | |
| 6 | Wyoming | | 5 | 1 | | |
| 6 | Alaska | 1 | 3 | | 2 | |
| 6 | Dist. of Col. | 6 | | | | |
| 6 | Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | |
| 6 | Philippines | 3 | 3 | | | |
| 6 | Porto Rico | | | 5 | 1 | |
| 6 | Canal Zone | 6 | | | | |
| 1098 | Totals | 444 | 321 | 106 | 39½ | 55 |

SCATTERING—133. RALSTON—Mich. 1, Fla. 1, Ind. 30. Total 32. GLASS—Va. 24. Total 24. DAVIS, J. M.—Ill. 2. Total 2. ROBINSON—Ark. 18, Ill. 4, Minn. 1, Neb. 1. Total 24. RITCHIE—Md. 16, Neb. 1, Pa. ½. Total 17½. SAULSBURY—Del. 6. Total 6. OWEN—Okla. 30, Ill. 4. Total 34. Absent, Col. ½. Total vote, 1,097½. Necessary for choice, 733.

## 39TH BALLOT

| Total Vote | STATE | McAdoo | Smith | J. W. Davis | Underwood | Cox |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 24 | Alabama | | | | 24 | |
| 6 | Arizona | 3½ | | 1 | 1½ | |
| 18 | Arkansas | | | | | |
| 26 | California | 26 | | | | |
| 12 | Colorado | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | 1 | |
| 14 | Connecticut | 2 | 12 | | | |
| 6 | Delaware | | | | | |
| 12 | Florida | 10 | 1 | | | |
| 28 | Georgia | 28 | | | | |
| 8 | Idaho | 8 | | | | |
| 58 | Illinois | 13 | 20 | 10 | | 5 |
| 30 | Indiana | | | | | |
| 26 | Iowa | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Kansas | 20 | | | | |
| 26 | Kentucky | 26 | | | | |
| 20 | Louisiana | | | 20 | | |
| 12 | Maine | 2 | 4½ | | 5½ | |
| 16 | Maryland | | | | | |
| 36 | Mass'h'setts | 2½ | 33½ | | | |
| 30 | Michigan | 16 | 13 | | | 1 |
| 24 | Minnesota | 6 | 15 | 1 | | 1 |
| 20 | Mississippi | 20 | | | | |
| 36 | Missouri | 36 | | | | |
| 8 | Montana | 7 | 1 | | | |
| 16 | Nebraska | 13 | 2 | | | |
| 6 | Nevada | 6 | | | | |
| 8 | New Ha'shire | 4 | 3 | | | |
| 28 | New Jersey | | 28 | | | |
| 6 | New Mexico | 6 | | | | |
| 90 | New York | 2 | 88 | | | |
| 24 | No. Carolina | 20 | | 4 | | |
| 10 | No. Dakota | 5 | 5 | | | |
| 48 | Ohio | | | | | 48 |
| 20 | Oklahoma | 20 | | | | |
| 10 | Oregon | 10 | | | | |
| 76 | Penns'lvania | 25½ | 38½ | 6 | 3½ | |
| 10 | Rh'de Island | | 10 | | | |
| 18 | So. Carolina | 18 | | | | |
| 10 | So. Dakota | 9 | | | | |
| 24 | Tennessee | 24 | | | | |
| 40 | Texas | 40 | | | | |
| 8 | Utah | 8 | | | | |
| 8 | Vermont | 1 | 7 | | | |
| 24 | Virginia | | | | | |
| 14 | Washington | 14 | | | | |
| 16 | Wt. Virginia | | | 16 | | |
| 26 | Wisconsin | 3 | 23 | | | |
| 6 | Wyoming | 1 | 4½ | ½ | | |
| 6 | Alaska | 1 | 3 | | 2 | |
| 6 | Dist. of Col. | 6 | | | | |
| 6 | Hawaii | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | |
| 6 | Philippines | 3 |

IN a single recorded year the railways of the country spent 1½ billions for new equipment and materials—the electric railways alone spending $3,000,000 for paints and varnishes.

*Hearst's International also is spending huge sums annually for "new material"—the best editorial material that money can buy. Read "Butler, The Fighting Quaker" by Mary Roberts Rinehart, for instance, in July.*

**Hearst's International**

# Convention Doings and Sayings of the Lighter Sort

## MR. GLOOM TAKES TO THE DUGOUTS

### It's Hot and Stuffy Under the Speakers' Stand, but He Cannot Hear Bryan There.

### DISCOVERS WALSH IS DEAF

### Everybody but the Chairman Could Hear the Objections to Letting the Commoner Talk.

By ELMER DAVIS.

Godfrey G. Gloom, the old-fashioned Hoosier Democrat, was discovered by a Times reporter yesterday evening in the passageway underneath the speakers' stand.

"Pretty hot in here," the veteran admitted, "but I was out on the floor this afternoon and right in the way of that blast of superheated oratory that Bryan let out. It just plain wilted my collar, so I got in here, where I'll be out of the way if Bryan talks again."

"But you don't think he will?" the reporter asked.

"Bryan? Huh! Nothin' but the Grim Reaper can stop him from talkin'. You notice he promised this afternoon that this was the last time he'd ever be a delegate to any Democratic convention, but it won't be, no, sir. And I'll tell you why.

"Everybody will agree that the Republican Party is probably the most distinguished and characteristic of American institutions. If it blew up, our peculiar civilization would be in danger of perishin' off the earth, so my Republican friends tell me. And it might have blown up long ago if it hadn't been for Bryan.

"I come to the conclusion," Mr. Gloom continued, "that this six-day bicycle race between twenty-odd candidates, now bein' held in Madison Square Garden, is really not a Democratic convention at all but merely an extension or annex of the Republican convention. Why, you go up there on the platform for National Committeemen and distinguished guests and who do you see—Jim Watson and Coleman du Pont, and the day of that there big demonstration for Smith, when they let in everybody that would holler for the right side and kept out a lot of ticketholders, there was a lady from my State that come up to the Garden and presented her ticket; and did she get in? No, sir. They just gave her the laugh—ushers and doorkeepers and sergeants-at-arms and police and all. And that minute along come Will Hays, ex-Chairman of the Republican National Committee, whom she happened to know and he got her into this Democratic convention right off.

"How are you impressed by the continuing deadlock?" the reporter asked.

"It's good and dead," said Mr. Gloom. "One of the most deceased deadlocks I ever seen in my life. Just verifies the complexion I enexpressed some days ago that the one fatal handicap on a Democratic candidate in this convention is to have been heard of. Them as hadn't been unfavorably heard of before this convention are being unfavorably heard of now.

"Take Tom Walsh, for instance. What does the world know about him, or what did it know prior to yesterday afternoon? Why, that, as Mr. Bryan said, he'd 'prised the lid off Teapot Dome. What does it know of him now? Why, that when Bryan asked for unanimous consent to make his big speech about forty men hollered loud objection and Walsh couldn't hear 'em.

"We don't want a man in the White House that's totally deaf. Yes, sir, the Walsh boom was one of the minor casualties of that Bryan speech that slaughtered more Democratic candidates in twenty minutes than the Department of Justice and William J. Burns and the Republican National Committee could do in six months of most earnest effort.

"Still it wouldn't be a Democratic convention without Bryan and his one big speech aimed at the destruction of all other persons but Bryan."

"But he spoke in favor of McAdoo," the reporter protested.

"Bryan spoke in favor of McAdoo?" Mr. Gloom snorted. "I know he said he spoke in favor of McAdoo, but if you've talked to anybody you know that speech done McAdoo more harm than good, and you can't tell me that Bryan ain't smart enough to know it.

"No, sir, I ain't much of a biologist, though I flatter myself I know more about such things than Bryan; but I know it ain't in the nature of that feller to make a speech for any Democrat but himself. He's the biggest asset the Republicans have got, and a worse terror to any Democratic Convention than a cry of fire.

"No, sir; when that veteran goes and makes an honest, disinterested speech in favor of some other Democrat, the golden age will have come—when the Republicans cease from stealing and the Democrats have sense."

## SMITH AND DAVIS EQUAL IN BETTING

### Odds of 3½ to 1 Quoted Against Both and 6 to 1 Against McAdoo.

Wall Street betting odds against Smith and John W. Davis as candidates for the Presidential nomination lengthened yesterday to 3½ to 1. This is the highest figure quoted against the chances of Governor Smith at any time since the convention started. The odds against Davis were 2½ to 1 on Tuesday. Odds against Underwood, Ralston, Ritchie, Cox and Glass are quoted at 3½ to 1 by J. S. Fried & Co., W. L. Darnell & Co. and G. B. de Chadenedes & Co. McAdoo's chances are rated at 5 to 1 against.

The prevailing odds against the dark horses range from 10 to 1 up to 25 to 1. The odds on President Coolidge are quoted at 9 to 5.

W. L. Darnell & Co. offer to lay $10,000, or any part of that amount, at even money, that neither one of any two candidates named will be nominated for President on the Democratic ticket.

## HEFLIN DENIES PREDICTING.

### He Says Remarks Credited to Him Were Made by Another.

Senator Heflin said yesterday afternoon:

"THE TIMES this morning quotes me as saying that the ticket nominated for President and Vice President would be either Ralston and Copeland or Davis and Meredith.

"I am the friend of all four of the distinguished Democrats mentioned, but the statement attributed to me is without foundation. Your representative must have gotten me confused with a delegate who was on the platform in the afternoon talking to me and others, and who said in substance what your representative attributed to me."

### Congressman Files Petition.

TRENTON, N. J., July 2.—Ernest R. Ackerman of Plainfield has filed a petition with Secretary of State Martin for re-election as Congressman from the Fifth District. Ackerman, who is a Republican, will campaign, he says, on a platform of economy, efficiency and lower taxes.

## EX-SECRETARY DIRECTS FIGHT

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

for the Hotel Vanderbilt, where there was a general conference of the McAdoo leaders.

Efforts to push the McAdoo drive to the point where he will have an actual majority will be continued this morning. With all night to work upon the delegates and candidates like Senator Glass and Senator Robinson, whose candidacies are now blocking further progress for Mr. McAdoo, in the opinion of his leading supporters, the McAdoo leaders have some hope of success.

The effort of the McAdoo strategists will be to get a majority for their candidate and keep it for a long time while the convention remains deadlocked. It was said to be their belief that in such a situation enough of the minority delegates would break to Mr. McAdoo to make a nomination and end the convention.

### Denies Conference an Deadlock.

Judge Rockwell's assertion that there was no McAdoo representative in any conference looking to end the deadlock by bringing about the retirement of both Mr. McAdoo and Governor Smith, to leave the way clear for a nomination, was made in reply to a question in which he was told that there was such a conference, and that two supporters of Mr. McAdoo were believed to be in it.

"There is no accredited representative of Mr. McAdoo or myself present," Judge Rockwell said. "There couldn't be, because Mr. McAdoo isn't going to retire. He is going to be nominated.

"We've got the delegates. I think any observer of political national conventions will agree that they have never before seen forces held together as have the McAdoo forces. They have had no thought of deserting.

"There has been courage and optimism on the McAdoo side. On the other side there has been selfishness, intrigue, jealousy and constant turmoil. There is no leader on the other side. That's the truth about it."

Judge Rockwell was asked what he thought of William J. Bryan's speech and said that he had been in the Madison Square Hotel when Mr. Bryan started but had heard the noise of the demonstration and had hurried back to Madison Square Garden.

"The reaction to the speech was good," Judge Rockwell said. "Mr. Bryan is the greatest moral influence in this country. Mr. Bryan's appeal was to the best that democracy stands for and the line of cleavage between the forces of progressivism and reaction was more closely defined after the speech than before it. He pointed out the duty the party owed the country and that it could only discharge its duty by nominating a man who is the champion of the cause of the common people. Such a man is Mr. McAdoo.

### Bryan Still Beloved, He Says.

"There are more progressives than reactionaries by far in this convention. It seems to me that Mr. Bryan pointed out clearly the course these progressives should pursue. United, as they will be, they will surely nominate Mr. McAdoo."

"Another thing I want to say is that the delegates do the voting, not the galleries. The galleries may jeer Mr. Bryan, but he is still beloved by the majority of the delegates."

"If there should be a movement away from Mr. McAdoo would he release his delegates?" Judge Rockwell was asked.

"I can't conceive of any such situation arising," Judge Rockwell replied. "The word defeat is unknown to our group. Our favorite word is victory. That means we are going to nominate Mr. McAdoo."

Judge Rockwell was informed that in the opinion of some of the newspaper reporters present he had not answered the question specifically. He replied:

"The delegates committed to Mr. McAdoo would not accept release if it were offered them. But I can't conceive of any contingency arising which would bring up the question."

Another question asked Judge Rockwell was whether he was still of the opinion that a majority for Mr. McAdoo could be produced in the convention any time he wanted it.

"I will answer that question by saying that Mr. McAdoo will receive a majority," Judge Rockwell replied.

In reply to another question he said the McAdoo forces had no thought of trying to force a majority nomination by an attempt to abrogate the two-thirds rule.

Judge Rockwell smiled when asked if he had noticed during the day any more "lobbyists or representatives of Wall Street" whom he had charged the preceding day with working on the floor to bring about the nomination of John W. Davis.

"I would say that they were flushed by you boys and driven off the floor," he replied.

"Do you think you have eliminated Mr. Davis as a possibility?" he was asked.

"I wouldn't say we did it," he replied, "the delegates did it. I don't mean this in a disrespectful way, for I have a high regard for the former Ambassador to Great Britain, but the fact that he has not gained during a long period of balloting is conclusive proof that his candidacy is not taking.

"Do you think you are going to celebrate Mr. McAdoo's nomination on the Fourth of July?" was the final question.

"It would be a great way to celebrate it," Judge Rockwell said.

He then returned to Mr. McAdoo's suite for further conference with him before beginning of the night session.

### How Smith Men View Situation.

Refusing to concede an inch of ground, lieutenants of Governor Smith declared after last night's adjournment that they were ready to continue the contest for the nomination of their favorite to and beyond the Fourth of July if necessary. They added that they had not yet begun a real fight.

"McAdoo has passed the 500 mark," said Franklin D. Roosevelt, leader of the Smith forces in New York, "and he may go still higher, but he will never pass the majority mark."

The Smith men are anxious to battle with their McAdoo opponents to the finish. After that they will turn their attention to killing off the next important contender. It will be some time yet before the Smith men set out to show the full strength of their candidate, but when that time comes, they are confident of running him well beyond the greatest strength shown by Mr. McAdoo. On this attempt they expect Governor Smith to receive considerably more than a majority vote of the convention.

"How about tomorrow?" Governor Smith was asked after the convention had adjourned and he had finished talking with a number of delegates.

"Tomorrow?" he queried. "Why, tomorrow is the eve of the Fourth of July."

### Smith Followers Bitter-Enders.

James J. Hoey, Senator James J. Walker and other Smith leaders said they intended to stick to the finish and show the anti-Smith delegates just how far they could go in loyalty to their candidate.

Smith leaders denied that any proposition had been received from the McAdoo camp to go into a conference. The Governor talked with several of his own lieutenants at the Manhattan Club, and then retired to his rooms at the Biltmore Hotel and said that conference or no conference, nothing would be forthcoming from his side.

"If there is to be a big get-together," said a close friend of the Governor, "it will be while the balloting is going on tomorrow. But no overtures will come from the Smith side. We are bitter enders when it comes to sticking by the Governor."

Franklin D. Roosevelt, manager of the Smith campaign, issued this statement from his seat in the convention hall when Mr. Bryan completed his declaration in favor of William Gibbs McAdoo:

"The other day I asked all my fellow delegates to wear throughout this convention the spirit of the immortal Lincoln, 'with charity toward all, with malice toward none.'

### Makes Plea for Fair Play.

"I want to add to that a plea for the spirit of fair play—I stand for a man who has scorned political trickery, who is honest to his heart's core—ye are not willing to disrupt our party by attacking any one. We ask your votes for our man because he will spend his time fighting Republican corruption—not the other leaders in his own party. Such a man is Alfred E. Smith."

The race for the nomination was described by Roosevelt, when the convention adjourned tonight, in the following statement:

"From our standpoint, only the obvious developments have taken place. We have conserved our strength. The McAdoo forces have extended theirs. They have now had forty-two chances to win and have not come nearer than forty-some votes to a majority. It is obvious they cannot obtain the necessary two-thirds, and it is doubtful if ever they can obtain a majority."

The Smith men declared they had declined to permit any increase in their total tonight beyond the 320 point.

"When Mr. McAdoo has finished," Mr. Roosevelt told his assistant floor leaders, "then we will have our run. But the time is not opportune yet for any demonstration of full balloting power."

### Break Excites Smith's Friends.

The desertion of two New York delegates to the McAdoo camp furnished excitement among the friends of Governor Alfred E. Smith yesterday. The break may have cheered the McAdoo forces but the Smith men quickly spread the word that the two deserters would be back in the Smith column after they had carried out their promises to give the Californian a few votes.

The two delegates were Lathrop Brown of St. James, L. I., and Roscoe Irwin of Kingston. Their defection was somewhat discounted by every one in the Smith camp for it had been known for several days that they were going to give Mr. McAdoo their vote, on a few ballots.

In point of fact only one of the two, Brown, has decided McAdoo leanings. He was for McAdoo four years ago and was the centre of disturbance during the McAdoo rally at the San Francisco convention. Smith delegates said they recalled that he was roughly handled when he attempted to seise the New York standard and parade with the McAdoo delegates.

Brown, a former representative, lives in Suffolk County, where the Ku Klux Klan has considerable influence. He would not discuss reports about his attitude toward the Klan.

### Brown Talks to Governor.

Brown, talking to a member of the New York delegation said he had promised to vote for Mr. McAdoo a few times and would like to keep his word. Smith, he said, was getting nowhere. He was advised to see Franklin D. Roosevelt, or the Governor and he called upon Mr. Smith at the Manhattan Club. After he had told the Governor what was on his mind, the Governor said:

"I do not want anybody to vote for me unless he is perfectly willing to do so. You have my permission, if you need it, to vote for whom you please."

The result was that Brown transferred his vote to McAdoo but explained he intended to return to the Smith camp. Some New York delegates told him it didn't matter whether he returned or not. They thought they could get along without him.

The situation in regard to Roscoe Erwin is somewhat different and there is little resentment among the New York crowd because of his action in giving McAdoo a vote or two. Erwin, Mayor of Kingston twice, held for eight years, under Mr. McAdoo, then Secretary of the Treasury, the post of Collector of Internal Revenue of the district which takes in the Hudson Valley, with headquarters at Albany. He owed his appointment entirely to McAdoo and when the latter sent word that he wanted some votes from the New York delegation, Irwin responded. He made it plain, however, that his defection from Smith, with whom he is personally friendly, would not be for long.

### Gibbsey Works on Delegates.

The secession of Irwin and Brown marks the full extent of the McAdoo effort to pry Smith delegates loose in New York. For many days Stewart Gibbsey, Mr. McAdoo's former law partner, has been industriously working in the New York group to pick up a McAdoo vote or two. He was furnished with a list containing sixteen names of men said to be friendly to the California candidate. The list fell into the hands of the Smith men, and a careful checking up of the list showed that only three men, two delegates, Brown and Irwin, and one alternate whose name was not divulged, were at all likely to give any aid to Mr. McAdoo. Satisfied that the full extent of the defection had been reached, the Smith managers paid little attention to threats of trouble made by McAdoo men. They reserved all their strength for the big drive against the Californian at the proper time.

The Smith managers said they would not exert their full strength for their candidate until McAdoo had been disposed of. When it became apparent, they said, that McAdoo could go no further, they would begin the Smith drive which they fondly expected to send their candidate over the top.

There was mysterious talk among the Smith men all day as to when the break for Smith would occur. It seemed to be the general opinion that Thursday night, on the eve of the Fourth of July, would be the best time to start the Smith movement. If this drive should fail, the Smith forces are all prepared to start another movement for the Governor.

### Smith Talked of for Second Place.

This second Smith offensive will consist of booming the Governor for second place on an acceptable ticket. Under no circumstances, the Governor has let it be known, will he take second place on a Presidential ticket with Senator Ralston of Indiana. Thomas Taggert, Democratic boss of Indiana, tried out the suggestion, but he met a decided rebuff. In fact, one reason for the present aloofness between Taggert and the Tammany leaders is the insistence of the former that Governor Smith must first be considered as a candidate for second place with the Indiana Senator.

When the suggestion was first made to Governor Smith that he would be acceptable to Ralston as a running mate the Governor sent back a reply that is said to have set Taggert's ears ringing, and at the same time the Governor gave out a statement to the effect he would not consider second place under any conditions. Since that time there has been no discussion of the Vice Presidency within the Governor's hearing.

But the Smith board of strategy has not given up the idea. They foresee a possibility that the Governor and Mr. McAdoo will become so thoroughly deadlocked that it will be utterly absurd to think that either candidate can win and a recourse to a dark horse will be necessary. When that time comes the Smith strategists hope to be able to suggest a compromise that may not be entirely unsatisfactory to the Governor. Whether that compromise will be a ticket made up of Underwood and Smith, or a Western candidate and Smith, is still being considered behind closed doors.

## HOME FOLK WIRE 'COLLECT.'

### Delegates Protest Against Telegrams Appealing for Candidates.

Many of the candidate managers were working the "telegram from home" game on the delegates yesterday. The disappointing feature of the outcome was that a lot of telegrams came collect.

The dictates of the finest traditions of a hundred years of Democratic history, in the view of O. Max Gardner, Chairman of the North Carolina delegation, are that high-strung home folks who send telegrams to their representatives in the National Convention should pay the charges.

Of some 300 telegrams from all sections of the State reaching North Carolina's Chairman this morning many came collect.

"Without expressing approval of the telegraphic referendum on the Presidential nomination," Mr. Gardner said, "let us go on record as unalterably in favor of the principle of prepayment."

## UPSHAW MAN DENIES DEAL.

### Resents Reports of Seeking Support of New York Wets.

In a statement issued last night at the Upshaw headquarters in the Hotel Pennsylvania C. B. Ellis, supporter of the potential Democratic candidate for Vice President, resented newspaper accounts intimating that he had surrendered his prohibition convictions to win over the New York wets.

The statement condemned Governor Smith as one who violated the very Constitution he had sworn to defend by favoring the light wine and beer law.

## A TEA AT JACKSON HEIGHTS.

### Two Hundred Convention Visitors From South Are Guests.

Two hundred convention visitors from the South, including delegates and alternates, were guests at a musicale and tea given by the Ladies' Jackson Heights Southern Society at the Jackson Heights Country Club yesterday.

The guests were taken in automobiles from the Hotel Commodore and were met at Jackson Heights by a committee consisting of Mrs. E. E. Childs, Chairman; Mrs. M. C. Dorwin, Mrs. J. P. Edwards, Mrs. W. H. Blandford, Mrs. A. L. Kenyon, Mrs. C. J. Morrow, Mrs. F. J. Passolt and Miss Myra Outlaw.

## THINKS THIS ONE A THRILLER

### Veteran of Many Conventions Says It Is the Best Deadlock He Ever Saw

Farley Sheldon, banker of Ames, Iowa, 81 years old, and veteran of every Democratic Convention since 1884, finds in the present gathering the best thriller of his experience.

"The nearest thing to this we ever had," he declared between ballots, "was at Chicago in 1892 when Bourke Cockran talked all night against Grover Cleveland. We had a good fight at Baltimore, and we made history there, but I would put this meeting right here down for the classic example of a deadlocked convention. Some of those young fellows don't know yet what they're in for."

His audience-in-chief was Rev. I. T. Johnson of Bowdeham, Me., aged 75, and also a figure in Democratic gatherings.

Grandson of Karl Marx analyzes French elections. New policy and its effect on Europe. July Current History Magazine. At news stands 25c.—Advt.

## HOTELS ARE PRAISED BY GEORGE F. MARA

### Assistant to Cordell Hull Says They Have Set an Example of Cordiality.

High praise for the manner in which the New York hotels have taken care of delegates and visitors attending the Democratic National Convention is contained in a statement made yesterday by George F. Mara, Assistant to Cordell Hull, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

"Too much praise cannot possibly be extended to the proprietors and managers of New York's hotels," said Mr. Mara. "On every hand can be found evidence of their cooperation and it is gratifying to the members of the committee to note the skill and dispatch with which the arrangements have been successfully carried out. New York hotels have set an example of cordiality in their treatment of visitors of which any city might be justly proud. They have made the stay of the delegates so pleasant that it will long be remembered and have shown the country a thing or two about hospitality.

"Every one has been warmly received and courteously treated. No evidence of overcharging has come to the attention of the National Committee and, on the contrary, all of the delegates are highly enthusiastic in their praise of treatment accorded them. Prices have been fair and no higher than in other cities where national conventions have been held. There is absolutely no justification of complaints on this score against Father Knickerbocker's hotel men."

Robert Elder, National Committeeman from Idaho, says the hotel men have played a most important role in providing hospitality for visitors.

## W. J. BRYAN 'TOO OLD' TO RUN

### Tells a Delegate That Capitalists "Knifed" Him in Three Elections.

A New Jersey delegate was authority yesterday for the statement that William Jennings Bryan considered himself too old to take the Democratic nomination if it were proffered him.

"What would you do if the lightning struck you?" the delegate said he asked Bryan.

"I am getting too old for that," he quoted Bryan as replying. "You know, I was nominated three times and would have been elected any one of those times had I not been knifed by the capitalists. I have not forgotten the capitalists."

Mr. Bryan is 64 years old.

THE APPLES OF QUALITY

This Company's work does not fluctuate in quality according to whether it is visible or concealed. The apples at the bottom of our basket are just as good as those displayed on top!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

TIFFANY & CO.
FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

SILVER TABLEWARE
SILVER TEA SETS

The Shop of Original Models
RUSSEKS
34th Street FIFTH AVENUE 35th Street

Town deliveries made this evening

DRESSES — For the 4th
GOWNS — For the 4th
COATS — For the 4th
CAPES — For the 4th

$45 $65
Originally $95 to $250

Savings on good fashions always help to put one in a holiday frame of mind, don't you think?

All Purchases Final. None C.O.D.

Store CLOSED all day tomorrow, July 4th, and all day Saturday, first of the week-end Summer holidays. Summer Hours, 9 to 5

B. Altman & Co.

For to-day (Thursday)

A Pre-Holiday Sale of
Men's Summer Shirts
at especially attractive prices

Negligee Shirts
made of imported (English) broadcloth, in plain colors or white; collar-attached or neckband style
$2.45

Negligee Shirts
made of fine imported madras in an interesting assortment of new color-stripe effects; neckband style
$2.35

(First Floor; Madison Avenue section)

Madison Avenue—Fifth Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

SOCIETY OF TAMMANY
Celebration of the 148th Anniversary of
AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE
FRIDAY, JULY 4TH, 10 A. M.,
at
TAMMANY HALL
Grand Sachem JOHN R. VOORHIS, Presiding.
Reading of the Declaration of Independence by
Hon. John J. O'Connor, M. C.
SPEAKERS
Hon. T. H. CARAWAY, U. S. Senator, Arkansas
Hon. HENRY T. RAINEY, M. C. Ill.
Hon. SCOTT FERRIS, M. C. Okla.
Hon. T. WEBBER WILSON, M. C. Miss.
Hon. JOHN McGUFFIE, M. C. Ala.
Hon. HARTHILL RAGON, M. C. Ark.
PATRIOTIC MUSIC
Ridgeley's 69th Regt. Band
THE TAMMANY QUARTETTE
THE PUBLIC IS INVITED
NO TICKETS REQUIRED
Seats and boxes reserved for ladies
WILLIS HOLLY, Secretary

WHOLESALE — RETAIL
Office Partitions
MOUNT & ROBERTSON, INC.
41 BEAVER ST. BROAD 1957
MADE BY THE MILE
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
SOLD BY THE FOOT
Ask us if your office can be quieter.

Crash!

For the Fourth, our five stores sound the right note.

Crash, for warm weather suits.

Wool crash—very light weight but sturdy enough to hold its shape. Gray. Tan. Oxford.

Quarter-lined.

Lightweight blue serges, too. Lightly priced, beginning at $45.

For the club dance, a featherweight Tuxedo. Cooler than you'd dream a dinner coat could be. Quarter-lined only.

P. S. Lots of men wear white trousers with dinner coats nowadays.

P. P. S. We're up to tricks—white English cricketing flannels, $13.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

| Broadway at Liberty | Broadway at Warren "Five | Broadway at 13th St. |
|---|---|---|
| Herald Sq. at 35th St. | Convenient Corners" | Fifth Ave. at 41st St. |

French Kid Novelty Gauntlet Fancy Cuff
CARR CROSS LONDON
Specially priced $2.50
Black, grey, brown and black.
The World's Greatest Leather Store
366—5th Ave.—New York—178 B'way.
Boston—145 Tremont Street
London—29 Regent Street.

# Attack on McAdoo Renewed; La Follette to Run

## REED AGAIN ASSERTS M'ADOO BROKE LAW

**Senator Repeats Accusations of Illegal Appearance in Tax Case—Cites Coal Contract.**

**SAYS INDICTMENT IS LIKELY**

**These Charges Have Not Been Disproved and Cannot Be, He Declares.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 2.—Senator James A. Reed answered today the attack on him last night by Judge David Ladd Rockwell, the campaign manager of William G. McAdoo.

In a statement Mr. Reed again fired shots at McAdoo, supplying details in connection with the charge he made yesterday that the Democrats might find themselves conducting their campaign from a courtroom. He declared emphatically that McAdoo could not carry Missouri.

Senator Reed's statement in part follows:

"I never made a charge against McAdoo which was disproved or which can be disproved. Indeed, nearly everything I had to say about him was based upon his own admission, which he was forced to make in reply to charges advanced by others. Briefly, these charges were:

"1. That during all of the time that Doheny and Sinclair were engaged in their nefarious transactions with Albert Fall relative to the Teapot Dome and Naval Oil Reserves No. 2 and No. 3 in California, Mr. McAdoo was the attorney, counsel and adviser of Mr. Doheny.

"This charge McAdoo has been forced to admit.

"2. That for the services above referred to McAdoo received a fee of a quarter of a million dollars.

"This charge McAdoo indignantly denied with a great deal of outraged virtue. He insisted that he had only received $150,000. But there are few people who will estimate the character of the service rendered by the exact size of the fee paid.

"The above paragraphs, Nos. 1 and 2, therefore raise the question whether in a campaign in which the Democratic Party would largely rely upon the naval oil reserve scandals and the connection of Republican officials therewith the party can afford to nominate the attorney for the man, then accused, now indicted for the corruption of public officials.

"That there was some impropriety in the employment seems to have been recognized by Mr. McAdoo, because as soon as Doheny had 'peached' and let the cat out of the bag that McAdoo was one of his attorneys that gentleman immediately resigned as attorney by wire.

"3. Another charge made, not by myself but by others, although I repeated it, was that McAdoo represented the Morse interests; that he was to receive $1 a ton on all coal shipped by that company to Italy and France, and that the expected amount of such shipments was in excess of $700,000.

"This peculiar contract may have been for legal services, but it is a most peculiar kind of legal service, and the amount of compensation paid seems to indicate very clearly that Morse and his crooked companions were engaged in buying the influence of the former Secretary of the Treasury with the French and Italian Governments.

"Was this charge denied?

"4. It was also charged, not by myself but by others, although I undoubtedly repeated it, that McAdoo represented the Republic Iron and Steel Company in a tax contest with the Federal Government; that McAdoo appeared in person before Representatives of the Treasury Department.

"This contest was before a branch of the Treasury Department, over which department McAdoo had presided within two years prior to his appearance on behalf of the steel company and against the Federal Government.

"It may be said, by way of parenthesis, he had not been admitted to practice before the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

"Nevertheless, he did so appear and did obtain a reduction in the taxes of that company amounting to several hundred thousand dollars. It was charged that this was in direct violation of the Federal statute.

"The Federal statute declares it to be illegal for any officer, clerk or employe in any department of the Government to act as counsel, attorney or agent for the prosecution of any claim against the United States which was pending in the department while he was so employed until at least two years after he shall have quit his employment.

"I repeat that the claim was pending in the department while McAdoo was Secretary. I repeat that he appeared before the department within two years. I repeat that he violated this section of the statutes. I repeat that it is not entirely inconceivable, but quite probable, that he will be compelled to face indictment for his official misconduct."

## NOTIFICATION PLANS CHANGED FOR COOLIDGE

**Ceremony to Take Place July 24 at 8 P. M. in a Hall—Dawes Date Altered to July 29.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—President Coolidge will receive the notification of his nomination as the Presidential candidate of the Republican Party in Memorial Continental Hall of the Daughters of the American Revolution, at 8 o'clock on the evening of July 24.

This announcement was made today by Chairman William M. Butler of the Republican National Committee. It had been supposed the ceremonies would be held on the south portico of the White House on the afternoon of the day selected. It is understood that the change to a night hour was made because of the far better facilities of radio transmission at night. In his announcement Mr. Butler said:

"The hall itself will seat about 1,700, and we have figured on making arrangements for the reproduction of the speeches outside the building for those who assemble there."

The date of the notification of General Dawes was changed from Thursday, July 31, as announced, to Tuesday, July 29, but the ceremony will be held, as stated, on the front porch of the Dawes home in Evanston.

According to precedent, Mr. Butler, as Chairman of the National Committee, will call the meeting to order at Memorial Continental Hall, and Frank W. Mondell, Chairman of the Committee on Notification, and the permanent Chairman at the Cleveland convention, will make the formal notification speech.

"The President, I understand, also is arranging a program of his own in connection with the visit of the Notification Committee which he will later announce," said Mr. Butler.

The full membership of the Republican National Committee as well as Republican members of Congress, Governors of States and other public officials will be invited to the ceremonies.

As Theodore E. Burton of Ohio, Chairman of the Dawes Notification Committee, has gone to Europe, Chairman Butler has asked Albert W. Jefferis of Nebraska, who placed General Dawes in nomination at Cleveland, to make the notification speech at Evanston.

General Dawes, who is a White House guest, saw very little of the President today, for the General spent the greater part of his time away from the mansion. He received a number of friends in the office of his brother, Henry M. Dawes, Controller of the Currency.

Among those who saw the President today were Secretary of State Hughes, Senator Jones of Washington, who introduced some friends; Assistant Secretary of State Carr, Solomon Porter Hood, United States Minister and Resident Consul General to Liberia; Representative Yates of Illinois and Dr. R. L. Rowe, Director of the Pan American Union, who was accompanied by members of the South American delegation studying roads and highways in this country.

## 18 GIRLS AND NOT A BOY.

**Mothers' Democratic Club May Have to Name One "Alfreda."**

Confusion prevailed in the ranks of the Mothers' Democratic Club at the New York Nursery and Child's Hospital yesterday when the seventeenth member gave birth to twins, both of them girls. This made eighteen girls in a row.

The club has only eight more prospective mothers and the possibility of having a boy has become serious. At an informal caucus yesterday afternoon it was decided that if the eight remaining mothers also have girls, the club will memorialize the convention to nominate a woman for President, holding that it is a sign from heaven.

If the last girl should arrive after a male already has been nominated, she will be named for him in place of the missing boy. Thus Al Smith may become Alfreda Smith, William G. McAdoo, Wilhelmina G., and John Davis, Joan Davis.

The club was formed on Friday, June 20, when twenty-five expectant mothers with Democratic sympathies, who agreed to name the first boy born after the opening of the convention for the nominee, whoever he might be. Seventeen of the members have had babies since then and all of them have been girls.

## BENNINGTON IS AMUSED.

**Vermont Village Enjoys Hearing Its President Named for Chief Executive**

*Special to The New York Times.*

BENNINGTON, Vt., July 2.—This community is experiencing considerable amusement over the fact that its Village President, Fred C. Martin, one of the Vermont delegates to the Democratic National Convention in New York, has received a vote for President of the United States.

Mr. Martin has been actively identified with local and State politics ever since he took the freeman's oath, twenty-four years ago, but his most enthusiastic friends have not expected to see him figure in the contest at New York.

Since his graduation from high school here Mr. Martin has been connected with the Golden-Leonard Company. He has represented Bennington in the Legislature, and was a delegate to the San Francisco convention in 1920. He is now serving his fourth term as Village President.

## SAYS LA FOLLETTE CAN WIN 12 STATES

**Chairman Hopkins Declares Senator Will Accept Progressive Nomination.**

**SEES CHANCE FOR ELECTION**

**Predicts Candidacy Will Throw Decision Into the House of Representatives.**

Delegates on the Committee of Forty-eight who left New York yesterday for Cleveland expressed the belief that Senator Robert M. La Follette would be nominated by the National Convention of the Conference for Progressive Political Action, which convenes tomorrow in Cleveland.

J. A. H. Hopkins, Chairman of the National Committee of the Committee of Forty-eight, said that there was no longer any doubt that Senator La Follette would accept the nomination. His ultimatum to the old parties, expressed in his recent letter to Attorney General Ekern of Wisconsin, said Mr. Hopkins, has been deliberately ignored, as "both parties have refused to purge themselves of corrupt influences and to free themselves from selfish purposes."

"Hundreds of thousands of voters will turn to La Follette this year as their only hope for salvation from political and economic bondage," declared Mr. Hopkins, who added:

"The people are weary of old party promises. Over the radio they have listened this year to a vast amount of political bunk. They heard the forces of reaction hooting the apostles of progress in the Republican Convention. They heard the Democratic delegates storming over issues which have nothing to do with the economic welfare of the people. They have been calling for years for a leader who will fight special privilege wherever it may be found. That leader is Senator La Follette.

"The old parties do not fear secret organizations half so much as they fear the independent political movement. Progressive political principles are their real bogy. And the fact that this fear is well founded will be proved at the November elections, when the vote rolled up for La Follette will astonish reactionaries. This undercurrent away from reaction and toward progress cannot be estimated in this campaign any more than it could be estimated in the German, English and French elections which resulted in a mighty swing toward liberalism. La Follette's opponents admit privately that he may carry more than a dozen States, including Ohio and Illinois. He will carry with him many additions of the Progressive bloc in Congress. His candidacy will at least throw the election into the House of Representatives, and his election daily becomes more probable.

"The platform to be adopted by the Cleveland convention will not puzzle over the most vital issue of this campaign—the abolition of special privilege from our government. The platform will declare for public ownership of the railroads, repeal of the Esch-Cummins Transportation act and for practical measures for the relief of our hundreds of thousands of bankrupt farmers. It also will include a plank against the abuse of the injunction process, a plank which organized labor failed to receive from makers of the old party platforms this year. Every plank in the Committee of Forty-eight platform, adopted in 1919, is included in the C. P. P. A. platform, the platform of the Wisconsin La Follette Association and the La Follette platform which the Republican Convention in Cleveland hissed. The July 4 platform will confine itself largely to domestic, economic issues of vital import to the public welfare."

Mr. Hopkins said no decision had been reached as to La Follette's running mate, although Senator Wheeler and Warren S. Stone had been under discussion as Vice Presidential timber.

## FARMER-LABORITE SPEAKS.

**McDonald Opens Campaign by Demanding Public Ownership.**

CHICAGO, July 2.—With the present general industrial situation as his subject and emhasising the failure of the two political parties to coordinate their forces in Congress to bring about legislation of benefit to the people as a whole, Duncan McDonald, Presidential nominee of the Farmer-Labor Party, made his first speech of the campaign here tonight.

Mr. McDonald said that the principal driving point of the Farmer-Labor party will be its demand for public ownership of mining properties and the railroads. Both are over-capitalized, he said, necessitating high returns and low wages."

The speaker dwelt at length on the mining situation, with which he is especially intimate, declaring that mines throughout the country are closing down.

The Labor Party of Illinois earlier today, at Mr. McDonald's behest, called a mass meeting of workers for July 20 to organize a Cook County branch of the party.

## BARES INSIDE STORY OF RUSSIAN CHURCH

**Izvestiya Reveals Tikhon-Krasnitsky Combination Against the Holy Synod.**

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MOSCOW, July 2.—There is a curious new development in the complicated struggle for control of the Russian church in the publication in Izvestiya of the original documents of the Tikhon-Krasnitsky compact against the so-called Holy Synod founded a year ago by the reformist elements of "The Living Church," to which Krasnitsky then belonged.

Five weeks ago Krasnitsky, who represented the most radical section of "The Living Church," suddenly troubled the church waters by the announcement of the compact he had made with Patriarch Tikhon, whom the "Holy Synod" formally deposed last year, but who refused to accept their verdict. Tikhon did not contradict this, nor made any sign, and there were not wanting persons to suggest that Krasnitsky was plotting to entrap the aged patriarch.

The fact was that Krasnitsky, a churchman of marked astuteness, had realised that Tikhon was rapidly getting the support of the mass of believers against "The Living Church" Synod, with several members of which he, Krasnitsky, moreover, had quarreled. So, as the Izvestiya's documents show he humbly asked to be allowed to join Tikhon's party.

"To his Holiness, Holy Tikhon, Patriarch of Moscow and all Russia," runs his message. "Your Holiness, gracious arch-pastor, father: On behalf of myself and members of my group of believers in the Living Church, I beg your Holiness to accept me and my brethren into your sacred canonical communion in order to establish peace in the Church and set up under your Holiness, a church administration. . . . further beg your merciful charity toward the errors I committed in the reform movement."

The document is signed, "Krasnitsky, Archpresbyter of the Russian Orthodox church, and President of the central committee of the Living church."

The concluding words give Krasnitsky's grievance against his reformist brethren. "He was president of the governing body of the original "Living Church, but was not in the first rank of the Holy Synod that has taken the old governing body's place since last July."

Tikhon replied benignly as follows on the very day he received Krasnitsky's appeal:

"For the sake of peace and the good of the church, in accordance with Patriarchal charity, it was decided to received Archpresbyter Krasnitsky into our communion. I propose to the Holy Synod [Tikhon's Holy Synod not that of the Living Church] to include him in the membership of the high Church council now being formed. Patriarch Tikhon."

Izvestiya presents a facsimile of this document in Tikhon's handwriting. Two days later the Tikhonite Synod met in the Donskaya Monastery in Moscow and appointed a supreme church administration, consisting of two bodies, both under the presidency of Tikhon. The first was the Holy Synod, with four Metropolitans, including the influential Peter of Krutitsk, who is the leader of all the Siberian believers, and Tikhon of the Urals, both of whom were members of "The Living Church's" presiding committee two years ago, and other recalled prelates. The second High Church Council included Peter Tikhon of the Urals, other Metropolitans and Krasnitsky, with several of the latter's followers. The protocol of this document was signed by the Patriarch Tikhon and the Metropolitans Tikhon, Peter and Seraphim.

Two weeks ago "The Living Church" Synod held a meeting which further denounced Tikhon and Krasnitsky. A fortnight hence there is planned a general Church congress, either this will be held in separate parts, with Tikhon and Krasnitsky on one side, and "The Living Church" Synod on the other, or there will be a combined congress where the fight for mastery will be fought to a finish. The first arrangement is more probable, but in any event it is expected that Tikhon will demonstrate his superiority.

## HER PLANS FOR PRESIDENCY

**Mrs. Miller Would Have America Join League and Cut Tariff.**

Mrs. Carroll Miller of Pittsburgh, the Pennsylvania district delegate who received half a vote for the Democratic Presidential nomination from Massachusetts on one of Tuesday's ballots, knows what she would do if she became President.

"If I were President I would do two things," said Mrs. Miller, who is the wife of a Pittsburgh consulting engineer and the mother of four sons. "I would have the United States enter the League of Nations and I would urge reduction in the tariff to aid the farmers."

## INQUIRY STARTED ON CAMPAIGN FUNDS

**Borah Asks Chairman Butler of Republican National Committee for Facts.**

**AMOUNT ON HAND SOUGHT**

**Also That Proposed to Be Raised and Expended in Coolidge Drive.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Searching questions regarding the Republican National Committee's campaign fund were asked of Chairman William M. Butler in a letter sent to him today by Senator Borah of Idaho, Chairman of the special committee directed by Congress to inquire into the campaign contributions and expenditures of every party having candidates for President, Vice President, Presidential Elector and the United States Senate.

The same questions will be put to the Democrats, the La Follette group to meet at Cleveland July 4 and the Farmer-Labor, Socialist and Prohibition Parties, and all other organizations with the candidates indicated, as soon as the respective Chairmen of their organizations are named.

A subcommittee, composed of Senator Borah and Senators Jones of Washington, Caraway of Arkansas, Bayard of Delaware and Shipstead of Minnesota, will meet in Chicago the latter part of August to arrange for the work on hand. The subcommittee expects to sit regularly to handle the ten-day reports from the various parties. If necessary, witnesses will be called when facts warranting further inquiry appear.

In his letter to Chairman Butler, Senator Borah said:

"The committee would be pleased to be advised:

"First—Of the amount of money which your committee had on hand July 1, 1924.

"Second—Of your system or plan (as soon as same is determined) for raising funds to meet the expenses of the coming campaign.

"Third—The amount which it is proposed to raise and expend in the election of your ticket in the coming election.

"Fourth—The limit, if any, which it is proposed by your committee to place upon the amount which any individual, corporation or firm may be permitted to contribute.

"Fifth—We would be pleased to know also whether your committee would be willing to make a report to this committee every ten days, beginning with Sept. 1, 1924, of the amount of funds collected, the names of the contributors and their addresses, and what, if any, official position the contributor holds.

"Sixth—We would be glad to have also any facts coming to the knowledge of your committee as to money being released or expended by any organization or committee in opposition to the candidates of the ticket which your committee is interested in electing.

"In other words, any information which you can give this committee which will enable it to make a thorough investigation as to money expended in opposition will be as readily received and considered as facts relating to money used in support of the ticket in which your committee is interested."

## MAINE RECOUNTS VOTES.

**Klan's Man, Who Lost Governorship Place, Alleges Error.**

AUGUSTA, Me., July 2.—A complete recount of Maine's vote for the Republican nomination for Governor in the primaries of June 16 was ordered today by Secretary of State Ball on petition of State Senator Ralph O. Brewster. The latter, defeated by Senator Frank G. Farrington by 230 votes on the face of the official returns, asserts that inspection of ballots in some places has shown violations of law and errors in tabulation.

Local inspection of ballots in 35 cities and towns left no net change in the plurality, but Brewster supporters say they have advices from 191 cities and towns which reduce Farrington's lead.

Brewster's campaign was supported by the Ku Klux Klan, and had as its principal issue the withdrawal of State funds from sectarian schools, with the result that normal party lines were broken down. Democrats voted in the Republican primaries and the regular ballots thus fell short, causing the use of "home-made" ballots in some places.

## 40,000 KLANSMEN TO RALLY IN JERSEY

**All-Day Tri-State Demonstration to Be Staged Tomorrow at Elkwood Park.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 2.—Elkwood Park is being put in readiness for a big Klan demonstration on Friday. The scene of several grand American handicap shoots is one of the busiest places in New Jersey. Day and night since Saturday mechanics and laborers have been at work transforming the 130-acre tract into a place for the reception of thousands of visitors.

It will be a tri-State convention of Klansmen from New Jersey, Delaware and Eastern Pennsylvania, with hooded knights from New York, Connecticut and the national headquarters at Atlanta. It will be an all-day affair, starting at 8 A. M. and winding up at midnight. There will be an initiation of Royal Red Riders and junior Klansmen in the afternoon, preceding the evening for the ceremonial of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan and the women's organization. Plans have been made to take care of 30,000 cars within the enclosure.

There will be a parade in full regalia in the afternoon, starting at 3 o'clock. There will be mounted officers, several bands and many floats.

After the parade there will be outdoor sports, fireworks and dancing. It will be Klansmen's Day in the East, according to one of the officials, and only members will be allowed within the gates. There will be State and national speakers. A. H. Bell, the District Kleagle of Monmouth, Middlesex and Ocean Counties, is in charge of the demonstration and his wife is directing the women's organization.

The Fourth of July demonstration at Elkwood Park on Friday, said a Klansman tonight, "will be the biggest demonstration ever staged in the East. Unless I am misinformed, the number of visitors will be close to 40,000."

Title to Elkwood Park was recently taken by the Klan. It was purchased by Oliver G. Fraks of Red Bank and J. William Jones of this city for the organization. The last owner was Walter Lewisohn of New York, who bought the place from Philip Daly about twenty years ago. It is said that the Klan paid $300,000 for the tract, which includes a baseball diamond, one mile track, as well as a mile track.

## LA FOLLETTE TO RUN AS PROGRESSIVE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

Parties of several States, the Progressive Party of Idaho, many grain organizations, farmers, equity societies, cooperative organizations and other organizations of "progressive" voters. There are also committees of women working in close cooperation with the conference for the purpose of linking the woman auxiliaries of farm and labor organization with the masculine makeup of the convention.

**200 DELEGATES AT CLEVELAND.**

**Third Party Leaders Fix Quotas for Convention Votes.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

CLEVELAND, July 2.—With the time set for the convening of the Conference for Progressive Political Action less than two days away, the leaders of the third party movement who are assembling here are listening in on the Madison Square Garden proceedings, each of them with the fervent hope that John W. Davis or some other conservative Democrat will win the nomination for President.

In such an event they believe that Senator La Follette who is to receive their nomination as the independent candidate for the Presidency will be in a position to command the almost solid vote of the radical and so-called progressive elements in the electorate.

That Senator La Follette will accept the endorsement—that is what the men and women gathering here insist will be the nature of their action—is certain.

It is very probable that before midnight of Saturday the fiery senior Senator from Wisconsin will have issued his first "big blast" of the 1924 campaign in the form of his acceptance of the invitation of the Cleveland Convention to become its candidate.

The men and women who are assembling here are an earnest and enthusiastic group, apparently convinced that they are going to start a movement which is bound to play a most important part in the political battle that is now under way. They have just one candidate for President and he is Senator La Follette. A candidate for the Vice Presidency is their one and only big problem. Just who will be selected is a question none can answer. Many are mentioned, among them being Senator Wheeler of Montana, Houston Thompson of the Federal Trade Commission, Senator Norris of Nebraska, Representative Huddleston of Alabama and Warren S. Stone of the Brotherhood of Railroad Engineers.

**To Denounce Old Parties.**

The convention is certain to voice in language as scathing as can be employed, denouncement of both the old parties. They are to be pilloried unmercifully and their candidates and their platforms attributed to "Wall Street and the big interests." There is a well grounded report that the platform is written and there are some who "wink the other eye" when the suggestion is made that "Battling Bob" himself is its author. Be this true or not, the platform will be sure to proclaim the policies of Senator La Follette as approved by the convention.

The name of Senator La Follette will be presented to the convention some time Saturday, probably at night. The name of the nominator who will name the Senator is being withheld. He may prove to be Representative John M. Nelson of Wisconsin, the La Follette leader in the House.

Mr. Nelson arrived this morning and the talk in the Hotel Statler, the headquarters of the conference, is that he will be the Chairman of the National Campaign Committee. Mr. Nelson refused this afternoon to confirm or deny the report. Should he be named for the Chairmanship, the announcement will come from Senator La Follette in Washington.

The keynote speech will be made by William H. Johnston, head of the International Association of Machinists, and Chairman of the conference.

Mr. Johnston is an orator of no mean ability. He will be both temporary and permanent Chairman. Other speakers will be Senator Shipstead, one of the Farmer-Labor Senators from Minnesota; Senator Lynn J. Frazier of North Dakota, who, it seems, will definitely to leave the Republican Party at this convention; former Representative Edward Keating of Colorado, Warren S. Stone, Philip La Follette and Basil Manley of Washington, D. C.

Announcement was made today that organizations which will direct the La Follette campaign in the various States are already formed or in process of formation and that in thirty States the conference movement is already organized. Work of organizing the remaining eighteen States will start immediately following the naming of Senator La Follette as the progressive and radical standard bearer of 1924. La Follette organizations will undertake to get electors on the ballot in every State by taking advantage of the laws permitting nomination by petition.

The States in which organisation is completed or well under way are New York, Massachusetts, Arkansas, Kansas, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Carolina, Washington, California, Arizona, Utah, Idaho, Montana, Colorado, New Mexico, Texas, Nebraska, Missouri, Mississippi, Illinois, Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania and South Dakota.

**Delegates on Hand 800.**

The convention is going to be well attended if what one hears in the hotel lobbies and the conference headquarters is true. The capacity of the great Cleveland convention hall is all ready allotted to delegates and visitors and thousands of others who want to attend will be disappointed, according to the talk heard.

About 200 delegates have arrived and the remainder are expected by midnight tomorrow. The delegates here are not of the anarchist or the wild and woolly type, for the most part speaking, well-dressed men and women.

Among them are Mr. Shipstead, the dentist-Senator; Mr. Manley, the youthful director of the People's Legislative Service in Washington; Thomas W. Mills, the little, side-whiskered Non-Partisan League leader of California; Herbert F. Baker, head of the Michigan Grange; John Lee Mahr, the former cartoonist-Representative from North Dakota; D. C. Norman, the farm leader of Montana, and W. H. Drury of Arkansas.

Edwin Markham and Senator Magnus Johnson are due tomorrow. Senator La Follette will not be here but will use the radio to keep in touch with the proceedings. While everybody appears happy around headquarters two spectres are causing uneasiness; one of the Ku Klux Klan issue and the other the Communist agitators, who recently held a convention in St. Paul. The Ku Klux will be completely ignored if this is possible. The Radicals and the Progressives appear entirely willing to let the two old parties struggle with the Klan problem.

"We don't want any of the Klan business in ours," said a member of the National Committee.

As for the Communists, the report is that William Z. Fraser and Rathenberg, the stormy petrels of the American Reds, have made reservations for Cleveland. If they come they will be excluded from the convention. Orders to this effect have been issued, it is understood, to the sergeant-at-arms and his assistant.

The National Committee has been in session all day wrestling with problems which for the most part involve the organization of the convention. The quota of representation on the floor has been fixed at three delegates each for national and international labor organizations, the farmers' unions or cooperative associations and State organizations of the Conference for Progressive Political Action and one delegate each for State labor federations, central labor bodies in cities and State organizations of farmers.

Two delegates will represent the Farmer-Labor Party of Minnesota, while the National Non-Partisan League, the National Single Tax League and the League for Industrial Democracy will have three delegates each. The National Socialist Party will have seven delegates, while numerous local and State organizations representing labor, agricultural and progressive organizations will each be entitled to one delegate.

A temporary committee on credentials was named today to pass on the delegates who are entitled to voting seats. Chester Thorpe of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen is the Chairman, the other members including President Woods of the Missouri State Federation of Labor, George Goebel of Newark, N. J., representing the Socialist Party; D. C. Borman of Montana, representing the Non-Partisan League, and Herbert Baker, representing farm organizations.

The delegates here want the Democrats to quit Madison Square Garden and go home before the Fourth so that the radical progressive orators won't have to guess at what the Democrats are going to do. They are fearful that a Democrat of the progressive type may land a place on the ticket. In no place in America are there more sincere rooters for Davis and Underwood than in the camp of the La Follette Radical-Progressives.

The great hope of the men and women assembling here is that the Democrats will nominate a man as conservative as President Coolidge. In that event they predict sensational things will make elections on election day which will prove to be the biggest surprise in the political history of the country.

"Before the eyes of the people both parties stand convicted of corruption and servility to the big business interests, said Chairman Johnston. "Never before have the chances for a victory of the people been so bright."

The Progressive-Radical campaign will be directed from Chicago.

American airmen first to cross the Pacific. Complete account by the Chairman World Flight Committee. July Current History Magazine—at news stands, 35c.—Advt.


JOHN FORSYTHE

561 FIFTH AVE. Corner 46th Street

348 MADISON AVE. Bet. 44th and 45th Sts.

20 WEST 34TH ST. Adjoining Waldorf-Astoria

*Semi-Annual*

*REDUCTION SALE*

MEN'S SHIRTS

*A Sales Event of Importance—Looked Forward to by Well Dressed Men of New York to Secure FORSYTHE Shirts at*

EXTRAORDINARY PRICE CONCESSIONS

**Imported Broadcloth Shirts**

**3.95**

THE world's most famous shirt material, of best quality, and has no peer for beauty and comfort for summer wear. White, tan, grey and blue. Neckband and collar-attached. Included are D. & J. Anderson's Madras as well as other fine English and Scotch woven Madras, usually found in custom shirts selling to $8.50.

**Oxford Shirts**

**1.95** *Value 3.00*

Forsythe White Oxford Shirts are unequalled for sturdy wearing qualities and unequalled for value! Collar-attached styles, single cuffs.

**Silk Shirts**

**6.95** *Values to 12.50*

Finest grade Silk Shirts, cut and tailored in accordance with Forsythe custom standards. Made of heavy, lustrous Silk Broadcloth in satin-striped, hairline and Jacquard effects in white, tan, blue and grey.

**Imported Madras Shirts**

**2.85** *Values to 5.00*

EXHIBITING all the qualities of Forsythe superior workmanship at a price which gives no conception of their real value! English and Scotch Woven Madras in many patterns and colorings, as well as all white. Included is a very fine "SUPERIOR" English Broadcloth, in white, tan, grey and blue, as well as white satin stripes. Neckband and collar-attached styles.



Spend the 3rd With Us Before You Spend the 4th!

WE don't know where you plan to spend the 4th, but we invite you to spend the 3rd with us. Come early but depend upon us to make good if you come late, for no customer of this institution is ever greeted with the "all-in" excuse that his size is "all-out." Like a wise host we prepare for emergencies, and however crowded, we always have room for "one more."

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *3 Piece Mohair Suits* Coat, Vest, Trousers | $35 and $45 | *Irish Linen Knickers* | $3.50 up |
| | | *White Flannel Trousers* | $7.50 and $10 |
| *3 Piece Tropical Worsteds* Coat, Vest, Trousers | $40 to $75 | *Grey Flannel Trousers* | $7.50 and $10 |
| *Wool Crash Suits* | $18.50 | *Imported Flannel Knickers* | $7.50 up |
| *Shantung Silk Suits* | $27.50 | *White Duck Trousers* | $3.00 |

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY at 49th STREET

DOWNTOWN STORES

279 Broadway, Near City Hall

47 Cortlandt Street, Cor. Greenwich Street

# AIR MAIL REACHES TWO COASTS SAFELY

### First Day-and-a-Half New York to San Francisco Service Ends Successfully.

### JULY 2 PLANES EN ROUTE

### Eastward Flight Ends Here at 6:11 P. M.—East's Mail Lands 5:45 P. M. Pacific Time.

At 6:11 o'clock last night the first day-and-night air mail from San Francisco reached a New York suburb, and in a little more than four hours later a flash from San Francisco told of the arrival there at 5:45 P. M., Pacific Time, of the two planes which left here on the morning of the day before.

A big Havilland pursuit plane swooped down from the west to a landing on Hazelhurst Field, Long Island, at 6:11 last evening. As the pilot climbed out, he was warmly greeted by several men who ran into the field. A mail truck bumped up to the nose of the aircraft and took on mail sacks that were hustled out of the fuselage.

The first eastward trip of the new Transcontinental Air Mail Service had been successfully completed. Some of the mail that was being unloaded had left San Francisco at 5:57 A. M., Pacific Time, the day before. It had thus taken approximately a day and one-half to make the trip. On the fast express train it would have taken four and one-half days.

In the air mail yesterday were letters and newspapers addressed to THE NEW YORK TIMES. They were postmarked San Francisco, July 1, 5 A. M. On the face of each was a red stamped notice as follows: "Via Air Mail—On first trip of through schedule involving night flying on Transcontinental Air Mail Route."

One came in a Post Office Department envelope for official business, with the Department frank. It was a message from C. F. Egge, General Superintendent, Air Mail Service, and read as follows:

"This letter will be despatched July 1, 1924, from San Francisco, California, on the first trip of through schedule involving night flying on the Transcontinental Air Mail Route, 2,680 miles from the Pacific to the Atlantic Coast."

Another was a letter from J. Civelli, assistant to the general manager of The Emporium. Its text was as follows:

"San Francisco sends its greetings by the first east-bound plane, initiating the new airplane postal service. We are now but one-third of the distance from New York City that we have been heretofore."

A third consignment to THE NEW YORK TIMES was an envelope containing a complete edition of The San Francisco Chronicle for July 1. Its receipt here on July 2 marks the first time a Pacific Coast newspaper was ever received in New York on the day after its publication. M. H. de Young is the publisher. The edition received by THE TIMES carried $2.16 in airplane postage.

**Coast Flowers for Mrs. Coolidge.**

The east-bound trip was made with a loss of only six minutes over the schedule called for. The plane was in charge of Wesley L. Smith, the pilot who took the first mail plane out of Hazelhurst yesterday morning at 11:04 for the beginning of the first west-bound trip, and who got the San Francisco east-bound mail at Cleveland.

There were 231 pounds of mail in twelve pouches. One pouch contained an assortment of fresh-cut California flowers sent to Mrs. Calvin Coolidge by James L. Power, wife of the Postmaster of San Francisco. Officials at Hazelhurst Field could not determine when the mail was taken out of the plane whether the flowers were contained in the bags that arrived, but assumed so.

Superintendent Whitbeck, in charge of Hazelhurst Field, said weather conditions had been very favorable for the last leg of the eastbound flight, and this was the reason why a few minutes lost at Cleveland due to the delay of a mail truck had been almost made up.

J. W. Sutherland of Washington, Assistant to the General Superintendent of the Air Mail Service, and Postmaster Edward M. Morgan of New York were on hand to greet the airman who brought in the final run of the first trip.

Representatives of a number of business concerns that had been notified by wire they would receive air mail for speedy delivery were on hand to secure their consignments at the substation established on the field instead of waiting for delivery in the New York post office or by regular carrier this morning.

The mail received was put on the train leaving Mineola at 7:05 and received at the New York general post office at 7:55. Some of it, including the letters addressed to THE NEW YORK TIMES, was distributed there about 8:00 o'clock. The remainder was sent in various directions over the city to the sub-stations in the localities its addresses called for, to be delivered by carrier on the first mail this morning.

**Organize Here to Support Service.**

The Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce of America, 501 Fifth Avenue, yesterday issued a stateent giving the names of many prominent business men and concerns who had organized to further the use of the Air Mail Service. They have formed the Air Mail Extension Committee, which yesterday wired Postmaster General New as follows:

"The Air Mail Extension Committee has been organized for the purpose of affording all business men an opportunity to give expression of their appreciation of the great advantages to them and to all users of the mail, through the permanent establishment of the Transcontinental Air Mail upon the basis of a thirty-two hour schedule from New York to San Francisco.

"Business men in the past have felt the need for speed in communications not physically possible by surface transportation and for some time have looked to the practical application of aircraft to meet this need.

"Having noted with enthusiastic satisfaction that under your administration of the Post Office Department and authority from Congress, you have now placed this service upon a basis of practical utility, it is felt that your splendid and untiring efforts to improve the mail service gives to the business men of the country an opportunity to give you evidence of their appreciation by supporting your work by using the air mail themselves and by interesting all business men throughout the country of the great advantages that are now available to each of them through the air mail service."

**July 2 Mail Gets Away.**

The second day westward trip of the transcontinental Air Mail Service was started from Hazelhurst Field yesterday on scheduled time when Pilot Paul F. Collins took off at 11 A. M., Daylight Saving Time, with 125 pounds of mail in nine pouches. This represented a falling off from the first day's consignment, when 705 pounds was sent away.

J. E. Whitbeck, Eastern Division Superintendent of the Air Mail Service, sent a complete file of yesterday's morning newspapers to Paul Henderson, Second Assistant Postmaster General, who is in Chicago to help the new service get started.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Pilot S. J. Short on the second westbound trip of the transcontinental air mail, arrived here from Cleveland at 6 o'clock, Central Standard Time, fifteen minutes ahead of schedule, with fourteen pouches of mail, three of which were dropped here. Five pouches were taken aboard for the continuation of the westward flight.

**Second Day's Air Mail on Way Here.**

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—Harry W. Hukins, air mail pilot, hopped off for the East at 5:48 A. M. today, with the second consignment of mail of the new day and night aerial route. He carried nine pouches of mail.

**First Day's Mail in San Francisco.**

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—The first westbound day and night flight air mail, which had left Mineola, N. Y., 34 hours and 40 minutes earlier, arrived at the air mail field here at 5:45 o'clock tonight. The two planes, which arrived five seconds apart, were piloted from Reno, Nev., by C. W. Winslow and W. Huking.

The airplanes had arrived in Reno at 3:17 P. M. today and left there for here at 3:45 P. M. (Pacific Time).

The official time announced by the Air Mail Service put the landing here at 45 minutes and 10 seconds after 5 o'clock.

Six sets of pilots had driven the planes which carried the westbound mail.

Eight hundred and eighty-five miles had been traversed in the dark.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 2.—Heading into a fog that made visibility poor and mountain flying perilous, Pilot H. A. Chandler of the Air Mail Service took off for Rock Springs, Wyo., at 5:31 Mountain Time, this morning, in a ship carrying mail that left New York at 11 A. M. yesterday and which came through the night to Cheyenne. Forty-one minutes later a second ship, piloted by James Murray, took off for the west.

CHICAGO, July 2 (Associated Press).—The eastbound transcontinental air mail which left San Francisco on the initial trip to New York at 5:57 A. M. (Pacific Time) yesterday, was brought to Chicago at 7:10 (Central Standard Time) today by Pilot William G. Hopson.

Pilot W. D. Williams took off eastbound at 7:30 A. M. (Central Standard Time). He is due at Cleveland at 12:35 P. M. (Eastern Standard Time).

Hopson brought in twenty-two mail pouches, weighing 400 pounds, discharging six pouches, weighing 75 pounds, for Chicago. Williams took on five pouches, weighing 45 pounds, departing with an eastbound cargo of twenty-one pouches, weighing 370 pounds.

"The air lane was perfect and I always had three beacons in sight, or a visibility of about seventy-five miles," Hopson said. "It was a bit cold up there, but I feel fine. It was easy sailing all of the way, only the wind slowed me up some."

**New York Pictures to Be Shown.**

"It is only reasonable to believe that the first day's transcontinental flight is a success," Colonel Henderson said.

"Already the Post Office Department has received many messages of congratulation. Practically all of the country's railroad heads congratulated the Department. They regard the air mail as an interesting transportation development which will benefit the railways by supplementing existing service with movement of greater speed.

"The most helpful interest has been shown by Carl Gray, President of the Union Pacific Railroad. Mr. Gray has placed at the disposal of the Air Mail Service the facilities of his line."

Colonel Henderson said that included in the mail going to San Francisco is a package of news pictures taken in New York before the first plane left there yesterday. They will be developed and shown in San Francisco theatres less than two days after they were taken, he said. The postage amounted to $106.32.

On the final stretches of the maiden flight of the day-and-night coast-to-coast Air Mail Service, speeding airplanes early today were roaring toward the Golden Gate and Long Island, with all conditions favoring their arrival even before the scheduled time.

The 885-mile-long lane of beacon light between Chicago and Cheyenne safely traversed, two roaring couriers at dawn were winging West across Wyoming bearing 500 pounds of mail, comprising 25,000 letters from New York to San Francisco; and toward the rising sun above the prairies and dunes of Illinois another ship sped with 376 pounds of postal cargo from the Pacific Coast city for New York.

Between Omaha and North Platte, Neb., high in the air above the illuminated route, the ships passed each other early today. Prevailing winds favored the eastbound traveler, who is due to complete the transcontinental trip in 32 hours and 6 minutes, at 5:05 P. M., Eastern Standard time, while 34 hours and 45 minutes of flying is expected to put the westbound planes in San Francisco at 5:45 P. M., Pacific time, today.

In the mail chamber of the east bound plane is a package of flowers from M. H. De Young of The San Francisco Chronicle addressed to President Coolidge. The tribute is expected to reach the Chief Executive slightly more than forty hours after it left the Pacific Coast.

**Gives United States the Lead.**

The accomplishment of flying mail in the darkness is considered by aeronautic experts and postal officials here who are directing the Air Mail Service as putting America's far ahead of other nations, few of which, they say, are transporting mail by airplane.

Better than scheduled time was made by the planes during the night. The westbound planes came into Chicago twenty-four minutes and five minutes ahead of their schedules. They were greeted by a number of prominent Chicagoans and Colonel Paul R. Henderson, the Assistant Postmaster General who is in charge of the Air Mail Service. A fleet of commercial planes met them outside and formed a roaring escort to the landing field.

Pilots W. D. Williams and Art Smith, who brought the planes from Cleveland, were relieved by Randolph Page and Dean Smith, who filmed their cargoes over at Omaha to Jack Knight and H. T. Lewis. The latter pair were relieved at Cheyenne.

Coming East, Pilot Frank Yeager completed the hop through the night from Cheyenne to Omaha without incident. Pilot W. C. Hopson brought the cargo from Nebraska to Chicago.

The lighting arrangement, with a total candlepower of 5,279,000,000 which made a great white way of the night route, functioned satisfactorily, a representative of the company furnishing the lights said. At the main stations of the night service, Chicago, Iowa City, Omaha, North Platte and Cheyenne, powerful electric beacons flooded landing fields, and between the main terminals divisional fields and acetylene flashes every three miles guided the course of the air navigators.

Officials asserted all indications pointed to the success planned, and declared the service would be enlarged if the demand required.

**Inside facts of the Mexican revolution, by E. D. Dillon, famous international publicist. July Current History Magazine. At news stands. 35c.—Adv.**

M. H. De Young (Left), Publisher of The San Francisco Chronicle, Mailing a Letter of Greeting to President Coolidge to be Sent by Transcontinental Air Mail in the Service Opened on July 1.

# MILLER IS NAMED ON CLAIMS BOARD

### Ex-Governor Is One of Two American Commissioners to Adjudicate Mexican Issues.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The selection of the two American Commissioners to serve on the Mixed Claims Commissions which will adjudicate outstanding claims between Mexico and the United States, was announced at the State Department today.

Former Governor Nathan L. Miller of New York, will represent the United States on the General Claims Commission, created under the convention with Mexico, signed at Washington Sept. 8, 1923. Ernest E. Perry of Lincoln, Neb., will be the American Commissioner on the Special Claims Commission, authorized by the convention with Mexico signed at Mexico City, Sept. 10, 1923.

Simultaneously it was announced that Aquiles Elorduy had been selected by the Obregon Government to represent Mexico on the General Claims Commission, and that Fernando Gonzales Roa would act in a similar capacity on the special claims commission.

As previously announced, C. Van Vollenhoven of Holland has been agreed upon as the third member of the General Claims Commission, and Dr. Rodrigo Octavio of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, as the other member of the Special Claims Commission.

The object of the Special Claims Commission is to examine from the point of view of equity all the claims which citizens of the United States may have against the Mexican Government for damages arising out of the revolution.

The second, or General Claims Commission, will have a more general jurisdiction and is of a reciprocal character. It will investigate and adjudicate claims of citizens of either Mexico or the United States against the Government of the other country for acts which have taken place since the signing of the convention concluded July 4, 1868, but excluding, of course, those acts falling within the jurisdiction of the Special Claims Commission.

In addition to his service as Governor of New York State, Commissioner Miller has had a long judicial experience on the Supreme Court of New York, and as an Associate Justice of the Appellate Division of that court. He became an Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals of New York in January, 1913, serving in that capacity for two years. He was Governor of New York from 1921 to 1923. Judge Perry is a member of a law firm at Lincoln, Neb.

Officials declined to hazard a guess as to the number of claims likely to be put forward by either side. Many have been filed and it is expected that the announcement of the selection of Commissioners will bring many more. While it is believed American claims against Mexico are more numerous than those of Mexico, it is pointed out that there have been many Mexicans killed in the United States, and it is expected that their families will make claims for indemnity.

Under the terms of the two conventions, the Commissions are to meet within six months after ratification of the conventions, which took place in February and March of this year. The Special Claims Commission will meet in Mexico City and the General Commission in Washington.

# ST. JOSEPH REPORTS ARRIVAL OF MAUGHAN

### He Flies From Salt Lake City—To Come Direct to New York, With Stop at Dayton.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 2.—Lieutenant Russell L. Maughan, U. S. A., who flew here yesterday from San Francisco, left at 8:49 A. M. for Cheyenne, Wyo., in the airplane in which he recently went from the Atlantic to the Pacific Coast in a day.

It was Maughan's plan to fly over Logan, Utah, north of here, his old home.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 2.—Lieutenant Russell L. Maughan landed at Rosecrans flying field here at 6:42 o'clock tonight. He will hop off for Dayton, Ohio, at 3:15 tomorrow morning and will stop there only long enough to refuel, flying from there directly to New York.

The distance between Salt Lake City, Utah and St. Joseph, Mo., is 900 miles.

# OUR FLIERS REACH AMBALA.

### Make 450 Miles From Allahabad—One Plane Needs New Cylinder.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SIMLA, July 2.—The United States Army airmen arrived safely this morning at Ambala (also called Umballa), in the Punjab, 450 miles from Allahabad. One machine reported trouble from a leaky cylinder and a new cylinder and a new cylinder is being brought over by airplane from Lahore.

FOOCHOW, China, July 3 (Associated Press).—Stuart MacLaren, the British aviator, arrived at the Payoda anchorage here yesterday on his flight around the world. He departed for Shanghai today.

SHANGHAI, July 3 (Associated Press).—Stuar MacLaren, the British around-the-world flier, arrived here at 11:35 this morning.

**Hope for Congressman Bacharach.**

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 2.—Congressman Isaac Bacharach of New Jersey, who was badly injured in an automobile accident yesterday, was suffering intense pain, it was said at his home tonight. Hope was held for his recovery, however. His real estate partner, J. Estel Evans, was killed in the accident.

# STOCK BROKER SUED FOR A SEPARATION

### Woman Alleges She Is the Common Law Wife of Frazer W. Gibson.

### HIS ATTORNEY DENIES IT

### Complaint Says the Pair Declared Themselves Man and Wife Three Years Ago.

Frazer W. Gibson, member of the Stock Exchange firm of Foster & Gibson, was sued for separation yesterday by Mildred Harris Gibson, who asserts that she became his common law wife in May, 1921, at Atlantic City. She asks that the Supreme Court adjudge her to be the lawful wife of the broker, grant her a decree of separation based on desertion and non-support, and award her alimony and counsel fee.

In her complaint and summons, filed in the County Clerk's office together with a notice of appearance by Whitman, Ottinger & Ransom, attorneys for Mr. Gibson, she states that she and the defendant "declared themselves to be man and wife and promised and agreed to regard each other as man and wife thereafter living in New Jersey and elsewhere as man and wife." Mr. Gibson, she says, requested her not to become impatient for a "ceremonial marriage," as he feared the announcement of such would prove a fatal shock to his aged mother.

He explained to her, she said, that his mother had been greatly disturbed by the marriage of another son shortly before that time and had suffered a heart attack, and he feared she would suffer another one if informed of his marriage. For this reason, the plaintiff declared, she kept the common law marriage secret until July 8, 1923, when Mr. Gibson deserted her.

Ex-Governor Charles S. Whitman said that Mr. Gibson denied the allegation that the plaintiff was his common law wife and would fight the case to the end.

It was said last night in behalf of Mr. Gibson that the plaintiff had been married and divorced several times, and that she obtained a divorce a few days before she asserts the common law marriage took place at Atlantic City. At the office of her attorney, Henry S. Dottenheim, it was said that she was a woman of culture and refinement, about 30 years of age, and a member of an Atlantic City family.

Mr. Gibson is 50 years old, single, and lives with his mother and sister.

# COURT SETS ASIDE RICE'S CONVICTION

### Appellate Division Grants a New Trial to Broker Who Was Sentenced for Larceny.

George Graham Rice, who changed his name from Jacob Simon Herzig years ago, will not have to serve a term of three years in Sing Sing for grand larceny to which he was sentenced by Judge Malone in General Sessions in 1920, unless he is convicted again. The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court by a vote of 3 to 2, yesterday reversed Rice's conviction on the ground that prejudicial testimony was received against him at his trial.

Rice has been out on bail since March, 1920. He testified at his trial that he had done a business of $35,000,000 in Wall Street during the two years before he was indicted. An Ohio lawyer charged that Rice had used for his own purposes $721 that had been sent to him to buy stock. Supreme Court Justice Erlanger at the time of Rice's conviction granted a certificate of reasonable doubt on the ground that there was a question whether Rice had been guilty of embezzlement or had obtained the money under false pretenses, and he had not been indicted for the latter. Rice gave $25,000 bail and went West. It was reported in the Summer of 1921 that he was selling stock in Utah.

The majority opinion of the Appellate Division, written by Justice Dowling, said:

"The judgment appealed from should be reversed and a new trial ordered upon the ground that reversible error was committed in permitting the testimony of the witnesses Whitman, Swann, Perkins, Vorhaus, Goldstein, Ecker and Kilroe, and that thereby a collateral issue was raised quite apart from that of the guilt of the defendant upon the indictment in question, the decision of which adversely to the defendant must have prejudiced the determination of the main issue and prevented a fair trial of the case."

At his trial Rice charged that improper influences to protect Wall Street brokers had been brought to bear on District Attorneys Whitman, Swann and Perkins, and that when Mr. Whitman was Governor he refused to hear complaints made by Rice against District Attorney Swann. It was because of testimony given in denial of these charges by Whitman, Swann, Perkins and others that the conviction was reversed.

Presiding Justice Clarke and Justice McAvoy concurred in the decision of Justice Dowling. In a dissenting opinion Justice Martin stated that the guilt of Rice had been "conclusively established," and he believed that the jury would have reached the same decision if the errors referred to had not been committed. Justice Smith concurred.

# SOCIAL WORKERS ELECT.

### Detroit Man Chosen President of National Conference at Toronto.

TORONTO, July 2.—W. J. Norton of Detroit, Mich., has been elected President of the National Conference of Social Work.

Others officers were elected as follows: First Vice President, Helen T. Wooley, Detroit; Second Vice President, J. Prentice Murphy, Philadelphia; Third Vice President, George W. Kirchwey, New York. Edith Abbott, Chicago; James F. Jackson, Cleveland; Eugene O. Johns, New York; Julia C. Lathrop, Washington, and Robert A. Woods, Boston, comprise the Board of Directors.

# AFFIRM CONVICTION OF W. H. ANDERSON

**Continued from Page 1, Column 2.**

tion's books had been altered by an employe with a fraudulent and corrupt purpose whereby the right of the corporate body might be jeopardized."

After examining the assignments of error which it was claimed on Anderson's behalf invalidated the judgment of conviction, the Appellate Division reached the following conclusion:

"The record discloses a trial wherein scrupulous regard was had for the rights of the defendant in the submission and exclusion of evidence and in the full, clear and painstaking charge of the learned trial Court covering the facts and the law relating to the crime set out in the indictment, and since no substantial errors are found we think the judgment ought to be affirmed."

The Justices who sat with Justice McAvoy were John Proctor Clarke, Presiding Justice; Victor J. Dowling, Edgar B. K. Morrell and Edward R. Finch.


# THE John Wanamaker STORE NEWS

Astor Place at Ninth Street — Formerly A. T. Stewart — Store Hours: 9 to 5 — Telephone Stuyvesant 4700

## Store Not Open Until Monday After Today

### Closed on Fourth of July and First Summer Saturday Holiday

From the Founder's Writings

**A Lincoln-Like Lad Helps to Make**

something of a Lincoln-like man.

On Crawford's Schoolhouse, where Lincoln went Winters for a short time, there was nailed on the schoolhouse wall a buck's head.

One day the teacher saw that one of the horns was gone, and naturaly she had to find out what became of it. The answer came quickly from Lincoln: "I did it. I did not mean to do it when I took hold and hung on to the horn, but it broke off in my hand. I'm sorry for it."

That's the type of stuff to make men for America. We meet with accidents. We have our faults, but we can own up to them, be we little men or big men, and do better and go on to conquer in a Lincoln-like way.

(Signed) John Wanamaker

IN THE WOMEN'S SPORTS SHOP

**A Holiday Sale of Worsted Bathing Suits**

Our $5.75 to $8.50 grades | $4.95

One-piece bathing suits with trunks attached, which are the only suits for swimmers. These, however, have been made especially attractive for beach wear, with various little fanciful touches which are always so dear to the feminine heart.

Solid color spring needle suits that never lose their shape.

Suits with embroidery, with effective braids, with contrasting colored striped and checked patterns and with stunning borders.

In red, green, gray, navy blue, brown, black, quite often with contrasting colored trimmings.

Sizes 34 to 42.

First Floor, Old Building

IN THE BIJOUX SHOP

**Gold Bangle Bracelets**

—a new vogue in the mode of accessories

Not one, but several of these bracelets on one arm, is the way they are being worn by women who set the fashion both here and abroad.

**From England**

The Bijoux Shop is the first to present these new bracelets which have just arrived from England. They are made of a bone-like composition covered with solid gold. In several sizes, $12.

**Choker Necklaces of gold beads**

The necklaces which started the mode of the gold bracelets. All the fashion world has accepted the choker necklace of large gold beads, practically always in uniform size. They add a subtle note of color to any ensemble. $5 and up.

Bijoux Shop, Street Floor, Old Building

*Holiday News for Miss 14 to 20*

**Imported and Domestic Cotton Frocks, $12.75**

*Which is About Half of Their Original Prices*

Hundreds of frocks in 16 models; plain and novelty voiles, batistes, linen and fine crepes with hand-drawn work, embroidery or other delightful details to add to their charms.

In white and the soft delicate pastel colors; in cocoa brown, navy blue and green and in delightful color combinations.

**Afternoon and Evening Frocks of Fine Silks, $29.50 and $39.50**

*For our $39.50 to $79.50 grades*

Now one may have two of these exquisite frocks at the original price of one. And, one can never have too many frocks in the Summer wardrobe.

Frocks for luncheon, teas, matinees, for dinner and dancing—for both town and country occasions.

Crepes de chine in solid colors in fascinating printed patterns. Chiffons—both plain and printed Georgette crepes. Satins, and lace dinner frocks.

In all the colors which are sponsored by smart women this Summer.

Second Floor, Old Building

**BELMAISON** Reproduction Furniture

**For Porch or Garden**

Whether you are one of the fortunate, *en villegiature* these days, or ingeniously creating the illusion with a city courtyard or roof-garden, you know the importance to the charming rightness of your setting of pleasant porch and garden furniture.

Chinese hour-glass chairs, the rustic grace of Italian willow, and French rattan with its touches of vivid color have a special affinity somehow to verandah, flagged terrace, or shaded lawn, which makes one of them an almost inevitable choice. All three are light, exceedingly comfortable and easily moved about. The French rattan is especially decorative and smart. In a black and white checkered design, for example, or in the soft natural color with bright bands of Chinese vermilion or cornflower blue at the edges—some of the smaller chairs entirely of the gay color.

In the Italian willow, woven in parallel bands, chairs may be had for only $15 and a comfortable chaise longue for $60. Chinese rattan chairs are $11 and $16, and the tables $14. Side chairs of the French rattan are $20 to $40. Arm chairs $25 to $55, and delightful tables for luncheon, bridge or tea, $40 to $70.

Fourth Gallery, New Building

*A Holiday Sale of Women's*

**SILK STOCKINGS**

**$1.35 for $1.65 to $1.85 grades**

3,000 pairs of pure thread silk stockings, a medium sheer weight, with mercerized cotton tops and feet. Black, gray, beige, tanbark, fawn and platinum.

**$1.65 for $2 to $2.75 grades**

2,000 pairs of medium-weight silk stockings—all-silk, or with lisle tops and feet. Black and a wide range of the newest street colors.

**$1.95 for the $3 grade**

1,000 pairs of medium-weight silk stockings, with mercerized lisle garter tops and silk plaited feet. White, with colored embroidered side clocks in a great variety of striking new patterns.

Street Floor, Old Building

**416 TABLE CLOTHS—*Less***

The usual fine grades of Wanamaker linens make these cloths. They have been slightly soiled from handling during the past few weeks and are so offered at very low clearaway prices.

$2.75 to $7.75 for $4.50 to $12.50 table cloths, size 2x2 yds.
$3.75 to $9.50 for $6.75 to $15 table cloths, size 2x2½ yds.
$4.75 to $12 for $7.50 to $18 table cloths, 2x3 yd. size.

**Here are "Arteco" Linens**

*Half Price and Less*

Strictly fast color decorative linens in most attractive patterns. Quantities are limited in most cases.

35c for $1 plate doilies.
$2 for $4.50 squares, 36 in. These are hemstitched.
25c each for $6.50 doz. odd napkins, hemstitched and in 12 inch size.
35c each for $9 dozen odd napkins hemstitched and in 16 inch size.
$8.50 for $19 luncheon sets of cloth and 6 napkins.

First Floor, Old Building

*Single and Double*

**DAY BEDS, $12.75 to $49.50**

*Which Is a Third Less*

Of the same standard construction as those in regular stock, but a third less because they are samples. About 15 left. Only one of a kind.

Patented daybeds with automatic operation and storage space for bedding. Frames of metal with baked-on enamel finish. Comfortable springs and mattresses.

Some of the beds have detachable metal or wood ends in walnut or mahogany finish. Others are in the couch-bed style. Double and single sizes.

Down-Stairs Store, New Building

**SCARFS, $1.75**

*For the Holiday*

$3 to $4 Grades

Wonderful scarfs at this new low price! Lovely printed Georgettes with contrasting borders. Figured crepes de chine in a host of delightful patterns. Gay sports checks in green and white or red and white with red or green borders. Unusual plaids. Roman stripes. A confetti pattern. Every color imaginable, light or dark, grave or gay. In the smart two-yard length.

Street Floor, Old Building

**WHITE**

*A Note for Men*

The well-dressed gentleman turns with relief to white as a change from Summer's bold colors.

A soft white tie of crepe, easy to knot and very good-looking with a dark coat. A pair of white socks, cool silk or comfortably soft wool. The effect is achieved!

The tie is $2; the socks are 75c to $3.75 for silk, $1.50 to $3 for wool.

Street Floor, New Bldg.

**Men's Bathing Suits, $3.25**

*$4.50 grade—California style*

Pure worsted one-piece bathing suits, with skirt. They dry quickly and do not become soggy!

In six different heather mixtures, with a choice of five patterns in striping for the skirt. The California style suit offers all the freedom of a one-piece, and yet has won the approval of the strictest censors of the beach.

Sports Shop—Street Floor, New Bldg.

Velox is the only photographic paper made exclusively for amateur negatives. For this reason it is the only paper used in our finishing department for contact printing. With no other material could we hope to give you prints of the superior kind.

Look for Velox on the back.

Eastman Kodak Co.
(Eastman Stockhouse, Inc.)
Madison Ave. at 45th St.

On your way?
Better check up on what you're shy for the holiday.
White flannels?
Linen knickers?
Foulard ties?
Soft shirts?
Bathing suit?
Beach robe?
Underwear?
Socks: Garters?
White buck shoes?
Luggage?
One of our five stores must be right on your way.
Open to-day 'til 5:30.
Closed July 4 and 5 all day.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at Liberty | Broadway at Warren | Broadway at 13th St.
Herald Sq. at 35th St. | *Five Convenient Corners* | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

"DOUBLE for birds"

"QUARTER syndicate—double for birds." A grand game—especially for the fellow who sinks a "birdie" now and then. That's where distance helps—a few extra yards on the end of a brassie or midiron shot often means the difference between "pay me" and "pay up."

Gray Goose will give you that distance. It is made expressly for that purpose. Try one today. You don't need to hear its sweet "click" more than to know the kind of a ball it is. Your pro sells Gray Goose for 75 cents.

EXTRA DURABLE in red cartons
EXTRA LONG in blue cartons

*On Sale at Golf Clubs and Sporting Goods Dealers everywhere.*

GRAY GOOSE

COLD
Breaks up a cold
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

CADET
Ladies' Silk
HOSIERY
Irresistible!
Sold Most Everywhere

# FRANCIS J. SINNOTT ON SUBWAY BOARD

**Brother of Mayor's Son-in-Law Is Named Secretary of New Organization.**

**DELANEY SELECTS HIS AID**

**Thomas J. Ward Jr. to Be Chairman's Secretary—Other Appointments Confirmed.**

The new Board of Transportation met and organized yesterday in its office, 49 Lafayette Street. It elected Captain Francis J. Sinnott, brother of Mayor Hylan's secretary and son-in-law, as the secretary of the new organization. Captain Sinnott has had considerable experience in transit matters. He served as secretary to Mr. Delaney when the latter held the post of Transit Construction Commissioner, before the creation of the present State Transit Commission, and since that time has been closely associated with Commissioner Delaney as secretary of the Mayor's transit conference committee.

Captain Sinnott is a graduate both of the Academic department and the School of Engineering of New York University. He is the third member of his family to fill an office in the Hylan Administration. His father, James F. Sinnott, was appointed to a $12,000 a year job by the Mayor as one of the three members of the Board of Water Supply. His brother, John F. Sinnott, is the Mayor's son-in-law and secretary, at a salary of $6,000 a year from the city. The secretaryship of the Board of Transportation has not yet been determined, but is expected to be $6,000.

When Governor Smith, during his first term, appointed Mr. Delaney Transit Construction Commissioner, Captain Sinnott received the secretaryship appointment. When Governor Miller's State Transit Commission went into office in April, 1921, however, Captain Sinnott was dropped from the payroll. He began a fight to retain the non-civil service job on the ground that he was a World War veteran, and the American Legion backed him. Chairman George McAneny of the State Transit Commission declined to retain him in any capacity in the commission's employ.

All three Commissioners were present at the first meeting of the new board. Chairman Delaney announced the appointment of Thomas J. Ward Jr., as secretary to the Chairman, and said the board had confirmed the appointment of William C. Fuller, general counsel, and Robert W. Ridgeway, Chief Engineer, to retain those posts, which they had held under the State Transit Commission.

The Board of Transportation adopted a schedule under which it expects to recruit its own accounting department under civil service regulations. Among the positions which remain to be filled are that of Assistant Secretary and those of private secretaries and stenographers to each of the three Commissioners, Chairman Delaney, Daniel L. Ryan and William A. De Ford. These jobs are exempt from civil service rules. In its administrative organization, Commissioner Delaney said, the new board will follow closely that of the older commission.

Though the Board of Estimate has adjourned its regular meetings until Sept. 27, Mr. Delaney said it would hold a special meeting at 10 o'clock this morning to get the board started upon its important tasks. It is expected that the Board of Estimate will vote the $700,000 asked for by the board in its first requisition for current expenses.

## DENIES CLASH IN MEXICO.

**Head of Electrical Congress Says There Was No Quarrel Over Rules.**

In a letter received by THE NEW YORK TIMES from Señor Eusebio Sanchez Saucedo of the Department of Communications of the Mexican Government attention is drawn to a communication sent to Excelsior, a Mexican newspaper, by Engineer Eduardo Ortiz, who was President of the recent Inter-American Electrical Communications Congress, denying that there had been any serious clash between delegates from Brazil and the United States in the session of June 19.

Señor Ortiz wrote that, contrary to a report printed in Excelsior and telegraphed to several American newspapers, there had been merely a good natured technical discussion of the advisability of the Congress drafting a single convention covering the rules of all forms of inter-American electrical communications and that of providing several conventions for the different branches.

All the countries represented voted for the single convention except Argentina and the United States. At no time, wrote Señor Ortiz, were there any personalities, nor did the delegates from the United States leave the hall in a fit of disgust.

In conclusion, Señor Ortiz noted that all the sessions of the Congress were open to the press, so that there was no excuse for exaggerated or false reports being sent out.

## VOIDS ALIENATION VERDICT.

**Court Says Evidence Must Show Defendant to Be the Pursuer.**

A verdict for $10,000 in favor of Mrs. Maude B. Clarke and against Adelaide Schmer Weber, whom Mrs. Clarke accused of alienating her husband's affections, was set aside yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Ingraham on the ground that the evidence did not show that Mrs. Weber induced Mrs. Clarke's husband, Royal B. Clarke, to abandon his wife.

"There must be some evidence," wrote Justice Ingraham, "that the defendant was the pursuer and not merely the pursued. The fact that a woman is attractive and submissive is not sufficient."

Mrs. Clarke, in her complaint filed in 1921, set forth that she had been the wife of Royal B. Clarke for twelve years, and that since January, 1916, Mrs. Weber had held her husband's affections. Mrs. Weber denied that she had won Clarke from his wife.

## ROSAMOND PINCHOT ROBBED

**Loses Money, Jewels and Ticket, but Saves Her Passport.**

When Miss Rosamond Pinchot, who has been playing the Nun in "The Miracle" at the Century Theatre, arrived yesterday at the pier to sail on the liner Paris for Havre, she told the officials of the French Line that her handback containing her money, jewels and steamship ticket had been stolen from her room on Tuesday night.

Fortunately Miss Pinchot had given her passport to a friend to get the French visa stamped upon it. Who delivered the document to her at the ship and the company issued another ticket for her.

**Coolidge Dogs Get Tags Nos. 1 and 2**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Rob Roy, the white collie at the White House, will receive District of Columbia dog tag No. 1. Paul Fry, the Coolidge Airedale, will be honored with tag No. 2. All other dogs in the District, no matter how high nor how low, will have to come behind these two canine dignitaries and stand in line to receive their tags.

# WILLIAM W. MILLS SUCCEEDS WHALEN

**Hylan Appoints Staten Island Man as Commissioner of Plant and Structures.**

**HAS BEEN FIRST DEPUTY**

**Merit Recognized, Says Mayor—Already Sworn In—John McKenzie Deputy Dock Commissioner.**

Mayor Hylan yesterday afternoon appointed and swore into office William Wirt Mills of Staten Island as Commissioner of Plant and Structures from July 16.

Mr. Mills succeeds Grover A. Whalen, who resigned to enter the Wanamaker stores organization. He has been First Deputy Commissioner under Commissioner Whalen for several years, having supervision over ferries. His salary has been $5,500 a year. As Commissioner he will receive $10,000. He is a member of the organized Democracy of Richmond County. He was City Editor of The Evening Mail until nine years ago, when he entered the municipal service.

Mayor Hylan said Mr. Mills's promotion was in line with the Mayor's established policy of rewarding employes who had demonstrated their fitness for advancement. Mr. Mills's advancement was recommended by Mr. Whalen. It aroused little enthusiasm among Democratic politicians, who felt that a Tammany man should have been chosen.

Both the Mayor and Mr. Whalen denied reports that personal friction between them had prompted the severance of their official relations. Mr. Whalen reiterated that the sole reason was the one stated in his letter of resignation—his need to make more ample provision for his growing family.

Mayor Hylan yesterday also appointed and swore in John McKenzie of Flushing, Queens, as Deputy Dock Commissioner, to succeed Michael Cosgrove, who was named to succeed John H. Delaney as Dock Commissioner. Mr. McKenzie has been in that department twenty-two years and has been its chief clerk for the last six years. His salary will be $6,000. The Mayor said this appointment also was a recognition of merit.

## VACATES INJUNCTION AGAINST MAJOR BERRY

***Court Decides Against David Simons, Former President of Local Pressmen's Union.***

Major George L. Berry, President of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America, who is one of the most active candidates for the Democratic Vice Presidential nomination, won a decision from the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday when an injunction obtained against him as President of the international union, and the other officers and members of the union, by David Simons, former President of the local union in New York, was vacated.

Simons, who was active in the outlaw strike of pressmen in New York last Fall, which resulted in the revocation of the local charter by the international body, has been unable to obtain membership in the international union, which accepted other New York union pressmen when the charter of Local 25 was revoked. He sued to compel the international officers to reinstate him and when he lost this case he sued to enjoin the officers and members of the international organization from interfering with him in any employment he might obtain and from calling out the pressmen in any place in which he might be employed, because of such employment.

Justice McAvoy, writing the Appellate Division opinion, said that it was uncontested that Simons lost his membership in the union when the local charter was revoked, and that he was a party to the agreement dissolving the local. The Court said: "There is no doubt that defendant was within its rights in rejecting plaintiff's application for membership." Concluding the opinion, Justice Mc Avoy said:

Plaintiff's status before the court is that of a new applicant seeking to compel the defendant union to admit him. Whether to grant or refuse membership is a voluntary association is a matter under complete control of the organization itself, and the ruling is not subject to review by the courts."

At the time the decision was handed down, counsel for Simons was bringing proceedings asserting that Major Berry and his associates in the union had violated the injunction and were guilty of contempt of court.

## APPOINTED TO TAX BOARD.

**Twelve of Twenty-eight Named by Coolidge to Review Contests.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The nucleus of the Board of Tax Appeals created under the new revenue law was created today when the President appointed seven men from various parts of the nation and five others from the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

The seven were Adolphus E. Graupner of San Francisco, J. S. Y. Ivins of New York City, A. E. James of New York City, John M. Sternhagen of Chicago, Sumner L. Trussell of Minneapolis, John J. Marquette of Washington and W. C. Landon of Salina, Kan.

Those appointed from the Board of Internal Revenue were Charles D. Hamel of Grafton, N. D.; Jules Gilmer Korner of Winston-Salem, N. C.; Benjamin H. Littleton of Nashville, Charles P. Smith of Boston and Charles M. Trammell of Lakewood, Fla.

The board will be increased by other appointments to twenty-eight, of which number the board shall consist for the first two years of its life. After that it will be reduced to seven. The members will receive $7,500 each.

The work of the board will be the review of all contested tax cases in open session. In cases involving more than $10,000 the testimony and findings will be published and on sale by the Government.

## TOO MANY WANT TRAINING.

**Camp Meade, With Quota of 3,500, Cannot Care for Overflow.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Preliminary reports to the War Department indicated that before the end of the day 4,500 young man will be enrolled in the Third Corps Area citizens' military training camp, which opened today at Camp Meade.

Brig. Gen. Harold B. Fiske, the camp commander, reported by telephone this morning that Camp Meade was confronted with the same situation that developed at the camps of the Ninth Corps Area on the Pacific Coast. A large number of young men came to the camp without orders, in the hope that they might be able to enroll at the last minute.

It is impossible to take care of more than 3,500 with the funds available, and it is possible that these young men will have to be denied admission, as was the case on the Pacific Coast.

The staggering consumption of Government in America, by the former Attorney General of Alaska. July Current History Magazine. At news stands, 35c.—Adv.

B. Altman & Co.

Navajo Indian Rugs

received direct from the Indian Reservations of Arizona and New Mexico, are prominent among the great assortments of Rugs now being shown in a choice Summer collection

A comparison of qualities and prices is invited

(Fifth Floor)

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

Gidding
57th Street, West of Fifth Avenue

CLOTHES for the COUNTRY

Your "Over-the-Fourth" Holiday wardrobe will undoubtedly require one of the following suggestions for "last-minute" needs, so temptingly priced.

*Sports Frocks, $18, $25*
*Formerly to $75*

*Country Suits, $25*
*Formerly to $75*

*Motor Coats, $45*
*Formerly to $85*

*Sport Skirts, $12.50*
*Formerly to $22.50*

*Novelty Sweaters $12, $18*
*Formerly to $35*

*Sport Blouses $10.75*
*Formerly to $35*

*Motor, Sport and Travel Hats, $10, $15*
*Formerly to $35*

The MUN-CEY

BOTH SHOPS CLOSED
Friday, July 4th.
Saturday, July 5th.

*Lasts and Patterns exclusively our own design*

The Johnston & Murphy Shoe

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
INCORPORATED
BROADWAY at 40TH STREET — METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BLDG.
144 WEST 42ND STREET — KNICKERBOCKER BUILDING
NEW YORK

*The only*
Thru Sleeping Car Service
*from* St. Louis *to*
San Francisco
*thru the Gorgeous Royal Gorge*
Via

The Missouri Pacific in connection with the D. & R. G. W. and Western Pacific assures a vacation trip extraordinary, presenting as it does some of the greatest scenic attractions of America.

Route of the only thru sleeper between St. Louis and San Francisco passing thru the famous Royal Gorge in Colorado.

Fares are very low—go one way, return another—stop over anywhere.

Write for illustrated literature and complete travel information.

D. I. Lister
General Agent, Passenger Department
311 Railway Exchange
Chicago
165 Broadway
New York, N. Y.

MISSOURI PACIFIC

THE SCENIC ROUTE WEST

*Summer Business Hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.—Closed All Day Friday July 4 and Saturday July 5*

Arnold Constable & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE at FORTIETH STREET, NEW YORK

*A Real Opportunity*

Irish Linen Knickers 3.95

*Usually 5.95*

A FOURTH OF July special for golf enthusiasts. Crisp, new knickers for the holiday. We arranged for the linen in Belfast, Ireland, over one year ago. Linen light enough to be cool, heavy enough to prevent wrinkling, strong enough to go through the laundry repeatedly and come up smiling.

Side or slash front pockets and two hip pockets with button flap. Medium cuff with detachable buckle to be removed when laundering. Soft finish linen of oyster white.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT—STREET FLOOR

*Sizes 28 to 46*

Tastes Like Fresh Berries
Easy to make—just add ice water. The Pint Za-Rex jug makes a gallon, or 16 big glassfuls of Thirst Quenchers.

Insist on seeing the name Za-Rex on the label to avoid synthetic substitutes in similar jugs.

ZA-REX FOOD PRODUCTS, INC.
BOSTON, MASS.

Juice of fresh fruits pure cane sugar its pure

ZA-REX

The *fresh* fruit drink

Mid-Week Pictorial

*"The National Picture Magazine"*

Thrills, news, portraits and unusual happenings of every sort. The July 3 issue, now on sale, contains pictures of a perilous tiger hunt; the opening session of the Democratic Convention; a pageant of Kentucky's heroic past; two pages of Summer styles, and many other attractive photographic reproductions.

Pictures and text describe the expedition of Mr. and Mrs. Morden in the Nepal District on the borders of Northern India. Mrs. Morden, during the war a canteen worker in France, has many times been in peril of her life, but her nerve and skill have never failed her. Read Mid-Week Pictorial's picture-account of her latest conquest.

Other pictures of action and interest—

*Rhode Island Senators Far from Bombs*
*Thomas Murphy with Collection of Thoroughbreds*
*Seven Southern Girls Tied for Beauty Prize*
*America's Newest Dirigible to Wing Way from Germany*
*Bullet Ends Battle between Tiger and Crocodile*
*Actresses of Stage and Screen*
*The "Leviathan of the Rails," a 16-Foot Locomotive*
*Bobby Jones Weds Childhood Sweetheart*
*College Girl Impersonations*
*Close-up of Pheasant One Hour Old*

32 Pages 150 Pictures

10 cents at news stands—5 dollars a year by mail

Get the July 3 issue Now on Sale

10c 10c

# COURT DISCIPLINES 5 MEMBERS OF BAR

### Francis X. Goette Disbarred for Using Money Turned Over to Him for a Client.

### 3 OF OTHERS SUSPENDED

### Maurice A. Lynch Found Guilty of Neglecting to Appeal for Woman Wrongly Convicted.

In Bar Association proceedings against attorneys before the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court decisions were handed down yesterday disbarring Francis X. Goette, suspending Maurice A. Lynch and James O. Tryon for a year and Alexander Ackerson for six months and censuring Arthur J. Levine.

The court found that Goette had received money from a client to be paid to a title company and used it for his own purposes. Tryon was found guilty of misrepresenting to his client the amount of money collected for him from a third person and of converting part of the money. The court states that Ackerson collected money for a client and retained it for an improper length of time.

Lynch was found guilty of neglecting the interests of a woman client from whom he had received money to appeal from her conviction for disorderly conduct. She contended that she was innocent and that she had been mistaken for another woman.

The court's opinion states that after the attorney had failed to do anything for the client she wrote to Governor Smith, stating that she had been unjustly convicted. Upon the Governor's suggestion, District Attorney Banton investigated, and found that the woman had been convicted on false testimony. The Governor granted a pardon. The court said:

"The record is not a pleasant one. A woman, smarting under the humiliation of an unjust conviction, obtained, as it now appears, upon false and perjured testimony, who had never been in any court before in her life, employing a member of the bar for vindication and redress, had been met with neglect, indifference, ignorance and insult. By his neglect, if it had not been for the pardoning power of the Governor, she would have been branded for life."

Levine was accused by the Bar Association of violating his duties as an attorney by soliciting accident cases and employing and paying a number of persons not members of the bar to solicit retainers for him from persons claiming to have been injured in accidents. The case was heard before the official referee of the Appellate Division, who found that Levine was not guilty, but that in 1920 and 1921 he had handled between 300 and 400 cases in New York, Kings and Bronx counties. Testimony concerning twenty-nine was given in which it appeared that in twenty-five the cases were recommended to him by friends or by relatives of the injured; in two cases the testimony was not clear, and in two others the retainers were procured by solicitation by an employe of Levine.

The referee reported that the testimony showed that the lawyer employs a staff of five young men in his office designated as clerks and investigators, who are not attorneys or law students, and whose duties are to respond to notification of accidents, and to go to the homes of the injured persons or to hospitals where they are taken and try to obtain a retainer for Levine.

The opinion of the Appellate Division, written by Justice Dowling, states that the young men employed by the attorney averaged between thirty-five and forty-five cases each a year, and that four used automobiles in their employment and carried a form of retainer providing for 30 per cent. of any sum obtained for the clients.

In his defense Levine contended that the charges were brought as a result of the activities of an organization known as the Alliance for the Prevention of Accident Fraud, composed of corporations, in defeating accident cases.

The Appellate Division finds that there is no proof that the attorney was connected with any "fraudulent, manufactured or dubious case," and that the referee was right in finding that the attorney had not been "extensively" engaged in soliciting accident cases, but the court states that, "none the less he was equipped with a specialized office force which would give the impression that he was so engaged." The opinion of Justice Dowling says in conclusion:

"The practice of the profession of the law should not be allowed to degenerate into a vulgar scramble for clients, in which advantage will always be with the most unscrupulous. Nor can practices be permitted to continue which would degrade the profession in the eyes of the public and render its efforts to establish and maintain high ethical standards absurd or meaningless."

## RABINER APPEAL DENIED.

### Former Broker Loses His Fight Against Prison Order.

Jules C. Rabiner, convicted broker, who was released from the Welfare Island Penitentiary on parole ninety days after he had been sentenced to an indeterminate term, as the result of an enquiry into his parole, lost yesterday his appeal from the decision of Supreme Court Justice McCook dismissing habeas corpus proceedings to upset the order sending him back.

The Appellate Division wrote no opinion in the case in which Rabiner asserted that the order remanding him to the penitentiary after he had been paroled was illegal, but in a decision in a similar case a month ago the court held that a parole was a "matter of grace" and that the Parole Commissioner had authority to revoke it.

When Rabiner was sent back to the penitentiary General Sessions Judge McIntyre said he thought the former broker should stay there two years. Rabiner's firm on the Consolidated Stock Exchange failed for $800,000 last September. When he was sentenced in January for using securities owned by a customer, Justice McIntyre said: "This man's firm operated bucket shops and they were dens of thievery."

At the time Rabiner was paroled it was stated in behalf of the Municipal Parole Commission that the fact that his firm had failed had not been made known to the commission.

## DIESEL ENGINE ON TUGBOAT.

### First of This Kind of Craft Tested by Pennsylvania Railroad.

The first Diesel electrically propelled towboat ever built has been completed by the Pennsylvania Railroad System, it was announced yesterday. The boat, which is known as "P. R. R. Tug No. 18," is now receiving its dock and river trials in the upper bay and Hudson River.

The tug is said to differ from all others, not only by reason of being propelled by electricity, but also in the fact that the pilot directly controls the propelling machinery, as well as the steering apparatus. Instead of transmitting signals to the engine room calling for "full speed ahead," &c., he manipulates the propelling motor by levers in the manner that a motorman controls an electric car. The boat is 24 feet long and draws 12 feet of water.

Menacing evils of religious and racial prejudices in United States. Also changing conception of Government. July Current History Magazine. At all news stands, 25c.—Advt.

# WALLOON PILGRIMS TO GATHER IN PARIS

### Many Americans Journey to Home of Ancestors — Ceremonies Planned in Belgium.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—According to an announcement made here today by the Huguenot-Walloon-New Netherland Tercentenary Commission, the pilgrimage commemorating the three hundredth anniversary of the coming of the Huguenots to America and the founding of New York by Huguenots and Walloons, under the Dutch West India Company, and the settlement of the Middle Atlantic Coast States, is one of the largest and most remarkable in the history of the world.

From various sections, it was stated, Americans are journeying to the places from which their ancestors came to settle in the thirteen colonies. It was announced that the pilgrims will be received by many dignitaries, including a King, a Queen and the President of a republic.

The movement started in June and will continue through July and August. The pilgrims are said to include some of the best known clergymen and church leaders in the country. Dr. Charles S. MacFarland, General Secretary of the General Council of Churches, will take part in the ceremonies to be held in France and Belgium in August. The pilgrims will visit the Huguenot centres in Belgium, Holland, the Rhine country, Switzerland and the Waldensian valleys. They will gather in Paris early this month.

Visits will be made to the battlefields and memorial services will be held in the American cemeteries in France. As the late President Roosevelt was a descendant of the first settlers of New York, efforts will be made to hold special services at the grave of Quentin Chateau Thierry, Roosevelt, which lies eastward from

## AMERICAN HABITS ASSAILED.

### Sailors' Brawl Over Negro With White Woman Stirs Paris Paper.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 2.—The attempt of American sailors to prevent a negro dancing with a white woman in a Paris music-hall, which resulted in a bluejacket being sent to a hospital, has had no reaction in the French press. Only one paper, L'Homme Libre, refers to the incident in an attack on foreigners who pretend "to make laws and punish" black Frenchmen.

"It is ridiculous in the present epoch—after the war in which whites and blacks poured out their blood on the European battlefields—that such prejudices should exist," the paper says. "For tourists to be 'lit up' is their right, but for them to try to expel, from an establishment where they were drinking, a black visitor is certainly not their right. It ceases to be ridiculous and becomes an irritation when one pretends to make laws for us, and any visitor, so long as he is white, arrogates to himself the right of punishing our black compatriots. Before taking such action it should be remembered that the blacks in our own country didn't spare their blood during the war, and that, after all, civility though to a black is always preferable to incivility."

## STOCK SWINDLING CHARGED.

### Three Men Arrested on Complaints Made at Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 2.—Charged with swindling shore residents of thousands of dollars in real estate and stock deals, two men connected with a brokerage firm here are under arrest today in Rochester, N. Y., being held in $10,000 each pending extradition, the police here say. The defendants describe themselves as Paul Gilbert and John Kramer, said to have been salesmen with Ross, Ryan & Co., stock brokers.

Daniel M. Ryan, "master mind" of the outfit, according to Assistant Prosecutor S. Cameron Hinkle, already is in the May's Landing jail under a warrant obtained by W. M. Clevenger, attorney for the executors of the estate of Mrs. Sarah McAllister Hayes of this city. Ryan is charged with swindling Mrs. Hayes out of $20,000 in stock deals.

The complainant against the Rochester prisoners is Mrs. Sarah B. Watkins of this city, who is said to have lost nearly $9,000. Judge William H. Smathers, before whom the prisoners will be arraigned here, was induced to invest $5,000 in real estate, it is alleged, but the money was returned to him. Dr. Rodman Sheen lost $4,300, according to the police.

## "SHANTY IRISH" PARTS PAIR.

### Wife Leaves Home When Actor-Husband Applies This Epithet.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 2.—John Dunsmure MacNab, an actor living on Long Island, now with a theatrical company in Chicago, is directed to pay his wife, Dorothy Milliken MacNab, an actress residing in Port Chester, $50 a week alimony pending trial of her separation suit, in a decision signed today by Supreme Court Justice Joseph Morschauser.

Mrs. MacNab asked for $200 a week, accusing her husband of cruelty. She says that after their marriage on Nov. 4, 1922, she filled the title role in her husband's plays, but received no salary. On several occasions, she alleges, MacNab struck her and called her "Tough Mary" and "Tough Liz." But when he called her "Shanty Irish" in a Chicago hotel last Fall she pawned her jewels and returned to Manhattan.

## OPPOSED TO CARDIAC HOME.

### Zoning Ordinance Cited by Residents of Irvington.

*Special to The New York Times.*

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 2.—Residents and the village of Irvington will endeavor today to restrain the Mineola Home for Cardiac Children from locating within the village on grounds that the zoning ordinance has been violated. Some months ago the institution purchased the mansion and forty-two acres from the estate of the late John K. Luke, one of the show places of Irvington.

Lee P. Davis, former District Attorney, asserts that the ordinance is unconstitutional, that it was passed after the Board of Trustees of the village had learned that the institution was negotiating for the purchase of the property.

## MILLS CLOSE FOR 2 WEEKS.

### Shutdown Affects Several Hundred Workers in Massachusetts.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 2.—The plant of the William Carter Company, underwear manufacturers of this city, closed today for two weeks. Between 300 and 400 persons were employed. The Torrington Company of Chicopee, needle manufacturers, employing about 200, also has closed for a fortnight.

CHICOPEE, Mass., July 2.—The mills of the Dwight Manufacturing Company, cotton goods manufacturers, employing between 700 and 800 workers, closed tonight for two weeks. The announcement states that the shut-down was due to poor business conditions.

### Woman Sentenced for Slaying Boy.

*Special to The New York Times.*

SUFFERN, N. Y., July 2.—Clara McKeathon, age 21, of Haverstraw, Rockland County, N. Y., was sentenced by Judge Taylor to eight years with the maximum of twelve years in Auburn Prison for the killing of Lawrence Hawksnaw, a boy of 15. The youth was shot over a crap game six weeks ago.


## Danger Signals

There are two earmarks of the doubtful mortgage.

1. When it is offered to you at a discount do not buy such a mortgage. Something is likely to be wrong. People do not sell dollar bills for 90c.

2. When the rate of interest is higher than normal. Safe borrowers do not pay unusual interest to borrow money. The high rate is a warning of danger.

The mortgages selected and sold by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company and guaranteed by the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company are the choicest mortgages the market affords. You can buy them with perfect confidence.

DAVEGA—GOLF HEADQUARTERS

$2.00 $2.50

Heidcaps

"Cravenette"-Processed

"Cravenette" Process brings a cap to the peak of perfection. Always a favorite with the out-of-door man, these caps are now suited to stand the sort of treatment an out-of-door man will give them.

DAVEGA

United Sport Shops

10 Wall St. 831 Broadway *111 E. 42d St. *125 W. 125th St.
15 Cortlandt St. 306 Fourth Ave. *1780 Broadway *853 W. 181st St.
29 John St. 102 W. 32d St. *1011 Southern Blvd.
*These Stores Open Evenings
GOLF SCHOOLS OPEN

Travel by Water

The Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc.
wish to announce the placing in commission of the new
S. S. "NEW YORK"
which will make her initial trip on the Boston-New York Line via Cape Cod Canal, leaving
New York July 5, 5 P. M.
(daylight saving time)

The unqualified success and popularity of the S. S. "BOSTON" which has been in commission only since June 3 has created in the public mind an impatient desire to greet this new sister ship. Daily travel between the two great cities has now reached the acme of comfort, pleasure and safety.

Luxurious Staterooms, Comfortable Salons, Music and Dancing, Superior Dining Service and other attractive features are meeting with deserved recognition.

Make stateroom reservations in advance.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

Buy Direct from the Curtis Factory
*and Save from 1/3 to 1/2*

*Popular 3-piece suite with comfortable and generous lines. Mohair covering in any color desired. Reversible cushions in brocatelle, wool needlepoint or other materials* $235

*Investigation will demonstrate Curtis high quality and low price.*

L'IVING ROOM FURNITURE of the beauty, quality and endurance of Curtisbuilt furniture is rare at any price. It offers an authenticity, permanence and beauty which makes a fitting bridal gift. But at Curtis prices such furniture is an opportunity not to be lightly passed by, for Curtis manufactures and sells direct to the consumer.

CURTIS CO. Inc.
35-37 EAST 10TH ST.
Just Block West of Wanamaker's

Victor products provide the finest and most complete musical service

When you buy a Victrola and the first of a library of Victor Records, you possess the power to call upon the greatest talent of any part of the world at any time for virtually anything in music, without limitations of time, distance or program.

A comparison of the listings in Victor Record catalogs of the names of famous Victor artists, of the music which the Victrola and Victor Records produce with anything else available, shows how much only the Victor can give.

Victrola VI
$35
Mahogany or oak

Victrola No. 105
$180
Mahogany or walnut

Victrola No. 410
Mahogany, $300; electric, $340

There is but one Victrola and that is made by the Victor Company—look for these Victor trade marks.

"HIS MASTER'S VOICE"

Out today
New Victor Records

Red Seal Records

| | | DOUBLE-FACED Number | List Price |
|---|---|---|---|
| By the Waters of Minnetonka (An Indian Love Song) (Lieurance) Violin Solo — Renée Chemet<br>Under the Leaves (Thiedi) Violin Solo — Renée Chemet | | 1015 | $1.50 |

An emotional violin setting of Lieurance's song of the two Indian lovers who met death together. The companion number is a gracious pastourelle in the French manner. Both vividly portrayed by this violinist's art and faultlessly recorded by Victor processes.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Napulitanata (Girls Maidens of Naples) (Di Giacomo-Costa) Neapolitan — Tito Schipa<br>Chi se nne scorda cchiù! (Oh, How Can I Forget) (Morsel-Barbellini) Neapolitan — Tito Schipa | | 952 | 1.50 |

Two impassioned tenor songs from Neapolitan sources, beautifully sung and accompanied by a "little orchestra" of violin, mandolin, guitar, flute and piano. These songs are of the true vintage of life, and being Victor Records they are true reproductions of the artist's interpretations.

Vocal Selections

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Face to Face<br>Pass Me Not, O Gentle Saviour — Henry Burr, Charles Harrison-Clifford Cairns | | 19324 | .75 |

A very fine sacred number, simple and reverent, the voice floating over a rich and impressive undercurrent of orchestral harmony. With it is combined a duet for tenor and bass, in similar style. No matter how many sacred songs there are in your record library, you will want to add these.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| (1) Lady Moon (2) The Village Dance<br>I Know a Bank — Anna Howard-Laura Littlefield, Anna Howard-Laura Littlefield | | 19295 | .75 |

A Christine Rossetti lyric, a Hungarian dance, a Shakespeare poem, for two sopranos in canonic harmony. Educational records of such beauty that they will delight every one.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tom Boy Blues<br>Bull Frog Patrol — The Duncan Sisters, The Duncan Sisters | | 19352 | .75 |

As a pair of "Tomboy Taylors," these dainty comediennes are having a hard time of it in the first record, if you may believe them. In the second number they carol to the King's taste. Droll numbers that are most entertaining—typical of the vaudeville presented on Victor Records.

Dance Records

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Paradise Alley—Fox Trot (from "Paradise Alley") with vocal refrain<br>Where the Rainbow Ends—Fox Trot — Paul Whiteman and His Orchestra | | 19353 | .75 |

Brilliant, varied fox trots by this master-organization. The first has a vocal refrain, celebrating the delights of "Paradise Alley." The second is a fitting companion number. Here is new joy for dance lovers who know and appreciate the unequalled quality of Victor recording.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| A Thousand Kisses—Waltz<br>Apache Dance — International Novelty Orchestra | | 19351 | .75 |

A famous Archibald Joyce waltz in a beautiful rescoring, and a remarkable number for exhibition dancers. A record to try out your dancing, but delightful even if you just want to listen.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| I'm On My Way Back Home—Fox Trot vocal refrain and whistling by Carson Robison<br>Just to Be Held in Your Arms—Fox Trot — Charles Dornberger and His Orchestra, Charles Dornberger and His Orchestra | | 19354 | .75 |

Dashing, stimulating fox trots. The first has a vocal refrain with two-tone whistling effects and other sounds of travel. The second is also an excellent number. Dance them or just listen and experience that keen sense of pleasure which only Victor Records afford.

TRADE MARK Victrola

Victor Talking Machine Company, Camden, N.J.

*Half a Million Dollars*

SUBSTANTIAL offerings of large sums for investment are made in the Business Opportunities columns of The New York Times.

RECENTLY an advertisement 40 agate lines long offered an investment up to $500,000 in a suitable going business.

THE usual investigation made of all who offer advertisements to The Times disclosed that the institution advertising had a rating of $750,000.

Bank and Business References Required

The New York Times
TIMES SQUARE NEW YORK
*Telephone LACkawanna 1000*

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The Antiseptic Powder. Shake it in your Shoes Use it in your Foot-Bath

Use it in the Morning

And walk all day in comfort. At night, sprinkle it in the foot-bath, and soak and rub the feet. It freshens the feet and takes the Friction from the Shoe.

IN PEACE AND WAR

For over 25 years Allen's Foot-Ease has been the STANDARD REMEDY for hot, swollen, smarting, tender, tired, perspiring, aching feet, corns, bunions, blisters and calluses. Nothing gives such relief.

Over 1,500,000 lbs. of Powder for the Feet were used by the United States Army and Navy during the war.

Ladies can wear shoes one size smaller and shoes and and stockings wear longer. Those who use Allen's Foot-Ease have solved their foot troubles.

Sold by Drug and Department stores everywhere.

## LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received until midnight. Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

LOST.

BAG—Lost Wednesday, July 2, 8:30 to 10 A. M., between 181st St. subway station and Pennsylvania Hotel, chamois bag, containing several articles of jewelry; liberal reward. C 362 Times.

BANK BOOK 20222. Return Chatham and Phenix National Bank, 57th St. and 3d Av.

BILLFOLD, Monday night; money, checks, personal memoranda; keep money; appreciable return other contents. Eberly, 1,262 Clay Av. (165th St.).

BLACK FORMANTEAU, ladies' apparel, on Sunday, between 416 Madison Av. and 230 West 106th; reward. Almonte, either address.

BRIEF CASE, leather, containing box with beer 100 typewritten pages and other matter, June 30; probably in taxi between Times Square and West 110th; liberal reward. Call Bowling Green 8830.

CERTIFICATE—Lost, 10 shares Pacific Oil Co. certificate No. 23653. Dr. Edward G. Thompson. Address J. G. White & Co., 37 Wall St.

CORPORATION BOOKS, lost June 30, on city bound Canarsie train, between 6 and 7 P. M.; reward. Cane 7842.

ENVELOPE containing cutting loose diamond, Canal St., 253d av. Forsythe; reward. Orchard 1357.

EYEGLASSES in case, Wednesday, Kingsbridge car, West 207th-163d; liberal reward. Rusky, 485 West 163d, care United Co.

FOUNTAIN PEN, gold, monogram M. S. Murray Hill 7415.

MECHANICAL DRAWINGS, subway, Monday; reward. Shears, 184 Wallabout St., Brooklyn. Williamsburg 9129.

POCKETBOOK—June 29, containing money, papers; reward. Brodek, 557 West 150th St.

POWDER BOX lost; small, round, green, sharkskin, with monogram, S. E., in rhinestones, in open Yellow taxi from the Club Trocadero to 1,043 5th Av., Tuesday morning, 10 o'clock; reward. Return to 1,043 5th Av.

SPECTACLES, octagon rim, black case, June 4, vicinity 23d St.; tube, library, Grand Central; reward. K 397 Times.

STOCK CERTIFICATE 49,557, for 50 shares Royal Dutch N. Y., issued in name of Leah Askin; lost or stolen; transfer of above stock has been stopped. If found kindly notify Askin & Marine Co., 906 Broadway.

SUITCASE exchanged in error, June 30, Pennsylvania station; contains clothing and letters addressed to Merced, Cal.; suitcase now in my possession bears express label to Mrs. Mary O'Donnell, El Paso, Tex. Communicate with L. E. Schulz, 2,206 Boulevard, Wilmington, Del.

WALLET, lost July 1, somewhere between Richmond Hill and Madison Square Garden, containing automobile licenses and other personal papers; suitable reward. A. T. Noone, 9,423 118th St., Richmond Hill.

WALLET, black, containing commutation ticket and bank passbook; $5 reward. Y. M. C. A., Greenwich, Conn.

**Wearing Apparel.**

FUR, 2-skins, dark brown, in or near Ambassador Hotel; $25 reward. W. A. Hoveler, Ambassador Hotel, City.

SCARF, black chiffon; reward. Phone Cathedral 8260. Rose, 7D.

SABLE NECK PIECE, 2 skins, on Monday. Miss Byrne, 133 West 91st. Telephone Columbus 6365. Reward.

**Jewelry.**

BAR PIN, 3 diamonds, 2 sapphires, platinum, lost vicinity of Woolworth Building and 45 Broadway; liberal reward. Schuyler 1798.

BAR PIN, diamond, platinum, lost from Yonkers to Bloomingdale's, Bloomingdale's to Altman's; reward. Box 662, 1,393 Broadway.

BAR PIN—Diamond and ruby, Monday, West End Av., 85th St., Broadway, 74th; reward. Phone Whitehall 8285.

BAR PIN, about 4 inches long, 1 inch wide, between 77th and 92d on Broadway Tuesday; reward. Endicott 9008.

BAR PIN—On July 1, an onyx and diamond bar pin; reward offered. W 354 Times.

BRACELET, gold, inscribed "Graduation 1911, From Mother," Saturday, Bronx; liberal reward. R. Steinmetz, 2,108 Prospect Av.

JEWELRY BAG containing 1 platinum diamond bar pin, 1 platinum diamond scarf pin, 1 platinum diamond wrist watch, 2 loose diamonds, between 12 and 2 Wednesday, in Manhattan or Weehawken; liberal reward. Feinberg, 303 5th Av., 12th floor.

LAVALIERE, amethyst, Friday, June 27; reward. Finder please phone Miller, Plaza 6585.

PACKAGE containing 3 trays of diamond rings; $125 reward. William Hager & Co., 44 Marshall St., Newark, N. J.

PIN, platinum circle, set with diamonds, lost shopping district; reward. Franklin 3709.

RING, lady's, silver, blister pearl; Long Island Station, Hudson Terminal or Lackawanna train; reward. Phone Broad 3280.

RING, lady's oval opal, surrounded by small diamonds, Monday; reward. William G. Rose, 444 Madison Av. Plaza 1827.

RING, male's, 2 diamonds, Sunday, Long Beach, front of Castle Baths; $50 reward. W 360 Times.

RING, gold band, lost between 45th and 65th Sts., on 5th Av., 59th St., Madison Av.; reward. Clark, Bryant 8630.

RING—Lady's diamond engagement ring; liberal reward. Room 812, 342 Madison Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 8656.

SHELL PIN, diamond drop, 74th and 76th Sts. Return Belleclaire Hotel. Reward.

WRIST WATCH—Elgin, 5th Av., Riverside bus No. 5, Sunday, about 10 P. M.; reward. Phone Astoria 6087.

**Cats, Dogs and Birds.**

COCKER SPANIEL, female, small, tan and white; vicinity 57th St., Lexington Av., June 22; reward. Phone Plaza 2719.

DOG, lost or strayed on Peekskill-Garrison road, Saturday, June 28; white wire-haired fox terrier puppy, black spot on one eye and ear; four months old; child's pet; $20 reward; no questions. Address Frederick Osborn, Garrison. Telephone Garrison 83.

DOG, young Boston bull, male, white with brown spots; please return; $20 reward. O'Neill Shop, 184 West 4th.


Have you been reading

**Elmer Davis's**

stories of the convention? Take home a copy of his rollicking novel of New York life

**I'll Show You the Town**

$2 net at all bookstores.

McBRIDE, PUBLISHER, N. Y.



**6,000 Replies**

*(From The Advertisers' Weekly, June 21, 1924.)*

ON June 10 I inserted a full page advertisement in The New York Times asking the New York public whether they wanted a new, clean and purposeful newspaper like the Globe before its sale and destruction.

Up to June 18 I received over 6,000 replies, many of which were amazingly impressive letters.

In advance of the publication of the advertisement, one of the greatest advertising experts in the country told me that if I received 600 replies the advertisement would have done its work, and that if I received 1,000 it would indicate a landslide.

To get ten times 600 replies, when it is conceded that only about one person in ten who intends to reply does so, proves beyond discussion that The New York Times is the wonderful newspaper I have gone on record as saying that it is.

*JASON ROGERS.*


# 500 DEPART TODAY ON NEAR EAST TOUR

### Tuscania Takes Party on Sixty-Day Cruise to Constantinople, Egypt and Holy Land.

### TO CALIFORNIA VIA CANAL.

### Finland Taking Many New Yorkers to Pacific Coast—Notables on the List.

The Anchor Line Tuscania sails today for Mediterranean countries, including Egypt and the Holy Land, with more than five hundred tourists on a sixty days' cruise organized by Thomas Cook & Son. Some of the ports called at will be Madeira, Malaga, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Piraeus, Monaco, Haifa, Constantinople and Alexandria.

Passengers from New York include Mr. and Mrs. George R. D. Schieffelin, Mrs. George McManus, Mrs. Leo McManus, Stuart Baeder, Dr. and Mrs. M. F. Baranoff, Mrs. Marie Barry, Richard J. Bell, Mr. and Mrs. William F. Blake, Mrs. Clara J. Brullatour, J. Brullatour Jr., Miss Y. Brullatour, Miss Marie Brandy, Robert A. Burdick, James F. Campbell, Miss Mary F. Carey, Miss Mary Choate, Mrs. M. Cochran, Miss Winifred L. Collier, Mr. and Mrs. James V. Colwell, Miss Harriette I. Conrad, Miss Annie Costello, Miss Helen S. Daley, Miss A. K. Dawson, Miss Jessie L. Deming, Thomas A. Desmond, Miss Grace Diercks, Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Dillon, Miss Florence Dalson, the Rev. and Mrs. William E. Doughty, Miss Florence E. Doughty, Donald D. Doughty, Miss Florence E. Edwards, Miss Edward Ehlers, Mrs. M. W. Exsten, Mrs. Robert Gemmel, Miss Kathren Gescheldt, Miss Josephine Glover, Miss Mary J. Gregg, Miss Catherine Gramse, Mrs. Rowens Hagmeyer, Mrs. O. W. Hamilton, Mrs. M. D. Hamilton, George Hamilton, Miss Marie S. Hankins, Miss Celia G. Houpt, Miss Louise Hausmann, George P. Heale, Miss Rose A. Heid, Miss Ethel Jackson, Miss Thelma Jacobs, Mrs. W. B. Jacobs, Miss Charlotte Kearns, Miss Beatrice P. King, Maurice C. Leavy, Miss Minnie R. Leavy, Miss Lenore Leonard, Miss Winifred E. Leonard, Miss Rose Levy, Miss Frances Lipp, Miss Alice G. Locke, Dr. and Mrs. Edward J. Lorenze, Miss Kate McKee, Edward McLean, Mrs. A. T. McLean, James McLean, Miss Evelyn V. McNamara, Miss Agnes F. Macauley, Miss Isabelle Mason, Miss E. Matthews, Roy Maynard, Curtiss M. Middlebrook, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Middlebrook, Mrs. Ray Morris, Miss Ella M. Mulhomrs, Miss Mary Nilson, Miss Helen C. Ormond, Miss Henrietta Parks, the Rev. Harold Pattison, Dr. Samuel D. Price, Miss Fidelia Righi, Miss Gwendolyn Sauvage, Noll Sauvage, the Misses Elisa, Louise and Rosa Schmidt, Miss Eleanor Spencer, Miss Elizabeth Stanclift, Mrs. Leo R. Straus, Miss Miriam Straus, Miss Harriet M. Strelitz, E. B. Tilton, Dr. George A. Tuttle, Mrs. G. Jay Vinton, Miss Elizabeth L. Walker, Jay Walker, Miss Helen Ware, Miss Gertrude A. Watson, Miss Anna Weinstein, Miss Mabel L. Wilmorth, Miss Ida Young and Miss Elizabeth Zangler.

Many American tourists are going to California by the Panama Canal route this Summer. Among those sailing today on the Panama-Pacific liner Finland will be General E. B. Babbitt of the Army Transport Service, en route to his new station at San Francisco, and Mrs. Babbitt; Colonel William H. Pritchett, U. S. Marine Corps, Mrs. Pritchett and Miss Anna Pritchett; De Forest Grant, President of the Federal Terra Cotta Company, and Mrs. Grant; E. T. Campbell, freight traffic manager of the Erie Railroad; W. H. Wheadon, Secretary of the Elks Lodge of Denver, and A. J. McCarthy, manager of the American flag steamers of the International Mercantile Marine Company. Mrs. McCarthy and Miss Eleanor McCarthy.

Among the New Yorkers sailing on the Finland will be Mr. and Mrs. G. Drexel Biddle Steel, Mr. and Mrs. William Roykhaver, Miss Mary Brotherton, T. J. Breanahan, Miss H. B. Card, Mrs. E. B. Clark, Miss P. Clark, Miss Ruth Coolidge, Miss A. I. Ely, Mrs. Frederick Exner, the Misses Margaret and Anna Exner, Miss Mary Griffon, Mr. and Mrs. Claude Hamilton, Miss Elizabeth W. Hamilton, A. E. Kidd, Miss Christine Lamb, the Misses Ruth and Florence Langford, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lesher, the Misses Constance, Margaret and Emilie Lesher, Miss Harriet Moral, Emanuel Moral, Mrs. E. B. Murray, Miss A. C. Murray, Mrs. A. T. Weygant, Stanley H. Weygant, Mrs. Henrietta Nickel, Albert Nickel, Mrs. Thomas J. O'Connor, Miss A. W. Quinlan, Captain and Mrs. J. S. Sheridan; Miss E. M. Stuart, Mrs. E. Sprigade, Miss Charlotte Sprigade, Mrs. E. B. Stowart, Miss Stowart, Miss Elizabeth Sutherland, Miss Nan Tabor, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Tammany and S. M. Thompson.

Others are Mrs. Harry Dangerfield, Harry Dangerfield Jr., Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Kirk, Miss Anna McKinley, Miss Mary A. Robestock, Miss Beatrice Robestock and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph F. White, all of Pittsburgh; Robert Fulton, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Klemm and Mr. and Mrs. B. Rose, Philadelphia; J. A. Wright and Miss C. A. Wright, Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Fitzgerald, Washington; Mr. and Mrs. John W. Lumbard and the Misses Jennie, Ruth and Thenice Powers, Boston; Dr. and Mrs. J. R. Hylton, Miss Hylton, Miss Helen Hylton and Roy Hylton, Denver; Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Lambert, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Stone, Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Mahr, Cleveland, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Turner Rose and Miss Rose, Atlanta.

Also Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Green, the Misses Katherine and Marion Gross and Miss Gertrude Woolf, Hartford; Miss Nina Hammond, Wellsville, N. Y.; J. E. Laury, Bethlehem, Pa.; the Rev. George N. Murphy, Jersey City; William A. Palmer, Plainfield, N. J., and Mr. and Mrs. Louis D. Warsher, Mr. and Mrs. Louis O. Warsher, Adolph Warsher, Mrs. Rose Jacobs and Miss Rose Jacobs, Hudson, N. Y.

## REX BEACH DEPUTY SHERIFF

### Nickel-Plated Star a Foot in Length Pinned Upon Novelist.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 2.—Sheriff Arthur S. Maudlin today appointed Rex Beach, Greenburgh, Deputy Sheriff of Westchester County.

During a visit with Fred Stone, the actor, upon the chief police official of Westchester at the latter's office, Mr. Beach jokingly remarked that he be appointed a member of Sheriff Maudlin's staff. In the same spirit the Sheriff pinned a nickel plated star one foot from tip to tip upon Rex's chest. A few minutes later Sheriff Maudlin signed the official papers making the appointment and filed them with the County Clerk.

## DESTROYER GOES ON A REEF

### Fog Causes Accident Near San Francisco—Ship Gets Off Later Undamaged.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—The United States destroyer La Vallette struck a reef off Fort Rose, fifty-four miles north of the entrance to San Francisco harbor, in a dense fog an hour before dawn today, but reported to the Naval Radio Station at 7:03 A. M. that she was off the reef and was proceeding.

Another report picked up by the Marine Department of the Chamber of Commerce said that she was not damaged.


Native scholar tells of China's struggle against foreign exploitation. July Current History Magazine. At news stands, 25c.—Advt.


# PHILHARMONIC TO OPEN SUMMER SERIES TODAY

### Van Hoogstraten to Conduct at the Stadium—Four American Soloists Listed.

The Philharmonic Orchestra directed by Willem Van Hoogstraten begins its series of Summer concerts at the Stadium this evening to continue till Aug. 20. Mr. Van Hoogstraten has announced the general tenor of the programs, which will be in accordance with the standards maintained by the organization. Six young musicians, four of them Americans, have been selected from more than 600 applicants to be soloists at the concerts this Summer. They are Frances Paperte, mezzo soprano; Virginia Rea, soprano; Frank Johnson, baritone; Miron Poliakin, violinist; Benno Rabinoff, violinist, and Ignace Hilsberg, pianist.

Miss Paperte is a native of Coloma, Wis., and studied in Chicago with Shirley Gandel and in New York with Estelle Liebling; she was for two years with the Chicago Opera Company. Her forthcoming Stadium appearance will be her first concert appearance in New York.

Virginia Rea is already known through her phonograph records. She was born in Louisville, Ky.; she has studied in New York with Sergei Kibansky and Franz Proschowsky. She has sung with the Society of American Singers and with the De Feo Opera Company in Baltimore.

Frank Johnson, born in Columbus, Ohio, is a pupil of Shirley Gandel. Frank Webster, David Baxter and Adelaide Gescheidt. He has held several important church positions. He was winner of five Eisteddfods in the Middle West and appeared with the American Symphony Orchestra of Chicago. John Philip Sousa chose him to sing the first performance of his setting of "In Flanders Field." This will be his first New York appearance.

Miron Poliakin was born in Kieff, and was a pupil of Auer in Russia, at the same time as Heifets. He has played in Russia, Germany, Scandinavia and has had a few appearances in this country.

Benno Rabinoff, the youngest, is a New Yorker. He won a scholarship to study with Leopold Auer at the Chicago Musical College, with whom he has studied four years. He has been engaged to play at the Maine Festival next Fall. His Stadium appearance will be his public début.

Ignace Hilsberg was born in Poland and made his first appearance with a symphony orchestra at the age of nine with the Warsaw Philharmonic. He won a scholarship and graduated at the Petrograd Conservatory, studying with Professor Essipoff. He also studied with Emil Sauer in Vienna and has held positions in Tomsk, Siberia and Athens. He has toured the Orient and was made Chevalier of the Chinese Empire after a concert at the Palace in Pekin. He has been in America about a year.

### Appeal "God of Vengeance" Case.

An appeal from a decision of the Appellate Division, of the Supreme Court, which last week upheld the Court of General Sessions that "The God of Vengeance" is an immoral play, is to be taken to the Court of Appeals. This appeal is in behalf of Rudolph Schildkraut, who played the leading rôle; Harry Weinberger, manager of the play, and attorney for the appellants, and the members of the cast, all of whom were tried for taking part in an immoral performance.

### Open Air Opera Here Fails.

The Civic Opera Association, which recently began a series of open air opera performance at the Polo Grounds, suspended its series at the close of the third performance Tuesday night. According to Dr. Samuel A. Lewin, a physician of Brooklyn, the suspension was due in part to the lack of public support. The loss was placed at $20,000, which is borne by Dr. Lewin and twelve other stockholders in the venture. It had been the intention of the organization to provide open air opera here, as is the practice in a number of other cities.

### New Producing Organization.

A new theatrical producing organization, The New Plays Company, Inc., announces that it will begin the presentation of plays early in the Fall. The officers of the new organization are Sidney B. Smith, President; Lake G. Thomas, Vice President; Robert W. Gilmore, Secretary and Treasurer; Harry B. Smith, Almet F. Jenks Jr., and John Colton, Directors.

### Big Crowd at Park Concert.

An audience even larger than usual attended the Goldman Band concert at the Mall, Central Park, last evening. The composers on the program included Mascinelli, Rossini, Verdi, Puccini, Boccherini and Donizetti. Waino Kauppi, the cornetist, played the "Inflammatus."

## MERCHANT A SUICIDE.

### Pillows His Head on Talmud After Turning On Gas.

Draping his shoulders with a prayer shawl and using the Talmud as his pillow, Julius Harris, 55 years old, of 1,401 Park Avenue, a former coal merchant, ended his life yesterday by turning on the gas in the kitchen of his home.

Shortly after his two older daughters, Ethel and Rose, had gone to work yesterday morning their father returned from the house of a friend where he had had breakfast and, giving his younger daughter Miriam a coin, told her to go out and buy some candy. When Miriam returned the house was locked but through the kitchen window she saw her father apparently sleeping. The girl called Patrolman Crawley who forced the door. A note which Harris left asked forgiveness of his daughters and said his act had been prompted by financial reverses.

## EDUCATORS NAME NEWLON.

### Denver Man Nominated to Succeed Miss Jones as Head of N. E. A.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Nomination of Jesse H. Newlon, Superintendent of Schools of Denver, for President of the National Education Association, and of other officers including twelve Vice Presidents and a Director of Education for each State, was the principal event today at the association's convention here.

It is expected the Nominating Committee's choice for all offices will be approved tomorrow at a general meeting.

Mr. Newlon was chosen to succeed Miss Olive M. Jones, New York City school principal, who will become a Vice President.

### THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Bride" will end its engagement at the 39th Street Theatre on Saturday night. It will reopen in September.

Helen Broderick has been added to the cast of "Vanity Fair."

An extra performance of "Keep Kool," at the Globe, will be given after the regular performance next Monday night. The performance will consist of numbers which were eliminated during the rehearsal and try-out period.

The Threshold Playmouse, 1,230 Fifth Avenue, will open next Monday night with a "Ka-Bu-Ki," under the direction of Michio Ito.

Herbert Mundon's name has been added to the list of stars in "Chariot's Revue."

"Mud" opens at the Cherry Lane Theatre tonight.

"All God's Chillun Got Wings" will close at the Provincetown Theatre Saturday night, to reopen in August at the Greenwich Village Theatre.

The Wharf Players of Provincetown, Mass., will open their second season on July 10 with the production of three original one-acters.

Gertrude Vanderbilt will play the title part in Catherine Chisholm Cushing's "Marge," now in rehearsal.

# HOWARD CARTER SAILS FOR ENGLAND

### Going Home for a Rest After a Lecture Tour on Ancient Egypt.

### TO RESUME WORK IN FALL

### Admiral Sir Michael Culme-Seymour and Senator McCormick Passengers on the Mauretania.

Among the passengers who sailed yesterday for Cherbourg and Southampton on the Cunarder Mauretania was Howard Carter, who, with the late Earl Carnarvon, discovered the tomb of Tutankh-Amen. He has been delivering a series of lectures on ancient Egypt and is going to England for a rest. Later Mr. Carter will go to Madrid to lecture on the recently discovered royal tomb and proceed to Egypt in the Fall to continue his work.

When asked about the ruined temples on the Second Cataract of the Nile, between Cheilal and Wadi-Halfa, Mr. Carter said there was no doubt that many valuable relics could be unearthed there, but there was a great deal more exploring to be done between Luxor and Assouan. In his opinion, there was very little likelihood of the British troops evacuating Egypt in the near future.

Admiral Sir Michael Culme-Seymour, who has been in command of the North Atlantic Fleet at Bermuda, sailed on the Mauretania for England to take up the post of Second Sea Lord of the Admiralty in London.

United States Senator Medill McCormick of Chicago sailed to visit his mother, Mrs. Robert McCormick, at Carlsbad.

## FINDS ELECTIONS CLEAN.

### Banton Says There Is Less Corruption Here Than in Other Cities.

Speaking last evening before the Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen, District Attorney Joab H. Banton said that elections in this city are free from corruption than in any other city in this country. Mr. Banton was the principal speaker at patriotic exercises held in Mechanics Institute, 20 West Forty-fourth Street, at which Edmund F. Rattey, head of the Society, was the presiding officer.

"It gives me a great deal of pleasure to announce to you," he said, "that the cleanest elections held in this country are held in the City of New York. Corruption and fraud are less prevalent here than in any other place, not in proportion to the size of this city but in disproportion to its size. Compared to other crimes, violations of the election law are at a minimum, and yet we should not rest but continue to keep an ever watchful eye that corruption does not creep in."

Mr. Banton advocated, in discussing freedom of speech, that some place, he suggested Bryant Park, be set aside so that anybody "can have the full opportunity of speaking his mind on existing conditions or institutions. He said that it was not freedom of speech that caused anger but rather the refusal to let persons exercise this right guaranteed by the Constitution.

Deploring the ignorance of many as to the Declaration of Independence, the speaker advocated that churches and schools set apart a time for its reading.

The invocation was made by the Rev. Oscar F. R. Treder, Dean of Garden City Cathedral and the Declaration of Independence was read by Frederick R. Usher.

## WANT CAPITAL IN PALESTINE.

### Zionists Plan Drive at Pittsburgh Meeting—Honor New York Men.

PITTSBURGH, July 2.—A study of the economic possibilities of Palestine with the view of enlisting capital for its upbuilding will be made by a commission of American Zionists and business men, the Zionist Organization of America decided here last night at the closing session of its annual convention.

Appointment of the commission, election of officers and adoption of resolutions marked the session. Louis Lipsky, New York, was re-elected Chairman; the Rev. Hirsch Masliansky and Reuben Brainin, both of New York, were elected Honorary Vice Chairmen. Other officers named were Judge Bernard A. Rosenblatt, New York; Max Schulman, Chicago; Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, Cleveland, and Miss Henrietta Szold, New York, Vice Chairmen; Isaac Meister, New York, Treasurer, and David Tannenbaum, New York, Associate Treasurer.

The Palestine Commission will be headed by Bernard A. Rosenblatt, New York, Chairman.

Resolutions call for the raising of $300,000 this year for the purchase of land in Palestine; endorsing the movement to establish a conservatory of music in Palestine as a memorial to all Jewish soldiers who died in the World War, and suggesting a day be set aside each year for observance as Palestine Day by American Jews.

"Sincere gratitude," of the organization for his support of the Zionist movement," was extended to President Coolidge.

## UNITARIANS HONOR TAFT.

### Elect Him and Five Others to Honorary Life Membership.

BOSTON, July 2.—Chief Justice William Howard Taft and Dr. Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard University, were among six persons whose election to honorary life membership in the American Unitarian Association was announced today. They are the first honorary members to be chosen by the association. The others chosen were:

The Rev. Dr. Francis G. Peabody, former President of the Harvard University Divinity School; the Rev. Dr. J. Estlin Carpenter of the British and Foreign Unitarian Association; Bishop Josef Feremnos of the Unitarian churches in Transylvania and Miss Louisa Lee Schuyler of New York, who was recently awarded the Roosevelt medal for social service.

## COOLIDGE'S BIRTHDAY CARD.

### Twenty Thousand Massachusetts Citizens Sign Greeting.

BOSTON, July 2.—A birthday card for President Coolidge, with greetings and good wishes to which 20,000 fellow citizens of Massachusetts signed their names, was completed today for transmission to him by special messenger.

The President will be 52 years old July 4, and the card will be in his hands for the holiday.


MOTION PICTURES

RIVOLI "THE ENEMY SEX" B'way. with BETTY COMPSON 49 St. Paramount Picture (Famous Players) "DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE" one of the "Chronicles of America" Series RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA

RIALTO "CODE of the WILDERNESS" B'way 42 St. JACK DEMPSEY in "WINNING HIS WAY." RISSENFELD'S CLASSICAL JAZZ

LOEW'S (NEW) LEXINGTON LEXINGTON AV. and 51st ST. THE SPIRIT OF THE U. S. A. With Mary Carr & Johnnie Walker.



AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS—DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT

100% COOLER THAN ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN! WINTER GARDEN Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. HOLIDAY MATINEE TOMORROW INNOCENT EYES

SHUBERT 44th, West of B'way. Evgs. 8:40 | Vogues and Frolics with ODETTE MYRTIL & ROGER WOLFE'S ORCH.

BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:50 Mat. Tomorrow 2:30 HOLIDAY MAT. TOMORROW BEGGAR ON HORSEBACK with ROLAND YOUNG.

PLYMOUTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today and Sat., 2:30. "THE BEST AMERICAN COMEDY OF THE SEASON."—Heywood Broun, World. THE POTTERS

LITTLE W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. LITTLE JESSIE JAMES WITH THE JAMES BOYS (A PAUL WHITEMAN BAND) 12th Month

THE GOOSE HANGS HIGH BIJOU Thea., 45, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

GREENWICH VILLAGE Thea., 4th St. & 7th Ave. Evs. 8:40. Mats. This Week Tom'w & Sat. 2:30 FASHION 6TH MONTH

Provincetown, 133 Macdougal Street. Spring 8363 4TH SUBSCRIPTION BILL. LAST 6 TIMES. ALL GOD'S CHILLUN GOT WINGS.

REPUBLIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Tom'w, Sat. & Wed., 2:30. EXTRA MATINEE TOMORROW (JULY 4TH) 3RD YEAR

Anne Nichols' Laughing Success ABIE'S IRISH ROSE

39th ST. THEA., E. of B'way Evs. 8:30. Mat. Sat. LAST 4 TIMES THE BRIDE with PEGGY WOOD

"EXPRESSING" WILLIE" 48 ST. Theatre A Comedy by Rachel Crothers. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat., 2:30.

CASINO B'way and 39th. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Sat. and Wed. at 2:25. Laughing Revue. | I'll Say She Is with The MARX BROS.

POPULAR PRICE MATINEE TODAY. H. G. Wells & St. J. Mrvine's THE WONDERFUL VISIT PATRICIAS, 39th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Pop. Mats. Today & Sat.

SHooting Hadows! A MELO-MYSTERY FARCE RITZ

MOROSCO, W. 45th. Matinees Sat. & Wed. SNAPPIEST OF MUSICAL REVUES KEEP KOOL HAZEL DAWN CHARLES KING JOHNNY DOOLEY & WOW CHORUS

SELWYN THEA., W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. CHARLOT'S Revue of 1924 with Beatrice Lillie, Gertrude Lawrence, Herbert Mundon and Nelson Keys.

ELTINGE THEA., W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Frederick Lonsdale's Comedy Hit. SPRING CLEANING with Violet Heming, Estelle Winwood, Arthur Byron, A. E. Matthews.

PLAYHOUSE, W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Sat. & Wed. THE SHOW-OFF A Comedy Gem by George Kelly.

LAST 4 TIMES MR. Laughing Musical Hit with CHAS. RUGGLES TIMES SQ., West 42d St. Mats. Fri. & Sat. Battling Buttler

"NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES"

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, West 42d St. ZIEGFELD FOLLIES 488 RESERVED SEATS AT $1.00 NIGHTLY. REDUCED PRICED MATS. WED. & SAT.

GLOBE West 46 St. BEGINNING MON. EVE. JULY 7 THE MUSICAL REVUE SUCCESS "KEEP KOOL" WITH HAZEL DAWN | CHAS. KING | JOHNNY DOOLEY "Keep Kool Kuties" SEATS NOW

Best All-Around Show in the World SAM H. HARRIS THEATRE, West 42d St. Pop. Mats. Wed. & Sat. PLAIN JANE

GAIETY THEA., B'way & 46 St. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30 "HER WAY OUT" By EDWARD MILTON ROYLE

EARL CARROLL THEATRE, 7th Av., & 50th St. REDUCED PRICE MAT. TODAY ZIEGFELD MUSICAL COMEDY EDDIE CANTOR in 'KID BOOTS' with MARY EATON GOOD SEATS FOR MATINEES AND NIGHTS AT BOX OFFICE AT BOX OFFICE PRICES.

"A STRONGER & MORE LOGICAL PLAY THAN 'RAIN'" —Eve. Tel. Daly's 63d St. EARL CARROLL presents WHITE CARGO By LEON GORDON. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 286th Time

Who's in "THE BLUE BANDANNA" Who? with SIDNEY BLACKMER VANDERBILT THEATRE, 48 St., E. of B'y Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

APOLLO THEATRE, 42 ST. POPULAR MAT. TOMORROW BEST SEATS $2.50 GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS

CORT Theatre, West 48th St., East of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. A BEDTIME STORY FOR ADULTS THE LOCKED DOOR

THEATRE GUILD PRESENTS MATINEE TODAY—BEST SEATS, $2. FATA MORGANA (MIRAGE) WITH EMILY STEVENS "A brilliant, dicussable sex comedy."—Corbin, Times.

LYCEUM Theatre, West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. "SO THIS IS POLITICS"

COBRA HUDSON, West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Special Mat. Tom'w & Wed. DRAMATIC SENSATION

KLAW, W. 45 St. Evs. 8:37. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:26 LAST TWO WEEKS OF THE EURIOUSLY FUNNY FARCE, MEET THE WIFE THE LAUGH HIT—with MARY BOLAND

F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest present DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS THIEF OF BAGDAD

LIBERTY Thea., W. 42 St. Twice Daily 2:30—8:30. Sun. Mat. at 3.

The 8th CAPACITY MONTH TEN COMMANDMENTS A Paramount Production (Famous Players) GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way at 43d St. Twice Daily, 2:30—8:30. Best Seats Tonight $1.50—Best Mat. $1 $1.

B.F. Keith's PALACE B'y & 47 St. Bryant 4300. CLARK & McCULLOUGH Marie Nordstrom, Reps & Mayo, Miss Martha Hedman, Wm. & Joe Mandel, Edith Nelson, Georges Dufranne, & others. B. S. MOSS' B'WAY AT 41 ST. B. F. Keith Acts | Milk Fund Fight Pictures | REGINALD DENNY in The Reckless Age


MOTION PICTURES


"WANDERER OF THE WASTELAND"—*Page 17*

OUR BIG SCENES TODAY WERE THE MEETING OF THE YOUNG LOVERS, JACK HOLT AND BILLIE DOVE, THE DISPLAY OF VIOLENT HATRED OF THE GIRL'S FATHER FOR HER MOTHER, WHOM HE SUSPECTS—AND LATER THE TERRIFIC FIGHT BETWEEN HOLT, HIS BROTHER AND A SHERIFF.

THESE SCENES WERE ENACTED IN A LITTLE HOVEL IN THE VERY HEART OF DEATH VALLEY, AND IN NATURAL COLOR ARE PICTORIALLY MAGNIFICENT.

WE ARE FINDING NEW COLOR BLENDS EACH DAY. "WANDERER OF THE WASTELAND" WOULD BE A GREAT PRODUCTION IN PLAIN BLACK AND WHITE—THE COLOR HEIGHTENS IT FIFTY PER CENT.

*Actual Notes from the Book of Irvin Willat.*

*Famous Players-Lasky Corporation*

Done in Technicolor

COMING TO THE RIVOLI—July 6th



5th WEEK OF THE OUTSTANDING PICTURE OF THE YEAR! FRANK LLOYD'S The SEA HAWK By RAFAEL SABATINI A First National Picture. ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45th Street. Twice Daily, 2:30—8:30.

MARK STRAND BROADWAY AT 47th STREET Thos. H. Ince presents "THOSE WHO DANCE" A First National Picture with BLANCHE SWEET and Star Cast and the Original 6 Brown Brothers and their Band of 36 Saxophones.

MARY PICKFORD Dorothy Vernon of Haddon Hall A MARSHALL NEILAN PRODUCTION CRITERION B'way at 44th St. Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30. Sun. Mat. 4:3

HAROLD LLOYD in "GIRL SHY" B. S. MOSS CAMEO 42d St. Continuous 10:30 A. M. to 11:30 P. M. A B'way

CAPITOL "RECOIL" By REX BEACH. Featuring BETTY BLYTHE. CAPITOL GRAND ORCHESTRA

PLAZA Mad. Ave. at 59th St. AGNES AYRES and PERCY MARMONT in "WHEN A GIRL LOVES"

MARK STRAND BROADWAY AT 47th ST. BEGINNING SUNDAY Sol Lesser presents BABY PEGGY in CAPTAIN JANUARY by Laura E. Richards

A PRINCIPAL PICTURE



The Neighborhood Playhouse 466 Grand Street. Tel. Dry Dock 7816. TONIGHT AT 8:30 SHARP "The Grand Street Follies" ORCH. $1.50. BALCONY $1 & 75c.

MUD A CLEAN COMEDY OPENS TONIGHT 8:45 by Katherine Browning Miller CHERRY LANE THEATRE 40 Commerce Street Subscription Hill—Spring 2416.

COLUMBIA Times Sq. at 47 St. Evs. Prices 25c. to $1.50 BURLESQUE SMOKING. Collins & Pillard in Hollywood Follies Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15.

STEEPLECHASE CONEY ISLAND The Funny Place

# TOLLEY'S 290 TAKES FRENCH OPEN TITLE

### Hagen Scores Brilliant 69 on Last Round, but Is Three Strokes Behind Victor.

### LAFITTE THIRD WITH 295

### Boomer, Champion Last Year, Has 297 and Is Fourth—Sarazen's 307 Places Him Fourteenth.

LA BOULIE, France, July 1 (Associated Press).—Outplaying a fine international field including the pick of French and American professional stars, Cyril Tolley, former British amateur title-holder, sprang one of the biggest sensations of the season today by capturing the French open golf championship with the brilliant score of 290 for the 72-hole test over the difficult La Boulie course.

Shooting his best golf today over the final thirty-six holes despite a rainstorm which deluged the links, the long-hitting British star decisively conquered his professional rivals, finishing three strokes ahead of Walter Hagen, the American professional and newly crowned British open champion, whose remarkable 69 on the last round was not able to overcome Tolley's lead.

Hagen's spectacular bid to capture two open crowns in a row contrasted with the debacle of his countryman, Gene Sarazen, who, after leading the field in the first day's play with a score of 144 collapsed this morning, taking an 83 which included a fatal 9 for the first hole, and finishing fourteenth with a total of 307, although he made a good finish this afternoon with a round of 73.

Hagen tossed away his chance for victory on the outward nine holes this morning, taking 40 to the turn, including 6s at the first, fourth and seventh holes and losing eight strokes on this stretch to Tolley. The American's final round, typical of his fighting finishes, was one under par and the best round of the tournament, but it came too late to save the day for him. Hagen's score was, most remarkable considering the conditions under which it was made and it was only four strokes short of the course record held by Aubrey Boomer, the 1923 open champion, who finished fourth today with 297, two strokes behind his countryman, Lafitte.

Tolley's victory was due to his steady play throughout the two days in which there were several remarkable recoveries. One of these was a fifty-foot pitch up a steep bank to the second green for a par 4 after a tremendous drive of over 350 yards, when the gallery was of the opinion he would be lucky to get a 6 or 7. Tolley was only two strokes behind the leader yesterday, with two fine 73s; he did even better today with 71 in the morning and 73 in the final round.

The Spanish champion, Angel de la Torre, landed fifth place with 298, while others in the top flight included Mo-Ivenney, 299; Irrygoen, 300; Massey, 301; Guadin, 302, and Bodcazev, 303.

# MARTIN WINS TITLE IN WESTCHESTER GOLF

### *Apawamis Player Beats Walters, 7 and 6, in Final of Junior Tournament.*

With a birdie on the long twelfth hole, Leonard Martin of Apawamis yesterday defeated his club mate, F. J. Walters, 7 and 6, in the final of the Westchester County junior golf championship tournament played over the course of the Hudson River Club. Martin had things his own way in the title round, after defeating Paul Youngs of Hudson River, 4 and 3, in his semi-final engagement. Walters advanced to the final by winning from Jesse Beckmore of Ardsley in a match that was carried to the home hole for a decision, 2 up.

Martin played close to par golf all the way through the final, having two birdies and seven par holes in the twelve that were played in deciding the championship. He started off with a birdie 3 at the first, which put him one up, and his pars at the third, fourth and fifth holes sent him into a commanding lead. On the sixth both golfers required one more than the standard, but Martin got down in par figures again on the seventh and eighth, putting him six up at the turn. Walters did not win a single hole and was able to halve only the second, sixth and ninth on the outward journey. He was even on the tenth and eleventh, but when Martin got a 4 on the par 5 twelfth, the match came to an end.

The cards:

| Out— | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Martin | 5 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 5—36 |
| Walters | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 5—42 |
| In— | | | | | | | | | |
| Martin | 5 | 4 | 4 | | | | | | |
| Walters | 5 | 4 | 5 | | | | | | |

The summaries:

Semi-Final Round—F. J. Walters, Apawamis, defeated Jesse Beckmore, Ardsley, 2 up. Leonard Martin, Apawamis, defeated Paul Youngs, Hudson River, 4 and 3.

Final Round—Martin defeated Walters, 7 and 6.

# LONE U. S. GOLFER GAINS.

### Upson Wins Second-Round Match in Canadian Amateur Play.

TORONTO, July 2.—Lauren Upsom of the University of California, the only American remaining in the Canadian amateur golf championship tourney, won his second-round match today after a spirited struggle with W. McLuckie of Kanawaki. The match ended at the thirty-eighth hole.

Other winners were Seymour Lyon of Lambton, C. R.; Grier of Mount Bruno, Frank Thompson of Mississauga, C. Fraser of Kanawaki, Ross Somerville of London, Norman Scott of Royal Montreal and F. G. Hobitzel of Sarnia.

# DUNDEE READY FOR KAPLAN.

### Articles for Featherweight Title Bout to Be Signed Tomorrow.

Articles for a world's featherweight championship bout between Champion Johnny Dundee and Louis (Kid) Kaplan, Meriden (Conn.) challenger, will be signed tomorrow afternoon, according to present plans, at a meeting which will be attended by Charley Johnston, acting as manager for Dundee, and Dennis McMahon and Joe Beasley, managers of Kaplan. Johnston yesterday announced he had arranged the meeting for the purpose of signing articles for the bout, which has been ordered signed by the State Athletic Commission before the board's meeting next Tuesday.

Johnston gave no indication of the probable site for this battle beyond expressing a preference for a decision contest here, rather than a bout to a decision in Waterbury or New Haven, where Connecticut promoters are seeking the match. It was announced that following the signing of articles the best offer advanced by a promoter seeking the contest will be accepted.

### *Ball From Williams's Racquet Breaks Tendon in Umpire's Leg*

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Co.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—The speed with which R. Norris Williams strokes is well known in the Wimbledon lawn tennis tourney, but today he accomplished the unprecedented feat of disabling an umpire. H. T. Parry was umpiring the doubles match between Williams and Watson, M. Washburn and Kingsley and Masterman of England, when a ball deflected from Williams's racquet struck Parry on the leg. The pain was great and examination by a doctor revealed a broken tendon in Parry's leg.

# VILLA KNOCKS OUT CATENA IN FIFTH

### World's Flyweight Champion Outclasses Opponent in Jersey Bout—No Title at Stake.

Pancho Villa, dynamic little Filipino who holds the world's flyweight championship title, made short work of Henny Catena, Greenwich Village contender for the championship throne, last night in their scheduled twelve-round bout before a crowd of about 4,000 at the West New York (N. J.) Playarounds. With a terrific left to the wind, followed by a right under the heart, Villa crumpled his rival on the ring floor after one minute and thirty-five seconds of the fifth round.

The knockdown was the fourth Catena had suffered in the short time the bout had progressed. He was floored first in the fourth session. Twice in the fifth round before that final knockdown had Catena gone down but as many times had he gamely regained his feet.

The terrific force of Villa's body blows, however, made it evident that Catena could not proceed with the bout, and as Referee Joe Jeannette, wise in his experience through many gruelling ring battles, started counting he realized the situation. He tolled off two as Catena remained prostrate and then, stooping, started to lift the beaten west sider. Simultaneously a towel hurtled through the air, sailed over Jeannette's best form as he stooped, and landed on the floor of the ring, mute admission of defeat from Catena's corner.

Catena gave his best in his bid for victory, but his best was not good enough against the fury of the little brown man who holds the title. Villa entered the ring after weighing in, in the afternoon at 114 pounds and at this weight he was at his best. Catena also weighed in above the flyweight class limit, thus eliminating the championship element from the battle. The west sider's weight was 114½ pounds.

### More Spectacular Than Ever.

The sensational little Filipino was more spectacular than ever. He was strong, fast, vigorous and, to an extent, even vicious, or so it seemed. He contented himself with outpointing and outboxing Catena in the first three rounds, but in flashes with which he electrified the crowd with his furious onslaughts and bewildered Catena, the champion pounded his rival wickedly about the body. At close quarters, too, Villa wrought havoc with Catena's stamina and endurance, beating a perfect tattoo with a heavy right on the side of the body and under Catena's heart whenever they came to close quarters. It was these blows which paved the way for Villa's triumph and made evident from the start that Catena could not hope to survive twelve rounds of such punishment.

Catena met defeat in these body blows at close quarters, and his defense at long range was perforated by Villa whenever the champion flashed his speed, so that the game, willing little Catena was an easy target for the title-holder's assortment of blows from the outset. Not until three rounds had passed, however, did the West Sider show signs of crumpling. Then Catena tried to put up a defense against the body blows, only to have Villa shift to the face, with disastrous results for Catena's championship hopes.

Starting the fourth round Catena bothered the champion considerably with a left-hook attack in which the west sider sent his fist to Villa's face and body for repeated counters, while the crowd urged him on. Villa stopped the onslaught, however, with one swishing right swing which landed on the jaw and sent Catena staggering backward to the ropes. The champion coolly stepped off and appraised the damage while his rival down and then as coolly stepped close with a left hook to the jaw which, landing accurately, sent Catena down for a count of seven. The bell ended the round before Villa could follow his advantage.

### Villa Continues Attack.

With the opening of the fifth session Villa ripped and slashed at Catena until the latter lowered his guard. Then the champion crashed a right to the jaw which sent Catena to the canvas for a count of eight. Arising, Catena gamely faced his rival, only to crumple again this time under a withering left to the body. Catena was hurt. His legs refused to function for a time and he gamely tried to crawl over to the ropes to pull himself up. Finally, and with apparent effort, the little Greenwich Village favorite managed to reach an erect position, as Referee Jeannette finished "nine" in his count. It was only a few fleeting seconds, however, before Catena was again on the floor, this time from Villa's left to the wind and right to the heart, and the bout was over.

In the semi-final of eight rounds Joey Ross, Hoboken flyweight, easily outpointed Sammy Bienfeld, East Side youngster, in an interesting struggle. Billy Reynolds, Jersey City flyweight, stopped Charlie Niteman of West New York, in the fifth round of a scheduled six-round bout. Irish Jimmy Delmont of Hoboken, knocked out Tommy Albin, local lightweight, in the first round of another bout scheduled for six rounds. In the four-round preliminaries Georgie Mack outpointed Moe Roth and Pete Altro knocked out George Harlow in two rounds.

# GREB-STRIBLING BOUT POSTPONED BY MAYOR

### *Says It Would Be Dangerous to Public Health Owing to Smallpox in Adjoining State.*

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind., July 2.—The Young Stribling-Harry Greb and Abe Goldstein-Cannie Currie boxing contests scheduled for July 4 here were postponed tonight, at the order of Mayor William F. C. Dell, who said a smallpox quarantine in the adjacent States of Michigan made it dangerous to public health to hold the contests.

From Lansing, Mich., Dr. George H. Ramsey, Deputy State Health Commissioner, declared there is no smallpox quarantine in that State and that "the only quarantine in effect—that against travelling circuses and carnivals—had been lifted last Monday.

At Chicago, headquarters of the Arena Boxing and Athletic Club, which is promoting the contests, it was said that the opening of the Hawthorne racing program there tomorrow and the fact that many prospective patrons had been attracted elsewhere by a three-day holiday this week-end, had caused advance box office receipts to fall far below the expectations of the promoters.

# MISS WILLS GAINS WIMBLEDON FINAL

### Beats Mrs. Satterthwaite by 6-2, 6-1, and Will Meet Miss McKane Tomorrow.

### WILLIAMS-WASHBURN WIN

### Richards and Hunter Also Reach Semi-Finals in Doubles—Mrs. Wightman and Williams Lose.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—Miss Helen Wills still remains the enigma of the Wimbledon lawn tennis championships. She defeated Mrs. Phyllis Satterthwaite today, 6—2, 6—1, but will she be good enough to vanquish Miss Kathleen McKane, England's best woman player, whom, as a result of Mlle. Lenglen's default, she will meet in the final on Friday?

Miss Wills is frankly amazed at her success. "It is wonderful to find oneself in the finals," she said today to THE NEW YORK TIMES representative. None of her matches have been close enough to bring out her strong points. Mrs. Satterthwaite is a player of one stroke. She is very good in baseline driving and is unusually strong on the backhand. She tries to drive every ball that comes to her and so she makes no new demands on her opponents. Miss Wills took the first game of the match and dropped only the second and fourth in the first set and the fourth in the second set. She held her own in the long-distance duels, winning many of them with pretty placements, and she scored many aces by advancing to mid-court. She would have gained an even greater victory if she had been more aggressive. Her unfortunate lapses cost an unnecessarily large number of points, but she impressed the spectators by the ease of her game and the speed with which she covered court without appearing to hurry. She will have a different opponent in Miss McKane, and although the result is considered doubtful it will be no surprise if she wins the championship.

### Americans Easily Win.

R. Norris Williams and Watson M. Washburn had no difficulty in putting out C. H. Kingsley and J. C. Masterman, 6—1, 6—4, 6—4, in the men's doubles and will meet the English cracks, R. A. Lycett and L. A. Godfrey, in the semi-finals. Vincent Richards and Francis T. Hunter, however, found Mr. Lycett and J. C. Masterman a hard pair to beat. The Americans won after a hard struggle, 6—2, 7—5, 3—6, 6—4. In the first set their pace was too fast for the Englishman, but in the second they allowed their rivals to gain a team of five games to two. Hunter was in fine form, but as the rallies grew longer he drove out of court or found the net, and Richards also was growing more inaccurate. The set seemed lost, but with a brave game on Richards's service the Americans recovered brilliantly and took five games in succession from the Englishmen. The latter, however, took the third set, 6—4, and the Americans had to work hard to capture the fourth, in the semi-finals they will meet the South African pair, Louis Raymond and P. D. Spence, who today disposed of A. R. F. Kingscote and P. G. Gilbert, who had just put out Carl Fischer and Norman E. Brookes.

Mrs. George Wightman and Williams fell before Miss McKane and J. Bryan Gilbert in the mixed doubles, 6—1, 4—6, 6—2. Williams was playing a fine game and he took one love game with it, but his very force frequently made him drive out in the rallies. Miss McKane handled his service far better than her partner and won several points herself on his clever service. Gilbert's uncertainty was a handicap to her, but Mrs. Wightman, on the opposite side of net, was also making many errors. In the first set games alternated to five all when the Americans broke down in succession, but they then fell off and could take only two games in the second set. In the third they did not look as if they could capture any games at all, but Williams took the sixth game on service and their opponents' errors gave them another.

F. T. Hunter and Miss Lilian Scharman fell before Godfrey and Mrs. Shepherd-Barron, 9—7, 7—5.

### Mlle. Lenglen a Spectator.

Mlle. Lenglen was present at Wimbledon today, but merely as a spectator. She sat for most of the afternoon in a corner of the committee box with a big gray squirrel fur around her, and indulged in little of that flitting among competitors which is her familiar custom. To THE NEW YORK TIMES representative she said:

"What can I say more than how deeply I regret having had to retire. I had hoped my doctor would give me a better report today, but he did not. He tells me I must stop playing and keep quiet for two weeks or so. But I am so sorry to think of how I treated Miss Ryan. If I had not defeated her she might so easily have gone on to the championship, but now it is impossible."

"And what about the Olympic games!" she was asked.

"I hope I shall be better in a few weeks, then I may play," was her reply.

Sympathy for Mlle. Lenglen among the competitors is almost universal. They have been in close contact with her in the last ten days and have known, especially since her match with Miss Ryan on Monday, that she has not been well.

Mrs. Wightman, captain of the American women's team, said to THE NEW YORK TIMES representative:

"There is no doubt at all that Mlle. Lenglen is ill, and that since her hard fight on Monday she has been in pain. It is a great pity, however, that she did not scratch before she met Miss Ryan. But I think she is quite justified now in not going on playing. It might be dangerous to her health to take such a risk. I am sure, too, that she feels greatly the position in which she placed Miss Ryan and that she would have been quite ready to take a beating rather than hurt the prospects of her old friend if she had realized she would be forced to retire.

### Miss Wills Sympathetic.

Miss Helen Wills, whose probable meeting with Mlle. Lenglen had been looked forward to as a special feature of this year's tourney, also was very sympathetic with the French champion. "I am very sorry for Mlle. Lenglen," said Miss Wills, "and I feel she is quite justified in scratching. It is plain she has not been well for some days, and if she insisted on playing now it might be very much worse for her."

It was suggested that if the great Franco-American final had come off Miss Wills might have made a very good fight of it, but she only laughed and said: "Oh, I don't know."

Mrs. Mallory, on the other hand, refused to comment on Mlle. Lenglen's retirement. "No, no! Not a word," she exclaimed.

"But surely she is not well," THE NEW YORK TIMES representative argued.

"I don't know. I have not spoken to her. I have not seen her. How should I know?"

Vincent Richards, while feeling very sorry for Mlle. Lenglen and admitting she was far from well, was rather cautious in expressing his views as to her justification for her action. "When you enter for a tournament you ought to play, however you feel. Why, if we all waited until we felt perfectly well we should none of us play. I know I often played when I felt very far from well."

He admitted that the time came when to play became dangerous to one's health, but he was not prepared to commit himself to a statement that Mlle. Lenglen had yet reached that point.

### Easily Gains the Finals.

WIMBLEDON, England, July 2 (Associated Press).—Miss Helen M. Wills, American lawn tennis star, today won her way to the final round of the women's singles in the Wimbledon tournament by defeating Mrs. Phyllis Satterthwaite of England, 6—2, 6—1.

The point score of the match between Miss Wills and Mrs. Satterthwaite follows:

FIRST SET.

| | | | | | | | | | Pts. | G. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Miss Wills | 5 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 29 | 6 |
| Mrs. Satterthwaite | 3 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 17 | 2 |

SECOND SET.

| | | | | | | | | Pts. | G. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Miss Wills | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 34 | 6 |
| Mrs. Satterthwaite | 1 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 14 | 1 |

The summaries:

Women's Singles—Miss Helen Wills, United States, defeated Mrs. Phyllis Satterthwaite, England, 6—2, 6—1.

Men's Doubles—R. Norris Williams and Watson M. Washburn, United States, defeated Charles H. Kingsley and J. C. Masterman, England, 6—1, 6—4, 6—4; Randolph Lycett and L. A. Godfrey, England, defeated Jose and Manuel Alonso, Spain, 6—4, 6—4, 6—3; Louis Raymond and P. D. B. Spence, South Africa, defeated A. R. F. Kingscote and G. B. Gilbert, England, 6—3, 7—9, 6—3; Raymond and Spence defeated Norman E. Brookes, Australia, and Carl Fischer, United States, 6—4, 6—3; Vincent Richards and Francis T. Hunter, United States, defeated M. Woosman and A. F. P. Wheatley, England, 6—2, 7—5, 1—6, 6—4.

Mixed Doubles—Gilbert and Miss Kathleen McKane, England, defeated R. Norris Williams and Mrs. George Wightman, United States, 6—1, 4—6, 6—2; Francis T. Hunter and Miss Lilian Scharman, United States, defeated L. A. Godfrey and Mrs. Shepherd-Barron, England, 9—7, 7—5.

## *TILDEN ADVANCES IN WESTERN TENNIS*

### *Eight Seeded Players All Survive at Indianapolis—Gravem Forces Chapin.*

INDIANAPOLIS, July 2 (Associated Press).—The Western tennis tourney sifted down to the eight players seeded in the draw as the result of today's third round matches, which, although hotly contested, were devoid of upsets.

Winning from Ray Kunkel of Cincinnati in love sets, William T. Tilden continued his spectacular march and stood tonight more of a favorite than ever to capture the title. Without exception, the favorites all turned in straight-set victories today.

The big match of the day and one in which for a time a startling upset seemed probable, was between A. C. Chapin of Hyannis, Mass., and Alex Gravem of Chicago. Gravem took the first set, 6—4, but succumbed to Chapin's driving attack in the last two, 6—4, 6—4.

As the eight nationally and internationally known stars oppose each other tomorrow in the last barrier before the semi-finals, a day of tennis thrills seldom seen in Western Conference circles is promised. In one bracket Tilden will meet George Lott of Chicago, national junior champion, and R. E. Schlesinger, the Australian, will oppose Chapin. In the other John Hennessey, Indianapolis, will play R. C. Norton of South Africa, while Gerald Patterson, Australia, tackles Louis Kuhler, Cincinnati. Tilden and Schlesinger should be victorious in their bracket, while Patterson and Norton are picked by the winners in the second. Then if the dope runs as true to form as it has through the early stages of the tourney Tilden and Patterson will meet in the finals, with the national champion a decided favorite.

No surprises occurred in the second round of the men's doubles, Patterson and Schlesinger, the Australian pair, winning an easy victory, while Hennessey and Chapin, another strong team, also won by a wide margin. The third round of women's singles was also played today and the boy's and junior tournament started.

The summaries:

Men's Singles—William T. Tilden, Philadelphia, defeated Ray Kunkel, Cincinnati, 6—0, 6—0; George Lott, Chicago, defeated G. O. Starbuck, Indianapolis, 7—5, 6—3; R. E. Schlesinger, Australia, defeated I. Adler, Indianapolis, 6—1, 7—5; A. H. Chapin Jr., Hyannis, Mass., defeated Alex. Gravem, Chicago, 4—6, 6—4, 6—4; Gerald Patterson, Australia, defeated George O'Connell, Chicago, 6—4, 6—2; Louis Kuhler, Cincinnati, defeated Julius Sagalowsky, Indianapolis, 6—1, 6—3; R. C. Norton, South Africa, defeated Jack McKay, Indianapolis, 6—4, 6—4; John Hennessey, Indianapolis, defeated J. L. Werner, St. Louis, 6—4, 6—1.

Men's Doubles—Chapin and Hennessey defeated Klingsman and Frye, 6—1; 6—3, 6—0; Norton and Werner defeated Wilson and Albers, 6—3, 6—1; Patterson and Schlesinger defeated McGlynn and Strachan, 6—1, 6—3, 6—1; Tilden and Welner defeated Crane and O'Connell, 6—4, 6—0, 6—2; Sagalowsky and Burdick defeated Frambes and Withwein, 7—5, 6—3; Kuhler and Kunkel defeated L. Kursrock and M. Kurzrock, 6—2, 6—1, 6—2; Lott and Graven defeated Hendricks and Richards, 6—1, 6—4, 6—3.

## *MISS MACDONALD GAINS SEMI-FINALS*

### *Advances in Connecticut Tennis With Mrs. LeRoy, Mrs. Green and Miss Francis.*

*Special to The New York Times.*

NEW CANAAN, Conn., July 2.—The semi-final round of the women's Connecticut State lawn tennis championship was reached today on the courts of the Country Club of New Canaan, with Miss Mayme MacDonald, national clay court champion, and Mrs. Robert Le Roy, New Jersey titleholder, left in one half, and Mrs. H. Stuart Green and Miss Alice Francis in the other. They will meet tomorrow in the order named, Mrs. Green and Miss Francis going on the court at 2 o'clock and Miss MacDonald and Mrs. Le Roy at 3.

In the fourth round today Miss MacDonald defeated Mrs. Joseph Collingwood at 6—0, 6—1. The game Mrs. Collingwood got in the second set was the only one Miss MacDonald has dropped in the tournament. Mrs. Le Roy eliminated Miss Florence Ballin at 6—0, 6—2. Mrs. Green disposed of Mrs. David C. Mills at 6—1, 6—1, and Miss Francis put out Miss Gertrude Hopper at 6—3, 10—8. This last match was the only close one of the day, the second set lasting almost an hour.

The final round of the doubles championship was reached, with Mrs. Green and Miss Isabella Mumford of Boston and Mrs. Edward Raymond and Miss Edith Handy as the two surviving teams. They will meet tomorrow in the title round at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. Raymond and Miss Handy advanced two rounds today, in the second round their defeated Mrs. Alfred Thurber and Miss Lewis Gouverneur Morris at 6—2, 2—6, 6—4, and in the semi-finals they put out Mrs. Collingwood and Miss Caroone Wiman at 6—2, 6—3. Mrs. Green and Miss Mumford advanced at the expense of Miss Hopper and Miss Mary Case at 6—3, 6—4 in the semi-finals, after the latter team had put out Mrs. William Helm and Mrs. John Thayer at 6—2, 6—4.

The mixed doubles tournament will start on Friday.

### Belyea Out of Diamond Sculls.

LONDON, July 2.—Hilton Belyea, of St. John, N. B., has been scratched from the Diamond Sculls contest as Henley, owing to an attack of neuritis.

# LANG BEATS MATHEY IN NASSAU TENNIS

### Eliminates Holder of Two Legs on Cup in Third-Round Match, 6-4, 3-6, 6-3.

### VOSHELL IN SEMI-FINALS

### Advances With O'Hara-Wood and Rice by Defeating Baggs and Chandler in Straight Sets.

*Special to The New York Times.*

GLEN COVE, L. I., July 2.—Jerry Lang of Columbia University added another notable victory to his list for the season today when he defeated Dean Mathey in the third round of the annual invitation lawn tennis tournament of the Nassau Country Club. Mathey, who holds two legs on the Nassau Cup and came close to taking it outright last year when he carried R. Norris Williams 2d to five sets in the final round, was seeded third in the draw and looked upon as an almost certain semi-finalist. Lang gave a brilliant account of himself and broke up Mathey's net game, winning in three sets at 6—4, 3—6, 6—3.

Fred Kalms of the Australian Davis Cup team, another of the ranking favorites, also suffered unexpected defeat. Edward Chandler of the University of California disposed of him in less than thirty minutes in the third round, at 6—1, 6—2. Kalms played disappointing tennis and was outclassed against the Californian's severe volleying and driving. It did not add any to the prestige of the Australian's game when in the next round Chandler was put out of the running by S. Howard Voshell of New Carlsena at 6—3, 7—5. Earlier in the day Voshell had gained his fourth-round bracket by defeating Fred Baggs on the West Side Tennis Club courts at 6—1, 7—5.

The second victory of Voshell put him in the semi-finals, along with Pat O'Hara-Wood of the Australian team and Lawrence B. Rice of Boston. O'Hara-Wood defeated Crair Biddle of Philadelphia in the morning at 6—0, 6—1, playing his best tennis in the tournament thus far. He played his shots with nice precision, finding the openings regularly and finishing off the returns at the net occasionally with a sound exhibition of volleying.

### Emerson, Exhausted, Defaults.

Gerald Emerson was to have O'Hara-Wood's opponent in the fourth round but, after playing a stiff three-set match with Lewis N. White of Texas, which he won at 6—3, 5—7, 6—3, Emerson declined to go on the court at the hour scheduled, asking for more rest, and was defaulted. O'Hara-Wood going into the semi-finals.

Rice gained his place in the semi-finals by defeating, in succession, Muir Rogers of the University of Kansas, 6—1, 6—1, and Dr. George King of New York, former metropolitan play tour champion, 6—4, 6—4. Rice and the Boston player was extended to the utmost in the first set of his match with Rogers. The youthful collegian hit with uncompromising severity and occasionally changed pace with the best of results. His manner in which he found the openings down the side lines and across court when Rice came to the net discouraged the Boston man from playing his usual fore-court game and the contest developed into a back-yard back court driving duel. Service was no asset in this first set, both players breaking through regularly. Rogers exhausted himself with his strenuous driving game and forehand drive and this made court covering and submitted easily in the second set.

Tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock Lang will play Irving Weinstein of the University of California in the fourth round and the winner of the match will be bracketed with O'Hara-Wood. Weinstein advanced in a three-set match with Alfred S. Dabney of Boston today, winning at 6—3, 6—4, 6—4.

Play in the doubles tournament began this afternoon with thirty-two teams entered, including O'Hara-Wood and Kalms and Zenzo Shimizu and Seiichiro Kashio, the Japanese pair, who advanced two rounds by defeating Harrington and S. A. Fitch at 6—2, 6—3 and Clarence C. Pell and H. Martin at 6—3, 6—3, 6—4.

### McCloy and Brunie Retire.

One other team gained the third round. Lang and Weinstein, after defeating John S. McCloy and Henry Brunie at 7—5, 6—3, were within a point of defeat at the hands of Henry Bassford and Armand L. Bruneau when the latter pair defaulted. The score was 5—7, 6—3, 6—4 and 30—40. Bassford and Bruneau would have been unable to play tomorrow and therefore defaulted.

O'Hara-Wood and Kalms reached the second round by defeating R. J. Gallon and Craig S. Amoss at 6—2, 6—4. Among the other teams to advance were Samuel Hardy and Voshell, Philip and Ludlow Vandeventer, Craig Biddle and Dr. William Rosenbaum, Walter Pate and Thomas Sturgis, Chandler and Bruce Hamilton of California, Theodore Roosevelt Pell and Alfred Dabney, Lewis White and Louis Thalheimer, intercollegiate champions; Ralph Baggs and Kenneth Fisher and Robert Le Roy and Fred Berge.

Mathey's defeat by Lang was brought about by his weakness off the ground and Lang's success in meeting his net attack. The Columbian played a strong game all around, carrying most of his strokes on his ground strokes. He placed his shots with the best of judgment and had so much pace on them that Mathey could not help but make errors. Mathey put his main reliance upon his net attack at the start, with varying results. When he could get to the ball he put it away, but Lang showed the ability to find his openings and passed him frequently or placed the ball so wide of his racquet that Mathey erred on his return.

Voshell was able to take the first set of his match with Chandler without extending himself at 7—5. He played almost entirely from back court, coming up only when he had the other in the hole. His returns of service were as good and he handled the Californian's ground strokes without any difficulty. In the second set Chandler gained a lead of 4—1 when Voshell raised the net. The next two games were divided and then Voshell ran five in a row for the set and match.

The summaries:

Singles—Second Round—Muir Rogers defeated C. A. Fitch, 6—3, 6—3.

Third Round—Pat O'Hara-Wood defeated Craig Biddle, 6—0, 6—1; Gerald E. Emerson defeated Lewis N. White, 6—3, 5—7, 6—3; Jerry Lang defeated Dean Mathey, 6—4, 3—6, 6—3; Irving Weinstein defeated Alfred S. Dabney, 6—3, 6—4, 6—4; Edward Chandler defeated Fred Kalms, 6—1, 6—2; S. Howard Voshell defeated Fred Baggs, 6—1, 7—5; Lawrence B. Rice defeated Rogers, 6—4, 6—4.

Fourth Round—O'Hara-Wood defeated Emerson by default; Voshell defeated Chandler, 7—5; Rice defeated King, 6—4, 6—4.

Doubles—First Round—Pat O'Hara-Wood and Fred Kalms defeated W. J. Galen and F. W. Gilmore, 6—4, 6—3; Robert Le Roy and Fred C. Baggs defeated Harry J. Parker and Fred C. Schmidt, 6—4, 6—4; Zenzo Shimizu and Seiichiro Kashio defeated John C. Harrington and S. A. Fitch, 6—2, 6—4; Clarence C. Pell and H. Martin won from Cawhart and Smith by default; Samuel Hardy and Howard Voshell defeated Louis B. Dailey Jr. and Paul Martin, 6—3, 6—3, 6—4; T. Ferguson and Stuart Saynton Jr. defeated M. L. Brewster and W. J. Bladen, 6—3, 6—3; Philip and Ludlow Vandeventer defeated Gerald B. Emerson and Aston F. Von Herrutty, 6—4, 6—4; Craig Biddle and Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated Murray Pearce and Cedric Major, 6—3, 9—7; Walter L. Pate and Thomas Sturgis defeated G. T. Gaskin and Mute Rogers, 6—3, 6—4; Edward Chandler and Bruce Hamilton defeated F. T. Dickinson and C. M. Shipway, 6—4, 6—3; Theodore Roosevelt Pell and Alfred E. Dabney defeated Arthur Gratz and Manfred Goldman, 6—3, 6—4; Lewis N. White and Louis Thalheimer defeated E. H. Cox Jr. and Dwight Peyton, 6—4, 6—4; Ralph Baggs and Kenneth P. Fisher defeated Hoffman Mickerson and G. A. L. Dicone, 6—1, 6—3; Jerry Lang and Irving Weinstein defeated Wm. S. McCloy and Henry Brunie, 7—5, 6—3; Henry L. Bassford and Armand L. Bruneau defeated Edgar T. Appleby and George Stadel, 6—1, 6—4.

Second Round—Shimizu and Kashio defeated C. C. Pell and H. Martin, 6—3, 3—6, 6—2; Lang and Weinstein won from Bassford and Bruneau, 4—6, 6—4, 6—3, 30—40 and default.

# MARSHAL FOCH SEES U. S. STARS IN CAMP

### Baron de Coubertin, Head of International Olympic Body, Among 250 Guests.

### MISS EDERLE IS DEFEATED

### Is Third in 100-Meter Swim Trial, Which Miss Wehselau Wins in Better Than Olympic Time.

PARIS, July 2 (Associated Press).—Rain and official functions combined today to put the training of the American Olympic athletes into the background temporarily. The first bad weather encountered since the team left the United States kept all except the swimmers idle most of the day, while a formal luncheon tendered by the American Olympic Committee to a notable assemblage of international Olympic authorities and other prominent personages, including Marshal Foch, at Rocquencourt gave the social activities precedence over the athletic preparations.

So completely did the formal gathering occupy the scene at Rocquencourt that the team's dining quarters were taken over to provide for 250 guests, the athletes being sent to Versailles for luncheon. Colonel Thompson welcomed Marshal Foch and the Olympic officials of all nations, including Baron Pierre de Coubertin, President of the International Committee, and they responded appropriately. After luncheon the guests were entertained with a brief workout of the boxers and wrestlers and inspected the American camp.

### Squad in Fine Shape.

The track and field squad appeared in excellent condition after yesterday's hard session and Coach Robertson was satisfied to give the men only light exercise, to avoid stiffness. He plans to resume hard training tomorrow, taking most of the men for practice to a track just outside the Colombes Stadium, where the Finns, who evidently believe in the theory of uninterrupted hard work, again went through their paces today.

The Americans are not the only team to be handicapped by injuries. According to information reaching the American head coach, the crack British 880-yards runner, Cottrell, who was counted on to score in the 5,000 and 10,000 meter events, was badly hurt in an accident just before the British trials and was therefore eliminated from competition, while Guy Butler of Oxford, a 400-meter star, suffered from an injured tendon. A further misfortune happened to the Britons. Coach Robertson says he has been informed, through the disqualification as an amateur of Griffiths, a long-distance runner, he had accepted compensation for a race eight years ago.

The swimmers at Les Tourelles had trials to determine the entries in the several events, which close tomorrow. Miss Martha Wehselau, the young Hawaiian girl, sprang a surprise by conquering Miss Gertrude Ederle, the world's record holder, at 100 meters, free style. Miss Ederle finished third, with Miss Eleanor Holm of Chicago second and Miss Ethel Lackie of Chicago, the time of the winner was 1 minute 12 4-5 seconds, which bettered the Olympic record by 2-5 seconds and was only 3-5 seconds short of Miss Ederle's world mark.

### Miss Becker Gains Place.

Miss Elizabeth Becker, Atlantic City, clinched a place in the women's high diving, beating out Miss Aime Mann of Panama in competition for the third entry place.

In the trials for men, 200 meters breast stroke, Ralph Breyer, Northwestern University, made the best time, 2 minutes 22 3-5 seconds. Wallace O'Connor, Vallejo, Cal., was second with 2 minutes 23 2-5 seconds; John Farley, Illinois A. C., third, 2 minutes 28 seconds. Breyer, champion of Los Angeles A. C., disappointed his followers by not taking 2 minutes 31 seconds, the same as his brother, Sam Kahanamoku. Richard Howell, Northwestern University, was last, 2 minutes 33 seconds.

Manuel Wright, Uniontown, Y. M. C. A., defeated Charles Fong, Hawaii, for the right to third place in the 100 meters backstroke, while in the women's 100 meters backstroke, Miss Florence Chambers, San Diego, beat Mrs. Frances Schroth, San Francisco, for third entry.

# U. S. TO MEET BRITISH TODAY

### Americans to Play in Third Game of Olympic Polo Tourney.

PARIS, July 2, (Associated Press).—The United States polo team will meet the team from Great Britain tomorrow in the third match of the Olympic competition, America thereby furnishing the opposition in all three matches played in the tournament thus far. The North American team yesterday defeated Spain and previously had beaten France.

The match between the teams of Argentina and France, which was scheduled for today, was postponed because of rain and soggy grounds. It is expected, however, that the polo program will continue as originally arranged, with today's Argentina-France match relegated to the end of the competition so that it will not interfere with the continuance of the schedule.

In tomorrow's match the United States will present the usual lineup of Elmer J. Boseke, No. 1; Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., No. 2; Rodman Wanamaker, No. 3; Frederick Roe, back. The British team will have Captain F. E. Guest, No. 1; Lieutenant Colonel D. J. Y. Bingham, No. 2; Commandant F. W. Garrett, No. 3, and Commander P. K. Wise, back.

# U. S. IS THIRD IN SHOOT.

### Norway Wins Running-Deer Event in Olympics—Sweden Second.

PARIS, July 2 (Associated Press).—Norway today won the four-man team running-deer target shoot, scoring 160 out of a possible 200 points with 40 shots. Sweden was second with 154 and the United States third with 148, Major J. K. Boles, U. S. Field Artillery, scoring 41; Sergeant Raymond Coulter, U. S. M. C., 37; Sergeant Dennis Weston, U. S. Infantry, 32, and Ralph C. Stokes, Washington, D. C., 38.

Great Britain was fourth with 132, Finland fifth with 130 and Hungary sixth with 97.

# KYNASTON REACHES FINAL.

### Will Defend Kings County Tennis Title Against Cawse.

Percy L. Kynaston will defend his Kings County tennis title against Alfred J. Cawse tomorrow in the final round of the second annual championship tournament on the courts of the Ridge Club in Brooklyn. Yesterday, in

**The Fourth Means Henceforth at Carey's**

PATRONIZING Carey's for the FOURTH means patronizing Carey's HENCEFORTH—using us for INDEPENDENCE DAY means placing DEPENDENCE on us other days!—because a long business relationship is the inevitable result of one transaction at Carey's.

SOCIETY BRAND SUITS
KNOX HATS
MANHATTAN SHIRTS
BERKLEY KNIT SCARFS

*See us on the 3rd on your way to the train!*

*We will take back anything you can duplicate for less money*

J.P.CAREY & CO.
GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL

CLOTHIERS
HABERDASHERS
and HATTERS
to MEN


# ROBINS BEAT GIANTS WITH VANCE IN BOX

## Brooklyn Pitcher Allows 5 Hits and Wins, 4-1, Wilson Getting Homer in Ninth.

## FRISCH FORCED TO RETIRE

### Injures Leg in Collision With High —Fournier and De Berry Also Get Circuit Drives.

The Robins finally beat the Giants yesterday by the simple process of giving them practically no runs at all to play with. It was Wilbert Robinson's idea and Dazzy Vance's execution.

"The only way to beat these birds," said Uncle Wilbert before the game, "is to keep them from scoring. It stands to reason that they won't win without any runs. Funny nobody has thought of it before."

Vance carried out these instructions to the letter until the ninth. With the score 4 to 0 in his favor Dazzy set Young and Lindstrom, the first two batters in the inning, down on easy pops. Everything was fine and handsome, and Dazzy was just about to shake hands with himself and pat his own back when Hack Wilson caught a fast one on the nose and drove it on a line into the lower right field bleachers.

So the Giants lost, 4 to 1, but they weren't shut out. No whitewash for the champions yet this season. This is one of those moral victories that Yale football teams used to win. You may thrash the Giants but you can't blank them, even with two out and none on in the final round.

The moral victory was all the champs won. They lost the game and also ground in the pennant race, Chicago and Brooklyn, their nearest rivals, winning and cutting the New York lead over the Cubs to four and a half games. The Giants also lost Frisch, whose already tender left ankle was bruised and pounded in a play at second base in the fifth when Andy High got clumsy and fell over the fielder's leg. In the sixth, after it was learned that Frankie couldn't put his weight on his ankle, Fred Lindstrom, the eighteen-year-old child wonder from Toledo, took his place at second.

### Nehf Believes Watson.

Jacques Fournier, leading home run hitter of Flatbush and the National League, slugged his seventeenth drive of 1924 into the lower right field deck in the fourth with the paths unoccupied. Hank De Berry did the same in the ninth, and in the interim Kelly, Groh and Jackson indulged in some high and wide tossing of the sixteen-pound baseball, hurling the pill so recklessly around the premises that the Dodgers added a couple of unnecessary runs. This made John Watson feel very bitter and the home run pitcher retired at the end of the eighth to let Art Nehf come on and be socked for a homer in the ninth.

Early in the proceedings it was apparent to the unaided eye that the Giants were not going to become too familiar with Mr. Vance. The star twirler of the Robinson stable was at the top of his form, yielded only the parsimonious quota of five hits, gave no bases on balls and was generally a nuisance. In the eighth, to show what he can do when sufficiently aroused, he fanned three in a row, including two batters, Bill Terry and Bill Southworth, who were sent up to hit for the catcher and pitcher, respectively.

Vance's fast ball was coming in as big as an undersized pea, and his curve took freakish bends and twists which the Giants said weren't natural. Five Giants took the count on strikes, and in all but three of the nine innings it was one-two-three and out for the New York sluggers.

The only mistake Vance made was to underestimate the prowess of Mr. Wilson. The latest star of the McGraw ensemble had his own reputation to uphold. In his last seven games the chap built on the general lines of Civic Virtue had made at least one extra base hit per game. There was no aroma of luck attached to his homer, either. It was hit and saved two reputations—Mr. Hack's for long hits and the Giants' for not being shut out this year.

Watson was reached for a pair of singles but no runs in the first and then battled Vance hand to hand until the fourth, when along came the Fournier homer. In the seventh Solemn John's support cracked slightly and the Robins picked up an unearned tally. With one out Griffith and DeBerry smote singles, sending the former to second. Vance hit to Kelly, who flung to Jackson, but Stonewall first failed to touch second to force DeBerry and then threw past Kelly at first, the ball skidding to the stand while Griffith chased in. High, however, grounded to Lindstrom and into a double play which choked off further trouble.

### Wheat Draws a Pass.

More weird throwing in the eighth. Johnson led off with a single and Watson issued his first base on balls, to Wheat. When Fournier grounded to Kelly, the long first baseman threw wide to Jackson at second, filling the bases. Brown gave Gowdy a foul and then Stock grounded to Groh, who stepped on third, forcing Wheat. However, in trying to complete the double play Heinie thought he was bowling and rolled one which hit six feet in front of Kelly and bounced past the first sacker, Johnson scoring on the misplay.

The only Giant who got to second or third up to the ninth was Groh, who doubled to start the third and advanced a base on Young's infield hit, after two were out. Vance nailed Frisch on a fly to Brown. The two hits in this inning, combined with Jackson's infield blow in the second and Meusel's solid single in the fourth, were all the Giants got up to the time Wilson appeared in the ninth. In the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth the champs receded in order.

With runners on first and second in the fifth, Johnson grounded to Jackson, who chucked to Frisch, forcing High. The latter, although out by feet, bumped awkwardly into Frisch and knocked the Giant star over—unintentional but palpable interference. Frankie got up in time to nip Johnson at first, but he limped going off the field. The ankle is badly bruised but may be well enough to let Frisch play in the first Philly game tomorrow.

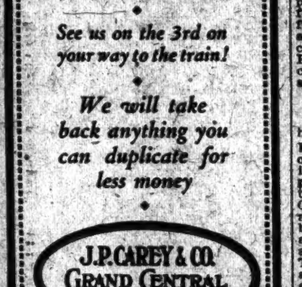
The score:

| BROOKLYN (N) | AB | R | H | PO | A | NEW YORK (N) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| High,2b | 5 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | Young,rf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Johnston,ss | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | Frisch,2b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Wheat,lf | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Lindstrom,3b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Fournier,1b | 4 | 1 | 2 | 13 | 1 | Wilson,cf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Brown,cf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | Kelly,1b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 1 |
| Stock,3b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | Meusel,lf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Griffith,rf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Jackson,ss | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 6 |
| DeBerry,c | 4 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 1 | Groh,3b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Vance,p | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | Gowdy,c | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | | | aTerry | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Snyder,c | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Watson,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | bSouthworth | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Nehf,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 37 | 4 | 10 | 27 | 12 | Total | 31 | 1 | 5 | 27 | 12 |

Errors—Brooklyn 0, New York 3 (Kelly, Jackson, Groh).
a Batted for Gowdy in eighth.
b Batted for Watson in eighth.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | — | 4 |
| New York | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | — | 1 |

Two-base hit—Groh. Home runs—Fournier, DeBerry, Wilson. Double plays—Jackson, Frisch and Kelly; Jackson, Lindstrom and Kelly. Left on bases—New York 3, Brooklyn 7. Bases on balls—Off Watson 3, Struck out—By Nehf 1, Vance 8. Hits—Off Watson 9 in 8 innings, Nehf 1 in 1. Losing pitcher—Watson. Umpires—Moran and Rigler. Time of game—1:26.

Gems

*LITTLE CIGARS*

Small but thoroughbreds from tip to tip—finest blended tobaccos make them so. *Admiration Miniatures* and *Gems* are ideal for that just-a-few-minutes smoke. Always keep a box handy.

*Gems - 10 for 35*
*Miniatures 10 for 25c*

*"Little Cigars that win"*
ADMIRATION

ADVERTISEMENT.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS. TRADE SPALDING MARK EST. A.D. 1876

**Holiday Needs**

OXFORD SPORT SHIRTS $3.00
FOULARD TIES $2.00
FLANNEL TROUSERS From $10.00
LINEN KNICKERS $6.50
GOLF STOCKINGS From $2.00
GOLF AND TENNIS SHOES From $8.50

A. G. Spalding & Bros.
UPTOWN STORE
523 Fifth Avenue (at 43d St.)

Gems

*LITTLE CIGARS*

Small but thoroughbreds from tip to tip—finest blended tobaccos make them so. *Admiration Miniatures* and *Gems* are ideal for that just-a-few-minutes smoke. Always keep a box handy.

*Gems - 10 for 35*
*Miniatures 10 for 25c*

*"Little Cigars that win"*
ADMIRATION

ADVERTISEMENT.

**See the Fine Racing AT AQUEDUCT**

Today's Features Include the
Hindoo Handicap
The Faraway
Adoration Purse
The Forest Park
and 3 Other Good Contests.
FIRST RACE AT 2:20 P. M.

SPECIAL RACE TRAINS
leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Ave., also from Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, at 12:30, 1:06, 1:50, Lve. P. M. Special Car Reserved for Ladies on all Race Trains. Also via Brooklyn "L" to Greenwood Ave. Station.
GRAND STAND $2.20, Including Tax.

BOATS, YACHTS, ACCESSORIES.
Rate $1 cents an agate line

HOUSEBOAT, splendid condition; completely furnished, bath, every convenience; owner leaving; reasonable. Telephone Greenwich 1131.

55-foot 3-cylinder Fisher, $3,750; reasonable offer accepted. Tower Lane, Glen 1184.


# BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Brooklyn 4, New York 1.
Philadelphia 2, Boston 1.
Pittsburgh 2, St. Louis 2.
Chicago 7, Cincinnati 5.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Philadelphia 2, New York 5.
(First Game.)
New York 10, Philadelphia 1.
(Second Game.)
Washington 5, Boston 0.
Detroit 1, Chicago 0.
St. Louis 6, Cleveland 4.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Won. | Lost. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 45 | 23 | .662 |
| Chicago | 39 | 26 | .600 |
| Brooklyn | 38 | 30 | .545 |
| Pittsburgh | 34 | 31 | .523 |
| Cincinnati | 34 | 37 | .479 |
| Philadelphia | 27 | 38 | .415 |
| Boston | 27 | 39 | .409 |
| St. Louis | 25 | 43 | .368 |

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | Won. | Lost. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Washington | 41 | 28 | .594 |
| Detroit | 39 | 32 | .549 |
| New York | 38 | 30 | .545 |
| Cleveland | 33 | 34 | .493 |
| St. Louis | 32 | 33 | .492 |
| Chicago | 32 | 34 | .485 |
| Boston | 32 | 35 | .478 |
| Philadelphia | 24 | 43 | .358 |

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Brooklyn at Boston.
Cincinnati at Chicago.
Other clubs not scheduled.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Detroit.
Cleveland at Chicago.
Other clubs not scheduled.

# TIGERS WIN, 2 TO 1, FROM WHITE SOX

## Triumph in Hurlers' Battle on Error by Barrett That Lets In Two Runs in First.

DETROIT, Mich., July 2.—Whitehill and Connally fought a pitchers' battle here today, the Detroit Tigers winning 2 to 1 from the Chicago White Sox. All of the runs were made in the first inning, Barrett's error being responsible for Detroit's two runs.

The score:

| DETROIT (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A | CHICAGO (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Burke,2b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | Mostil,cf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Cobb,cf | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | Eish,rf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Manush,lf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 | E.Collins,2b | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| Hellmann,rf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | Shelly,3b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Blue,ss | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Falk,lf | 4 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Rigney,as | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | Kamm,3b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Jones,3b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Barrett,ss | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Bassler,c | 3 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 | Wirts,1b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 |
| Whitehill,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Connally,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Total | 28 | 2 | 6 | 27 | 10 | Total | 33 | 1 | 7 | 24 | 13 |

Errors—Detroit 0; Chicago 1 (Barrett).

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Detroit | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | — | 2 |
| Chicago | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | — | 1 |

Stolen bases—Eish, E. Collins, Wirts. Sacrifice—Jones. Double play—Whitehill, Burke and Blue. Left on bases—Chicago 6, Detroit 5. Bases on balls—Off Connally 1, Whitehill 2. Struck out—By Connally 3, Whitehill 3. Hit by pitcher—By Connally (Burke). Umpires—Hildebrand and Connolly. Time of game—2:01.

# BROWNS CHECK INDIANS.

## Break Cleveland's Winning Streak, Taking Game, 6-4.

CLEVELAND, July 2.—The St. Louis Browns interrupted Cleveland's winning streak today with a 6 to 4 victory. The Indians took a three-run lead in the third, but could not hold it, Metevier being driven from the box in the fifth, Cheeves pitched effectively the remainder of the game.

Sisler hit a home run with one on in the fifth. Jamieson made his one hundredth hit of the season in the ninth.

The score:

| ST. LOUIS (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A | CLEVELAND (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Tobin,rf | 5 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | Summa,rf | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| McMillan,2b | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | Jamieson,lf | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Sisler,1b | 5 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 0 | Speaker,cf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Williams,lf | 2 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | J. Sewell,ss | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Jacobson,cf | 4 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 | Stephen'n,2b | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Rice,3b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 | Burns,1b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 1 |
| Severeid,c | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Walters,c | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Gerber,ss | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | Lutzke,3b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Danforth,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | Metevier,p | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Cheeves,p | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | aBlythe | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 35 | 6 | 12 | 27 | 7 | Total | 35 | 4 | 9 | 27 | 15 |

Errors—St. Louis 1 (McMillan); Cleveland 1 (Lutzke).
a Batted for Cheeves in ninth.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | — | 6 |
| Cleveland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | — | 4 |

Two-base hit—Speaker. Three-base hits—Tobin, Burns. Home run—Sisler. Sacrifices—McMillan, Danforth, Williams, Jamieson. Left on bases—St. Louis 6, Cleveland 9. Bases on balls—Off Metevier 1, Danforth 4. Struck out—By Danforth 2. Hits—Off Metevier 8 in 4 innings, Cheeves 4 in 5. Losing pitcher—Metevier. Umpires—Rowland, Nallin and Owens. Time of game—2:15.

## WESTERN LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Des Moines.

| | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Omaha | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| Des Moines | 7 | 8 | 1 |

Batteries—Mack and Wilder; Stokes and Wheat.

At Denver.

| | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Denver | 7 | 12 | 0 |
| Lincoln | 3 | 7 | 1 |

Batteries—Freeman and Whaling; Pallas, Grover and Snyder.

At Wichita.

| | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|
| St. Joseph | 8 | 14 | 2 |
| Wichita | 2 | 11 | 1 |

Batteries—McCall and Brooks; McNamara and Wales.

At Oklahoma City.

| | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Oklahoma City | 5 | 8 | 2 |
| Tulsa | 4 | 9 | 3 |

Batteries—Brown and Hale; Voigt and Crosly.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

| | W. | L. | P.C. | | W. | L. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Omaha | 43 | 25 | .632 | Okla. City | 33 | 35 | .521 |
| Denver | 45 | 29 | .608 | Wichita | 36 | 38 | .486 |
| Tulsa | 42 | 32 | .568 | Des Moines | 31 | 47 | .398 |
| St. Joseph | 41 | 33 | .562 | Lincoln | 19 | 50 | .275 |

# Caught at the Plate

Charley McManus of the Yankees invaded the press box to announce that Harie Combs, the centrefielder who broke his leg in Cleveland on June 15, came back home yesterday. He is being treated by Drs. Stewart and King, Yankee club physicians.

The medical men received an encouraging report from the hospital where Combs was confined. There it was said that Combs will be able to remove his cast in two weeks, walk freely about Aug. 1 and be nearly ready to play by the middle of the month. A quick recovery.

Vance raised his season's strikeout total to 105. Watson was No. 101 in the third and No. 102 in the fifth. John didn't hit any homers.

Jimmy Johnston got back into the line-up and was to be seen where the fighting was the thickest.

The won and lost standing now is: Giants 18, Brooklyn 4; Giants 3, Vance 2.

Today is the calm before the storm, the Phillies following the open date with a five-game series. Tomorrow's holiday double-header starts at 1:30.

Signs of life were detected in the Brooklyn delegation, which hadn't polled a cheer in two days.

# YANKS AGAIN DIVIDE 2 WITH ATHLETICS

## Lose Opener, 9-8, When Mackmen Score 3 Runs in Ninth, but Win Second, 10 to 1.

## HUGMEN BACK IN 3D PLACE

### Bush and Hoyt Fail in First Game—Pennock Triumphs Easily—Scott Hits Homer.

*Special to The New York Times.*

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—For the second time within three days the Yankees today split a double-header with the Athletics. The Mackmen took the opener, 9 to 8, and the champions walked away with the second game by the score of 10 to 1. The Yanks' kindness in sharing the fruits of the afternoon with their hosts proved costly. They slipped back to third place, Detroit took second by virtue of a victory over Chicago, while the Senators tightened their hold on first place by inserting another triumph.

The second game was easy for Pennock, who kept his seven hits scattered, except in the third, when Welch's single and Hauser's double produced the lone Philadelphia run. Southpaw Fred Heimach did not survive beyond the second round in this game. Hasty succeeded him and went along well until the latter innings, when Scott caused him embarrassment. In the seventh Scott found Pipp and Hofmann on base, and drove them in with a home run into the left field bleachers. Scott sent in the same two men in the eighth with a long single to left, which made him responsible for exactly half of the Yanks' total tallies.

Thirteen hits were made by the Hugmen in this game, Dugan getting three and Pipp three, two of Jumping Joe's clouts being doubles. Whitey Witt struck out the first time at bat, but in his next five trips to the plate he drew five free passes, a feat that excelled Bishop's work of being passed four times by Shawkey in the first game.

Connie Mack used for the first time today Bill Lamar, acquired from Toledo in the Strand and Meyer trade. Lamar, who is a native of Washington City, and who was with the Yanks back in 1917, did splendidly in left field in the first game, getting two singles and a double in five times at bat. He made some good catches, but he had difficulty in judging balls he had to chase back for. In the second game Pennock held Lamar hitless. Mack also trotted out his new semi-pro purchase, Joe Green and A. Gardener. Green was used as a pinch hitter in the second game, but failed to deliver.

### Ruth Stars in Field.

The best fielding of the afternoon was executed by Ruth, who had the crowd applauding his galloping catches of short flies, and his one-handed stabs of long fouls and drives intended to go over his head. The Babe got only one hit, a single in the second game. He fanned twice and received four bases on balls for the afternoon, bringing his total of free passes to date up to 73.

An odd feature of the first game was a double made by Meusel in ducking to get out of the way of a close pitch, which emptied the bases of three occupants and for the moment sent the champs into the lead.

The Athletics won the first game with a thrilling rally that caused many of the 15,000 fans present to throw their straw hats and seat cushions onto the grass amid wild cheering. The contest was hard fought, with the lead constantly swinging like a pendulum from one side to the other. In the eighth the Yanks established a lead and increased it in the ninth, so that when the home club went to bat for the final time they were facing a two-run deficit.

Bush was pitching, having come in at the start of the eighth when Shawkey stepped aside for a pinch hitter. Lamar started Bush's way out, with a hard single to left. Welsh drew a pass. Hauser hit a drive down the third-base line that was good for one base, and scored Lamar. Huggins here sent Bullet Joe to the bench and ordered Walter Hoyt, who had put out the Athletics the day previous, to go to the mound.

Hoyt had no time to warm up and he had but little of his best pitching stuff with him. He faced Simmons and made him hit to Ward, Meusel being forced out. But Welch went to third on the play and came in with the tying run when Riconda produced his third hit of the game, a hard single to left.

### Hoyt in Trouble.

Hoyt was plainly in trouble, and before he could steady himself the new short-stop, Chapman, had singled, filling the bases. Perkins then bounced to Pipp, whose throw to Schang forced Simmons at the plate. Schang whipped the ball quickly back to first, trying to retire Perkins and complete a double play and end the inning with the score merely tied, but Hoyt had to cover the bag on the throw and he tripped as he took the ball. Both he and the ball went in the dust for what was charged as an error, while Riconda romped home with the winning run.

The game was loosely and languidly played, all the five errors, three by the Yanks and two by the Athletics, figuring prominently in the scoring. The game lasted practically three hours, so that it was 5 o'clock by the time the second game started.

Slim Harris worked eight innings in the opener and yielded nine hits and seven runs. Rommel gave two hits and one run in the ninth, the hits being the third ones each for Witt and Meusel, the best New York batters of the game. A cluster of three Philadelphia runs in the first inning gave the Yanks a jolt that seemed to slow them up for the balance of the game.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

| PHILADELPHIA (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A | NEW YORK (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bishop,2b | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 | Witt,cf | 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Lamar,lf | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | Dugan,3b | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| Welch,rf | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Ruth,lf | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Hauser,1b | 5 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 1 | Meusel,rf | 5 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Simmons,cf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | Pipp,1b | 5 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 |
| Riconda,ss | 5 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | Schang,c | 4 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| Chapman,ss | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | Ward,2b | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Perkins,c | 3 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 1 | Scott,ss | 3 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 3 |
| Harris,p | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | Shawkey,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| aHeimach | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | bJohnson | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rommel,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Bush,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Hoyt,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 36 | 9 | 13 | 27 | 11 | Total | 35 | 6 | 11 | 26 | 12 |

Errors—Philadelphia 2 (Hauser, Harris), New York 3 (Schang, Ward 2).
a Batted for Harris in eighth.
b Batted for Shawkey in eighth.
Two out when winning run was scored.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Philadelphia | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | 6 |
| New York | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | — | 6 |

Two-base hits—Meusel, Schang, Witt, Perkins, Lamar, Riconda. Stolen base—Welch. Sacrifices—Dugan (2), Welch, Simmons. Double plays—Chapman, Bishop and Hauser; Scott, Ward and Pipp. Left on bases—New York 6, Philadelphia 9. Bases on balls—Off Shawkey 3, Bush 1, Harris 3. Struck out—By Shawkey 4, Harris 4, Rommel 1. Hits—Off Shawkey 7 in 7 innings, Bush 4 in 1, Hoyt 2 in 1, Harris 9 in 8, Rommel 2 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Harris (Scott). Passed ball—Schang 2. Winning pitcher—Rommel. Losing pitcher—Hoyt. Umpires—Moriarty and Dineen. Time of game—2:32.

SECOND GAME.

| NEW YORK (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A | PHILADELPHIA (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Witt,cf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | Bishop,2b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Dugan,3b | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | Lamar,lf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ruth,lf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 | Welch,rf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Meusel,rf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Hauser,1b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 |
| Pipp,1b | 4 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 1 | Simmons,cf | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Hofmann,c | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | Riconda,2b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Ward,2b | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | Chapman,ss | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| McNally,3b | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | Gibson,c | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Scott,ss | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Heimach,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Pennock,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | aGreen | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Hasty,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Total | 37 | 10 | 12 | 26 | 15 | Total | 33 | 1 | 7 | 27 | 12 |

Errors—New York 1 (Hofmann); Philadelphia 0.
a Batted for Heimach in second.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | — | 10 |
| Philadelphia | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | — | 1 |

Two-base hits—Dugan (2), Pipp, Heimach, Hauser. Home run—Scott. Stolen bases—Ward, Pipp, Bishop, Riconda. Sacrifices—Ward. Double plays—Scott, Ward and Pipp; McNally, Scott and Pipp; Chapman and Hauser. Left on bases—New York 12, Philadelphia 7. Bases on balls—Off Pennock 2, Heimach 2, Hasty 2. Struck out—By Pennock 4, Heimach 1, Hasty 1. Hits—Off Heimach 4 in 2 innings, Hasty 6 in 7. Passed ball—Gibson. Losing pitcher—Heimach. Umpires—Moriarty and Dineen. Time of game—2:24.

## Five Leading Batsmen In Each Major League

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| Player and Club. | G. | AB. | R. | H. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hornsby, St. Louis | 85 | 353 | 63 | 130 | .595 |
| Wheat, Brooklyn | 82 | 349 | 34 | 93 | .373 |
| Kelly, New York | 83 | 343 | 59 | 97 | .340 |
| Cuyler, Pittsburgh | 86 | 332 | 57 | 97 | .353 |
| Snyder, New York | 86 | 166 | 14 | 58 | .331 |

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Archdeacon, Chicago | 36 | 111 | 24 | 43 | .378 |
| Jamieson, Cleveland | 65 | 270 | 41 | 100 | .370 |
| Boone, Boston | 53 | 168 | 28 | 66 | .351 |
| Ruth, New York | 67 | 222 | 63 | 78 | .300 |
| Cobb, Detroit | 71 | 289 | 65 | 101 | .290 |

# CUBS' 6-RUN RALLY BEATS REDS, 7 TO 5

## Drive Rixey From Box in the First Inning and Pile Up Winning Score.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Eppa Rixey of the Cincinnati Reds was knocked out of the box in the first inning today, the Chicago Cubs scoring six runs on four hits, two walks, an error and two stolen bases. Jake May thereafter pitched effective ball, permitting only three hits and striking out seven, but the Cubs won, 7 to 5. Caveney hit a homer in the ninth.

The score:

| CINCINNATI (N.) | AB | R | H | PO | A | CHICAGO (N.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Burns,lf | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Stats,cf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Bohne,2b | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | Hollocher,ss | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| Critz,2b | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | Grantham,2b | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Roush,cf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Grimes,1b | 3 | 1 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| Walker,rf | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | Friberg,3b | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Wingo,c | 3 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 | Grigsby,lf | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Sandberg,c | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | Vogt,rf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Bressler,lb | 3 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | Hartnett,c | 2 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 1 |
| Pinelli,3b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | Kaufmann,p | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Caveney,ss | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | | | | | | |
| Rixey,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| May,p | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | | | | | | |
| aFowler | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| bShorten | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Total | 37 | 5 | 11 | 24 | 14 | Total | 29 | 7 | 7 | 27 | 12 |

Errors—Chicago 1 (Friberg), Cincinnati 1 (Wingo).

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | 7 |
| Cincinnati | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | — | 5 |

Two-base hits—Veach (2), Wingo, Bressler. Home run—Caveney. Stolen bases—Grantham (2), Friberg, Vogel. Sacrifices—Grigsby, Roush. Left on bases—Cincinnati 8, Chicago 5. Bases on balls—Off Rixey 3, May 1, Kaufmann 2. Struck out—By Rixey 4 in 2-3 inning, Hit by pitcher—By May (Friberg). Wild pitch—May. Losing pitcher—Rixey. Umpires—Ormsby and Mc-Cormick and Pfirman. Time of game—1:38.

# PIRATES BEAT CARDINALS.

## Takes Final of Series, 3 to 2—Hornsby Makes His 100th Hit.

ST. LOUIS, July 2.—The Cardinals were helpless before Southpaw Wilbur Cooper today and lost to the Pittsburgh Pirates in the final game of the series, 3 to 2. Rogers Hornsby got a triple, his one-hundredth hit of the season.

The score:

| PITTSBURGH (N.) | AB | R | H | PO | A | ST. LOUIS (N.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bigbee,lf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | Blades,lf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Carey,cf | 3 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 | Holm,cf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Cuyler,rf | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | Hornsby,3b | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Wright,ss | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | Bottomly,1b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 1 |
| Grimm,1b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 | Douthit,rf | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Traynor,3b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Gonzales,c | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Maranville,2b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 6 | Freigau,2b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Knox,c | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Cooney,ss | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| Cooper,p | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | Haines,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| | | | | | | aSmith | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 30 | 3 | 7 | 28 | 15 | Total | 31 | 2 | 8 | 27 | 15 |

Errors—Pittsburgh 1 (Grimm); St. Louis 0.
a Ran for Freigau in ninth.
*Hornsby out, hit by batted ball.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburgh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | — | 3 |
| St. Louis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | — | 2 |

Two-

# SEA SKIPPER VICTOR IN GLENDALE CHASE

## Beats Sea Master and Letterman at Aqueduct, Covering 2½ Miles in 5:01 2-5.

## PRIME MINISTER TRIUMPHS

### In First Home in the Old Rosebud Handicap—Plough Boy Wins Union Course Purse.

In a finish that electrified the spectators, J. E. Widener's Sea Skipper won the Glendale Steeplechase Handicap, the stake fixture at Aqueduct, yesterday afternoon, beating five others over the course of about two and a half miles. Piloted by Jockey D. Byers and carrying 139 pounds, the lightest impost of the field, he ran the distance in 5:01 2-5, which had been better only once in the ten previous runnings. In 1919 J. E. Davis's Brooks ran in 4:58. The winter was second choice in the wagering and earned $4,050 for his owner.

A good-sized midweek crowd turned out for the sport, which was held under ideal conditions of weather and track. Scratches were again numerous, there being twenty out of a total entry of sixty-nine. Two favorites rewarded their backers. One of these was R. L. Gerry's Prime Minister, which carried off the money in the Old Rosebud Handicap.

One of the best contests of the season through the field developed in the Glendale. For practically the whole distance the field of six was well bunched, most of the time the last horse being only about a dozen lengths behind the leader. As jumps from home four horses skimmed the obstacle almost as a team, and at the winning post only a length separated the first and second.

With the fall of the flag Byers took Sea Skipper, aged son of Seahorse II. and Anasonella, out in front, closely attended by the French-bred mare Isis, which had captured the fourth International Subscription Steeplechase on Monday on her first start in this country. The mare, unfortunately, landed badly over a jump on the grand stand side of the course and tossed off Jockey Brady.

**Stands Off Challenge.**

J. S. Coeden's Sea Master, also a son of Seahorse II., then took up the task of going after the leader, but the latter again stood off the challenge. Around the final turn the field again bunched together, although none was able to head Sea Skipper. It was a brilliant race all down the stretch, all five remaining in the contention.

Two fences from home J. S. Coeden's Bullseye unfortunately came down. Jockey McNair sustained a nasty fall, and probably was saved from a crushed skull only because he wore one of the new helmets introduced from Australia by E. Ky Brandt, a middle east pulpsory in steeplechases in Maryland. The aluminum and fibre top was torn in a manner to indicate the narrowness of McNair's escape.

On the flat Sea Skipper and Sea Master fought it out, the former gaining the verdict by a length. The Greentree Stable's Letterman was third, five lengths back and outrun on the flat.

R. L. Gerry's Prime Minister gained an easy victory over the Old Rosebud Handicap at a mile and a sixteenth, which had the place of honor on the card. Only four were named overnight and the winner went to the post a slight favorite over the P. Sol E. Randolph entry of King Albert and High Prince. The winner carried top weight of 108 pounds and McAtee had the mount.

Prime Minister broke in front from the post position on the rail, opening up a big lead of a length in the first furlong. Fredericktown chased the leader, setting King Albert into a pocket. O'Hara, on the latter, took up and went around the turn into the stretch and challenged Prime Minister on the run home. He never could get on terms with the four-year-old son of Celt and Primula II. and in the last sixteenth the latter began to draw away to win by a couple of lengths. King Albert was a length in front of Fredericktown. The race was run in the good time of 1:44 2-5. It was the winner's second victory in as many starts at this meeting.

**Plough Boy Is Winner.**

The Union Course Purse for three-year-olds and upward brought seven to the post for the mile clash, including the two steeplechasers, Pirate Gold and El Kantara, the former carrying the Greentree Stable's colors, while the latter, winner of his last outing over the jumps, carried the silks of J. E. Davis. Lee Rosenberg's Sun Audience, the evening money favorite, with Clarence Kummer up, made half the running until the last sixteenth, where he was caught by the Oak Ridge Stable's Plough Boy. The latter, forced back in the early part of the race, made up ground around the turn and came fast on the outside to win by half a length. Pirate Gold was the same distance back to take third money. El Kantara, on which Sande had the leg up, showed a flash of early speed in the flat and was outrun thereafter. The winner was second choice in the wagering at 12 to 5.

Catherine Marrone, J. P. Mills's daughter of Glencairn and Tiara, making her first start since the Tijuana meeting, beat nine other fillies and mares over the six-furlong route in the opened number. She was a 7-to-1 shot and was given a winning ride by Malben. She outstayed Vulcan Queen to win by a length. Lady Audrey was third.

W. J. Both's Gad, by Wrack—Sea Wave, handily beat eight other two-year-olds over the five-furlong route to score a second consecutive race. A. C. Conforto's Bill Dwyer and Fred Glassen's Margaret St. L. fought it out for the place, the former gaining the decision by half a length.

Nine other juvenile race, for maidens, around thirteen to the post, the winner being W. S. Kilmer's Sunny Man, a 5-to-1 shot, which ran at the head of the procession all the way to win easily from the odds-on favorite, W. J. Both's Goldbeater. The latter was a length in front of W. J. Salmon's Devonshire.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; mares; claiming; purse $1,000; six furlongs.

| Horse. | Wt. | Jockey. | Odds. | Fin. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cash. Marrone | 115 | Malben | 7-1 | 1 |
| Vulcan Queen | 99 | Breuning | 30-1 | 2½ |
| Lady Audrey | 102 | Ralls | 12-1 | 3¾ |
| Baby Lane | 95 | Cooper | 12-5 | 4¾ |
| Rose Teta | 105 | Callahan | 5-1 | 5¾ |
| Anticipation | 97 | Dawson | 30-1 | 6 |
| Fest | 107 | Fields | 15-1 | 7 |
| Idle Thoughts | 105 | McAtee | 2-1 | 8 |
| C. Fatigate | 105 | Thurber | 50-1 | 9 |
| Sixteen Poppies | 105 | Wakoff | 60-1 | 10 |

Place and show: Catherine Marrone, 5-2, 6-5; Vulcan Queen, 12-1, 6-1; Lady Audrey, 5-1, 5-2.

Time—1:16.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. Catherine Marrone, ch. m., 5, by Glencairn—Tiara; owned by J. P. Mills and trained by E. Linnell.

SECOND RACE.

For four-year-olds and upward; eleventh running the Glendale Steeplechase Handicap; $3,500 added; about two and one-half miles.

| Horse. | Wt. | Jockeys. | Odds. | Fin. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sea Skipper | 139 | Byers | 3-2 | 1 |
| *Sea Master | 144 | Mergler | 8-5 | 2 |
| Letterman | 140 | Bethel | 8-1 | 3½ |
| *Bullseye | 155 | Kennedy | 3-5 | 4 |
| Carabinier | 141 | McNair | 6-2 | f |
| Isis | 140 | Brady | 5-1 | f |

*J. S. Coeden entry. †Foll. ‡Lost rider.

Place and show: Sea Skipper, 4-5, 1-3; Sea Master (entry), 1-2, 1-5; Letterman, 3-1, 1-2.

Time—5:01 2-5.

Start good; won driving; place same. Sea Skipper, ch. g., 8, by Seahorse II.—Anasonella; owned by J. E. Widener and trained by J. H. Lewis.

THIRD RACE.

For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,000; five furlongs.

| Horse. | Wt. | Jockey. | Odds. | Fin. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gad | 112 | Cooper | 11-5 | 1½ |
| Bill Dwyer | 108 | Ralls | 12-1 | 2½ |
| Margaret St. L. | 100 | Breuning | 10-1 | 3½ |
| Clayborne | 112 | Fields | 6-1 | 4½ |
| Tell | 112 | Martinelli | 15-1 | 5½ |
| Sunnyman | 109 | McAtee | 40-1 | 6½ |
| Goldbeater | 115 | Mc Fator | 12-5 | 7 |
| Devonshire | 115 | Donnelly | 15-1 | 7¾ |
| Marinelli | 109 | Smith | 30-1 | 8 |

Place and show: Gad, 4-5, 1-3; Bill Dwyer, 3-1, 5-2; Margaret St. L., 4-1, 2-1.

Time—1:00 2-5.

Start good; won handily; place; driving.

## Epinard Leaves for England; Will Sail for U. S. Tomorrow

PARIS, July 2.—Epinard, Pierre Wertheimer's great four-year-old, was shipped from Paris today for England, where he will embark with his trainer, Eugene Leigh, aboard the Berengaria, on July 4 for his invasion of the American turf. Wertheimer declares the colt is in far better condition than when he met his two recent defeats, while Leigh believes American shoeing will improve his charge's speed considerably.

Gad, b. f., by Wrack—Sea Wave; owned by W. J. Both and trained by J. Zoeller.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; the Old Rosebud Handicap; $1,200 added. One mile and one-sixteenth.

| Horse. | Wt. | Jockey. | Odds. | Fin. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Prime Minister | 108 | McAtee | 2-5 | 1 |
| *King Albert | 103 | O'Hara | 4-5 | 2 |
| Fredericktown | 106½ | Beach | 2-1 | 3½ |
| *High Prince | 98 | Cooper | 8-5 | 4 |

*P. S. P. Randolph entry.

Place and show: Prime Minister, 1-3, out; King Albert, 1-2, out; Fredericktown, 1-2, out.

Time—1:44 2-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Prime Minister, b. c., 4, by Celt—Primula II.; owned by R. L. Gerry and trained by C. M. Odom.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; allowance; the Union Course Purse; purse $1,000. One mile.

| Horse. | Wt. | Jockey. | Odds. | Fin. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Plough Boy | 110 | Turner | 12-5 | 1½ |
| Sun Audience | 112½ | C Kummer | Even | 2½ |
| Pirate Gold | 115 | McAtee | 10-1 | 3¾ |
| Bowman | 113 | Callahan | 15-1 | 4½ |
| Frymn | 110 | Barnes | 15-1 | 5¾ |
| El. Kantara | 115 | Sande | 8-1 | 6 |
| Sophy | 98 | Cooper | 30-1 | 7 |

Place and show: Plough Boy, 3-5, 1-4; Sun Audience, 1-3, out; Pirate Gold, 4-1, 8-5. Time—1:38.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. Plough Boy, b. h., by Friar Rock—Passing Shower; owned by the Oak Ridge Stable and trained by J. Loftus.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; maidens; purse $1,000. Five furlongs.

| Horse. | Wt. | Jockey. | Odds. | Fin. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sunny Man | 115 | Carter | 5-1 | 1½ |
| Goldbeater | 115 | McAtee | 1-2 | 2¾ |
| Devonshire | 115 | Marinelli | 30-1 | 3h |
| Ranock | 115 | M. Fator | 15-1 | 4¾ |
| Easy Aces | 115 | Barnes | 15-1 | 5¾ |
| Retire | 115 | C. Kummer | 10-1 | 6h |
| Ed Thorp | 115 | Buttweil | 60-1 | 7½ |
| Half Pint | 115 | C. Lang | 15-1 | 8¾ |
| Major Finley | 115 | Brunner | 60-1 | 9h |
| Hendrick | 115 | Francesco | 30-1 | 10¾ |
| Play Hour | 115 | Ralls | 30-1 | 11h |
| The Spa | 115 | Hunt | 60-1 | 12h |
| John S. Mosby | 115 | Turner | 30-1 | 13 |

Place and show—Sunny Man, 8-5, 3-5; Goldbeater, out, out; Devonshire, 10-1, 3-1.

Start good for all but John S. Mosby, won easily; place ridden out. Sunnyman, ch. c., 2, by Sun Briar—Romagne; owned by W. S. Kilmer and trained by C. J. Casey. Weather, clear; track fast.

## LATONIA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,500; one mile and seventy yards. Beg Pardon, 113 pounds (Stutts), $31.10, $5.10, $3.70, first; Mistress Mary, 103 (Williams), $7.50, $3.40, second; Nuyaka, 108 (Hastings), $5.40, third. Time—1:44 1-5. Stamp, Runquoi, Tarastula and Royal Palm also ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-olds; maidens; claiming; purse $1,400; five and a half furlongs. Kinsman, 110 pounds (Gray), $32.20, $11.50, $6.40, first; Bit o' Honey, 111 (Stutts), $6.10, $4, second; Bedchirper, 109 (Blind), $3.60, third. Time—1:06 4-5. Phil's Sister, Row Clever, Dorothy Adams, Kentucky Rose, Rock of Ages, Russell Cave, Bob's Hope, Ethel K. and Robert Maxwell also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,500; six furlongs. Miss Michief, 108 pounds (McDermott), $7.30, $4.20, $2.10, first; Queen Charming, 107 (Hastings), $6.40, $4.30, second; Spanish Rose, 109 (Stutts), $3.30, third. Great Beginner, Nimrod, Levot, Climax, Telescope, Auntie Millin, Tester, Brookdale and Mamie o' Cane also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For two-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,500; one mile and seventy yards. Jupiter, 118 pounds (Stutts), $13.20, $13.80, 6.80, first; Bobbie Shea, 113 (Thornhyrst), $7.60, $4.70, second; Harry B., 113 (Posi), $6.70, third. Time—1:43 4-5. Alard, Longboat, Uncle Hugh, Tulsa and Ruby also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; allowance; the Hillcrest Purse; purse $1,600; six furlongs. Certain, 115 pounds (Garner), $12, $6.70, $5, first; Valley Light, 107 (Pool), $34.10, $12.10, second; Elvina, 102 (Short), $6.80, third. Time—1:11 3-5. Granite Ware, Latter Up, Be Good, La Tafna and Noel also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For two-year-olds; fillies; allowances; the Cleopatra Purse; purse $1,500; five and a half furlongs. Blue Warbler, 102 pounds (Blind), $5.70, $3.70, $2.50, first; Flyatit, 107 (McDermott), $4.60, $3.40, second; Fellies, 109 (Stutts), $3, third. Time—1:06. Deaming, Deceitful, Ivory Pardner, Jewell and Hubb & Pudd also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,500; one mile and seventy yards. Colored Boy, 113 pounds (Reuter), $6.40, $3.60, $3.10, first; Flower Shop, 113 (Garner), $5.50, $4.10, second; Cheer Leader, 108 (Williams), $4.40, third. Time—1:43 3-5. The Archer, Lieut. Col. Green Briar and Ted's Flum also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

## LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,400; maidens; two-year-old fillies; five and a half furlongs. Buttress 115 pounds, †Beauty Slave 115, Pinsetta 115, Rosa Greener 115, Winnie O. Wynn 115, Betty Star 115, Full of Pep 115, Mary Johnston 115, Vinnie Day 115, Loving Cup 115, Waterfig 115, Dangerilio 115. Also eligible—Announcement 115, †Bridesmaid 115, †Bargain Day 115, Valette 115, Rosamond 115, †Wena 115, †Idle Hour Farm entry, 115, F. Whitney entry.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; four-years-olds and upward; six furlongs. Lieutenant Colonel 96 pounds, *Naughty Nisba 96, *Pleasure 99, Sakah 100, Ruby 86, *The Girl 98, Stamp 96.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; three-year-olds; mile and a sixteenth. *Niagara 97 pounds, *Waukulla 97, Bugler 110, Miss America 102, Swiftwater 102, *Peter Maloney 102.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,500; four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Guynor 99 pounds, Dust Flower 108, Modna 100, Jupiter 99, Hughes Graham 102, Romping Home 96, Rapid Day 107.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,600; Commercial Tribune; three-year-olds; allowances; six furlongs. Bourbon Boy 117 pounds, Baffling 117, Dusty Mary 95, Sun Flag 117, Bean King 98.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; three-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Miss Mary 103 pounds, Kinsman, 110 pounds, John D. 100, Moon Maple 110, Rockland Princess 101, Dress Goods 111, Glory 101, Georgia Rose 101, Bear Shot 114, Dutch Girl 101.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $2,500; for three-year-olds and upward; The Inaugural; six furlongs. Better Luck 116 pounds, Lord Granite 106, Moss Fox II. 95, Pricemaker 96, Dustabout 111, Judge Price 110.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and seventy yards. Bun Spot 100 pounds, *Miss Celia Boy 106, Lady Lillian 106, Dorius 111, Prince Tit Tit 106, Lily M. 101, Soggarth Aroon 111, Ellas O. 111.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. Locust Leaves 106 pounds, Jim Daisy 103, Bonfire 104, Huonee 113, Walnut Hall 116, Westwood 116, Yarica 111, King's Champion 109, *The Reaper 93, *Power 105, Lothair 109, Silanos 116.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

## ROCKAWAY POLO TOMORROW

### Ten Teams to Play for Independence and Junior Cups.

The polo tournaments of the Rockaway Hunting Club will get under way tomorrow with five teams entered for the Independence Cups and five for the Rockaway Junior Cups. The first game will bring together the Rockaway Rovers and Eatontown in the Independence Cups series, in which Flamingo, Rockaway Whips and Meadow Larks are also entered. The Rockaway Junior Cups competition will start on July 13, with entries received from the Rockaway Rovers, Rockaway Whips, Eatontown, Meadow Larks and Shrewsbury.

Following is the list of entries:

Rockaway Whips—H. R. Albright, George C. Sherman, J. D. Richards and W. T. P. Hazard.

Flamingo—Thomas Ewing Jr., Fred Post, J. C. Andrews, fourth member not named.

Rockaway Rovers—W. Bacon, Ben, II, S. Blackwell, Gerald H. Dempsey, E. B. Greesman.

Meadow Larks—H. S. Cram, R. D. Young, C. Rathbone, fourth member not named.

Eatontown—Max Phillips, A. W. Khuy, Herbert Winn, Terence Fraco.

Schrewsbury—Edward W. Murphy, Gilbert Williams, George Miller, Monroe Emmet.

# BELMAR CAPTURES $5,000 OHIO STAKE

## Tennessee Trotter Wins Grand Circuit Classic in 2:08 Class at North Randall.

## TRUMPET FAILS BACKERS

### Murphy's Entry is a Well-Played Favorite, While Victor is Practically Neglected.

CLEVELAND, July 2 (Associated Press).—For the second consecutive year the Ohio Stake, for 2:08 trotters, goes to Memphis, Tenn. It was won in the Grand Circuit meet at North Randall today by Belmar, owned by Taylor and Bowman and driven by Sandy Taylor of that city. Last year Fred Edman drove his Favonian to the front in the $5,000 classic.

Belmar was almost overlooked by the bettors. Tom Murphy's highly-touted Trumpet was a heavily played favorite, but he disappointed his backers. Belmar raced in the front ranks in both heats and withstood all rushes on the part of challengers.

Marmaduke, a half-brother of Belmar, won the consolation mile. Close finishes featured the racing.

The summaries:

2:16 PACE.

Purse $1,200.

(Elimination plan. Two divisions, all except first five in each eliminated from third heat. Only heat winners started in fourth). Kinney Silk, b. g., by Bingen Silk (Palin) ..... 2 1 1

Lily The Great, br. m., by Peter The Great (Caton) ..... 1 2 2

Eloise McKinney, b. m., by Wallace McKinney (Parshall) ..... 1 3 3

Dickerman, br. h., by Bonington (Evelyn) ..... 4 ro

Jolly Girl, b. m., by Binjolia (Burlingame) ..... 3 7 ro

Verlie Direct, Dan Finch, Little Tommy, Ruth Yoke, Three Scots also started in third heat. Buster Brown, Anna Mack, Brook Volo, Peter Friaco, Prince Direct, Just David also started in first preliminary. Daphne The Great, Arion Silk, Pierce Silk, Peter Bradford, The Repetition also started second preliminary.

Time—2:07 3-5; 2:07 1-5; 2:07 1-5; 2:08 1-5; 2:08 1-5; 2:11 1-5.

THE OHIO 2:08 TROT.

Three heats; purse $5,000.

Belmar, b. m., by Belwin (Taylor) ..... 1 1 ro

Marmaduke, br. g., by Belwin (Valentine ..... 11 6 1

Trumpet, b. g., by Stawah (Murphy) ..... 10 2 2

Prince Bondeman, br. g., by The Bondsman (Haldeman) ..... 2 5 3

Emma Harvester, b. m., by The Harvester (Cox) ..... 3 4 4

Todd Hart, Lady Bondsman, Arnold Friend, Diamond Acworthy, Sister Ruth and Steve Bond also started.

Time—2:08 1-5; 2:08 1-5; 2:08 1-5.

2:14 CLASS TROTTING.

Purse $1,200.

Three heat plan.

Voltage, br. h., by Peter Volo, (Egans) ..... 8 1 1

Alta Evans, ro. m., by Peter Montgomery (Berry) ..... 1 4 11

The Upholder, br. h., by The Exponent (Putnam) ..... 3 8 2

Barksdale, b. g., by Belwin (Kelly) ..... 10 6 3

Lula Wood, br. m., by Peter Wood (Dougherty) ..... 2 11 6

Billy Burke, Miss Oakwood, Hurry On, Laughter, Peter Fellows and San Andreas also started.

Time—2:08 1-5; 2:08 2-5; 2:08 4-5.

2:22 CLASS TROTTING.

Purse $1,200. Elimination Plan.

Minta Dillon, b. f., by Dillon Axworthy (Garrison) ..... 1 1

The Flying Parson, b. g., by Joe Dodge (Parshall) ..... 1 — 2

Bessie Bond, br. m., by Baron Bond (Mallow) ..... 2 — 3

Dell Axworthy, ch., by Axworthy — (McMahon) ..... 3 2 8

Jean Worthy, ch. m., by Guy Axworthy (Childs) ..... 3 5 5

Harvest Time, Don Caton, Peter Cesar, Trumpator and Ina Ingomar also started in the third heat.

Peter Cantrail, Carolita, Irene Belwin, Winnie Hanover and Sonny Axworthy also started in first preliminary.

Burrowlits, Dixie Velo and Peter A. Montgomery also started in second preliminary.

Time—2:08 1-5, 2:09 4-5, 2:08 2-5.

## RACING IN CHICAGO WILL BEGIN TODAY

### Inaugural Handicap of $2,500 Is Feature on Hawthorne Card —600 Horses at Track.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, July 2.—Chicago will enjoy racing once more with the opening tomorrow of the meeting at Hawthorne. Six races are on the card, the featured number being the Inaugural Handicap of $2,500 for three-year-olds and upward at six furlongs. Six have been named overnight, with the International Stable's four-year-old Better Luck assigned top weight of 116 pounds. R. L. Baker's Judge Pryor has been asked to take up 110 pounds, and the weights scale down to 95 pounds on Mose Fox, II.

More than 600 head are already stabled at the track, with further shipments due in the next few days from Kentucky and New York. The big event of the meeting will be the Chicago Derby, which will be run on July 12. Among those nominated are Black Gold, winner of the Kentucky Derby; Nellie Morse, the Preakness winner; Mad Play, which captured the Belmont Stakes, and Chilhowee, victor in the Latonia Derby.

The entries:

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,000; for three-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Doc Horn 111 pounds, Sanola 101, Jim David 106, Brookdale Bradley, 106, Postillion 106, Lady Fox 101, Keagan 111.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Kindred 110 pounds, Lugs 120, *First Call 115, Round Robin 120, Coyne 120, Arrowhead 112, *Archie Alexander 105, Top o' the Morning 115, Simplicity 107, Ontaria 112, *Boys Believe Me 110.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,000; for two-year-olds; five furlongs. Kosman, 110 pounds, Moon Maple 110, Rockland Princess 101, Dress Goods 111, Glory 101, Georgia Rose 101, Bear Shot 114, Dutch Girl 101.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $2,500; for three-year-olds and upward; The Inaugural; six furlongs. Better Luck 116 pounds, Lord Granite 106, Moss Fox II. 95, Pricemaker 96, Dustabout 111, Judge Price 110.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and seventy yards. Bun Spot 100 pounds, *Miss Celia Boy 106, Lady Lillian 106, Dorius 111, Prince Tit Tit 106, Lily M. 101, Soggarth Aroon 111, Ellas O. 111.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. Locust Leaves 106 pounds, Jim Daisy 103, Bonfire 104, Huonee 113, Walnut Hall 116, Westwood 116, Yarica 111, King's Champion 109, *The Reaper 93, *Power 105, Lothair 109, Silanos 116.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

## ROCKAWAY POLO TOMORROW

### Ten Teams to Play for Independence and Junior Cups.

The polo tournaments of the Rockaway Hunting Club will get under way tomorrow with five teams entered for the Independence Cups and five for the Rockaway Junior Cups. The first game will bring together the Rockaway Rovers and Eatontown in the Independence Cups series, in which Flamingo, Rockaway Whips and Meadow Larks are also entered. The Rockaway Junior Cups competition will start on July 13, with entries received from the Rockaway Rovers, Rockaway Whips, Eatontown, Meadow Larks and Shrewsbury.

Following is the list of entries:

Rockaway Whips—H. R. Albright, George C. Sherman, J. D. Richards and W. T. P. Hazard.

Flamingo—Thomas Ewing Jr., Fred Post, J. C. Andrews, fourth member not named.

Rockaway Rovers—W. Bacon, Ben, II, S. Blackwell, Gerald H. Dempsey, E. B. Greesman.

Meadow Larks—H. S. Cram, R. D. Young, C. Rathbone, fourth member not named.

Eatontown—Max Phillips, A. W. Khuy, Herbert Winn, Terence Fraco.

Schrewsbury—Edward W. Murphy, Gilbert Williams, George Miller, Monroe Emmet.

# QUARTER-MILE RACE WON BY A. SPENCER

## Captures Seventh of Series for American Cycle Championship at Newark.

## CECIL WALKER IS SECOND

### Is Beaten in Close Finish—Piani Takes Third Place—Eaton and Lang Set Down for Fight.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NEWARK, N. J., July 2.—Arthur Spencer, giant sprinter who was twice held the bicycle championship of America, won the quarter mile championship race, the seventh of a series of eighteen races to decide the American title for 1924, at the velodrome here tonight. Spencer caught Cecil Walker at the tape while Orlando Piani finished in third place. Harris Horder of Australia defeated Eddie Madden and Anthony Young in the heat to decide fourth place.

The standing in the competition for the championship now is: Arthur Spencer 22, Orlando Piani 14, Cecil Walker 13, Alfred Goullet 7, Alfred Grenda 5, Fred Spencer 4, William Keller 3, Reggie McNamara 3, Harry Kaiser 3, Harris Horder 2, Ray Eaton 1.

Ray Eaton and Gus Lang came to blows during the running of the heats of the championship race after Eaton had defeated Lang. Referee Kramer suspended both riders for two weeks.

The summaries:

Half-Mile Handicap (Amateur)—Won by Arthur Lana, Acme Wheelmen (40 yards); Daniel Costello, Unione Sportivia Italiana (40 yards), second; John A. Smith, Bayview Wheelmen (50 yards), third; Jack Costello, East Orange (40 yards), fourth; John Bruskis, Bayview Wheelmen (30 yards), fifth. Time—0:54 4-5.

Miss and Out Invitation (Professional)—Won by Fred Hill, Boston; Clifford Papworth, Australia, second; Maurits DeClerk, Chicago, third; Harry Horan, Newark, fourth; Charlie Jaeger, Newark, fifth. Time—5:07. Distance—3 miles, 3 laps.

Quarter-Mile National Championship (Professional) — Won by Arthur Spencer, Newark; Cecil Walker, Australia, second; Orlando Piani, Italy, third; Harris Horder, Australia, fourth. Time—0:28 2-5. Last eighth mile—0:12. Time to decide fourth place—0:30. Last eighth mile—0:12.

Two-Mile Motor Class (Amateur)—Won by John Otto, Bay View Wheelmen; Louis Benesatto, Unione Sportiva Italiana, second; Edward Bendi, Unione Sportiva Italiana, third; John J. Bruskis, Bay View Wheelmen, fourth; Albert Reinhardt, Bay View Wheelmen, fifth. Time—4:06.

Two-Mile Handicap (Professional)—Won by Alfred Goullet, Newark (scratch); Alfred Grenda, Australia, second; Harris Horder, Australia (75 yards), third; Reggie McNamara, Newark (scratch), fourth; Ray Eaton, Australia (125 yards), fifth; Alfons Verraes, Belgium (45 yards), sixth; Charlie Jaeger, Newark (65 yards), seventh. Time—4:55.

One-Hour Motor-Paced Race (Professional)—Sam Gastman, Newark, paced by Jim Hunter, Newark; Frank Cozzolino, Bloomfield, paced by Frank Jeshan, New Haven; Pasquale Valentini, Italy, paced by Otto Miller, Brooklyn; Al Nefatti, Georgia, paced by Jean Antemucci, Italy; George Wiley, Syracuse, paced by Willie Zipf, Newark. Won by Gastman; Wiley, second; Valentini, third; Nefatti, fourth; Cozzolino, fifth. Distance—40 miles 4 laps.

## YACHTS RACE TODAY AT RYE.

### Larchmont Club Will Hold Its Annual Regatta Tomorrow.

Racing yachtsmen at the western end of Long Island Sound will be busy on the last three days of this week. Regattas are scheduled for today, tomorrow and Saturday. The annual regatta of the American Yacht Club of Rye will be sailed this afternoon; tomorrow a holiday fleet will come out to race over the courses of the Larchmont Yacht Club, and on Saturday the racing will be under the auspices of the New Rochelle Yacht Club, which will hold its thirty-ninth annual regatta.

H. deB. Parsons, Chairman of the Race Committee of the American Yacht Club, announces that first prizes have been presented by Commodore John N. Cutler for the New Yacht Club forty-footers; Vice Commodore Philip R. Mallory for the New York Yacht Club thirty-footers; Rear Commodore Ogden Reid for the Larchmont O class; George B. Gibbons for the International six-meter class and Ralph L. Crow for the Victory class.

It is expected that the annual regatta of the Larchmont Yacht Club will draw out a record-breaking fleet for this season. The record stands at ninety-four yachts which started in the Seawanhaka-Corinthian regatta off Oyster Bay last Saturday. It is believed the Larchmont fleet will go well up toward the 120 mark, if not above it. Prizes are offered by the club in all the regular classes.

A large fleet also will cross the starting line in the New Rochelle regatta on Saturday afternoon, as this also will be a holiday for many of the racing yachtsmen. Prizes are offered in all classes that race two or more boats by the New Rochelle Yacht Club.

## MACOMBER TO HOLD SALE.

### Will Ship 60 Horses to This Country From France Aug. 12.

A. K. Macomber, the California sportsman racing in France, will ship to this country on Aug. 12 sixty head of horses in training, brood mares and yearlings, which will be sold during the late Summer or early Fall at Belmont Park, it was announced recently. While no date has been set for the sale, which will be conducted by the Thoroughbred Sales Company, it is expected by President Charles F. Hill that it will take place during the latter part of the meeting at Belmont Park, the dispersal to be staged at the Macomber stables, which were the home of Papyrus during his stay in this country.

The shipment will come directly from the famous Haras Quesnay, Mr. Macomber's breeding farm and from the racing stable trained by Charles Count. When Mr. Macomber took over the French breeding interests of the late William K. Vanderbilt, he already had a large establishment consisting of horses he took to France from this country and he added to the number by purchases from Joseph E. Widener.

With the Vanderbilt lot added to his already large holdings, the Californian had much the biggest stable in France and has found it imperative to make a reduction in its numbers. A year ago he sent forty-four head of brood mares to this country, which sold for a total of $144,000.

The Macomber silks have been most successful this season, but one of the difficulties has been the size of the racing stable and Count has found it impossible to train from fifty to seventy-five horses and do them all justice. The lot will be consigned to Dr. McCully and they will be prepared for the sales ring by Mr. Hill, for many years in charge of the racing interests of Clarence F. Mackay both at home and abroad.

## FOOTBALL PAID AT LEHIGH.

### Supported Athletics and Provides a Surplus of $17,515.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., July 2.—Athletics at Lehigh University were on a paying basis in the season just closed, which also included the 1923 football season. The athletic treasury now has a balance of $17,515.28, it was announced today.

Football, as usual, earned the profit for the year. The gridiron sport took in a total of $80,548 and paid out $50,539 to visiting teams and for the expenses of the football team. Then, deducting the expense for other sports which were non-paying, the treasury had a surplus of $17,515.


# Automobile Exchange

*Rate 65 cents an agate line.* *Telephone LACkawanna 1000.* *Announcements subject to censorship.*

For the purchase and sale of used cars in good condition, open and closed models of all standard makes. Investigate these offerings before buying a used car. Bargains are frequently obtainable.

Reward of $100 offered for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one who may have obtained money under false pretenses through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.

**ABBOT DETROIT.**
MERCER TOURING, $250 CASH and $51 monthly. Long, low, racy looking car in A1 condition. Loaded with extras.
WARREN-NASH IS THE SAFE PLACE TO BUY YOUR CAR.
NASH COUPE, $313 CASH and $52 monthly. In all around good condition and guaranteed. Comfortable for four people. Priced low.
WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION, 1,787 Broadway at 58th St. Open Evenings. Columbus 7200.

**APPERSON SPORT.**
Packard straight sight touring.
Packard roadsters and single six.
Locomobile sportiff, special.
Peerless coach, small mileage.
Fiat speedster, special.
Packard single six coupe and touring.
Cadillac sedans, coupes and tourings.
Buicks, all types.
Mercer and Dusenberg sports.
KNICKERBOCKER,
1,594—Broadway—1,594,
at 53d St.
Delegates and visitors welcome.

APPERSON 4-passenger Sport, Westinghouse shock absorbers, equipped, $575. 231 W. 142d.

| | |
|---|---|
| BREWSTER | DE LAGE |
| LOCOMOBILE | PIERCE-ARROW |
| CRANE SIMPLEX | HISPANO SUIZA |

50 Other High-Grade Motor Cars. Burrelle, 229 West 57th St. Col. 6000.

| | |
|---|---|
| BUICK | 1924 Sport Roadster. |
| CADILLAC | 1924 Sedan. |
| CADILLAC | 1924 Touring. |
| CADILLAC | 1924 Imperial. |
| CADILLAC | 1923 Sedan. |
| CADILLAC | Special Schutts speedster. |
| LOCOMOBILE | Special Touring. |
| PACKARD | 1924 "8" Sport Touring. |
| PACKARD | 1924 "8" Sedan Limousine. |
| WILLS STE. CLAIRE | 1923 Sedan. |

L. F. JACOD & CO.,
1,800 Broadway. Columbus 7341.

| | |
|---|---|
| BUICK | 1924 Sedan, 7-pass. |
| BUICK | 1924 Sport, 4-pass. |
| BUICK | 1923 Sport Tour. and Road. |
| BUICK | 1923 Brougham Sedan. |
| JORDAN | 1923 Bluebey Sportster. |
| HUDSON | 1924 Coach, like new. |
| HUDSON | 1923 Sedan, 7-pass. |
| PACKARD | 1923 Single "6" Sedan. |

50 others. Open evenings, 10 P. M. Brenner-Langdon, 1,765 B'way. Circle 7060.

| | |
|---|---|
| BUICK | 1924 brougham sedan. |
| CADILLAC | 1923 5-pass. sedan & sub. |
| CADILLAC | 1923 imperial sedan. |
| PACKARD | 1924 straight 8 imperial sedan. |
| PACKARD | 1923 single 6 tour. and sedan. |
| MERCER | 1923 4-pass. spec. |

KAPLAN AUTO EXCHANGE,
782 7th Av. (cor. 51st). Circle 7093.

BUICK, 1924 model, gray sport roadster, driven 100 miles, equipped with numerous accessories, offered at big reduction from list price; will consider trade and time payments. 5,044 Broadway. Billings 7532.

BUICK 1923 sport touring and roadster, original paint, disc wheels; like new. Lobell's, 1,806 Broadway at 59th St. Open evenings and 4th of July.

BUICK 23 SPORT TOUR. $985.
Thoroughly reconditioned, written guarantee; payments arranged. 120 East 149th. Mott Haven 7894.

BUICK 1923 red sport touring and roadster. Buick 1923 7-pass. touring and roadsters. Finance Co., 215 West 48th. Chickering 2964.

BUICK 23 COUPE, $825.
Guaranteed payments trades. Mott Haven 6035.

BUICK '23 sport model, like new. Call 9 to 2:00; 622 Lexington. Davis.

BUICK Coupe, 6 cylinder, 4-passenger, many extras, $575. 231 W. 142d.

BUICK 1924 sedan, like new; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 3222.

BUICK 1924 coupe, like new; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 3222.

BUICK sport roadster; also sport touring

# The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print"

Published Every Day in the Year by THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY. ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President. B. C. FRANCK, Secretary.

OFFICES: (TELEPHONE LACKAWANNA 1000).
TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX, 442 W., cor. of Broadway
DOWNTOWN.....7 Beekman Street
WALL STREET.....104 Broadway
HARLEM.....125 West 125th Street
BROOKLYN.....350 Washington Street
BRONX.....2,924 Third Avenue
FORDHAM.....15 East Fordham Road

WASHINGTON.....717 Albee Building. Subscriptions and Advertising, 1,415 New York Av., N. W.
CHICAGO.....360 North Michigan Av.
ST. LOUIS.....451 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....703-4 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LOS ANGELES.....11 Times Building
LONDON.....165A Queen Victoria Street, E. C. 4. Advertising, 93-94 Chancery Lane and 16 Regent St.
PARIS.....19, Rue de la Paix
ROME.....Palazzo Chimelli, Corso Umberto 461
BERLIN.....Schiffbauerdamm 36
CAIRO.....Egyptian Gazette Buildings
BUENOS AIRES.....Avenida de Mayo 749

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

(Entered as second-class mail matter.)

Two Cents copy Greater New York. Three Cents within 50 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn; Ten Cents Queens, Richmond.

| | By Mail, Out of Town. | One Year. | Six Mos. | One Mo. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| *Daily and Sunday | | $12.00 | $6.00 | $1.00 |
| *Daily only | | 10.00 | 5.00 | .85 |
| Sunday only | | 4.00 | 2.25 | .50 |
| Sunday only | Canada | 3.50 | 1.75 | .40 |

*One week, 25c. (One week, 30c.

| | Foreign Rates. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Daily and Sunday | | $28.00 | $14.00 | $2.50 |
| Daily only | | 18.00 | 9.00 | 1.75 |
| Sunday only | | 10.00 | 5.00 | 1.00 |

Binder, Picture Section, for 26 issues, $2.50.

ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $5; Canada, $5.50; other countries, $6. Binder, 26 issues, $1.50.
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW (Weekly), per year, $4; Canada, $4.52; other countries, $5. Binder, 53 issues, $1.50.
MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), one year, $2; Canada, $2; other countries, $2.50. Binder, 53 issues, ½ leather, $2.50; cloth, $1.50.
CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, 1 yr. (12 issues), $3; Canada, $3.50 (foreign $4). Per copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX (Quarterly), full cloth, per copy, $3; per year, $8.
TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes—illustrated—cloth, $50; full leather, $75.
HISTORY OF THE NEW YORK TIMES—1851-1921. U. S. and Canada, cloth, $3; paper, 50 cents. Foreign, cloth, $2.25; paper, 45 cents.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein. All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1924.


## THE BRYAN BLIGHT.

It is useless to try to compete with Mr. BRYAN in great swelling words or to convince him by fair argument. The facts can be stated, clear and net. His relations to the Democratic Party consist in having led it to defeat three times and in having done his best to prevent it from winning a victory whenever he was not a Presidential candidate himself. Further, it may be said that he is under suspicion of having used his political advantages for personal ends. We do not allege it, but imagine a man of Mr. BRYAN'S readiness to ascribe bad motives making a speech upon his own career. It would not fail to hold up Mr. BRYAN as one who had treated the Democratic Party in the spirit of an exploiter and profiteer. Estimates of Mr. BRYAN'S wealth vary, but it is safe to say that it is larger than that of Mr. JOHN W. DAVIS, whom Mr. BRYAN assails as "a Wall Street man." Mr. BRYAN graciously admits that he owes everything to the Democratic Party. What does it owe to him? Not even thanks, unless gratitude is due for blundering leadership, studiously bad advice and an unequaled record of disaster.

Yesterday in the convention Mr. BRYAN was at his old tricks. Again he brought out his fatuous list of available Democratic candidates. In reading the names of most of them, one recalls what was said of CAVOUR, that he "labored with incredible ardor to confer a reputation upon men of notorious incapacity." It is hard to believe that Mr. BRYAN is even sincere when he parades these favorites of his. He cannot be so dense as not to know that the convention would not touch his nonentities with a ten-foot pole, and that the sinister inference will be drawn that he put them forward only to obstruct really capable men, and possibly to hint to the delegates that their party's great architect of defeat is still willing if they are.

The question of Mr. BRYAN'S party standing is of little consequence compared with the public importance of the ideas about the Presidency which he constantly endeavors to set afloat. His present assault upon Mr. JOHN W. DAVIS cannot be let pass, no matter what its effect upon the nomination or the election. Mr. BRYAN starts out by saying that no man who acts as a lawyer for large corporations ought to be thought of as President. The fact that he has acted also for poor clients and for labor organizations is not to be allowed to have any weight. Mr. BRYAN seems to think that he clears himself of any possible charge of individual animosity when he says, "I have no personal objections to Mr. DAVIS. He is a man of high character."

Mr. BRYAN does not see that if he is truthful in this, it eats up his original accusation. For, if a man is really of high character, his course in public office could not possibly be swayed by any private interest. GROVER CLEVELAND was a member of the same New York law firm to which Mr. DAVIS now belongs. Did CLEVELAND as President act as if he were in fear of Wall Street? We know that one act of his, the sending of the Venezuelan message to Congress, caused a panic in Wall Street and was said to have resulted in the loss of $400,000,000 on the Stock Exchange.

Mr. BRYAN objects merely to the location of Mr. DAVIS'S law practice. He says that when Mr. DAVIS resigned as Ambassador to England he should have gone back to West Virginia to "hang up his shingle." Well, that shingle was hung up in Clarksburg, W. Va., for twenty years. The people there know what sort of clients Mr. DAVIS had. They included farmers, mechanics, labor unions, and men of all conditions in life. Mr. DAVIS never gave up all his time to any one client, nor was he confined to a special form of practice. Like other country lawyers, he took whatever work came to him. When in Congress, he assisted in drafting the clauses of the Clayton act, in reference to injunctions, contempts of court and the application of the Sherman law. As Solicitor General, he argued in behalf of the Government the Adamson eight-hour law for railroad employes, the first child labor law, for putting the oil pipe lines under the Interstate Commerce Commission, the anti-trust cases against the United States Steel Corporation, the International Harvester Company, and others. Since coming to New York, Mr. DAVIS appeared in the suit brought by the United States against the Window Glass Associations, in which he successfully defended the right of labor to frame its wage scales without being exposed to condemnation under the Sherman act. In New York, just as in Clarksburg, Mr. DAVIS'S practice has been general; and the attempt of Mr. BRYAN to make him out a hired advocate of Wall Street is false in fact and contemptible in its mean insinuations.

Again Mr. BRYAN may succeed in putting a blight upon the Democratic Party, but he ought not to be allowed to spread without challenge and rebuke such untrue and harmful notions as make up the bulk of his stock in speech. To excite class prejudice is bad enough. To make a livelihood and reputation out of it is worse. To seek to create distrust in the financial institutions of the United States is the act of a demagogue, an incendiary or a madman. The best proof of the soundness of the conduct of American business and finance is that they have stood firm and continued to expend all these years despite Mr. BRYAN'S frenzied assaults upon them.

## MEANS, THE MARTYR.

Mr. GASTON B. MEANS, long one of our most noted criminologists, has been found guilty, with one of his aids, of conspiracy to violate the Prohibition law. In the course of his unselfish and passionate pursuit of crime, the malice of the wicked has brought indictments against him for various peccadilloes from murder down. Humorous as well as scientific investigator, he has described his occupation as "being indicted"; but until now he has broken through all the nets of spite. This is his first conviction.

Mr. MEANS was the great white polestar of Truth to the Brookhart committee. Among the living and the dead, and in a twilight world of mysterious figures known only to his clear eye, his long memory roamed. His active intelligence was the continual prompter of Senator WHEELER in the examination of witnesses and the opening of new "lines," the tracking of new "clues." Out of some silly piety to the dead, or a prejudiced estimate of Mr. MEANS'S studies in criminology, there was a disposition among too many to discredit his testimony; but when his case came up in a Federal court here, the lovers of fact and of MEANS looked forward to a vindication of both. He repeated the testimony which so impressed the impartial minds of Mr. WHEELER and his associate John Marshalls. As our neighbor, The World, said with a fine fervor:

> This is no political hearing, no packed investigation by Senators, no persecution of the aggrieved DAUGHERTY. It is a judicial proceeding, regularly conducted and presided over by a United States District Judge; its proceedings a record for the jury of all the people.

What must be the surprise and pain of the devotees of the Truth as it is in MEANS to find a jury of twelve men disbelieving that incomparable witness, holding false the statements so precious to the cold, exact and scrupulous intelligence of the Brookhart bench! It is an ungracious task to comment upon proceedings in a court of justice, but surely the admirers of Mr MEANS and his mathematical evidence will note, with indignation that the case for the Government was in the hands of Mr. HIRAM C. TODD, Special Assistant Attorney General. Mr. TODD is the man who excited the wrath of Mr. BROOKHART and his fellow-justiciaries by denouncing their stainless paragon as a "crook" and by refusing to produce the evidence laid against him before the Grand Jury. Mr. BROOKHART said that Mr. TODD was "unfit" for his post and ought to be removed. Mr. WHEELER accused Mr. TODD of trying to "prejudice the public against" the prize witness. Mr. ASHURST talked to the slanderer of GASTON the Good like a Dutch uncle:

> You have announced here that Mr. MEANS is a crook. You are his prosecutor. You have condemned him in advance. You have usurped the functions of the jury. Now, a gentleman, when he announces that another man is a crook, especially when that gentleman is the prosecutor of that man, when he sounds the doom of that man in advance, he is always willing to give the evidence which caused him to say the man is guilty.

Instead, the perverse Mr. TODD gave the evidence to the jury, with what melancholy result we now know. He must have done his best to "prejudice" the petty jury as he had done his best to "prejudice" the jury of the public. Mr. MEANS'S counsel protested in vain. He wanted Mr. TODD disqualified as "biased and unfair." Surely, it is the duty of the prosecutor, at least when the defendant is a known champion of verity, to assume that defendant's innocence. Mr. TODD even permitted himself, in the trial, to speak of Mr. MEANS as "a great fictionist." So is the law. There is a feeling among our best Gastonians that only a change of venue to Concord, N. C., could give Mr. MEANS the full protection to which his innocence is entitled; yet Mr. BROOKHART'S is the proper court of cassation in this case. It must be able to investigate this trial, as it investigated the indictment of Mr. WHEELER. It does not comport with the dignity of the Senate committee that the testimony which it regarded as proofs of Holy Writ should be held by a jury and a court, where the dull and narrow formalities of the law are observed, as a monument of Munchausenism.

## MEXICO'S EMBARRASSMENT.

The announcement of President OBREGON that the Mexican Government is unable to pay the interest of June 30 due on its reorganized debt does not come as a surprise. On May 10 Under-Secretary of Finance SALINAS denied a report that the Government had succeeded in balancing the budget. He intimated that if it failed to obtain a loan through the International Bankers' Committee the next instalment of interest on the funded debt could not be paid. At the time the Government owed its employes 14,500,000 pesos. It was said that the de la Huerta revolution had left in its wake a troublesome financial stringency. If the Government had been able to negotiate a temporary loan, suspension of payments on the reorganised debt could have been averted. Ambassador WARREN was quoted in an interview:

> I believe the proper way will be for Mexico to continue to pay interest under the debt agreement and seek a temporary loan to help out the finances depleted by the revolution. Mexico has security for a loan. I am willing to help the Government in every way possible.

It is now evident that Mexico is in no condition to deal with the claims of American citizens, adjudication of which was provided for in the conventions that smoothed the way to the recognition of the Obregon Government. Its difficulties have increased since Minister of Finance PANI reported a deficit on taking office. The de la Huerta insurrection followed immediately. It was put down at heavy cost. For the present the Government has got to the end of its financial resources, but the country's natural wealth is so great that there is no reason to doubt that it will weather the storm, provided the impending election passes off peacefully. To President OBREGON the army is loyal, and while he remains in office order will be maintained.

In his statement President OBREGON blames his former Finance Minister DE LA HUERTA for failing in his negotiations with the American bankers to obtain a loan to be used in order to construct irrigation works and to establish a much needed bank of issue. The President's judgment was that it would help Mexico to pay its interest. The real cause of Mexico's temporary default is twofold: the burden of suppressing the rebellion of DE LA HUERTA and the decline in returns from taxation of the oil industry. This fact explains the reluctance of bankers to make a temporary loan to Mexico.

## "THE UNITED STATES OF EUROPE."

Count BERNSTORFF used to be thought highly practical, but he has appeared before the Congress of the Federation of League of Nations Societies in Lyons as sponsor for the old fantasy, "the United States of Europe." This idea, periodically revived by men of speculative minds, always appeals to persons who consider the end without inquiring into the means. Oppressed by the futility of the present system in which nation makes war against nation, and fully aware of the benefits of cooperation, the advocates of this scheme dream of a great European federation. Passing lightly over the forces of tradition and heritage and overlooking the jealousies and hatreds nourished throughout generations, they look forward to that day heralded by the prophet ISAIAH when "the wolf shall dwell with the lamb and the leopard shall lie down with the kid."

There is a dangerous fallacy in the analogy, so often urged by these visionaries, to the consolidation of the thirteen American Commonwealths into the Federal Union. They speak of the great difficulties overcome in 1787 and of the bitter passions that then kept the colonists apart. They contrast the point of view of the New England townsmen in those days with that of the planters of the South, and show the jealousy between the merchants of New York and those of Philadelphia and Boston. These conditions, they say, are paralleled in modern Europe. But they do not sufficiently stress the forces of union in 1787—the successful Revolution recently fought by joint effort; the common language throughout all the Colonies; the binding power of the frontier existence—a force which was soon to become the strongest unifying factor in the nation—and the lack of those racial and religious hatreds which do the predominating characteristics of Europe today.

If "the United States of Europe," in a political sense, is at present no more than a fantasy, economically some such idea might be realised. The present tariff barriers are an impediment to such a scheme and are among the weapons of a rampant nationalism. But over against these must be set the growing network of trade treaties providing preferential treatment for neighbor States. In Central and Eastern Europe they are doing much to replace jealousy by a new spirit of cooperation, and this bids fair to be a constructive power in the European situation.

In this work the League of Nations is playing an important part. In fact, the League comes nearer forming such a "United States of Europe" than anything heretofore suggested. It is settling questions between nations which might otherwise have led to rancorous disputes, and is doing constructive work in Austria and Hungary. It is, so to speak, bringing the entire force of the European power to bear in dealing with problems which the States cannot by themselves settle. This may be an important step toward the realisation of Count BERNSTORFF'S ideal. But even he does not expect to live until this dream comes true. However, as the proposal has been put forward not before the League itself, but before a gathering of the delegates of the Federation of League of Nations Societies—including American representatives—it need not alarm even those who have been struck by the fact that among the reasons advanced by the Count for a United States of Europe is that such a body would furnish the best means of negotiating with "the formidable nations of other countries." In the language of the Irreconcilables, this means, "America, take notice!"

## COMMUNIST REACTION IN RUSSIA.

Possibly the rumor that President COOLIDGE was softening in his attitude toward the Soviet Government may have been intended to influence developments in France, where DOUMERGUE and HERRIOT are on record as favoring recognition of Moscow. If that was the purpose, it failed. The official denial from the White House is at pains to state that, if anything, the two Governments are further apart than they were six months ago when President COOLIDGE in his message to Congress laid down the indispensable preliminaries to our recognition of the Soviets. These were acknowledgment by Moscow of her public debt to the United States, restoration of sequestrated American property, and abandonment of Communist propaganda abroad. These were not subjects for diplomatic discussion, but for action by Moscow.

A favorite contention with critics of Washington's policy toward the Soviets has been that it is based on prejudice instead of on facts. Just the contrary is true. Repeatedly it has been shown that the State Department's information on Russia is full and authentic. Senator BORAH found this out some time ago when he fell foul of Secretary HUGHES on the subject of the relations between the Soviet Government and the Communist International. The summary of Russian conditions issued from the White House in connection with Tuesday's denial of the recognition rumor is a picture equally vivid and precise. If the two countries are further from each other than they were six months ago, it is because Russia has been rapidly drifting back into a fanatical communism. The trading class brought into existence by LENIN'S New Economic Policy is being decimated by a ruthless taxation and wholesale imprisonments. The old Cheka methods of repression flourish. Perhaps as signal an example of how swift is the return to a militant communism is the decree expelling the entire "bourgeois" youth from the gymnasia and the universities. It is an intellectual St. Bartholomew's.

The deadlock in the Anglo-Russian negotiations has now lasted several months. If the new French Government is talking recognition, the reason is to be sought in internal politics. British and French Labor in Opposition were advocates of Russian recognition. Now that they are in power they feel bound to redeem their pledges. The case for recognition is regularly put on the practical ground of trade revival. But there is no real hope in Western Europe of an appreciable revival of commerce with Russia until there has been a definite change of heart at Moscow. The outlook for that is far from promising. The American Government is not obligated to any political element in this country on the subject of recognition and can appraise with a cooler mind the realities of Russian trade and of the entire Russian situation.

Nor can President COOLIDGE have his hand forced by an argument that once enjoyed great vogue. It was contended that precisely the way to bring Sovietism to sanity was by recognising it. In isolation, so the argument ran, the Communist fanatics would never learn. But the facts have not borne out the plea. The Soviet Government has now been recognised by Great Britain, Germany, Italy and a number of the minor European States, but the only effect is apparently the revival of a communism of the extreme type that LENIN had to deal with so drastically.

## THE FREEDOM OF THE CONVENTION.

Before the Democratic Convention opened, Governor SMITH said that he would be in favor of having all the candidates appear in person to speak or be questioned. This suggestion was not adopted, but it was felt yesterday that Mr. BRYAN could not be left to die with all his music in him, and so unanimous consent was accorded him to take the platform for a half hour of the kind of speechifying he is not ashamed to make. His chief purpose was plainly to fill the minds of the delegates with prejudice against JOHN W. DAVIS. What a pity that it was not possible to give Mr. DAVIS an opportunity to reply!

If the freedom of the Convention could have been extended to him also, the assembled Democrats would have heard reason instead of ranting, and listened to a statement of party principles which would have been something more than empty railing at political opponents and unblushing appeals to the ignorant. The concession to Mr. BRYAN was made apparently for old acquaintance' sake and as a mark of courtesy. Yet it was all time worse than wasted. In a period half as long as the riot precipitated by Mr. BRYAN, it would have been possible for Mr. DAVIS to illustrate the difference between a man of ideas and convictions which he is ready to expound and defend, and the wearisome orator who has repeated his platitudes and perversions so often that they now come from him in a kind of automatic drip.

## AN ARITHMETIC PLATFORM.

To the teachers of mathematics, forming one section of the educational convention now in session in Washington, was presented yesterday a plan for the "reorganization of arithmetic." If it is adopted, it would doubtless give cheer to many a child, could he but know what he has escaped in the way of memorizing what are called "useless processes." Among those it is suggested the following might be omitted from the arithmetic work of the grades: apothecaries' weight, troy weight, partial payments, the greatest common divisor and least common multiple ("beyond the power of inspection"), long and confusing problems in common fractions, complex and compound fractions and "ratio beyond the ability of fractions to satisfy"; compound numbers, compound interest and annual interest; cube root, the metric system, longitude and time, and foreign and domestic exchange.

The author of the plan has chosen an unfavorable time to present his recommendations, notably the one relating to difficult problems in common fractions. Those who struggled with the fractional parts of the vote on the proposed Ku Klux plank last Saturday night know how invaluable was the training of the old district school, and particularly when the reckoning was done mentally. It is a time, too, when finding the "greatest common divisor" is the one uppermost thought in the minds of most people. But, seriously, an acquaintance with ratio and proportion was never more needful than in these times when the relative is sought more generally than the absolute. The making of "partial payments" is an unhappy necessity in the economy of many families and individuals. Untold numbers, too, have to reckon "annual interest"; and "true discount" must come within the experience of many. Instead of discarding the teaching of the processes of exchange, it would seem that they are of value to increasing numbers. Certainly familiarity with the time equivalents of longitude is more and more convenient with the growth of international news and the wider reach and use of the radio. Finally, the metric system is something that every child should learn by heart in a world whose measurements are increasingly to be made in meters and liters and grams.

Undoubtedly too much time is spent in the teaching of arithmetic. Dr. ELIOT laid stress upon this many years ago. But even on the basis of "social efficiency"—the basis for the new program presented at Washington—some of the processes which it is now proposed to eliminate should be retained for leading the mind of the child out into wider horizons of time and longitude and measurement, and for emphasizing the relativity of things. The reorganization of arithmetic so as to promote "social utility" should be concerned not only for the mathematics of the nearer and the avoirdupois utilities, but should lead out as far as possible toward the infinities and down into the refinements and relativities of things. Arithmetic is not only the art of computation. It is the science that lies at the basis of all the sciences of the real. It is, however, essentially a pure science of the imagination that comes to minister in a very practical way to the great and small, rich and poor alike in their daily life. All have a concern in this science, though most of them do not know it. A sound arithmetic platform is quite as important as some political platforms. In a peculiar sense democracies are governed by arithmetic.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

### Such a Plan Never Would Work.

Radio gives a lot of information about what goes on at the Democratic Convention, but it illustrates the wisdom of the legal requirement for the whole truth, as well as nothing but the truth. For, from what one hears in this way, wrong impressions of what goes on in the Garden can be obtained and then well-intentioned suggestions as to how the proceedings could be changed for the better may be wrong.

One man was moved yesterday to declare it wrong for the Chairman of the convention, on announcing that a ballot just taken had not produced the requisite two-thirds vote, immediately to order the delegates to try again. What he should do, according to this critic, was to permit an interval of an hour or so between the ballots in order that explanations and defenses of the vote just given might be offered and arguments for changes next time might be presented. That, he said, was the course that would be pursued in any Board of Directors doing business under like rules; certainly one inconclusive vote would not be followed immediately by another.

There are two fallacies in this. First, it ignores, as does the radio, that while balloting goes on the men in different delegations have a lot of time for discussion, exhortation and trading among themselves, and that they, or the leaders whom most of them obey, utilize the opportunity industriously. They do just about what they would do in an interval between ballots. The second fallacy lies in the inaccuracy of the analogy used. Very few of the delegates have the authority or the knowledge which directors are supposed to possess. All they want or expect to hear, now that the nominating speeches have been made, is what the members of the inner councils have decided to do at the moment, and this they do hear during the long process of calling the roll of States.

Surely nobody wants to have the nominating speeches repeated, as they would be if the interval system were adopted; and as for the infantilism of "demonstrations," surely everybody, including the demonstrators, must have had enough of that.

### Their Threats Came to Nothing.

Ku Klux power received no brilliant demonstration at Ebensburg, Pa., this week, when Judge FINLETTER sentenced to two years in jail eighteen Klansmen as well as ten other men for participation in the savage affray that caused three deaths and many injuries at Lilly last April.

The hooded organization claims a large membership in that part of Pennsylvania, and terrible threats have been made as to what would be done to the Prosecuting Attorney who dared to try for murder brothers of the sacred order, to the jurors who dared to convict them, no matter what they had done, and to the Judge who fixed punishment for such heroes. Yet nothing at all happened, either during the trial or at its close!

Viewed from a distance, the case against the Klansmen was not particularly clear, and the plea that they merely defended themselves from attack while passing through Lilly was fairly plausible. Who fired the first shots was a matter of dispute, but it is obvious enough that the Klansmen went there prepared for war with deadly weapons, and that they intentionally provoked, or at least made no effort to avoid, the disturbance that so soon turned into something like a pitched battle.

The affair was one of exactly the sort likely to occur wherever the Ku Klux Klan thinks itself strong enough to do what it pleases and to coerce its opponents into silence and submission. It resents criticism bitterly, and punishes it effectively when it can. The members have, however, only the courage of lynching mobs, which is what they are. At the Democratic Convention there were more than a few of them among the delegates, according to all accounts, but never a one ventured an open defense of their precious organization.

### He Chooses Times and Seasons.

People who expect General DAWES to enliven the campaign by brandishing from the stump such linguistic thunderbolts as those with which he illuminated the ceremonies attending the institution of the Federal budget system apparently are to have their hopes disappointed—or their fears proved groundless.

There is a time for expletives, he now says, and a time for speaking with caution in soft words well considered. He has decided that it will not take long to wait a minute when difficult questions are proposed to him for settlement. "I wonder!" is the formula invented or adopted by him as the safest, and therefore wisest, response in such cases.

One should not be too much cast down, however, by this pronouncement—or too much relieved by it. The General's full vocabulary doubtless is still in being, and whatever of vehemence he may think an occasion needs in all probability he will use. He never was a constant sputter of fire and flame, but his quiescent periods are no evidence that he must be numbered among the extinct volcanoes.

### How Many Acquire Facility?

After Dean WEST had made with such satisfaction his report on the increased, or rather the revived, interest in the classics, as shown by the increase in the number of students in our secondary schools who are "taking" Latin and Greek, it would have been interesting if he could have given something approaching accurate information as to the frequency with which the students of today are getting the real knowledge of those languages which seems to have been acquired easily enough two or three or four centuries ago.

It is one thing to be able to translate a classic text by the laborious use of the dictionary, but it is a very different thing really to read that text with the facility that alone enables the reader to enjoy the reading. Such facility, to say the least, is not common among the young men just out of college, while no high school graduate has it; and as for those of us who, ten years after graduation, either do or can read a Latin or Greek page for pleasure, we are rare birds indeed.

Dean WEST did emphasize the value of training in what is called sight reading, but why should there be any other sort after, say, six months of study? There wouldn't be if the teaching of the "dead languages" were as skillful and effective as that which every child gets at home in his mother tongue.

All the real linguists—most like Sir RICHARD BURTON, GEORGE BORROW and HENRY SCHLIEMANN—have scorned dictionaries and grammars, and, without ever opening them, have done what so few of the slaves of those books ever accomplished. And their success probably is due much more to their methods of study—so different from those of the schools—than to any special twist of mind.

Every one of them, as it happens, believed in using translations as aids to beginners, but to most modern teachers translations are anathema and their use is immoral. As if there were a special virtue in looking up a word in the dictionary and selecting thence one from a dozen or twenty meanings!

As a matter of fact, the "pony," rightly ridden, is a perfectly safe and respectable animal, and to view him with contempt or horror is a revelation of something very much like ignorance.

## MOB RULE IN CONVENTIONS.

### Reforms to Make Party Gatherings More Deliberative Are Urged.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Your editorial "The Nominating System" is timely yet inconclusive. Surely the proceedings at Madison Square Garden should oust the doom of the auto horn and siren as the controlling factors in national conventions. The competition for pre-eminence in noise production and the duration of this form of insanity is a travesty on democracy.

The selection of the standard bearers of the major political parties is rightly regarded as an act of the highest moment and fraught with the greatest possibilities for good or otherwise. In some respects these events overshadow the enactment of legislation by the national Congress. The successful contestant for the Presidency of the Union can in a very large degree render legislation nugatory through non-enforcement. On the other hand, after his election he may promulgate and give force and effect to measures of the gravest nature, even though the national convention of his party has been entirely silent on these matters.

Properly conducted, a national convention can become a more deliberative debating body than any legislative assembly. The latter being usually composed of outright partisans—more or less equally divided between the larger political parties—is so impervious to arguments advanced by the opposing partisans that should a transfer of votes take place it excites the widest comment. A national convention, however, being composed, in theory, at least, of those who are assumed to be in agreement on fundamental principles but differing, it may be, as to their relative importance or as to the imminence of their application, is the natural place for the threshing out of points of difference as to what should be declared on these disputed subjects at any given time.

Yet nothing of the kind takes place. Rarely do these gatherings of a thousand or more delegates engage in debate. Even where this is attempted, as on yesterday, debate and deliberation are impossible, for the contestants cannot be heard, while the presence of an immense mob of trained cohorts prevents calm deliberation. A boiler shop would be as appropriate for such a gathering. Such deliberations as do take place—say in the Committee on Resolutions—are participated in by about 5 per cent. of the delegates only, the remaining 95 per cent. being ignorant of the arguments pro and con. Clearly the whole business of these conventions is conducted on a false basis. Seemingly it needed the inanity of the past few days to make their farcical nature apparent. This should be the last convention so conducted.

Let us hope that national conventions hereafter will perform their true function—become deliberative assemblies of representatives of parties. All the paraphernalia of staged demonstrations, all noise and all mass psychology should be eliminated. There is but one fitting and appropriate place where they should be held. This is the House of Representatives of the United States. All bands, badges and flags should be forbidden. All useless and wasteful expenditures to handicap a candidate with a lean purse should be done away with. Except for the microphones to gather the voice for transmission to distant places, no additional equipment than that already existing would be required.

ROBERT BAKER.

Brooklyn, N. Y., June 29, 1924.

### The Bronx River Soldier.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Your correspondent George A. Weeks will find an excellent description and other information regarding the "Bronx River Soldier" which he calls our "most constant" (?) soldier in a volume which has recently appeared under the pen of Walter Emlie Tiene entitled "Statues of New York."

He says "much mystery surrounds the purpose of the statue," but he gives the name of the sculptor, &c. A family named Wray that has lived in that quarter of the city since Revolutionary days could probably give valued information, too, in regard to this silent sentinel, who has been very much in the public gaze of recent years.

L. X. SPENCE.

New York, June 30, 1924.

## THE THIEF OF TIME.

If Death should come a-knocking at her door
And ask her out to take a walk with him,
She'd sigh and say, "Just wait a moment more—
I want to leave the house in better trim!"

And then she'd run like lightning up the stairs
And have a bath and do her finger-nails
And tie the bag of stockings into pairs
And set some grimy stuff to soak in pails;

And then she'd sort the children's bureau drawers
And pay a prodical account or two
And mend a torn survivor of the wars
A son's accoutrements are always passing through;

And then she'd screw a wanted tooth-brush hook
And wash the water-cup and furnish soap
And write a note, "Return Louise this book"
And "I'll be back again tonight, I hope";

And, swiftly powdering her little nose
And looking in the stairway's pane of glass,
She'd saunter down, retrieving her repose,
And take his arm and (now quite gaily) pass.

DOROTHY LEONARD.

## THE LEAGUE REFERENDUM.

### General O'Ryan Commends Action of the Democratic Convention.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Americans who would see their country play a man's part in world affairs, particularly in relation to the maintenance of law and order in the world, owe a debt of gratitude to Alfred E. Lucking of Michigan, Senator Key Pittman of Nevada and others who successfully committed the Democratic Convention to a referendum on the subject of our entry into the League of Nations rather than to an announced policy to accomplish that step directly.

More and more are the people of the country looking into the League and its organization, policies and accomplishment, and they have been doing this rather free from the emotionalism and prejudices aroused by the last Presidential campaign. In consequence, it is becoming clear to them that if the world is to substitute law and justice for war and force, the world must maintain something more in the way of organization than a World Court to determine disputes. They know that our own Supreme Court would not long survive in its effectiveness without the latent power of the Executive branch of the Government back of it.

They are beginning to understand quite generally that the abolition of war is a problem presenting many difficulties to be considered, and that in addition to a World Court and the necessary power back of it there should be a department of research and investigation working in the field of war prevention. These conclusions point inevitably to the League of Nations, or something so like it as to qualify for its twin brother.

Now, if this great question were again to be thrown into the boiling pot of a national political campaign, it would become in the minds of some the paramount issue, but with many it would be but a subordinate issue. No matter what the outcome of the political campaign might be, the same differences of opinion would exist, and they would be tainted and accentuated by prejudices and viewpoints having no real relation to the merits of the League and of our membership in it. If the Democratic Party is defeated, one group would hold that the plank to commit the country to League membership caused the defeat, while another group would claim that other issues or the qualities of the nominees were responsible.

The policy which was adopted at the instance of those mentioned is a sound and far-seeing policy, for it takes the question of our entry into the League out of politics and advocates a referendum to the people, with opportunity to debate the merits free from other considerations, and at the same time it leaves no doubt in the minds of any who will read what the Democratic Party as an organization thinks of the League of Nations and of our duty to join in its great mission of outlawing war.

Two other points remain to be mentioned. The first is the question of the constitutionality of a Congressional act providing for a referendum. This I believe will be determined favorably. The second is the fact that if the Democratic Party had adopted an "entry into the League" plank and should carry the election, our entry into the League would not follow the installation in office of the Democratic President—at least until the necessary votes in the Senate could be secured for approval, as was pointed out by Senator Pitman.

In spite of the splendid presentation of the opposite view by former Secretary of War Baker, I think it is most fortunate for the country and for the great cause of peace that the Locking policy was adopted.

Always the world has been organized for war and intermittently the world has always had war. Now the world for the first time is organizing for peace, and when the organization is completed by the entry of the United States into the peace organization, the world will secure peace.

JOHN F. O'RYAN,
Major General, U. S. Army Reserve.

New York City, July 1, 1924.

## A TRIBUTE TO BAKER.

### Rev. H. A. Stimson Extols His War Service and Appeal for the League.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

I ask the privilege of calling attention to Mr. Clarkson's letter in your issue of today paying high honor to ex-Secretary of War Newton D. Baker.

As a lifelong Republican, with three children at the front and those I loved among the early wounded and the killed, I was perhaps unjustly impatient of the slow movement of the Wilson Administration. I highly honored President Wilson and followed him through the war and the anxious weeks at Versailles with eager concern. He had about him able and loyal colleagues; but the Secretary of War was young, inexperienced and not widely known; it is not strange that the country was anxious and that he was hampered by distrust and burdened with criticism, which did not soon pass away.

He paid little attention and made no outspoken defense; he went about his business; the War Department functioned with steady efficiency; the Secretary visited the troops, quietly winning respect and confidence; at last, returning into private life to share the animadversion which fell upon his chief and the repudiated Administration, receiving and seeking no other reward than that of the consciousness of having served his country through its gravest crisis bravely and well.

He has just now come before the country in a single address in the National Democratic Convention. Slight in stature, strangely worn and intense, he threw his whole heart and strength into an impassioned appeal in behalf of that effort to secure the peace of the world, the League of Nations, to which the name of Woodrow Wilson, with those who worked with him, will be forever attached.

It moved the convention as no other address has done. Reading it through, I wished that every citizen might do the same. It is too much to hope that in the midst of partisan politics in which the country seems now fated to be involved for months it will be heeded; but the day will come, and Mr. Clarkson's letter helps it on.

Meanwhile, we should all join in recognition of the service which Mr. Baker has rendered and should give him his deserved place in the honor which gradually, with the assurance of discovered truth, the country is coming to pay to the men who in high position bore great burdens and successfully carried the country through the long months of its grave trial.

Rev. HENRY A. STIMSON.

New York, July 1, 1924.

### For Ralston and Smith.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

I think the Democratic Party should nominate Senator Samuel Ralston for President and Governor Alfred Smith as Vice President. In this way they would have two good men in the right position.

THEODORE MAUCH.

New York City, June 30, 1924.

# DOROTHY LEHMAN BECOMES A BRIDE

### Granddaughter of Adolph Lewisohn Is Married to Richard Bernhard.

### CEREMONY IS OUT OF DOORS

### A Special Train Takes Guests to Country Place of the Bride's Parents.

The wedding of Miss Dorothy Lehman, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lehman of 31 West Fifty-sixth Street and a granddaughter of Adolph Lewisohn, to Richard Bernhard, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Bernhard of the Hotel Gotham, was solemnized yesterday at 1 o'clock at Waycross, the country residence of the bride's parents at Elberon, N. J. A special train that left the Pennsylvania Station at 11:55 A. M. took the guests from New York.

The ceremony was performed by the the estate, in a bower of rambler roses against a high screen of evergreen and ferns. The guests were seated under the trees, and an aisle was formed from the house to the bower with posts massed with roses. An orchestra played behind a screen of evergreen.

The bride, who walked with her father, wore a gown of white satin, with a court train from the shoulders, and her mother's bridal veil of old lace, which was caught low around the dark coiffure by a circlet of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley, orange blossoms and white orchids.

Mrs. Richard P. Limburg was matron of honor, and Miss Helen Lehman the maid of honor. They were in Nile green chiffon. The other attendants were Mrs. Edgar Bernhard and the Misses Natalie Rosain, Frances Lehman, and Natalie Schaefer, who wore gowns of peach-colored chiffon. They all carried arm bouquets of hydrangeas and orange colored orchids, and wore large drooping hats trimmed with lace and yellow roses.

Edgar Bernhard was best man and the ushers were Alan Limburg, George Bernhard, Helmut Selbert, W. Robert Blum, Frederick M. E. Schaefer, and J. Ochs Adler.

Breakfast was served following the ceremony, the tables being placed on the long piazza and on the lawn. The bride's table, on the piazza, had a three-tier wedding cake, and was decorated with blue hydrangeas and rambler roses.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernhard are sailing on Saturday on the Leviathan to spend the Summer abroad and upon their return they will reside at 139 East Sixty-sixth Street.

Their engagement was announced last April. The bride attended Wellesley College. Her father is a member of the firm of Lehman Brothers, bankers, of this city, and only recently gave $200,000 to Harvard University for the construction of a new administration building, in honor of the thirtieth anniversary of his graduation from the university.

Mr. Bernhard is a graduate of Yale, class of '15, and served as an ensign in the United States Navy during the war. He is associated with the banking firm of Bernhard, Schiffer & Co.

Among the guests at the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bernhard, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Borg, Adolph Lewisohn, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Straus, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Rosain, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Seligman, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse I. Straus, Mr. and Mrs. Percy S. Straus, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Vogel, Louis S. Gimbel, Mr. and Mrs. Felix Warburg, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Baerwald, Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Bache, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Fowler, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Greenbaum, Mrs. Albert Goodhart, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Hellman, Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Ickelheimer, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Klee, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Lehman, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Lehman, Dr. and Mrs. Richard Lewisohn and Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Lehman.

Also Justice and Mrs. Irving Lehman, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Wittenberg, Mr. and Mrs. William Scholle, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Seligman, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Stern, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Mack Jr., Mr. and Mrs. George Thurnauer, the Misses Della Wolf, Harriet Straus, Sylvia Tim, Minna Schwarz, Adelaide Reckford, Alma and Florence Levy, Barbara Guggenheim and Margaret Heilman.

## ARTHUR GOODHART WEDS.

### Takes Cicely M. Carter as His Bride in England.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—The wedding of Arthur Lehman Goodhart of New York and Cicely M. Carter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carter of Beaulieu, took place today at Beaulieu. After the ceremony a reception was held at Palace House, lent by Lord and Lady Montagu of Beaulieu. The bridegroom's best man was his brother, Howard Goodhart. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Goodhart of New York, parents of the bridegroom, and the parents of the bride: Professor Bethune Baker, uncle of the bride; Lord and Lady Swaythling, Vice Chancelor of Cambridge University and Mrs. Pearce; Sir Geoffrey Butler, M. P., and Lady Butler; Sir Julian and Lady Orde, Sir Charles and Lady Waldstein, the Master of Trinity and other dignitaries of Cambridge University, where Mr. Goodhart is continuing his course of studies.

Arthur Lehman Goodhart was graduated from Yale in 1912 and served during the World War as Captain in the Ordnance Department and also as liaison officer. He has since been a Fellow of Corpus Christi College, Cambridge University, where he has lectured on law and jurisprudence. He has also been a member of the Law Board of Cambridge University and editor of the Law Journal of that university.

### Miss Anne Piper Is a Bride.

The marriage of Miss Anne Alexandra Piper, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Alexander Ross Piper of 7,522 Ridge Boulevard, Brooklyn, to the Rev. Dr. Hollis S. Smith of Changsu, Klangsu, China, took place on June 29 in St. John's Pro-Cathedral, Shanghai, China, the Right Rev. Frederick R. Graves, Bishop of Shanghai, officiating. Miss Piper has been studying at Suchow, China, and has been engaged in evangelistic work in Shanghai. Her father, Colonel Piper, was an officer in the regular army until his retirement after the Spanish-American War. At the outbreak of the World War he was recalled to service and was in charge of freight shipments to the army overseas.

### Miss Ruth Gordon Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. William Gordon of Kew Gardens, L. I., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ruth Gordon, to Lambert Prettyman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Virgel Prettyman of 410 Riverside Drive. Mr. Prettyman was graduated from Yale in 1918 and served overseas with Squadron A during the war.

### Miss Bullock to Be Bride Today.

Miss Alice Bullock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Bullock of Ocala, Fla., will be married tonight to William W. Mitchell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Mitchell of Brooklyn, in the Church of the Transfiguration.

### Minnesota Delegates Adopt Mascot.

Patricia Gallagher of Faribault, Minn., here to attend the convention, to which her father, P. J. Gallagher, is an alternate at large, was adopted by the Minnesota delegation as its mascot at a dinner at the Hotel Astor last night. Miss Gallagher was also voted by the Minnesotans to be the prettiest daughter of any delegate or alternate at the convention. She is "about 10."

## SOCIAL NOTES

### New York.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Badman will leave today to pass the Fourth of July and the week-end at the Piping Rock Club.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. C. Smith have opened Miralta, their place in Field Point Park, Greenwich, and have gone there for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. William J. Tully and their daughters, the Misses Alice and Marion Tully, have returned from Europe and are at Almar, their place near Beaver Lake, Locust Valley, L. I. While abroad they visited Mrs. Tully's brother, Alanson Houghton, the American Ambassador to Germany, who recently arrived here.

Mrs. Henry P. Davison is giving a dance tonight at Peacock Point, her place at Locust Valley, L. I.

Benjamin Keath Riggs, son of the Rev. Edward Riggs and Mrs. Riggs of Philadelphia, and nephew of George C. Riggs of 45 West Fifty-eighth Street, has been transferred from the American Embassy in Madrid to the American Legation in Bucharest, where he will go accompanied by Mrs. Riggs. Mrs. Riggs was Miss Rosamund Wurts, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kennedy Wurts of Philadelphia, before her marriage last month in the American Pro-Cathedral in Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Clarkson Potter gave a dinner at Pierre's last night for Mr. and Mrs. Goodhue Livingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Gillespie have come from Morristown, N. J., and are at the Vanderbilt for a few days before going to West Hampton Beach, L. I., to open their place there.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph B. Townsend Jr., and their son, Charles C. Townsend 2d, spent several days at the Vanderbilt before sailing for Europe yesterday on the Paris. They have closed Raynham, their country place at Overbrook, Pa., for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Eaton Cromwell have come from Philadelphia and are at the St. Regis. Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Goodwin of Hartford, Conn., are here for a few days and are staying at the same hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Rogers of 144 East Sixty-second Street sailed on the Paris yesterday to be gone two months in Europe. When they return they will go to the Log Cabin in the Shinnecock Hills, which they have leased from Miss Eleanor Swayne.

Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt gave a luncheon yesterday at Sherry's for Mrs. Lawrence B. Van Ingen.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Rich Steers and their daughter, Miss E. Mary Steers, will leave late this month for a tour of six weeks in the Canadian Rockies. Miss Steers and her father will take a riding trip of two weeks. In September they will return to Belle Haven and they will open their house at 37 East Sixty-seventh Street in October.

Dr. and Mrs. John A. Hartwell will sail on July 19 for two months in England and Scotland.

Mrs. Robert Grosvenor has come from Newport for a few days and is at the Ritz-Carlton.

Marquis Pinar del Rio, who arrived at the Ritz-Carlton last week from Havana, sailed for Europe yesterday on the Paris.

Mrs. Charles Coster of 109 East Eighty-fourth Street will spend July at Bar Harbor, Me. She will pass August in Newport with her sister, Mrs. Lewis Q. Jones.

Mrs. George A. Huhn Jr. gave a luncheon yesterday at the Marguery, among her guests being Mrs. William McKenna and Mrs. George Leary.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lesher and their daughters, the Misses Constance and Margaret Lesher, sailed today for Los Angeles on the Finland, which also stops at the Panama Canal and Havana.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry O. Tallmadge left the Plaza yesterday for their Summer home at Manchester-by-the-Sea.

Mr. and Mrs. George Plumer Smith have arrived at the Ambassador from their home in Convent, N. J. Mrs. H. Fletcher Brown of Wilmington is also there.

Colonel and Mrs. Morris E. Locke are at the Plaza from Washington, D. C., with a party of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ewing Hope of 123 East Eightieth Street have gone to their country place at Watch Hill, R. I., for the Summer.

Mrs. Joshua S. Cosden is at the Ambassador from her home in Port Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Hubert McDonnell of Rye are also there.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Jones are at the Plaza with their children for a few days before going to their home at Cold Spring Harbor, L. I.

Mrs. Henry Clinton Backus has returned to the Garden City Hotel from Midvale, N. J., where she has been the guest of Mrs. Edward Ringwood Hewitt.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold H. Will have left the Ambassador for their home at Glen Cove.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wray Cleveland and their daughter, Miss Marjorie Cleveland, are leaving today for Atlantic City to spend the week-end at the Ambassador.

Mrs. Alfred Kessler arrived yesterday on the Olympic and is at the Plaza. She spent two months in England as the guest of her sister, Cora, Countess of Strafford. She will leave this week for Ballston Spa to spend the Summer.

### Southampton

Leaders in Southampton society plan to make the week of the invitation lawn tennis tournament which begins on August 4 a festival occasion. In addition to the Chariot Revue, which will be for the benefit of the Southampton Hospital, the only institution of its sort within a radius of fifty miles, and which will begin the festivities of the week, there will be held in the garden of the parish museum for the benefit of the Fresh Air Home of Southampton on the night of August 8 a special performance by the Denishawn dancers, with Ruth St. Denis. The managers, patron and patronesses of both institutions are practically identical. Therefore there will be great cooperation for both entertainments.

Henry May jr., who arrived Tuesday on the Belgenland, and Gerald De Courcey May are here with their parents, Colonel and Mrs. Henry May, at Sunnymeds.

Mr. and Mrs. James S. Larkin will motor here today from Glen Head to pass the holiday at Le Salouettes with Mr. and Mrs. Adrian H. Larkin.

Mrs. Vincent S. Mulford arrived this afternoon to join her family at the Grape Vines.

Frederic W. Neilson, a student at Princeton, and his brother, Alexander M. Neilson, who is at St. George's School in Newport, have come here to be with their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Wall at Clovertop. They are grandsons of Mrs. Frederic Neilson of New York and Newport.

The Misses Edith and Anne Colby, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Everett Colby of Llewellyn Park, N. J., will arrive today to be respectively with Miss Genevieve Fox, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lyttleton Fox, and with Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Snow.

Mrs. Albert B. Boardman gave a small luncheon at East Knoyle. Dr. and Mrs. Harold S. Vaughan of 410 Park Ave., New York, are at the Irving House, where also are Mr. and Mrs. Walter B. Cowperthwaite of New York.

Mrs. H. Holbrook Curtis is expected at the Irving next week. Her old home, Hampton Court, is now in possession of her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas L. Chadbourne.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Sabin will give a dinner tomorrow at Bayberry Land, their place on the Peconic Bay. Another dinner then will be given by Mrs. Trowbridge Hager at the Turnbull cottage.

Mrs. Rutherfurd Stuyvesant will arrive today by motor from her home in Allamuchy, N. J., and will take possession of the Hedgerows on Lake Agawam, which she has leased from Mr. and Mrs. Alvin W. Krech.

Mrs. Horace Russell and her daughter, Miss Marie Russell, for the first time in several years will be at Williston House, their place in Ox Pasture Road, where they are expected this week.

Miss Rosina Hoyt, who has leased her house for the season, is expected here about July 15, and will be at one of the Swayne houses in Shinnecock Hills.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Von Gontard and their children have arrived at the Burnett cottage in Bridgehampton Road.

Dr. George A. Dixon is yachting with William K. Vanderbilt on board the latter's yacht Ava in Eastern waters. He will return here next week.

# SOFTENS CRITICISM OF NEWTON D. BAKER

### Encyclopaedia Britannica Revises Article on His Work as War Secretary.

### FOLLOWS A LONG FIGHT

### Friends and Associates Had Come to the Defense of the Cabinet Member.

Friends of Newton D. Baker in New York discovered yesterday that an article in the Encyclopaedia Britannica on the former Secretary of War over which there had been a controversy attracting nation-wide attention had been cleared of the phrases objected to. In the twelfth edition for 1921-22, recently put on sale, the article containing uncomplimentary references to Mr. Baker's record as Secretary of War has been revised.

This fact was made known yesterday by Ralph Hayes of 120 Broadway, formerly a close associate of Mr. Baker, who has for almost two years conducted a campaign to get the editor of the encyclopedia to change the article in question. In the course of this fight military and naval men and prominent civilians have come to the defense of the former Secretary's war record.

When Mr. Hayes made known his discovery, it was after the offices of the Encyclopaedia Britannica in New York had closed. It could, therefore, not be learned when and under what conditions the change had been made. The part of the original article objected to, Mr. Hayes gave as follows:

"After the outbreak of the World War he endorsed the Administration's peace policy, supported the League to Enforce Peace and urged that the National Guard be fully trained before compulsory service be decided upon. After America entered the war he recommended moderation toward conscientious objectors and forbade men in uniform to interfere with anti-conscription meetings. The charge of pacifism was often brought against him and his career generally as Secretary was widely condemned throughout the United States as lacking in energy, foresight and ability, and especially for his failure to prepare adequately in the months immediately preceding the American declaration of war."

The text of the newly revised article as given out by Mr. Hayes is as follows:

"After the outbreak of the World War he endorsed the Administration's peace policy and supported the League to Enforce Peace. The appointment as Secretary of War was widely criticised on the ground that Mr. Baker was a pacifist. After America entered the war his administration of the department was also widely criticised, especially during the early part of 1918, when a Senate committee conducted an investigation. Mr. Baker then made certain changes in the department; the result was a considerable improvement. He was largely responsible for the international industrial affairs; he insisted upon the selective draft and he prevented any political interference with the conduct of the war."

The controversy has been waging since early in 1923. Since that time Mr. Hayes and others have demanded the article be altered. They did not know their attempts were meeting success until they discovered the change yesterday.

## BROADWAY LIMITED WRECKED, THREE HURT

### Eight Cars of Pennsylvania's New York-Chicago Flier Derailed Near Lancaster, Pa.

*Special to The New York Times.*

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—Eight cars of the Broadway Limited, the crack Pennsylvania, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago flier, left the tracks one mile east of Lancaster at 6:04, Standard Time, this evening. Three of the seventy-two passengers were reported slightly injured.

A broken truck on the forward car, a railway post office, is believed to have caused the derailment, which occurred at a point where the Lancaster cut-off branches from the main line. The engine and tender remained on the tracks, as did the rear car, a combination sleeper and observation car, a combination parlor and baggage coach, a dining car, five sleeping cars and the railway post office were the cars derailed.

Those reported injured were a woman passenger, cut by glass; another woman who received a sprained wrist and a mail clerk whose back was wrenched.

The two west-bound tracks were blocked for several hours following the derailment. The passengers were taken to Harrisburg in a train of coaches made up in Lancaster. Sleeping cars were dispatched from Philadelphia to make up a train at Harrisburg which will take the passengers to Chicago. Railroad officials here said they would be delayed four hours by the accident.

The train was traveling about forty miles an hour. It stopped two hundred yards from a trestle bridge thirty-five feet high over the New Holland pike. The ties for several hundred feet were torn up but the tracks remained attached to the ties. The cars were tilted to an angle of about forty-five degrees but none was upset. Only one window in the whole train was broken.

## TWO HELD AS SWINDLERS.

### Woman Says One Said He Was a Standard Oil President.

Two men, one of whom represented himself to be the President of the Standard Oil Company of Maryland and the other as an expert bond salesman, were held in $2,500 bail each for action by the Grand Jury by Magistrate Charles A. Oberwager in West Side Court yesterday on a charge of grand larceny.

The prisoners described themselves as Emory Windsor, 45 years old, oil President, who said the Hotel McAlpin was his address, and Philip Flannery, 24 years old, salesman, of 5 West 101st Street.

They were arrested in the Hotel McAlpin on complaint of Mrs. Dora Murray of 400 West Fifty-seventh Street, who said they had swindled her out of $250 in cash and tried to make her surrender $2,500 worth of stock in exchange for stock they neither owned nor could deliver.

Mrs. Murray testified that she met the men in the hotel at their invitation. Flannery introduced Windsor, saying he was the Standard Oil President. Windsor explained that he had come to New York to meet John D. Rockefeller and J. P. Morgan and arrange to merge the company in which she owned $2,500 worth of gilt-edge stock with the Knox Process Corporation, and that he desired to "let her in on the ground floor." Then they asked her for the money and stock to close the bargain.

### $3,000 Up for Capture of Slayers.

A reward of $1,000 for the capture and conviction of the men who shot and killed Joseph Carlin, 36 years old, of 14 Prospect Park South, Brooklyn, was offered yesterday by his employers, the Brinks Express Company of 149 Broadway. The National Surety Company, 115 Broadway, has already offered $2,000 reward. Carlin was killed in the $2,500 payroll robbery on June 29 while acting as a guard on an armored car at the entrance to the Mott Haven yards of the New York Central Railroad.

## SOUTHERN METHODISTS DEBATE UNION PLAN

### Legality of Special Session Attacked and Adjournment Till May Is Sought.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 2 (Associated Press). — The extraordinary general conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, which convened today to consider union with the Northern body, adjourned early tonight with debate unfinished on a resolution which would force adjournment at least until next May without action on the unification proposal. The resolution was based on a declaration that there was doubt as to the legality of the conference.

Opponents of the proposed union offered a resolution to call a general conference on the first Wednesday in May, 1925, declaring that numerous suits over Church property might follow a decision by the present conference in favor of unification.

The resolution, which was proposed by Dr. A. J. Lamar of Nashville and J. E. Cockrell of Dallas, Texas, follows:

"Whereas there has been expressed a doubt as to the legality of the special session of the general conference; and

"Whereas if the plan of unification now proposed is finally adopted by a constitutional method, the result will involve the title to all property in the Church; and

"Whereas it is certain that if a general conference is called by the Bishops, by and with the advice of all the annual conferences, as the Constitution clearly provided prior to 1926, there can be no question of the legality of a general conference so called; therefore

"Be it Resolved, That this General Conference requests the Bishops and all the annual conferences to join in a call for the General Conference to meet the first Wednesday in May, 1925, to vote on the adoption of the plan of unification of our Church and the Methodist Episcopal Church submitted to this General Conference by the commission on unification."

Dr. Lamar explained that his resolution was offered solely in the interest of peace, now and in the future. He pointed out the numerous suits which arose over Church property when the Cumberland Presbyterian Church some years ago voted to unite with one of the larger Presbyterian bodies. The possibility of similar suits and the bitter feeling among the church members which resulted from the court actions were something to be avoided, he added.

The conference which he proposed would dispose of the legal points raised, Dr. Lamar said, and there would be no loopholes for attacks in the future.

Judge John B. Candler of Atlanta, Ga., a brother of Bishop Candler, was the main speaker. Reinforcing it with a large volume of reports of the United States Supreme Court and numerous pamphlets and other documents, Judge Candler defended the legality of the conference. The College of Bishops, he said, settled the issue when it issued the call. He urged the defeat of the Lamar resolution.

Dr. W. W. Scott of Jasper, Ala., supported the resolution.

## HAIR SAVES WOMAN.

### Struck on Head by Intruder, She Is Only Scratched.

Her thick hair saved Mrs. Bertha Zwicker from serious injury when she was struck over the head yesterday by a man who had come into her apartment at 1,356 Clinton Avenue, the Bronx, masquerading as an inspector for the New York Edison Company. She received only a slight laceration. The intruder was frightened away by her screams. Mrs. Zwicker said that she thought he was after two diamond rings worth $800 which were on her hands. She told detectives of the Bathgate Avenue station that her assailant had made two visits to the house last week and told her the electric meter needed adjustment. The detectives learned that the same man had visited other apartments in the house.

## STOPS SEARCH FOR OIL.

### Standard of California Has Spent $1,500,000 in the Philippines.

MANILA, July 2 (Associated Press).—The Richmond Petroleum Company, a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company of California, after spending $1,500,000 searching for oil deposits on the Bondoc Peninsula, in the Province of Tayabas, has announced its decision to discontinue drilling activities in the Philippine Islands for the present.

The company's drilling equipment will be dismantled and stored in Manila until needed for further drilling.

The announcement says that it is possible that further geological studies may show that quite large commercial quantities in other parts of these islands and adds that while the drilling at Bondoc showed slight indications of petroleum and natural gas, no commercial quantities of oil were encountered.

## BENSON COLLECTION SALE.

### Messrs. Parish and Watson Pay £2,205 for a Ming Jardiniere.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—The second day's sale at Christie's of the Benson collection of porcelain and pottery realized £14,624, bringing the grand total in sales for the two days being £36,933.

Only two lots today reached a sum of four figures, Messrs. Parish and Watson of New York paying £2,205 for a Ming jardiniere, and Mr. Partridge of London giving £1,890 for a Sung, a flowerpot of Chun ware.

Other prices were £822 for a pair of Ming vases and the same sum for an eight-inch Ming vase.

## QUEEN OF SPAIN IN LONDON.

### Royal Party Greets Visitor, Who Is Accompanied by Two Daughters.

LONDON, July 2.—The Queen of Spain, with the Infantas Beatrice and Christina, arrived tonight from France. They were greeted by Queen Mary, the other Royal Princesses and the Spanish Ambassador Signor Alfonso Merry del Val and members of the Spanish Embassy.

The Spanish Queen will pay a private visit to the Queen Mother Alexandra accompanied by the Princess Beatrice.

### Ambassadors to Act on Berlin Note.

PARIS, July 2.—The Council of Ambassadors will meet tomorrow morning to hear a report from the Interallied Military Commission on the reply to the note on military control sent by the Council, the terms of which Germany accepted with some conditions. The military experts began to study the reply yesterday at Versailles and it is expected they will have their report ready so it can be acted upon at tomorrow's meeting of the Council.

### Seek Lost Brooklyn Child.

*Special to The New York Times.*

HIGHLAND FALLS, N. Y., July 2.—Fort Montgomery State troopers and the local authorities have been searching since yesterday for four-year-old Eleanora O'Connell, a Brooklyn child who disappeared from the Salvation Army camp near here. The last seen of the child was yesterday afternoon when she was sitting on a rock near the camp. An effort is being made to obtain bloodhounds for the search.

### Book to Present Fall Operetta.

Lee Fall's "Mme. Pompadour" will be produced by Martin Beck in association with Charles Dillingham early in October at the opening attraction for the new West Side Theatre on West 45th Street, according to a radiogram from Mr. Beck, who arrives tomorrow on the Aquitania. It was previously announced Maggie Teyte would be in the cast.

A Month's World History—by thirteen prominent professors in thirteen leading universities. July Current History Magazine. At news stands. 35c.—Advt.

## POPE RECEIVES MGR. DUNN.

### Expresses Admiration for America's Traditional Religious Tolerance.

ROME, July 2.—Pope Pius today received in private audience Mgr. John J. Dunn, Auxiliary Bishop of the Archdiocese of New York, from whom he learned with the greatest interest of the elaborate reception given to Cardinal Hayes when he returned to New York after having become a cardinal. The Pontiff said he had always admired the American religious fervor and traditional tolerance.

Mgr. Dunn was the guest of honor at a dinner given by Cardinal Bonzano, at which the Cardinal recalled his long and pleasant stay in America and spoke of the cordial relations he had had with many members of the American Catholic hierarchy.

Pope Pius also granted a private audience today to James Curley Jr., son of the Mayor of Boston, who was presented to him by Mgr. Charles A. O'Hern, Rector of the American College in Rome. Mr. Curley was accompanied by Dr. M. J. English of Boston.

## TEACHERS GOING TO EUROPE

### They and Students, 600 in All, Take Possession of Minnekahda.

Nearly six hundred teachers and students will sail today for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg on the American liner Minnekahda. There are also twelve physicians and twenty clergymen in the party.

Others who will sail are Miss Anna McIntyre, who is going to Greece to make a survey for the Near East Relief; Professor William F. Sheppard of Minneapolis; Theodore M. Bernstein, managing editor of the Columbia Spectator; Miss Georgina Bellknap, daughter of the Captain of the U. S. S. Colorado, and Dr. Harry Bakwin of the Child's Hospital, this city.

## ROBERT DE JOUVENEL.

### Noted Parisian Journalist Dies After Several Weeks' Illness.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company. Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 2.—M. Robert de Jouvenel, editor-in-chief of l'Oeuvre and brother of Henry de Jouvenel, editor-in-chief of Le Matin, died in his Paris home today after an illness of several weeks.

Robert de Jouvenel was a brilliant writer and journalist whose leading articles were an outstanding feature of Parisian journalism. An extreme Liberal in his views, he gradually veered toward Socialism from the nationalist and aristocratic circles in which he was born and brought up. He was a bitter opponent of the National bloc during the whole period of Poincaré's Government and violently attacked the latter's policy with clever thrusts, always mingled, however, with inherent good humor, which was one of his outstanding characteristics. He was the author of several volumes, including "Journalism in Twenty Lessons," which was full of amusing philosophy. Most of his books dealt with political subjects.

## EX-CONGRESSMAN DUNN.

### Former State Treasurer Dies at the Age of 71 Years.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 2.—Thomas B. Dunn, Congressman from the Thirty-eighth New York District for ten years and formerly State Treasurer, died at his home here today after a long illness. Mr. Dunn declined a renomination to Congress two years ago and retired to private life. He was 71 years old.

Mr. Dunn was born in Providence, R. I., but had spent most of his life in Rochester. He owned a large perfumery business. For two years he was President of the Rochester Chamber of Commerce and he was head of the New York State Commission at the Jamestown Exposition. His financial interests in Rochester were extensive.

## DR. ROBERT W. LOVETT.

### Specialist Was Professor of Orthopedic Surgery at Harvard.

LIVERPOOL, July 2.—Dr. Robert Williamson Lovett of Boston died today at the residence of Sir Robert Jones, an eminent Liverpool surgeon, after a few days' illness.

Dr. Lovett was a specialist in orthopedic surgery and had practiced in Boston since 1888. He was 67 years old. He was Professor of Orthopedic Surgery at Harvard University and had been consulting orthopedic surgeon of the New York State Department of Health. Dr. Lovett was a Major in the Medical Corps, U. S. A., during the recent war.

### Francis S. Hutchins.

Francis S. Hutchins of 531 Park Avenue, member of the law firm of Baldwin, Hutchins & Todd, died yesterday morning in Cleveland, Ohio, where he was visiting his sister, Dr. Fannie C. Hutchins, recently seriously injured in an automobile accident. Mr. Hutchins was born in Columbus, Ohio, in 1877, and graduated from Williams in 1900. He was Secretary of the University Club and a member of the Union League and Williams Clubs and the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity. He leaves a widow, Mrs. Sadie Crane Hutchins. R. Grosvenor Hutchins of Hallgarten & Co. and the Rev. William J. Hutchins, President of Berea College, are his brothers.

### Matthew Alexander Burke.

Matthew Alexander Burke of Staten Island died yesterday at the age of 55. He spent his youth in Ireland and was admitted as barrister to practice in the Irish courts in 1893. Shortly after he came to this country, however, he forsook the law and formed an association with the Bradstreet Company. For some years he had taken an active part in the civic life of the Borough of Richmond. He belonged to the St. Cecilia Masonic Lodge in Dublin, Ireland. Services will be held at 11 o'clock Sunday morning at the funeral chapel at 14 East Thirty-ninth Street.

### W. H. Upham.

MARSHFIELD, Wis., July 2.—W. H. Upham, former Governor of Wisconsin, died today from pneumonia. He was 84 years old and an uncle of Fred W. Upham, former Treasurer of the Republican National Committee.

### Samuel Damon.

HONOLULU, July 2 (Associated Press).—Samuel Damon, retired banker and pioneer resident of Hawaii, died last night. Mr. Damon was born in Honolulu in 1846 and was notable in the affairs of the old Kingdom of Hawaii.

## Obituary Notes.

Miss MARGARET WILSON CARMICHAEL, formerly of the Free Club, which numbers over 50,000 children, died on Tuesday after an illness of two months. Miss Carmichael lived at 963 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn. She was secretary to the Curator of the Children's Museum.

GEORGE E. DECKER, the oldest printer in Queens County, who worked in the plant of the Long Island City Star for fifty years, died yesterday at his home, 736 Vernon Avenue, Long Island City. Decker entered the employ of the Star on July 14, 1874, at the age of thirteen. His widow and three sons, Edward, George and Joseph, and a daughter, Mrs. Margaret Grogan of Passaic, N. J., survive. The funeral will be Saturday morning.

## PRINCE MATSUKATA DIES IN TOKIO AT 89

### One of Two Elder Statesmen of Japan Who Had Twice Previously Been Reported Dead.

TOKIO, July 2 (Associated Press).—Prince Masayoshi Matsukata, one of the Genro, or Elder Statesmen, of the Japanese Empire, died this evening. He was 89 years old.

Matsukata returned to Tokio about two months ago much recovered from the serious illness which caused his death to be reported last March. At that time, after the physicians had pronounced him dead and the nation had gone into mourning, the former Premier slowly revived. He previously had been reported dead in the earthquake of last September.

Prince Matsukata, of the family of Masayoshi, has often been called "the Father of Japanese Finance." When he retired in 1923 as Lord Keeper of Seals he was elevated in rank and took the title of Prince, having been created Count in 1884, and, in 1907, Marquis, for his services in the Russo-Japanese War. As a youth he fought in the civil war of restoration under the feudal lords of Satsuma. With Count Okuma he laid the foundations of Japanese finance, which was in a chaotic state on the emergence of the country from feudalism. He organized the Bank of Japan, established a sound currency, and provided for the redemption of State bonds given feudal lords for large tracts of land. His policies for improving Japanese foreign trade met with great success. In his second Ministry, 1896-97, he established the gold standard for the empire. Several of his sons have attained prominence in finance and public life. His heir, Two, is President of the Fifteenth Bank of Japan and Vice President of the Tokio Bankers' Association. His fifth son, Otohiko, a director of the Nippon Petroleum Company, is a graduate of Harvard College.

## Born.

BIRKEN—Mr. and Mrs. William J. H. Birken of 1,781 East 10th St., Brooklyn, announce the birth of a daughter on June 28, at the Brooklyn Jewish Hospital.

KOLBE—Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Russell Kolbe (nee Alice Gotlieb) announce the birth of a daughter, June 30.

## Married.

KUTNER—MORR—Mr. Isidore Mohr of New Rochelle announces the marriage of his daughter Diana to Mr. Irving Milton Kutner, son of Mrs. Jesse Kutner, June 29. Rabbi Harry K. Jacobs officiated.

LYON—DUCHEMIN—At the rectory of St. Patrick's Cathedral, July 1, 1924, by the Rev. Francis G. Connell, Miss Helen Ethel Duchemin of New York City to Alexander Bogart Lyon of Elizabeth, N. J.

McKINNEY—VREELAND—July 2, at Christ Church, Hackensack, N. J., Mrs. Edith Shaw Vreeland to Charles B. McKinney.

SMITH—PIPER—On June 29, 1924, at St. John's Pro-Cathedral, Shanghai, China, by the Rt. Rev. Frederick R. Graves, D. D., Bishop of Shanghai, Anne Alexandra, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Alexander Ross Piper, to the Rev. Hollis S. Smith of Changsu, Klangsu, China.

TUCKER—SHAW—On July 2, 1924, at Great Neck, L. I., by the Rev. Henry N. Cobb, D. D., Dorothy Gamlin Shaw to Kenneth Hood Tucker.

## Died.

ANES—Hannah A., on July 2, at 2,611 Sedgwick Av., beloved wife of James B. Anes, mother of Grace McLennon, Jeanette Thompson, Minnie Gundlach and Charles B. Anes. Services private at late home, Saturday, July 5, 1 P. M. Interment Bluejay Hollow Cemetery.

BACH—Emanuel. With sincere regret we announce the death of Emanuel Bach of the Bach Fur Company of Chicago, Ill., and for fifty years a prominent member of the association.

FUR MERCHANTS' ASS'N.
MILTON A. HERZIG, Secretary.

BAILY—Suddenly, on July 2, Cecilia G., beloved wife of Leon E. Baily of 413 West 43d St. Remains at funeral parlor, 971 8th Av. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BARD—The funeral of Mrs. Katherine Taylor Bard will be held Saturday, July 5, 1924, at 9 A. M., at Millerton, N. Y. Burial at White Plains, N. Y., at 2 P. M. Standard Time.

BASSETT—Sheldon H., passed away at Goffstown, N. H., aged 57, native of Derby, Conn. Funeral at Goffstown, Saturday, July 5, at 2:30 P. M. Burial at Derby, Conn., Sunday, July 6, as near 4 P. M. as possible.

BLAKE—On Tuesday, July 1, James Brown Blake, age 12, of Kew Gardens, was drowned.

BURKE—On Wednesday, July 2, 1924, at Hackensack, N. J., Matthew Alexander Burke, in his 67th year. Funeral services at The Parish, 14 East 39th St., Sunday, July 6, at 11 A. M. Interment private.

CADY—At his home, Summit, N. J., July 2, 1924, Schuyler M., son of Frances E. and the late John M. Cady. Funeral services will be held at Calvary Episcopal Church, Summit, N. J., on Saturday, July 5, at 11 A. M.

CAESAR—Morris, beloved husband of Sophie and father of Arthur, Irving and Estelle, in his 58th year. Funeral on Friday, July 4, 10 A. M., from his late residence, 336 Clifton Place, Brooklyn. Omit flowers.

CARMICHAEL—Margaret Wilson, suddenly, July 1. Funeral services, July 3, 8 P. M., Lafayette Chapel, 23 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

CARROLL—On July 1, Mary A. (nee Lynch), widow of John Carroll, formerly of 41 Bethune St. Funeral from her late residence, 150th St. and Boulevard, Belle Harbor, L. I., Friday, July 4, to St. Bernard's Church, West 14th St., Manhattan, where a requiem mass will be celebrated at 11 A. M. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege.

CORNING—On July 2, 1924, at Chatelguyon, France, Christopher Robert Corning, son of the late Ephraim L. and Jane Robert Corning, aged 62 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CROWLEY—July 2, Henrietta Crowley. Funeral Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 161 8th Av., Friday morning, 10 o'clock.

DORGE—Riverdale-on-Hudson, Tuesday, July 1, Fellowes Morgan Dodge, infant son of Cleveland E. and Pauline Morgan Dodge. Funeral private.

FITCH—At Yonkers, N. Y., July 2, 1924

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

# Boyce-ite

## The Only Fuel Fit For Your Motor

BOYCE-ITE treated gasoline is the only fuel fit for your motor! I have repeated that statement daily in the leading newspapers and magazines of America—and whether you drive a Ford or a Rolls Royce you will find it true.

I have never known a motorist who has driven 1,000 miles or more with Boyce-ite treated gas who has ever gone back to plain gasoline—no matter what the brand.

Boyce-ite treated gasoline

Forms no carbon—

Removes that knock—

Increases power—

Increases mileage from one to six miles per gallon—

Gives quieter operation, greater flexibility—

And eliminates forever all expense of grinding valves and removing carbon.

Be sure to use genuine Boyce-ite. It is a harmless, oily fluid.

I have never known a metal surface to be injured by Boyce-ite and never will—in view of all the "fuels" on the market, that's worth remembering.

I stand behind Boyce-ite with a guarantee unique in the industry.

*Here it is:*

"Go to any garage, automobile or accessory store or gas station, buy two or more dollars' worth of Boyce-ite, use according to directions, and if you are not satisfied that what I have told you is an absolute fact, take your car to your regular garage, and if your trouble is due to carbon, I will pay for having that carbon burned out, if you will send me the bill."

Remember, old cars run better with Boyce-ite treated gas and last longer.

New motors stay new and their first visit to the repair shop is postponed by thousands of miles.

Nobody knows how far a motor will run when Boyce-ite treated gas is used continuously.

Start using Boyce-ite the right way—every time you buy gasoline.

Use it for 1,000 miles of continuous driving. Keep a mental record of the improvement in your motor and a written record of the gasoline saved.

When you have driven that distance, I challenge you to deny my statement that Boyce-ite treated gasoline is the only fuel fit for your motor.

**To Dealers:**
Boyce-ite is the fastest selling repeat item the trade has ever known. Over 7,000,000 cans have been sold in the past few months.

*Convenient touring package, fits the pocket of your car. Contains 3 cans of Boyce-ite. Price $1.00.*

WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS:

NEW YORK CITY
AUTO HARDWARE & EQUIPMENT CO., 244 W. 55th St.
AUTOMOBILE NECESSITIES CO., 330 Cathedral P'kway
HAMMACHER, SCHLEMMER & CO., 4th Ave. & 13th St.
JAMES MARTIN, 130 W. 52nd St.
MILLER AUTO SUPPLY CO., 146 2nd Ave.
W. E. PRUDEN HARDWARE CO., 260 W. 52nd St.
RYAN & HUGHES, Inc., 1698 Broadway
THE SMITH-WORTHINGTON CO., 40 Warren St.
WEAVER-EBLING AUTO CO., 2230 Broadway
PYRAMID MOTOR EQUIPMENT CORP., 161-7 W. 64th St.
MOTOR CAR SUPPLIES CO., Inc., 238 W. 56th St.
SUPERIOR LAMP MFG. CO., 150 W. 52nd St.
WHITTEMORE SIM CO., Inc., 246 W. 65th St.

BROOKLYN
BUSHWICK AUTO SUPPLY CO., 1755 Bushwick Ave.
RYAN & HUGHES, Inc., 1297 Bedford Ave.
FARRELL AUTO SUPPLY CO., 1176 Bedford Ave.
E. KRIEGER & SON, 302 Tompkins Ave.
MARTIN-EVANS CO., Bedford Ave. & Bergen St.
THE READY AUTO SUPPLY CO., 1225 Bedford Ave.

NEWARK
ECONOMY AUTO SUPPLY CO., 260 Halsey St.
ELIN AUTO SUPPLY CO., 269 Halsey St.
W. E. PRUDEN HARDWARE CO., 45 William St.
THE THOMPSON-RILEY CO., 277 Halsey St.
SUPERIOR LAMP MFG. CO., 313 Halsey St.
STANDARD AUTO SUPPLY CO., 239 Halsey St.
AUTO EQUIPMENT CO., 317 Halsey St.

ELIZABETH
A. STAMLER, Inc., 293 North Broad St.

Harrison Boyce

BOYCE & VEEDER CO., Inc., Manufacturers of Boyce-ite Exclusively · LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y.

This advertisement copyrighted by Harrison Boyce

# RECORD SHAKE-UP IN FOREIGN SERVICE

## Both Diplomatic and Consular Branches Are Reclassified From Top to Bottom.

## 60 ARE OUT OR REDUCED

## Purpose Is to Assure a Personnel Equal to That Developed by Other Powers.

## MERIT NOW HAS A CHANCE

### Secretary Hughes Announces Reorganization as the Rogers Act Goes Into Effect.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The greatest shake-up in the Foreign Service of the United States has ever experienced was announced today by Secretary Hughes.

Sixty persons have been dropped from the Diplomatic and Consular Services, or reduced in rank. Mr. Hughes announced, and both those services have been reclassified from top to bottom as a result of the reorganization undertaken in accordance with the terms of the Rogers Foreign Service act, recently enacted, which became effective today.

The names of those leaving the service were not given out, but it was stated that one diplomatic and thirty-one consular officials were retired as having attained the age limit of 65 years.

Five diplomatic attachés who had been carried on an unassigned list were redesignated as "not reinstated," and eight diplomatic and thirteen consular officials were reduced as failing to show the required standard of efficiency. In addition, two names of diplomatic officials were removed through resignations.

In announcing the reclassification of officials of the State Department pointed out that, as new reorganized, the Foreign Service of the United States constitutes a profession in the same sense as the army or navy, and emphasis lies in the fact that with the policy of filling vacancies in ambassadorial and ministerial posts from among members of the Foreign Service there is ample provision for rewarding meritorious service.

It is the intention of the department and Foreign Service officials having charge of the reclassification, grading and promotion of Foreign Service personnel to insist upon a high standard of efficiency in the end that the service shall be equal to that of any other country in the world.

As announced by Secretary Hughes, the classification has been decided upon as follows, effective immediately:

FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS.

CLASS 1.

*Diplomatic*—Edward Bell, Jefferson Caffrey, Sheldon L. Crosby, Franklin Mott Gunther, John V. A. MacMurray, Warren D. Robbins, M. F. A. Schoenfeld, Frederick A. Sterling, George T. Summerlin, Wesley A. Wheeler, Sheldon Whitehouse and Hugh R. Wilson.

*Consular*—Maxwell Blake, Charles G. Eberhardt, John G. Foster, A. Gaulin, Albert Halstead, C. R. Hurst, Julius Kahn, Ray L. Smith, Morgan J. Murphy, Gabriel Bie Ravndal, William H. Robertson, Thomas Sammons, Robert P. Skinner, Nathaniel B. Stewart, Horace L. Washington, Hugh R. Wilson, Evan R. Young.

CLASS 2.

*Diplomatic*—Charles B. Curtis, Alexander, R. Magruder.

*Consular*—Homer M. Byington, William Coffin, Edwin S. Cunningham, Claude L. Dawson, William Dawson, William H. Gale, Clarence E. Gauss, Edwin N. Gunsaulus, Nelson T. Johnson, Leo M. Keena, Truxtun Lay, Marion Letcher, Dewitt C. Poole, Ralph J. Totten, Roger C. Tredwell, Craig W. Wadsworth, Alexander W. Weddell.

CLASS 3.

*Diplomatic*—Norman Armour, James G. Bailey, John K. Caldwell, Frederic R. Dolbeare, Allen W. Dulles, Willing Spencer, Francis White, John Campbell White.

*Consular*—Thomas D. Bowman, Clarence Carrigan, George E. Chamberlin, Carl F. Deichman, Louis G. Dreyfus, Frederick, T. F. Dumont, Robert Fraser Jr., Arthur C. Frost, Wesley Frost, John A. Gamon, Hardin Garrels, Arminius T. Haeberle, Ernest L. Harris, Lewis W. Haskell, Charles M. Hathaway Jr., P. Stewart Heintzleman, Philip Holland, W. Stanley Holabird, George T. Howard, Augustus E. Ingram, Theodore Jaeckel, Douglas Jenkins, Esra M. Lawton, Samuel T. Lee, Will L. Lowrie, George E. S. Messersmith, Ransford S. Miller, Edwin L. Neville, Edward J. Norton, John Hall Osborne, Elbert Palmer, Mahlon Fay Perkins, Alban G. Snyder, Addison E. Southard, Henry P. Starrett, John Campbell White, Charles S. Winans.

CLASS 4.

*Diplomatic*—William W. Andrews, Ray Atherton, Lagmot F. Belin, Philander L. Cable, James Clement Dunn, Cornelius W. Engert, Herbert S. Goold, George A. Gordon, Eldridge G. Greene, Matthew E. Hanna, Oliver B. Harriman, Clarence B. Hewes, Myron A. Hofer, W. S. Howell, Hallet Johnson, Stewart Johnson, Alexander C. Kirk, Arthur Bliss Lane, Theodore Marrinner, John F. Martin, Ferdinand L. Mayer, Jay P. Moffat, Stokeley W. Morgan, R. Henry Norweb, Gordon Paddock, Willys R. Peck, Albert B. Ruddock, Robert M. Scotten, C. Howland Shaw, Richard B. Southgate, Louis A. Sussdorff Jr., Benjamin Thaw Jr., Walter C. Thurston, John C. Wiley, L. Lanier Winslow.

*Consular*—Hernando Desoto, E. H. Dennison, Leon Dominian, Cornelius Ferris, Frederick Fisher, Otis A. Glazebrook, Calvin M. Hitch, Ross E. Holladay, John F. Jewell, John E. Kehl, Lester Maynard, Maxwell K. Moorhead, Dana G. Munro, North Winship, John Q. Wood.

CLASS 5.

*Diplomatic*—Frank D. Arnold, Frederick C. Chabot.

*Consular*—Henry H. Balch, J. W. Ballantine, Thomas H. Bevan, George A. Bucklin, Ralph C. Busser, Charles R. Cameron, Harry Campbell, H. C. Claiborne, Harold D. Clum, Felix Cole, John K. Davis, Leslie A. Davis, Hassil H. Dick, George K. Donald, Alfred W. Donegan, W. Roderick Dorsey, Edward A. Dow, Coert DuBois, John W. Dye, Carol H. Foster, Claude E. Guyant, George C. Ganson, Joseph E. Haven, Oscar S. Heizer, Frank A. Henry, Samuel W. Honaker, Charles J. Hoover, J. Klahe Huddle, George N. Iliff, Ernest L. Ives, Jesse B. Jackson, William L. Jenkins, Wilbur Keblinger, Graham H. Kemper, Paul Knabenshue, Frank C. Lee, Walter Lee Leonard, Stuart K. Lupton, Irving N. Linnell, David B. MacGowan, O. Gaylord Marsh, Keith Merrill, Leland B. Morris, H. J. D. Myers, José de Olivares, Kenneth S. Patton, Lowell C. Pinkerton, John R. Putnam, Leslie E. Reed, E. Verne Richardson, Emil Sauer, James B. Stewart, Alfred R. Thomson, S. Pinkney Tuck, Hugh H. Watson, Charles D. Westcott, Thomas M. Wilson, James D. Young.

CLASS 6.

*Diplomatic*—Copley Amory Jr., Wainwright Abbott, Jr., Webb Benton, Pierre de L. Boal, Percy A. Blair, Joseph W. Carroll, Raymond B. Cox, Thomas E. Daniels, Lawrence Dennis, Harry L. Dockweiler, Eugene H. Dorman, Joseph Flack, Barton Hall, Frederick P. Hibbard, Herschel V. Johnson, Curtis C. Jordan, Paul R. Josslyn, F. D. K. Le Clercq, Cord Meyer, G. Harlan Miller, Wallace S. Murray, Benjamin Muse, H. Dorsey Newson, Jefferson Patterson, Frederick F. A. Peyser, Elbridge D. Rand, Edward L. Reed, Benjamin R. Riggs, Walter E. Schoelkopf, William B. Southworth, W. Merritt Swift, Harold H. Tittman, Jr., Edwin C. Wilson, Orme Wilson, 4d., Warden McK. Wilson, Alan F. Winslow.

*Consular*—Charles E. Albrecht, William P. Blocker, Walter F. Boyle, Homer Brett, Parker W. Buhrmann, William C. Burdett, Algar E. Carleton, Benjamin P. Chase, Merle Cochran, Harrison Cockingham, Henry C. A. Damm, Chester W. Davis, James P. Davis, Erle R. Dickover, Clement S. Edwards, George M. Hanson, Robert Harnden, Thorwell Haynes, Henry B. Hitchcock, John F. Hurley, Jay C. Huston, Joseph E. Jacobs, John D. Johnson, Edwin Carl Kemp, Harry M. Lakin, William R. Langdon, Dayle C. McDonough, Joseph F. McGurk, George A. Makinson, Lucien Memminger, Myrl S. Myers, Charles R. Nesmith, Edward I. Nathan, Charles J. Pisar, Harold B. Quarton, John Randolph, Bertil M. Rasmusen, John M. Savage, Walter H. Sholes, Francis R. Stewart, Lucien N. Sullivan, Thomas W. Voett, Avra M. Warren, John J. C. Watson, Alan F. Winslow, Henry M. Wolcott.

CLASS 7.

*Diplomatic*—Harold M. Deane, Samuel S. Dickson, Harold L. Williamson.

*Consular*—Walter A. Adams, Charles E. Allen, Norman L. Anderson, Frank Bohr, Wilbert L. Bonney, Richard F. Boyce, Robert R. Bradford, Austin C. Brady, Lawrence P. Briggs, Charles C. Broy, Alfred T. Burri, Harry E. Carlson, James G. Carter, William R. Chapman, Reed Paige Clarke, Arthur R. Cooke, John Corrigan Jr., Eliot B. Coulter, Paul H. Cram, Cecil M. P. Cross, Monnett B. Davis, Thomas D. Davis, Leonard G. Dawson, Hooker A. Doolittle, William F. Doty, J. Preston Doughten, Maurice P. Dunlap, Dudley G. Dwyer, Francis J. Dyer, John G. Erhardt, Hugh S. Fullerton, Ilo C. Funk, Raleigh A. Gibson, Bernard Gotlieb, Louis H. Gourley, William J. Grace, Edward M. Groth, Don S. Haven, Harry F. Hawley, Robert W. Heingartner, Robertson Honey, George D. Hopper, William H. Hunt, Alfred W. Kileforth, Robert L. Kelser, Clinton E. MacEachran, K. de G. MacVitty, Andrew J. McConnico, Stewart R. McMillin, Renwick S. McNece, Robert B. MacAtee, John R. Minter, William P. Mitchell, James P. Moffitt, Edmund B. Montgomery, Orsen N. Nielsen, George Orr, Thomas F. Maurice C. Pierce, Ernest B. Price, Samuel C. Reat, Horace Remilliard, John F. Simons, Gaston Smith, Samuel Sokobin, Paul C. Squire, Clarence J. Spiker, Richard L. Sprague, Dana C. Sykes, G. Russell Tagart, Raymond P. Tenney, Samuel R. Thompson, A. Wallace Treat, Marshall M. Vance, Henry C. von Struve, E. C. von Treuckow, George Wadsworth, Harry L. Walsh, Henry Waterous, Henry T. Wilson, Herbert O. Williams, Harold L. Williamson, Digby A. Willson, Gilbert R. Willson, Damon C. Woods, Romeyn Wormuth, William J. Yerby, Barney F. Yost.

CLASS 8.

*Diplomatic*—Miss Lucille Atcherson, Rees D. Barkalow, W. Roswell Barker, Robert S. Burgher, Edward S. Crocker, James Orr Denby, Leon H. Ellis, Carl A. Fisher, Gerhard Gade, Waldemar J. Gallman, John S. Gittings Jr., John Harrison Gray, Christian Herter, Robert Hopkins Stahley Hawks, Trojan Kodding, Richard M. De Lambert, John H. MacVeagh, H. Freeman Matthews, George R. Merrill Jr., Hugh Millard, Gustave Pabst Jr., Walter T. Prendergast, John Stimbauch 2d.

*Consular*—Philip Adams, Henry D. Baker, Maynard B. Barnes, Donald F. Bigelow, Leo R. Biohm, Hiram A. Boucher, John L. Bouchal, Lewis V. Boyle, George A. Brandt, William W. Brunswick, Howard Bucknese Jr., John S. Calvert, Reginald S. Castleman, J. Rives Childs, Thomas W. Chilton, George T. Coleman, Nathaniel P. Davis, Raymond Davis, William W. Early, Stillman W. Eddy, Robert F. Fernald, Augustin W. Ferrin, Harold D. Finley, Walter A. Foote, Paul H. Foster, Ray Fos, Lynn W. Franklin, William P. Garretty, William P. George, Albert H. Gerberich, Harvey T. Goodyear, Herndon W. Goforth, Julian Greenup, Maxwell M. Hamilton, William W. Hearn, Donald R. Heath, Jack D. Sikerson, Leighton Hope, Charles B. Hosmer, William L. Jackson, R. Borden Jacobsen, Robert Y. Jarvis, Felix S. S. Johnson, Robert F. Kelly, Gerhard S. Kroph, Clark P. Kuykendall, Drew Linard, Robert D. Longyear, William J. McCafferty, Thomas F. McNeily, Walter H. Mallon, Henry John J. Melly, J. Lee Murphy, James J. Murphy Jr., Robert D. Murphy, Robert R. Patterson, Harold Playter, Robert Le Rankin, Walter S. Reineck, H. Earle Russell, Lester L. Schnare, R. R. Schofield, Winthrop H. Scott, Harold Schantz, George F. Shaw, Fred C. Slater, Alexander K. Sloan, E. Talbot Smith, Leland L. Smith, Edgar C. Soule, Carl O. Spamer, Maurice L. Stafford, Christian T. Steger, George Sidles, William A. Taylor Jr., William H. Taylor, Harold S. Stowell, Frederick L. Thomas, Edmund B. Thomas, Howard K. Travers, Ernest A. Wakefield, George P. Walker, Leroy Webber, James V. Whitfield, Samuel H. Wiley, James R. Wilkinson, Howard T. Withey, G. Carlton Woodward.

CLASS 9.

*Consular*—F. S. Trother Shelby, Howard D. Van Sant.

UNCLASSIFIED

*Consular*—Knox Alexander, Maurice W. Altaffer, Charles A. Amsden, Harry J. Anslinger, Lawrence S. Armstrong, George Atheson Jr., Frederick W. Baldwin, Charles A. Bay, Willard L. Beaulac, David C. Berger, Herbert C. Blair, William C. Bleckers, Gilson G. Blake Jr., Ralph A. Boernstein, Paul Bowerman, Howard A. Bowman, Norton F. Brand, Russell M. Brooks, Henry R. Brown, John H. Bruis, Herbert S. Bursley, Joseph F. Burt, Richard P. Butrick, Edward Caffery, Leo J. Callanan, Alfred D. Cameron, Randolph F. Carroll, Arthur H. Cawston, Culver B. Chamberlain, Flavius J. Chapman, Haskell E. Coates, Harold M. Collins, William W. Corcoran, Alexander P. Cruger, William E. Decourcy, Charles H. Derry, Charles L. Devault, Horace J. Dickinson, Howard Donovan, Julian C. Dorr, Albert M. Dreyfus, Fred C. Eastin Jr., Samuel G. Ebling, Ernest E. Evans, Curtis T. Everett, John J. Ewart, E. Kitchel Farrand, James G. Finley, C. P. Fletcher, Samuel J. Fletcher, Peter H. A. Flood, Richard Ford, Charles Forman, George G. Fuller, Raymond H. Geist, Arthur B. Giroux, Frank P. S. Glassey, Charles I. Graham, Leonard N. Green, Samuel Green 3d, Joseph C. Grossinger, Bernard J. Hals, Richard M. Haven, J. C. Hawkins, Charles H. Heisler, L. W. Henderson, Frederick W. Hinke, Anderson D. Hodgdon, John E. Holler, Thomas H. Horn, V. Kolounov Howard, John F. Huddleston, Joel C. Hudson, George R. Hukill, Alan T. Hurd, Carlton Hurst, William C. Jones, James H. Keeley Jr., Richard S. Leach, S. S. Levisee, Charles W. Lewis Jr., Edward E. Lowry, John McArdle, Clarence D. Macy, Erle W. Magnuson, Marcel E. Maligre, Raphael A. Manning, Joseph A. Marquis, Carl D. Meinhardt, Harvey Lee Milburn, Hugh R. Miller, H. Pohon Moore, Richard G. Monges, John Moran, F. Haxley Moseley, Robert L. Mosier, John J. Muccio, Paul W. Myer, William F. Nason, Alfred T. Nester, Sidney E. O'Donoghue, Marie L. Packer, Nelson T. Pardy, James F. Park, George E. Paschal Jr., William L. Peck, Julian L. Pinkerton, Edwin A. Plitt, Austin R. Preston Jr., E. B. Rand, Christian M. Ravndal, Sydney B. Redecker, Conger Reynolds, J. S. Richardson, Quincy F. Roberts, Thomas H. Robinson, L. E. Salisbury, William W. Schott, Winfield H. Scott, George W. Seltzer, Edward E. Silvers, William A. Smale, Robert Lacy Smyth, P. Leroy Spahgler, Edward F. Stanton, Harry E. Stevens, Ronald D. Stevenson, R. E. Strecper, Leo D. Sturgeon, Francis H. Styles, George Tait, Sheridan Talbott, Joseph L. Touchette, Arthur J. Tower, Harry T. Troutman, Mason Turner, William F. Turner, F. Van Den Arend, Maurice Walk, Fletcher Warren, Harold G. Waters, R. L. Willey, Rollin R. Winsley, Granville C. Woodward, Leslie R. Woods, W. Young.

# A Dollar a Mile for Speeders Is Magistrate's New Penalty

Magistrate H. Stanley Renaud, who has succeeded Magistrate Norman J. Marsh in the Traffic Court as a result of the Abby Rockefeller speeding case, announced yesterday a drastic schedule of penalties. He told reporters that speeding at more than thirty miles an hour would be punished by a fine of $31 for thirty-one miles, and $1 extra for each additional mile.

Second offenders will be fined $50 and sentenced to two days in jail. Third offenders will have their licenses revoked, besides being fined $100 and sentenced to five days in jail.

# HERRIOT'S POSITION BECOMING SHAKY

## Decision of Parliament to Sit Till After London Parley Viewed as Significant.

## SETBACK IN THE CHAMBER

### Premier's Choice for Army Committee Chairman Rejected and Poincare's War Minister Elected.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 2.—The Parliamentary position of Premier Herriot, never strong, appears to be weakening rapidly and a decision made today to keep Parliament in session until his return from the London conference instead of adjourning July 15 opens the possibility of his defeat. His tenure of office depends, perhaps, on what he accomplishes in London. However, if he were defeated it would almost certainly be on an issue of domestic politics so far as the technical vote would go.

M. Herriot was the dominating figure in the public eye after the victory of the Left bloc on May 11. But the furious rush with which the Left put M. Millerand out of the Elysée brought a sharp reaction which led to the defeat of M. Herriot's candidate for the Presidency, Paul Painlevé, and the election of the moderate Gaston Doumergue.

Then followed the defeat of his candidate, M. Bienvenu-Martin, for the Presidency of the Senate to replace M. Doumergue and the election of M. de Selves, one of M. Poincaré's lieutenants.

Premier Herriot's proposal to withdraw the French Ambassador from the Vatican and his proposed amnesty for Caillaux met strenuous opposition in the Senate body, which convicted Caillaux, and in addition there is no general satisfaction with the result of his conversation at Chequers ten days ago. Yesterday his candidate for the Presidency of the Army Committee of the Chamber was rejected for a national chamber leader, former Minister of War Maginot. This comes with particular effect for it is one of Herriot's pet ideas to reduce the term of military service, to which M. Maginot is publicly opposed.

It was the big promise of the Left during the campaign period that the cost of living would come down. Instead there have been general rises since, the price of bread having gone up twice in the last month. The franc recently lost two points on the dollar, which indicates a further rise in the bread price since France's wheat crop is short this year and she must make important foreign purchases of wheat.

Political experts here consider that M. Herriot's dependence on the 160 Socialist votes for his majority constitutes his greatest weakness.

If M. Herriot goes to London and prepares the putting of the Dawes plan into effect with continuance of Ruhr occupation for some time, he will find himself in a situation should he make the expected concession of receding from the position hitherto maintained by the French that if France accepts the Dawes plan, England should consent to the interallied debt arrangement. He would then on the one hand have the opposition of the Socialists to any continuation of Ruhr occupation and on the other the resentment of the Nationalists at any sacrifice of the Poincaré position.

The defeat of M. Herriot in Parliament would not mean reversal of French governmental policy in favor of a return to Poincarism. It would mean a distinct reconcentration toward the right in the ranks of the Centre bloc, which would include the Radical Socialists, and the dropping the Unified Socialists. At least this is what most observers think would happen.

# ALLIES TO FIX DATE FOR BERLIN TO ACT

## Will Withdraw Penalties One Month After Dawes Plan Is in Full Operation.

PARIS, July 2.—Premier Herriot's visits to Chequers Court and Brussels were described by him today to a joint meeting of the Finance and Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate, with particulars about the interallied conference to be held July 16.

The Premier answered two questionnaires previously submitted to him by the committees and replied fully to questions put to him at the meeting. No official summary of the discussion has been made public, but it is understood M. Herriot said that the British Prime Minister took a deep interest in the question of France's security and counted upon the unity of the two nations as the best guarantee.

The allied conference, according to the Premier, will discuss a formula for a compact based on moral collaboration as such guarantee of security.

At the Chequers Court discussions, said M. Herriot, he had not pledged France in any way as to the military occupation of the Ruhr, and Premier MacDonald had expressed the opinion that it was not the moment to raise the question of interallied debts.

The conferences at Brussels had been extremely easy with regard to the admittance of the Germans to the allied conference. It would be for the Allies to decide at what moment they should be summoned.

Certain members asked why German agriculture should not be a basis for a loan issue, as well as German industries, to which M. Herriot replied that the experts did not believe it was practical and, further, because the industrial resources represented the principal resources of Germany, and the experts sought to keep on good terms with German public opinion.

War Minister Nollet said that France could not possibly accept Sept. 30 as the limit for supervision by the Commission of Control.

Unofficial but trustworthy statements made after the meeting declared that the report that the July 16 conference had been postponed was without foundation. Invitations had been sent for that date, in addition to the United States, to the Allies participating in German indemnities under the Spa agreement—Great Britain, France, Japan, Belgium, Portugal, Jugoslavia, Rumania and Greece.

The allied conference will discuss only the execution of the experts' report. The questions of security and allied debts are not on the agenda. The conference is expected to last a week and Germany will probably not be called in until the end, when all the signatories of the Versailles Treaty will sign a protocol unreservedly accepting the experts' plan.

A date will be fixed for Germany to apply the measure provided for in the Dawes report and for withdrawal by the Allies of all financial and economic penalties now in force within a month from Germany's complete execution of the experts' suggestions. The Allies will thereafter refrain from inflicting any further penalties unless Germany fails seriously to carry out her engagements.

# DAWES PLAN AID TO BERLIN.

## Will Increase Shipping Traffic Centring There, City Official Says.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 2.—How much Germany looks to the carrying out of the Dawes report as a panacea is shown by the statement that it will even benefit Berlin as a shipping centre. Few realize that Berlin, hundreds of miles from the sea, has anything to do with shipping, yet it is the second most important inland port in Germany. Berlin harbor along the River Spree and the canals connected therewith has docks totaling more than twelve miles in length. Sixty-five thousand tons of grain brought to Berlin by boat were stored recently in warehouses bordering the city's harbors, this being enough to feed all Berlin for six or eight weeks.

# Postal Department Offers to Reward Any Person Who Can Trap a Mail Robber

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON July 2.—Rewards for the arrest and conviction of offenders charged with assault upon any person having lawful control of the mails are provided for in an order promulgated today by Acting Postmaster General Bartlett.

The rewards, which range from $50 to $2,000, are contingent upon Congress authorizing their payment. Mr. Bartlett took this action as a result of the recent big mail robbery near Chicago. He has no doubt that the rewards will be authorized by Congress.

Payment of $2,000 is proposed for the arrest and conviction of any offender on the charge of assaulting any person in control of mail if in effecting or attempting such robbery the robber shall wound the person in charge of the mail or put his life in jeopardy by the use of a dangerous weapon. For the arrest and conviction of an offender who makes an attempt at robbery of the mail, but where the assault does not include the wounding of a mail worker, a reward of $1,000 is provided.

Not exceeding $200 and not less than $50 is offered for the arrest and conviction of any person on the charge of breaking into a postoffice with intent to commit larceny or any other depredation, or of robbing any postmaster or other employe of the postal service.

It is stipulated that in all cases where a safe in the postoffice is broken open $200 will be paid. Rewards running from $300 to $50 are also to be paid for the arrest and conviction of persons committing robberies on rural mail routes, or robbing or attempting to rob any mail messenger.

Rewards ranging from $200 to $25 are listed for the arrest and conviction of any mail carrier on any star route on the charge of embezzling or stealing, or the arrest and conviction of any person on the charge of abstracting any valuable thing from the mail. The rewards are payable to any postal employe except a post office inspector.

# THINK FLAG VANDAL IS HELD IN OSAKA

## Tokio Police Cause Arrest of Hamada, Alleged to Be a Fugitive From Capital.

## POLICE HEADS RESIGN

### Press Regrets Outrage, Which Is Denounced as Due to Too Much Unwise Agitation.

By WILFRID FLEISHER.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TOKIO, July 2.—A Japanese News Agency dispatch this evening announces that Ryuuki Hamada was arrested in Osaka at 2 o'clock this afternoon, having escaped there by train, and is suspected of being the man who cut down the American flag yesterday in the Embassy compound.

He will be brought back to Tokio by the police.

Mr. Yonemara, President of the Anti-Radical League, in an interview this evening said: "We regret that one of our members has committed such a blunder while our League was ready to offer protection to the American residents and was opposed to any retaliatory measures against Americans."

Hamada is a laborer, 22 years of age and a member of a reactionary association known as the "Anti-Radical League."

The police found that after the outrage Hamada escaped to a near-by restaurant, where he changed his kimono and fled, leaving the flag concealed at the restaurant, which is known to be the meeting place of young undesirable elements. The police learned the identity of the culprit from servants of the restaurant, and in this way traced him to Osaka.

As a result of the incident, the Chief of the Metropolitan Police Board, Mr. Ohta, and the superintendent of the local police substation where the Embassy ground is located, both tendered their resignations, assuming responsibility for the affair. It is not known as yet whether the Premier will accept them. It has been rumored that the Home Minister might also resign, but this now seems unlikely, as it is felt that the Government has taken the necessary steps of apology to the American Government, and this rumor is ascribed to the political opposition, which is anxious for an opportunity to embarrass the new Ministry.

The police have notified Charge d'Affaires Caffery that they have recovered the flag, which was slashed across the top but has not otherwise been mutilated. They are holding it until the culprit is brought back and then they will return it to the Embassy.

A new flag was hoisted in the American Embassy compound today and a strict guard was maintained outside by police as well as by military forces. Although it is not customary to fly the flag except on holidays and special occasions, the one in the Embassy compound had been hoisted ever since the earthquake, when the site on which it stood M. Herriot said that the British Prime Minister took a deep interest in the question of France's security and counted upon the unity of the two nations as the best guarantee.

The allied conference, according to the Premier, will discuss a formula for a compact based on moral collaboration as such guarantee of security.

At the Chequers Court discussions, said M. Herriot, he had not pledged France in any way as to the military occupation of the Ruhr, and Premier MacDonald had expressed the opinion that it was not the moment to raise the question of interallied debts.

The conferences at Brussels had been extremely easy with regard to the admittance of the Germans to the allied conference. It would be for the Allies to decide at what moment they should be summoned.

Certain members asked why German agriculture should not be a basis for a loan issue, as well as German industries, to which M. Herriot replied that the experts did not believe it was practical and, further, because the industrial resources represented the principal resources of Germany, and the experts sought to keep on good terms with German public opinion.

War Minister Nollet said that France could not possibly accept Sept. 30 as the limit for supervision by the Commission of Control.

Unofficial but trustworthy statements made after the meeting declared that the report that the July 16 conference had been postponed was without foundation. Invitations had been sent for that date, in addition to the United States, to the Allies participating in German indemnities under the Spa agreement—Great Britain, France, Japan, Belgium, Portugal, Jugoslavia, Rumania and Greece.

The allied conference will discuss only the execution of the experts' report. The questions of security and allied debts are not on the agenda. The conference is expected to last a week and Germany will probably not be called in until the end, when all the signatories of the Versailles Treaty will sign a protocol unreservedly accepting the experts' plan.

A date will be fixed for Germany to apply the measure provided for in the Dawes report and for withdrawal by the Allies of all financial and economic penalties now in force within a month from Germany's complete execution of the experts' suggestions. The Allies will thereafter refrain from inflicting any further penalties unless Germany fails seriously to carry out her engagements.

# PLAN FINISH FIGHT ON BAR TO JAPANESE

## Opponents of Exclusion Tell Dr. Miyaoka They'll Keep Pressure on Congress.

## GIVES FAREWELL LUNCHEON

### Dr. J. H. Franklin Is Host to Many Men of Note in Affair Honoring Japanese Lawyer.

Opponents of Japanese exclusion will never cease their agitation until Congress has repealed its recent act, it was predicted yesterday by speakers at a luncheon given at the Yale Club by Dr. J. H. Franklin, Foreign Secretary of the American Baptist Foreign Mission Society, to Dr. Tsuneljiro Miyaoka, a leading Japanese lawyer and formerly Counselor of the Japanese Embassy at Washington.

Dr. Miyaoka, who sails July 12 on the Berengaria with the American Bar Association's delegation to the convention in London, said that he would carry back to Japan the friendly assurances of those who had spoken.

"Because you are so kind to us and know the beating of our hearts, it is unnecessary to say more," he said. "If you will study the immigration act, you will find that the exclusion of 147 Japanese immigrants is not the only objectionable feature. You have heard of government of the people, by the people for their own benefit. Have you not government by the people? Some of you, in discussing it, may say that you have government by machines.

"I have most delightful assurances from Americans that they condemn Congress. If they condemn, why don't they change Congress? In Japan we have never gone so far as to make our foreign diplomacy a political battleground. One effect of the action by Congress is to make a great decrease in the influence which the friends of America are able to exercise there."

"While I was in Japan I sat in sackcloth and ashes, unable to explain to the Japanese the conduct of Congress," said Dr. Franklin.

George W. Wickersham, Chairman of the Committee on American-Japanese Relations and Attorney General under President Taft, said that the last Congress "possessed an extraordinarily perverse judgment."

"The herd instinct was at times uppermost," he continued. "It never so swept them as when they rejected the counsel of the President and the Secretary of State. I am perfectly confident that Congress did not represent the judgment of the great body of American citizens who do not approve of offending a friendly nation."

Dr. Hamilton Holt said that, as an American citizen, he felt "humiliated" by the action of Congress and that America had no more sincere friend than Dr. Miyaoka.

Other speakers were Dr. Joseph C. Robbins of the American Baptist Foreign Mission Society; Dr. W. I. Chamberlain, Secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church in America; Dr. John H. Finley, Chairman of the Committee on International Justice and Good-Will of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, and Herbert S. Houston, publisher of "Our World."

Those present included Rev. A. Freeman Anderson, Dr. Frederick Ayer, Dr. A. J. Brown, Dr. E. LeRoy Dakin, Dr. John Edwards, Dr. James H. Franklin, H. Saito, Japanese Consul General; Lindley Gordon and Frederick Moore, American Advisor to the Japanese Embassy in Washington.

# MISSIONARIES STAND FIRM.

## None to Withdraw Despite Hostile Placards in Tokio.

The Rev. Dr. Arthur J. Brown, secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions and a leader in the Foreign Missions Council of the United States and Canada, stated yesterday that no American Protestant missionaries would be withdrawn from Japan and that no denomination would decrease its expenditures for Japanese missions, despite the fact that they were meeting with hostility because of the exclusion act of the United States. Dr. Brown spoke of an Associated Press dispatch of Monday telling of the posting of placards in Tokio urging among other things:

"Never enter a church supported or guided by Americans or United States missionaries."

"I don't think it necessary to take that very seriously," said Dr. Brown. "I have been in conference only today with a very eminent Japanese who has served as a representative of his country in Washington. He and others who are leaders in Japan understand perfectly that the American missionaries are the friends of Japan.

"Of course, our missionaries are very much concerned about the situation created by the American Expulsion act. We see no reason to believe, however, that the missionaries are in personal danger. Intelligent Japanese knew that the missionaries are their friends. I believe that a hundred Japanese have been maltreated on our Pacific Coast where one American has been maltreated in Japan.

"So far as withdrawing missionaries from Japan, this is the time of all times when missionaries ought to be at their posts, for they are the chief aids by which the Japanese people can learn the real sentiment of intelligent Christian people in America."


Have You Friends in Sacramento?

Send The New York Times by air mail. It will arrive in San Francisco 5:15 P. M. the second day, and will be forwarded to Sacramento by the regular postal service. Cost $2.20 per copy.

The New York Times

Telephone LACkawanna 1000


# DOOM OF EVEREST DECLARED SEALED

## Sir Francis Younghusband Writes That Victory Over Mountain Is Now in Sight.

## MAN'S SPIRIT WILL WIN

### Already He Has Stood on Her Shoulder and a Great Foe Must Be Vanquished.

By SIR FRANCIS YOUNGHUSBAND.
Former President of the Royal Geographical Society.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—The doom of Everest is sealed and for one simple, one very obvious reason. Man grows in wisdom and stature, but a mountain's stature is fixed. Man can exalt the spirit within him, but a mountain cannot add a single cubit to her measure.

Everest fights stoutly and with many terrible weapons. She is girt about with unscalable rocks, and she has snow and ice, wind and frost to aid her. But she fights blindly. She cannot learn by experience, and she cannot rise to the occasion, and she is opposed by an adversary who has all these advantages over her. For man is full of cunning. He profits by experience, and battling only increases his spirit.

The armor of Everest is seemingly perfect, but man discovered one tiny chink, and through it is warily forcing his way. He finds means to outwit the mountain's allies, and each throw he receives only heightens his spirit. He quickly recovers himself, and, undaunted, returns to battle. While the mountain forever remains fixed, the spirit of man can heighten itself, can rise higher and higher as the battle demands, and occasion requires. As man looks up to the hills and earnestly strives to attain them, his spirit increases within him.

**The Doom of Everest Is Near.**

Thus doom can be seen relentlessly closing in on Everest. Man is remorselessly marching upon her. First he whetted his spirit upon lesser giants. Forty years ago he was still very humble and did not presume to think of anything higher than 21,000 feet. Twenty years ago, by exercising it, his spirit had risen and he had reached 23,000 feet. Fifteen years ago he had attained to nearly 25,000 feet and now, at length, he has dared to think of attacking the proudest monarch of them all. Two years ago he climbed to 27,000 feet, and a month ago he reached no less a height than 28,000 feet. Twenty-one, 25, 27, 28—arithmetic shows that the twenty-nine must follow, and Everest be vanquished.

And of what victory has to offer for reward we already have a glimpse. For this year man stood right up on Everest's shoulder. From a point higher than the summit of any other mountain; twice higher than most Alpine peaks; higher even than that Kangchen Junga which so thrills men's souls as they view it from Darjeeling, man last month looked out upon the world. By his own effort he had exalted himself to a position from which he looked down upon the greatest mountain giants until they appeared mere pygmies beneath him, and he could see far over Tibet to the distant gleaming range 200 miles away.

Now that the first ecstasy of what Everest will reveal to him who stands upon her summit. For, this year, man's vision was curtailed by the mountainside on which he stood, but from the summit his sight will range in a full circle around it. Only for 200 miles southward Tibet will it extend, but to the plains of India as well—the plains nearly 29,000 feet below him.

**Can Look Down on Great Rivals.**

It will range, too, along the line of the greatest peaks of the Himalayas. There, to the south of Mount Everest, will be away beyond Kanmir, 26,476 feet, for him to see, but only fourteen miles away will be Makaler, 27,790 feet, perhaps the finest in architecture of all Himalayan peaks. Beyond it again will be Kangchenjunga, 28,150 feet, and, still further, Chomolhari, standing perched over the road to Lhasa. A sea of peaks will stretch al laround him and the kingdoms, principalities and powers far down below will lie submerged in a hilocy heap.

Raised high above the rest of the earth, he will feel himself to be in a region of the sternest austerity, indeed, but of loftier, purer, clearer and more dazzling radiance further stretching the horizon than man had ever known before.

His vision will be all the more intense because he will have won this glory for himself by his own unaided efforts. Ever after, as man looks upward at Mount Everest, it will not be with a craven fear of his loftiness, but he will feel he will then be justly proud of his own greatness. Supremely lofty as she is among mountains, he will know for certain that his own spirit can exalt him higher still, and he will have nothing but unmuffled love for his mighty foe. She may have shown him no mercy in the struggle, but she will have forced from out him what, except for her, he would scarcely have known that he possessed.

**Makes Man Give of His Best.**

Compelled by her to exercise the highest in him and give only of his best, he will have found himself responding gladly to her call. Higher courage, more splendid daring, firmer will and sharper wit he will have had to display, and as his spirit heightened in him, he will feel a glow of that joy which high achievement always gives. And he will love her for it.

This is the reward which Everest can confer. By making man do his best, she will have made man know the joy which being his best brings, and its thrill will hearten him in every other high endeavor. What he did on Mount Everest he will strive to do in every other sphere, and as man has just reported when, after fighting blizzards and smothering snow and numbing cold, he was thrown back only a thousand feet from the summit and half a mile away, the struggle is "worth it—worth it every time."

# DEFENDS OUR HAITI ACTION.

## Dr. Dunlway Tells League Societies Intervention Is Temporary.

LYONS, July 2 (Associated Press).—The final act of the Congress of the International Federation of League of Nations Societies tonight

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY
NATIONAL CITY BANK BUILDING NEW YORK

**Re-Invest**

The immediate reinvestment of dividends, interest and maturing funds will be facilitated by the use of our July list of Bonds yielding 4% to 7½% and better.

**The National City Company**
Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Offices: 42nd St. & Madison Ave.

**North American Light and Power Corporation**

7% Secured Notes, 1934

The North American Light and Power Corporation, directly or through subsidiaries, serves a population of about 1,250,000 in over 350 municipalities and shows earnings available for interest and Sinking Fund payments of nearly four times the annual requirements of this issue.

Through the operation of the Sinking Fund this entire issue will be retired before maturity, even at the call prices.

Price 100 and interest to yield 7%

*Descriptive circular on request*

**E. H. Rollins & Sons**
*Founded 1876*
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Philadelphia Chicago
Denver San Francisco Los Angeles

**National Tea Co.**
Chicago
Common Stock
50,000 Shares

*Company operates 583 Grocery Stores*

| | Gross Sales | Profits on Common |
|---|---|---|
| 1923 | $31,292,239 | $20.23 |
| 1922 | 20,632,332 | 17.61 |
| 1921 | 16,283,146 | 9.14 |

*Current sales show an increase of 50% over last year*

The Common Stock is listed on the New York Curb Market.

*Circular D-221 on request*

**Merrill, Lynch & Co.**
*Members New York Stock Exchange*
120 Broadway 11 East 43rd St.
New York
Chicago Detroit Milwaukee
Denver Los Angeles

*Exempt From All Federal Income Taxes*

City of
**Des Moines, Ia.**
Funding 4½s
*Due April, 1944*

Legal investment for savings banks and trust funds in New York State.

Price 104.69 and interest
To yield 4.15%

**Blodget & Co.**
34 Pine St.
New York
Boston Chicago Hartford

**Aeolian Company**
**Weber Piano Company**
**Aeolian-Weber Piano & Pianola Company**

*Bought—Sold—Quoted*

**Tobey & Kirk**
Established 1873
*Members N. Y. Stock Exchange*
25 Broad St. New York


# FINANCIAL MARKETS

## Movement of Stocks Irregular and Hesitant—Foreign Bonds Strong, Exchange Higher.

The noteworthy incidents bearing on the situation yesterday were industrial rather than financial or political. They comprised an unexpectedly high Government forecast on the new cotton crop and a statement of monthly iron production which pointed to continuing trade reaction. The balloting at the deadlocked Democratic Convention had no visible influence at all; indeed, a considerable waning of financial interest was perceptible.

On the Stock Exchange the trend of prices as a rule was slightly downward, though advances and declines occurred simultaneously, with fairly numerous changes of a point or more in each direction. On the other hand, signs of renewed strength appeared in all quarters of the bond market. Liberty bonds pressed close to their previous high figures and the French Republic loans reached or passed the best prices of the season.

The seeming paradox of financial markets talking cheerfully of trade revival, while the trade reports show continuous reaction, was emphasized by yesterday's statement of last month's iron production. Briefly summarized, it shows that, whereas the country's average daily output of iron decreased 21¼ per cent. in May, it was cut down 20½ per cent. further in June and that, since the high point of the year was reached in March, productive activities have been curtailed nearly 40 per cent. For a three months' period, this is quite unprecedented. In the three months after October, 1920, when production was considerably less than it was last March and when credit was under an abnormal strain, the reduction was only 26¾ per cent. The hasty curtailment at the opening of the European war had cut down output by December only 35½ per cent. From the year's best monthly showing, reached in March.

Actual daily production rate last month was the smallest since March of 1922, and the trade predictions are for further curtailment during July. On its face this certainly might seem to mean that producers and consumers, in the steel trade and in others, do not share the hopes of early recovery that are expressed in Wall Street—especially when prices for iron and finished steel have declined again this past week. But the two considerations which must be kept in mind are, first, that midsummer is not a customary season for trade revival (even in ordinary years, iron production decreases during June and July), but, second, that the wholly abnormal curtailment already made in output is bound to have readjusted the supply-and-demand position before normal Autumn inquiry begins. There is not the slightest evidence of a parallel decrease in consumption.

Although people have in recent years grown distrustful of the Agricultural Bureau's cotton crop reports, nevertheless the fact that yesterday's estimate was far more favorable than the private reports caused a fall of a full cent a pound in cotton. The Government places this season's planted area more than a million acres above the private estimates, the average condition 3 per cent. above the consensus of the private experts, and the "indicated crop" about 700,000 bales above their average forecast. The department's condition percentage, indeed, has never been bettered in any July report since 1918; its figure of 40,403,000 acres planted is the highest ever estimated, and no Government forecast of yield, made in July of any year since the war, has equaled the 12,144,000 bales named in yesterday's report.

This is consoling reading, especially when it results largely from an estimated improvement of 5% per cent. in the crop's condition during June—which would settle a much-disputed question, and indicate that the growing crop was helped, not hurt, by the very hot Southern temperatures of last month. For the rest, it still had to be kept in mind that the July forecast in every year since 1920 has far overestimated actual results; also that even 12,000,000 bales would be narrow allowance for a crop which will start with practically no "carry-over" and a normal annual consumption of at least 13,000,000 bales.

## MONEY.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1924.

For the greater part of the session Stock Exchange call loans were made at 2½ per cent., but just before the close the rate was advanced to 3. Only small amount was placed at maximum, however, while in the forenoon, while minimum charge prevailed on board, some money was placed at 2 per cent. in the outside trading. Time money market remained stationary so far as quotations went, little fresh accommodation being reported. Commercial paper and acceptances were also dull and without change in discount.

**Call Loans.**

| Renewals. | High. | Low. | Last. | Treasury's Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ⅝ | 3 | ⅝ | 3 | 3 |

**Time Loans.**

Mixed collateral, 30-60 days.....2½@3
4, 5 and 6 months.....2½@3½
All industrial collateral, 30-60 days.....2½@3
4, 5 and 6 months.....2½@3½

**Commercial Paper.**

Best names, 4 to 6 months.....3½@3¾
Other names, 4 to 6 months.....4

**Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.**

Commercial paper, 15 days, 3½; 30 to 90 days.....3½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 3½; 30 to 90 days.....3½

**Bankers' Acceptances.**

Call loans against acceptances.....1⅝

Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| 30 days | 2⅛ | 1⅞ |
| 60 days | 2⅛ | 1⅞ |
| 90 days | 2⅛ | 1⅞ |
| Four months | 2⅛ | 2⅛ |
| Six months | 2⅛ | 2⅛ |
| Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days | 2⅛ | 2⅛ |

**London Market.**

Money in London unchanged at 1½ per cent.; short bills, ⅝ up in bid, 3@ 3⅛ per cent.; three months' bills ⅛ up at 3⅝@3¾ per cent.

Gold bullion 3d off at 95s 4d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 95s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a London price of 112⅝. Highest for the year to date, 115 1-2, on Jan. 21; April 112⅝, April 25. Highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149⅝, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 102⅝, on Feb. 21, 1922.

**Clearing House Exchanges.**

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $1,147,000,000; balances, $104,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balances, $58,000,000; holiday this day a year ago.

## SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ¾d up at 34⅝d per ounce; New York price ⅛c up at 63¾c.

Range for 1924:

London .....35⅛d May 31 27⅛d Apr. 7
New York .....67⅛c June 5 49c Jan. 11

Range for 1923:

London .....35⅛d Dec. 19 28⅝d Feb. 1
New York .....69¾c Mar. 16 27½c July 5

## HUNGARIAN LOAN OFFERED.

**Indications Are That $7,500,000 Bonds Have Been Fully Placed.**

Announcement was made yesterday by Speyer & Co. that the offering of $7,000,000 of 7½ per cent. bonds comprising the new State loan of Hungary had been well received. A large number of investors had sent in requests for the bonds, it was said, and inquiries had been received from investors in other States. No figures were available at the close of business last night to show whether the issue had been fully placed, but indications were understood to have been that it was. Cabled advices received by the offering syndicate indicated that the London portion of £7,000,000 of the reconstruction loan had been largely oversubscribed.

According to bankers, the Hungarian offering possesses more importance than that alone of placing Hungary on her feet. The success of a German loan in this market, it was believed, would be largely judged by the manner in which the Hungarian bonds were taken.

## BUYING OF PERE MARQUETTE

**President Alfred Discusses Purchases by Van Sweringens.**

President Frank H. Alfred, of the Pere Marquette Railway said yesterday that it was generally assumed that the buying in Pere Marquette had been for the Van Sweringen interests and that he believed this assumption was correct. At the time of the road's anual meeting the Van Sweringens had not acquired control of the property, and so far as he knew they had not done so up to the present time.

A. H. Harris, Vice President and Chairman of the Finance Committee of the New York Central before sailing for Europe said: "We welcome the Van Sweringens with open arms into the railroad comunity. They are bringing new life into the industry and are carrying on a constructive program and preventing stagnation. The consolidation of the Nickel Plate, the Erie and the Pere Marquette into one system will be a great constructive step in the railroad industry."

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1924.

| Day's Sales. | Tuesday. | Monday. | A Year Ago. | Two Years Ago. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 847,969 | 905,422 | 788,040 | Holiday | 601,975 |

| Year to Date. | Same Period 1923. | 1922. | 1921. | 1920. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 116,911,506 | 123,140,311 | 138,759,433 | 84,140,433 | 125,818,648¼ |

| 1924 High. | 1924 Low. | Sales. | Stock and Dividend Rate. | First. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. | Closing Bid. | Closing Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 83¼ | 78¾ | 1,100 | Adams Express (6) | 83¼ | 83¼ | 82¾ | 83¼ | — ¼ | 83¼ | 84 |
| 12¾ | 6 | 300 | Advance Rumely | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | + ¼ | 7 | 9¾ |
| 41½ | 28¾ | 100 | Advance Rumely pf. (6) | 35¾ | 35¾ | 35¾ | 35¾ | + ¼ | 35 | 36 |
| 81½ | 67¼ | 500 | Air Reduction (4) | 79½ | 79½ | 78¾ | 78¾ | — ¾ | 78¾ | 79 |
| 10¾ | 4¼ | 500 | Ajax Rubber | 6¾ | 7 | 6¾ | 7 | + ¼ | 6¾ | 7 |
| ¾ | ¾ | 1,100 | Alaska Gold Mines | 12⅝ | 12¾ | 12⅝ | 12¾ | + .04⅜ | .. | .. |
| 79¾ | 63 | 1,400 | Allied Chem. & Dye (4) | 73¾ | 75⅜ | 73¾ | 74¾ | + ¾ | 73½ | 74 |
| 51¾ | 41⅝ | 4,800 | Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4) | 50¾ | 51⅝ | 50¾ | 51⅛ | + ⅜ | 51 | 51¼ |
| 46¾ | 28½ | 200 | Am. Agricultural Chem.pf. | 29¾ | 29¾ | 29¾ | 29¾ | .. | 29¼ | 29¾ |
| 40¾ | 36 | 600 | Am. Beet Sugar (4) | 41¾ | 41¾ | 41 | 41 | — ¾ | 40 | 41 |
| 38¾ | 22¾ | 400 | Am. Bosch Magneto | 31¾ | 31¾ | 30 | 30 | — 1 | 30 | 31 |
| 112⅝ | 95½ | 24,000 | Am. Can (16) | 114⅝ | 116⅛ | 114 | 114 | — ⅝ | 114 | 114⅛ |
| 178 | 156¾ | 300 | Am. Car & Foundry (12) | 166 | 166 | 165 | 165 | .. | 164 | 166 |
| 21⅞ | 14¾ | 2,200 | Am. Chicle | 20¾ | 21⅞ | 20¾ | 21¾ | + 1⅛ | 20¾ | 21 |
| 6¾ | 3½ | 100 | Am. Druggist Syndicate | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ | .. | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| 109⅞ | 88 | 2,100 | Am. Express (6) | 109¾ | 109¾ | 108 | 108 | — ¾ | 108½ | 109¾ |
| 96¾ | 83 | 500 | Am. & For. P. 5% paid(7) | 95¾ | 96¾ | 95¾ | 96¾ | + ¾ | 95¾ | 96 |
| 94⅜ | 91¼ | 100 | Am. & For. P. full paid(7) | 96¾ | 96¾ | 96¾ | 96¾ | + 1 | 97 | 97¼ |
| 98 | 80¾ | 500 | Am. Hide & Leather pf. | 86¾ | 86¾ | 85 | 85 | — 1¾ | 84½ | 85½ |
| 96 | 96 | 100 | Am. Ice (7) | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | .. | 89¾ | 90 |
| 26¼ | 17⅜ | 2,700 | Am. International | 23 | 23¾ | 22½ | 23 | + ¼ | 22¾ | 23⅛ |
| 22⅜ | 13¾ | 100 | Am. Linseed | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ | + ¼ | 16½ | 17 |
| 76⅜ | 70¾ | 1,200 | Am. Locomotive (6) | 74¾ | 75 | 74¾ | 74¾ | — ¼ | 74¾ | 74½ |
| 108¾ | 94½ | 1,400 | Am. Radiator (4) | 103⅝ | 103¾ | 103 | 103¾ | + 1¾ | 103¾ | 103⅞ |
| 7¾ | 5¾ | 100 | Am. Safety Razor (50c) | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | — ⅛ | 6¾ | 7 |
| 13⅜ | 10¾ | 1,800 | Am. Ship & Commerce | 12⅜ | 12⅝ | 12¼ | 12¼ | — ⅛ | 12¼ | 12⅜ |
| 65¾ | 57¾ | 2,000 | Am. Smelting & Ref. (5) | 64¾ | 65¾ | 64¾ | 65½ | .. | 65 | 65¼ |
| 101¾ | 96 | 300 | Am. Smelting & Ref.pf.(7) | 100¾ | 101 | 100¾ | 101 | .. | 100⅝ | 101 |
| 96 | 95 | 100 | Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. (6) | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | .. | 95 | 100 |
| 40¾ | 35¾ | 300 | Am. Steel Foundries (3) | 38¾ | 39¼ | 38¾ | 39¼ | + ¾ | 39 | 39 |
| 61⅜ | 38¾ | 1,200 | Am. Sugar Refining | 45 | 45¾ | 44¾ | 44¾ | — ¾ | 44¾ | 45¼ |
| 90¾ | 79 | 300 | Am. Sugar Ref. pf. (7) | 87¾ | 87¾ | 87¾ | 87¾ | .. | 87¼ | 87¾ |
| 26⅞ | 7¾ | 400 | Am. Sumatra Tobacco | 9¾ | 10¼ | 9¾ | 9¾ | .. | 9¾ | 10 |
| 140⅞ | 121¼ | 6,500 | Am. Telephone & Teleg.(9) | 121¾ | 122¾ | 121¾ | 122¾ | + ¾ | 122¼ | 122¾ |
| 107 | 100¼ | 1,000 | Am. Tobacco (12) | 146 | 147 | 146 | 146¾ | .. | 145 | 146 |
| 138 | 114¾ | 1,400 | Am. Tobacco pf. (8) | 142¾ | 144¾ | 142¾ | 144¾ | + 1¾ | 142½ | 143 |
| 40 | 30 | 6,000 | Am. Woolen (12) | 35¾ | 37¾ | 35¾ | 37¾ | + 2 | 37¾ | 38 |
| 91½ | 66 | 1,100 | Am. Writing Works & Elec. | 89 | 91¼ | 89 | 91¼ | + 2¼ | 91 | 92 |
| 74¾ | 62 | 1,800 | Am. W. & E. P. pf. (6) | 73¾ | 73¾ | 72¾ | 72¾ | — ¾ | 72¾ | 73 |
| 10¾ | 7 | 200 | Am. Woolen (7) | 7¾ | 7¾ | 7¾ | 7¾ | .. | 7¾ | 8 |
| 34⅞ | 24 | 200 | Am. Zinc L. & S. | 27¾ | 27¾ | 27¾ | 27¾ | + ¾ | 27 | 27¾ |
| 41 | 39¾ | 2,500 | Am. Zinc L. & S. pf. | 41 | 41 | 41 | 41 | + ¼ | 40 | 41 |
| 14¾ | 5 | 400 | Anaconda Copper | 13 | 13¾ | 13 | 13¾ | + ¾ | 13¾ | 13¾ |
| 100¾ | 79 | 400 | Arnold, Constable & Co. | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | .. | 10 | 10 |
| 99¾ | 83¾ | 400 | Associated D. G. (5) | 98¾ | 99 | 98 | 98 | .. | 97¾ | 98 |
| 34⅞ | 27¾ | 100 | Associated D. G. 1st pf. (6) | 86¾ | 86¾ | 85¾ | 85¾ | — ¾ | 85 | 86 |
| 104⅞ | 97½ | 100 | Associated Oil (14) | 99¾ | 99¾ | 99¾ | 99¾ | — ¾ | 99¾ | 100 |
| 102¾ | 96¾ | 800 | Atch., Top. & S. F. (6) | 103¾ | 103¾ | 103¾ | 103¾ | + ¾ | 103¾ | 103¾ |
| 97¾ | 92¾ | 100 | Atch., Top. & S. F. pf. (5) | 90¾ | 90¾ | 90¾ | 90¾ | — ¾ | 90¾ | 90¾ |
| .. | .. | 100 | Do pf. seller 6 days | 90¾ | 90¾ | 90¾ | 90¾ | .. | 90¾ | 90¾ |
| 126 | 112 | 2,300 | Atlantic Coast Line (16) | 121¾ | 122¾ | 120¾ | 122¾ | + 1¾ | 121¾ | 122 |
| 19¾ | 10¾ | 6,000 | Atlantic Gulf & W. I. | 18¾ | 19¾ | 18¾ | 19 | + ¼ | 18¾ | 19 |
| 129¾ | 127¼ | 2,400 | Atlantic Gulf & W. I. pf. | 128¾ | 129¾ | 128¾ | 129¾ | + 1¾ | 128¾ | 129 |
| 140⅝ | 98¾ | 3,500 | Atlantic Refining (4) | 94 | 94¾ | 93¾ | 94 | .. | 93¾ | 94 |
| 118 | 105¾ | 100 | Atlantic Refining pf. (7) | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | + 3½ | 113 | 113½ |
| 30 | 18¾ | 200 | Austin Nichols | 22¾ | 22¾ | 22¾ | 22¾ | .. | 21¾ | 22¾ |
| 121 | 104⅝ | 6,100 | Baldwin Locomotive (7) | 115¾ | 115¾ | 114¾ | 114¾ | — ¾ | 114¾ | 114¾ |
| 118 | 110¾ | 100 | Baldwin Locom. pf. (7) | 115¾ | 115¾ | 115¾ | 115¾ | + ¾ | 115 | 115¾ |
| 69¾ | 59¾ | 4,500 | Baltimore & Ohio (4) | 67¾ | 68 | 67¾ | 67¾ | — ¾ | 67¾ | 67¾ |
| 112⅜ | 97¾ | 100 | Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4) | 97¾ | 97¾ | 97¾ | 97¾ | — ¾ | 97¾ | 98 |
| 100¾ | 95½ | 6,000 | Barnsdall, Class A | 21¾ | 21¾ | 20¾ | 21 | .. | 20¾ | 21 |
| 27 | 19¾ | 900 | Barnsdall, Class B | 15¾ | 15¾ | 15 | 15¾ | .. | 15¾ | 15¾ |
| 326 | 269 | 90 | Bank of Com. (16) odd lots | 321 | 326 | 321 | 326 | .. | .. | .. |
| 55¾ | 44¾ | 200 | Beech-Nut Packing (2.40) | 52¾ | 52¾ | 52¾ | 52¾ | .. | 53¼ | 53½ |
| 62¾ | 45 | 9,200 | Bethlehem Steel (10) | 45¾ | 46¾ | 45¾ | 46 | — ¾ | 45¾ | 46 |
| 116 | 107¾ | 500 | Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8) | 112¾ | 113¾ | 111¾ | 111¾ | — ¾ | 111¾ | 112 |
| 23¾ | 18¾ | 4,000 | Brooklyn-Manh. Transit | 22¾ | 22¾ | 22 | 22¾ | .. | 22¾ | 22¾ |
| 69¾ | 59¾ | 600 | Brooklyn Union Gas (4) | 67¾ | 68 | 67¾ | 67¾ | — ¾ | 67¾ | 67¾ |
| 112⅜ | 97¾ | 100 | Burns Brothers (10) | 105¾ | 105¾ | 105¾ | 105¾ | .. | 105 | 112 |
| 99¾ | 95¾ | 100 | Burns Brothers pf. (7) | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | + ⅛ | 95 | 98 |
| 27 | 19½ | 100 | Burns Bros., Class B (2) | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | .. | 24½ | 25 |
| 17¾ | 17 | 200 | Butterick Co. | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | .. | 18 | 18¾ |
| 4¾ | 4¼ | 400 | Caddo Cent. O. & R. | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | .. | 1⅝ | 2 |
| 87¾ | 80 | 100 | California Packing (6) | 84¾ | 84¾ | 84¾ | 84¾ | — ¾ | 84 | 84¼ |
| 23⅝ | 21⅜ | 6,400 | California Petroleum (1⅝) | 23¾ | 24 | 23¾ | 23¾ | — ¼ | 23¾ | 23¾ |
| 107 | 94 | 100 | California Petroleum pf. (7) | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | .. | 95 | 97 |
| 5¾ | 3½ | 600 | Callahan Zinc & Lead | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ | .. | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 150¾ | 142¾ | 600 | Canadian Pacific (10) | 147¾ | 148 | 147¾ | 148 | + ¾ | 147¾ | 148¼ |
| 17¾ | 9¾ | 400 | Central Leather Co. | 12¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ | .. | 12¾ | 13 |
| 47¾ | 32¾ | 1,600 | Central Leather Co. pf. | 43¾ | 44¾ | 43¾ | 44¾ | + 1¾ | 44¼ | 44¾ |
| 49¾ | 40¾ | 2,400 | Cerro de Pasco Copper(4) | 47¾ | 48¼ | 47¾ | 48 | .. | 47 | 47¾ |
| 66¾ | 42¾ | 1,600 | Chandler Motor (6) | 47 | 47¾ | 46¾ | 46¾ | — ¾ | 46¾ | 47 |
| 84¾ | 67¾ | 5,600 | Chesapeake & Ohio (4) | 83 | 83¾ | 82¾ | 83¼ | .. | 82¾ | 83 |
| 5¾ | 3½ | 1,000 | Chicago & Alton | 4¼ | 4¼ | 4¼ | 4¼ | .. | 4¼ | 4½ |
| 11¾ | 8¾ | 100 | Chicago & Alton pf. | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ | — ¼ | 10¾ | 11 |
| 44¾ | 34 | 100 | Chicago & Eastern Ill. pf. | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | + ¼ | 43 | 44 |
| 6¾ | 4 | 400 | Chicago Great Western | 5¾ | 5¾ | 5¾ | 5¾ | .. | 5¾ | 6 |
| 16¾ | 10¾ | 2,300 | Chicago Gt. Western pf. | 16¾ | 16¾ | 15¾ | 15¾ | — ¾ | 15¾ | 16 |
| 24¾ | 14¾ | 600 | Chi., Milw. & St. Paul | 14 | 14 | 13¾ | 13¾ | — ¼ | 13¾ | 13¾ |
| 31¾ | 21¾ | 3,100 | Chi., Milw. & St. P. pf. | 24¾ | 24¾ | 24¾ | 24¾ | — ¼ | 24¾ | 24¾ |
| 67¾ | 49¾ | 700 | Chicago & Northw'n (7) | 56¾ | 56¾ | 56 | 56 | — ¾ | 56 | 56¼ |
| 88 | 70¾ | 100 | Chicago Pneumatic Tool(8) | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | — 1 | 85 | 86 |
| 31¾ | 21¾ | 9,300 | Chi., R. I. & Pacific | 30¾ | 31¾ | 30¾ | 31¾ | + ¾ | 31¾ | 31¾ |
| 86 | 76¾ | 500 | Chi., R. I. & P. pf. (7) | 84¾ | 84¾ | 84¾ | 84¾ | — ¾ | 84¾ | 85 |
| 79¾ | 60¾ | 500 | Chi., R. I. & P. pf. (6) | 77¾ | 77¾ | 77¾ | 77¾ | — ¾ | 77¾ | 78 |
| 39 | 29 | 100 | Chicago Yellow Cab (4) | 38¾ | 39 | 38¾ | 39 | + ¼ | 38¾ | 39 |
| 29¾ | 23¾ | 2,000 | Chile Copper (2½) | 25¾ | 25¾ | 25¾ | 25¾ | — ¼ | 25¾ | 25¾ |
| 20¾ | 15 | 400 | Chino Copper | 15¾ | 15¾ | 15¾ | 15¾ | .. | 15¾ | 15¾ |
| 77¾ | 61 | 900 | Coca-Cola (7) | 73¾ | 74 | 73¾ | 74 | + ¾ | 73¾ | 74 |
| 49¾ | 34¾ | 27,900 | Colorado Fuel & Iron | 47¾ | 48¾ | 47¾ | 47¾ | — ¾ | 47¾ | 48 |
| 39¾ | 20 | 200 | Colorado Southern | 36¾ | 36¾ | 36¾ | 36¾ | .. | 36¾ | 36¾ |
| 48 | 43 | 5,400 | Columbia G. & El. (2.40) | 45¾ | 46¾ | 45¾ | 46¾ | + ¾ | 46¾ | 46¾ |
| 45¾ | 44¾ | 300 | Columbian Carbon (3) | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | .. | 44 | 45 |
| .. | .. | 100 | Com. Invest. Trust (60c) | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | + ¼ | 35 | 45 |
| 56¾ | 46¾ | 600 | Commercial Solvents A (4) | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 | — ¼ | 55 | 56 |
| 49 | 40 | 200 | Commercial Solvents B | 48 | 48¼ | 48 | 48 | — ¼ | 47 | 49 |
| 46¾ | 43¾ | 22,000 | Congoleum Co. (3) | 44¾ | 46¾ | 44¾ | 45¾ | + 2¾ | 45¾ | 46¼ |
| 27¾ | 11¾ | 1,400 | Consolidated Cigar | 27¾ | 28¾ | 27¾ | 28¾ | + 1¾ | 27¾ | 28¾ |
| 84¾ | 59¾ | 100 | Consolidated Cigar pf. (7) | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 | .. | 65 | 69¼ |
| 69¾ | 67¾ | 2,700 | Consolidated Gas (5) | 69¾ | 69¾ | 69¾ | 69¾ | — ¾ | 69¾ | 69¾ |
| 8 | 2¾ | 15000 | Consolidated Textile | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | .. | 2¾ | 3 |
| 60 | 45¾ | 5,200 | Continental Can (4) | 58¾ | 59¾ | 58¾ | 59¾ | + ¾ | 59¾ | 59¾ |
| 4¾ | 4 | 900 | Continental Motors (20c) | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ | .. | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| 77¾ | 57¾ | 15,300 | Corn Prod. Ref. (2) | 64¾ | 65¾ | 64¾ | 65¾ | + ¾ | 65¾ | 65¾ |
| 29¾ | 25¾ | 26,900 | Cosden Co. | 27¾ | 27¾ | 27¾ | 27¾ | — ¼ | 27¾ | 27¾ |
| 58 | 48 | 1,400 | Crucible Steel (4) | 52 | 54¾ | 52 | 54¾ | + 2¾ | 54¾ | 54¾ |
| 14¾ | 11¾ | 100 | Cuba Cane Sugar | 14¾ | 14¾ | 14¾ | 14¾ | .. | 14¾ | 14¾ |
| 63¾ | 52¾ | 2,300 | Cuba Cane Sugar pf. | 62 | 62¾ | 61¾ | 61¾ | — 1 | 61 | 61¾ |
| 30¾ | 25¾ | 400 | Cuban American Sug. (3) | 30¾ | 30¾ | 30¾ | 30¾ | + ¾ | 30¾ | 30¾ |
| 5¾ | 4¾ | 200 | Cuban Dominican Sugar | 4¾ | 5 | 4¾ | 5 | + ¼ | 4¾ | 5 |
| 92¾ | 82¾ | 700 | Cuyamel Fruit (4) | 86¾ | 88¾ | 87¾ | 87¾ | — 1½ | 87 | 87¾ |
| 27 | 17 | 9,600 | Daniel Boone W. Mills (5) | 20¾ | 20¾ | 20 | 20¾ | + ¾ | 17¾ | 18 |
| 49¾ | 41 | 2,300 | Davison Chemical | 45¾ | 45¾ | 44¾ | 45 | — ¾ | 44¾ | 45 |
| 61¾ | 43¾ | 200 | Deere & Co. pf. (3) | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ | — ¾ | 43¾ | 44 |
| 116¾ | 104¾ | 800 | Delaware & Hudson (9) | 117¾ | 117¾ | 117¾ | 117¾ | — ¾ | 117¾ | 118 |
| 128¾ | 110¾ | 200 | D., L. & Western (6) | 124 | 124 | 123¾ | 123¾ | — ¾ | 123¾ | 124 |
| 108¾ | 102¾ | 400 | Detroit Edison Co. (8) | 105¾ | 106¾ | 105¾ | 106¾ | + ¾ | 106¾ | 106¾ |
| 20¾ | 15 | 600 | Dome Mines (2) | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ | .. | 16¾ | 16¾ |
| 11¾ | 9¾ | 100 | Douglas-Pectin (1) | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ | .. | 10¾ | 11 |
| 141⅞ | 112 | 4,500 | Du Pont de Nemours (6) | 125¾ | 126¾ | 125¾ | 126¾ | + ¾ | 125¾ | 126¼ |
| 88 | 85 | 100 | Du Pont de Nem. deb. (6) | 86¾ | 86¾ | 86¾ | 86¾ | + ¾ | 86 | 86¾ |
| 106¾ | 102 | 100 | Duquesne Light 1st pf. (7) | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | — ½ | 105 | 106 |
| 113¾ | 104¼ | 600 | Eastman Kodak (16¾) | 107¾ | 108¼ | 107¾ | 107¾ | — ¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ |
| 24¾ | 11 | 100 | Eaton Axle & Spring (1.60) | 12¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ | .. | 12¾ | 12¾ |
| 67¾ | 55¾ | 100 | Endicott-Johnson (5) | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 | .. | 60¾ | 61 |
| 3 | 2 | 1,500 | Erie | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ | .. | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| 39¾ | 29¾ | 1,000 | Erie 1st pf. | 36¾ | 36¾ | 36¾ | 36¾ | .. | 36 | 36¾ |
| 25¾ | 18¾ | 2,000 | Erie 2d pf. | 23¾ | 23¾ | 23¾ | 23¾ | .. | 23 | 23¾ |
| 20 | 18¾ | 600 | Exchange Buffet (2) | 18¾ | 19¼ | 18¾ | 19¼ | + ¼ | 18¾ | 20 |
| 79¾ | 61 | 1,400 | Famous Players-Lasky (8) | 77¾ | 77¾ | 76¾ | 76¾ | — ¾ | 76¾ | 76¾ |
| 97¾ | 87¾ | 100 | Famous Players-L. pf. (8) | 96¾ | 96¾ | 96¾ | 96¾ | — ¾ | 96 | 96¾ |
| 84 | 79 | 100 | Fed. Light & Traction (7) | 79¾ | 79¾ | 79¾ | 79¾ | .. | 79¾ | 80 |
| 47¾ | 41¾ | 1,100 | Fed. Min. & Smelt. pf. (7) | 47¾ | 48 | 47¾ | 48 | + ¾ | 47¾ | 48 |
| 97¾ | 87¾ | 4,400 | Fifth Avenue Bus (16c) | 97¾ | 97¾ | 97¾ | 97¾ | + ¾ | 97¾ | 98 |
| 227¾ | 165 | 800 | Fisher Body (10) | 186 | 186 | 186 | 186 | .. | 180 | 190 |
| 10¾ | 7¾ | 100 | Fisk Rubber | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | — ¼ | 6¾ | 7 |
| 57¾ | 44¾ | 700 | Fleischmann Co. (3) | 56 | 56 | 55¾ | 55¾ | — ¾ | 55¾ | 56 |
| 73¾ | 66¾ | 100 | Foundation Co. (6) | 71 | 71 | 71 | 71 | — ¾ | 71 | 71¾ |
| 126 | 113 | 600 | Freeport-Texas | 116 | 116¾ | 116 | 116¾ | + ¾ | 116 | 116¾ |
| 49¾ | 21¾ | 1,200 | General Asphalt | 42¾ | 43¾ | 42 | 42 | + ¾ | 41¾ | 41¾ |
| 97¾ | 82¾ | 200 | General Cigar (8) | 86¾ | 86¾ | 86¾ | 86¾ | — ¾ | 86¾ | 87 |
| 220¾ | 163¾ | 7,200 | General Electric (3) | 237 | 238¾ | 236¾ | 236¾ | — ¾ | 236¾ | 236¾ |
| 114¾ | 104¾ | 1,300 | Gen. Electric Special (600) | 114¾ | 115¾ | 114¾ | 114¾ | — ¾ | 113¾ | 114¾ |
| 129¾ | 120¾ | 6,800 | General Motors (1.20) | 124¾ | 127¾ | 124¾ | 127¾ | + 2¾ | 127¾ | 127¾ |
| 160¾ | 92 | 100 | General Motors deb. (7) | 92¾ | 92¾ | 92¾ | 92¾ | — ¾ | 92¾ | 93 |
| 102¾ | 92¾ | 1,400 | General Motors deb. (6) | 92¾ | 92¾ | 92¾ | 92¾ | — ¾ | 92¾ | 93 |
| 41¾ | 32¾ | 200 | General Refractories (2) | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | + ½ | 35 | 37 |
| 44¾ | 41¼ | 6,000 | General Petroleum (2) | 41¾ | 41¾ | 41 | 41 | .. | 41 | 41¾ |
| 49¾ | 39 | 1,100 | Goodyear Tire & Rub. pf. | 47¾ | 47¾ | 47¾ | 47¾ | + ¾ | 47 | 48 |
| 69¾ | 62¾ | 200 | Goodyear T. & R. pr.pf. (8) | 66¾ | 66¾ | 66¾ | 66¾ | + ¾ | 66¾ | 67 |
| 15¾ | 5 | 100 | Gray & Davis | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | .. | 5 | 5 |
| 67¾ | 60¾ | 2,000 | Great Northern pf. (5) | 60¾ | 60¾ | 60¾ | 60¾ | — ¾ | 60¾ | 60¾ |
| 27¾ | 27¾ | 700 | Gt. Nor. ctfs. i. o. p. (3) | 27¾ | 27¾ | 27¾ | 27¾ | + ¾ | 27¾ | 27¾ |
| 67¾ | 57¾ | 100 | Great Western Sugar (5) | 67¾ | 67¾ | 67¾ | 67¾ | + 1¾ | 66 | 68 |
| 107¾ | 104 | 800 | Great Western Sugar pf. (7) | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ | + ¾ | 107¾ | 108 |
| 13 | 12 | 100 | Greene Cananea Copper | 12 | 13 | 12 | 13 | + ¾ | 13 | 13 |
| 6¾ | 6¾ | 100 | Guantanamo Sugar | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | .. | 6¾ | 7 |
| 177¾ | 154¾ | 900 | Gulf, Mobile & Northern | 163¾ | 177¾ | 163¾ | 177¾ | + 14¾ | 177¾ | 178¾ |
| 70 | 50 | 200 | Gulf, Mobile & Nor. pf. (5) | 68 | 68 | 67¾ | 67¾ | — ¾ | 67¾ | 68 |
| 82¾ | 63 | 1,000 | Gulf States Steel (6) | 71 | 71¼ | 70¾ | 70¾ | — ¾ | 70¾ | 71 |
| 110 | 86 | 100 

**Attractive Investments in Foreign Countries**

We believe certain foreign government obligations offer at the present time exceptionally attractive investment purchases.

We shall be glad to send descriptions of several issues yielding from 5.80% to 6.85% upon request.

**SUTRO & KIMBLEY**
Members New York Stock Exchange
66 Broadway
New York

$100,000
**Union Pacific**
1st and Ref. 4s, 2008
87⅝ & Int.
To yield about 4.60%

$30,000
**Illinois Central**
Purchased Lines 1st 3½s, 1952
81¼ & Int.
To yield about 4.73%

$250,000
**New York Central & Hudson River**
4s, 1942
91½ & Int.
To yield about 4.75%

*Legal for Savings Banks in New York State*

**R. W. PRESSPRICH & CO.**
16 Wall St., New York. Phone John 0307, 4320
Municipal and Railroad Bonds

FULLY TAX EXEMPT
**Illinois-Midwest**
Joint Stock Land Bank
5%
FARM LOAN BONDS
Due June 1, 1954
Optional June 1, 1934
Price 101 and interest
Yield over 4.87% to opt. date, 5% thereafter
*Send for Circular*
**HOAGLAND, ALLUM & CO.**
INCORPORATED
Established 1909
ANNUNG FLOOR 115 Broadway New York
GROUND FLOOR 14 So. La Salle St. Chicago

**A July Investment Yielding 7½%**

Today over two-thirds of the power required to turn the wheels of American Industries is supplied by Central Station Electric Companies. Compare this with less than 28% in 1904.

This constantly increasing demand for service is only one of the many safeguards back of electric power investments.

We recommend the 7% Prior Preference Stock of

**STANDARD GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY**

*Complete details on request for circular CJ-136*

**H. M. Byllesby and Co.**
111 Broadway, New York
Boston Philadelphia
Chicago Providence

*We offer subject to prior sale*
**City of Trondhjem**
(Norway)
S. F. Ext. Loan 6½s, due 1944
At 96 and interest
**Kentucky Hydro Electric Co.**
First Mtge. 6s, due 1949
At 94 and interest
**Continental Motors Corp.**
First Mtge. 6½s, due 1939
At 95½ and interest
*Circulars on request*
**HOWE, SNOW & BERTLES INC.**
120 Broadway Tel. Rector 6620
Grand Rapids Chicago Detroit


# BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1924.

| | 1924. | 1923. | 1922. | 1921. | 1920. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Day's Sales— | | | | | |
| United States Government bonds... | $4,306,250 | Holiday | $7,511,800 | $7,964,150 | $11,378,300 |
| Other domestic bonds..... | 7,426,000 | Holiday | 5,185,000 | 3,555,500 | 2,294,500 |
| Foreign bonds ..... | 2,439,000 | Holiday | 2,144,500 | 1,400,000 | 1,475,000 |
| Total all bonds..... | $14,171,250 | Holiday | $14,841,300 | $12,919,650 | $15,142,800 |
| Year to Date— | | | | | |
| United States Government bonds... | $537,409,960 | $444,456,410 | $1,002,864,955 | $987,673,680 | $1,601,564,350 |
| Other domestic bonds..... | 1,069,873,200 | 851,991,100 | 1,015,193,200 | 430,223,700 | 297,004,500 |
| Foreign bonds ..... | 249,102,700 | 267,529,900 | 335,639,800 | 155,910,200 | 156,896,300 |
| Total all bonds..... | $1,856,385,860 | $1,593,987,410 | $2,353,697,955 | $1,573,807,580 | $2,055,465,150 |

## UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

| Range Since Date of Issue. High. | Date. | Low. | Date. | Range. High. | 1924— Low. | Sales. | Issue. | Open. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'gs. | Closing— Bid. | Asked. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 102.7 | Oct. 19,'23 | 98.1 | June 5,'21 | 101.23 | 98.22 | 373 | Liberty 3½s 1932-47 | 101.18 | 101.19 | 101.17 | 101.18 | +.4 | 101.18 | 101.19 | 3.28 |
| 102.25 | Oct. 19,'23 | 98.4 | July 11,'21 | 101.20 | 98.20 | ... | Liberty 3½s, registered | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 102.00 | June 19,'24 | 83.00 | May 19,'20 | 102.00 | 98.24 | ... | Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 102.06 | ... | 3.71 |
| 101.10 | July 24,'23 | 85.22 | May 19,'20 | 99.17 | 97.30 | ... | Lib. 1st cv. 4s, reg | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 101.12 | July 1,'24 | 81.12 | May 20,'20 | 101.12 | 98.5 | 1 | Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-42 | 101.12 | 101.12 | 101.12 | 101.12 | ... | 101.12 | ... | 3.53 |
| 100.26 | June 18,'24 | 81.18 | May 21,'20 | 100.26 | 98.20 | ... | Liberty 2d 4s, reg | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 102.00 | June 19,'24 | 90.00 | June 7,'20 | 102.00 | 98.8 | 89 | Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47 | 102.9 | 102.10 | 102.8 | 102.8 | —.1 | 102.8 | 102.7 | 3.82 |
| 102.12 | June 21,'24 | 94.00 | May 21,'20 | 103.12 | 98.4 | ... | Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 102.1 | June 25,'24 | 84.00 | July 30,'20 | 102.1 | 98.6 | 2,305 | Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1927-42 | 101.14 | 101.18 | 101.13 | 101.17 | +.4 | 101.18 | 101.17 | 3.71 |
| 101.25 | June 23,'24 | 81.12 | May 20,'20 | 101.25 | 98.3 | 10 | Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg | 101.12 | 101.13 | 101.13 | 101.13 | +.5 | ... | ... | ... |
| 101.20 | June 27,'24 | 83.16 | Dec. 28,'20 | 101.20 | 99.8 | 671 | Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928 | 102.7 | 102.9 | 102.7 | 102.7 | ... | 102.7 | 102.9 | 3.65 |
| 102.12 | June 27,'24 | 83.20 | Dec. 20,'20 | 102.12 | 98.7 | 5 | Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg | 102.8 | 102.8 | 102.8 | 102.8 | +.6 | ... | ... | ... |
| 102.7 | June 27,'24 | 82.12 | May 19,'20 | 102.7 | 99.8 | 180 | Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52 | 105.00 | 105.00 | 104.30 | 104.31 | +.2 | 104.29 | 105.00 | 2.92 |
| 102.16 | June 18,'24 | 82.00 | May 20,'20 | 102.16 | 98.9 | ... | Treasury 4¼s, reg | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 102.13 | June 14,'24 | 82.15 | May 20,'20 | 102.13 | 98.7 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 105.18 | June 14,'24 | 98.1 | Mar. 27,'22 | 105.18 | 99.9 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 105.1 | June 27,'24 | 98.20 | Apr. 25,'23 | 105.1 | 99.13 | | | | | | | | | | |

Beginning March 23, 1923, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty Bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1924 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

## FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 6s of 1909 ... 101½ 101¾ 101½
Ser A, 1957, temp ... 101½ 101¾ 101½
4s ... 93¾ 93¾ 93¾
3s ... 83¾ 83¾ 83¾
6s ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
2s ... 94 94 94
5s ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
20 yrs ... 93¾ 93¾ 93¾
11 ... 93¾ 93¾ 93¾
3s ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
2 ... 94 94 94
Ts, 1927 ... 94 94 94
13 ... 102¼ 102¼ 102¼
5 ... 102¼ 102¼ 102¼
6 ... 102¾ 102¾ 102¾
17 ... 102¾ 102¾ 102¾
Austrian Govt gld s f 7s, 1943 ... 92¼ 92¼ 92¼
5 ... 92¼ 92¼ 92¼
16 ... 92¾ 92¾ 92¾
Chinese Ry 5s, 1951 ... 46 46 46
City of Bergen 8s, 1945 ... 109 109 109
City of Berne 8s, 1945 ... 110 110 110
City Bordeaux 6s, 1934 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
2 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
1 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
2 ... 86 86 86
5 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
Cy Christiania s f 5s, 1945 ... 96¼ 96¼ 96¼
15 ... 100½ 100½ 100½
Cy Copenhgn 5½s, 1944 ... 84¾ 84¾ 84¾
7 ... 94½ 94½ 94½
12 ... 94 94 94
10 ... 94½ 94½ 94½
Cy Gr Prague 7½s, 1952 ... 83¾ 83¾ 83¾
10 ... 83½ 83¾ 83½
3 ... 83¾ 83¾ 83¾
3 ... 83½ 83½ 83½
City of Lyons 6s, 1934 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
1 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
4 ... 85½ 85½ 85½
2 ... 85 85 85
Cy Marseilles 6s, 1934 ... 85 85 85
Cy Monterideo s f 7s, 1953 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
Cy Rio de Jan s f 8s, 1946 ... 99¼ 99¼ 99¼
s f 6s, 1947 ... 97 97 97
Cy Sao Paulo s f 8s, 1936, int rcts ... 101 101 101
City Soissons 6s, 1936 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
City of Toklo 5s, 1953 ... 61 61 61
Czechoslovak Rep 8s, 1951 ... 94½ 94½ 94½
Dept of the Seine 6s 1942 ... 82¾ 82¾ 82¾
4 ... 83¼ 83¼ 83¼
3 ... 83¾ 83¾ 83¾
5 ... 83¾ 83¾ 83¾
Danish Munic s f 5s, Ser B, 1948 ... 106¼ 106¼ 106¼
Dept of the Seine 6s 1942 ... 82¾ 82¾ 82¾
4 ... 83¼ 83¼ 83¼
3 ... 83¾ 83¾ 83¾
5 ... 83¾ 83¾ 83¾
Dy Christiania s f 5s, 1945 ... 96¼ 96¼ 96¼
Dy Copenhagen 5½s, 1944 ... 94½ 94½ 94½
Dy Gr Prague 7½s, 1952 ... 83¾ 83¾ 83¾
Dy of Lyons 6s, 1934 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
Dy Marseilles 6s, 1934 ... 85 85 85
Dy Monterideo s f 7s, 1952 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
Dy Rio de Jan s f 8s, 1946 ... 99¼ 99¼ 99¼
Dy Sao Paulo s f 8s, 1936, int rcts ... 101 101 101
Dy of Soissons 6s, 1936 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
Dy of Toklo 5s, 1952 ... 61 61 61
Dy of Zurich 6s, 1945 ... 101¾ 101¾ 101¾
Ecuador 8s, 1938 ... 94 94 94
Finnish Govt 6½s, 1945 ... 94 94 94
French Govt 7½s, 1941 ... 107¾ 107¾ 107¾
2d series ... 104¼ 104¼ 104¼
temp s f 7½s, 1941 ... 107½ 107½ 107½
5 ... 104¾ 104¾ 104¾
3 ... 104¼ 104¼ 104¼
1 ... 104¼ 104¼ 104¼
5½s, 1946 ... 102¾ 102¾ 102¾
19 ... 92 92 92
1 ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
10 ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
King Denm'rk 4s, 1943 ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
1 ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
2 ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
1 ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
1 ... 91¾ 91¾ 91¾
King of the Neth tem 6s, 1954 ... 98¼ 98¼ 98¼
21 ... 98¼ 98¼ 98¼
5 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
58 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
1 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
10 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
57 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
15 ... 98¼ 98¼ 98¼
2 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
s f 6s, 1972 ... 94¾ 94¾ 94¾
5 ... 94¾ 94¾ 94¾
6 ... 94¾ 94¾ 94¾
58 ... 94¾ 94¾ 94¾
11 ... 95 95 95
5 ... 94¾ 94¾ 94¾
King of Norway s f 6s, 1943 ... 97 97 97
1 ... 97 97 97
1 ... 97¼ 97¼ 97¼
20 ... 97¼ 97¼ 97¼
1 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
1 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
3 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
3 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
1 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
Kingdom of Belgium 6s, 1925 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
1 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
10 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
2 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
Lyons (City of) 3-25-yr s f 6s, 1947 ... 74 74 74
Marseilles (City of) 7s, '42 ... 77¾ 77¾ 77¾
Mex Irrigation 4½s, 1943 ... 78 78 78
Mex Pet 7s, 1921 ... 77¾ 77¾ 77¾
Mex Tramways 5s, 1953 ... 78 78 78
Montevideo 7s, 1952 ... 77¾ 77¾ 77¾
Netherlands 6s, 1972 ... 94¾ 94¾ 94¾
Norway 6s, 1940 ... 94¾ 94¾ 94¾
Nova Scotia 6s, 1940 ... 94¾ 94¾ 94¾
Oriental Dev con 6s, 1953 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
1 ... 85½ 85½ 85½
5 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
3 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
10 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
7 ... 85¾ 85¾ 85¾
1 (c) ... 87 87 87
Jurgens (Ant) Un M Wke 6s, 1947 ... 77½ 77½ 77½
1 ... 77¾ 77¾ 77¾
13 ... 78 78 78
1s7f ... 77¾ 77¾ 77¾
5 ... 78 78 78
2 ... 77¾ 77¾ 77¾
1s7f ... 77¾ 77¾ 77¾
2 ... 79 79 79
King Belgium 6s, 1925 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
1s4f ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
10 ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
2s7f ... 100¾ 100¾ 100¾
7½s, 1945 ... 106 106 106
2 ... 106 106 106
1 ... 105¾ 106 105¾
1 ... 106 106 106
1 ... 106¾ 106¾ 106¾
King of Norway s f 6s, 1943 ... 97 97 97
1 ... 97 97 97
1 ... 97¼ 97¼ 97¼
20 ... 97¼ 97¼ 97¼
1 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
1 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
3 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
3 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98¾
1 ... 98¾ 98¾ 98

**The A B C**

of international banking is provided through our 62 branches and offices distributed as follows:

**Argentina Brazil Chile**

ENGLAND FRANCE
SPAIN MEXICO
GUATEMALA PERU
URUGUAY COLOMBIA
VENEZUELA ECUADOR
NICARAGUA SALVADOR
SAN FRANCISCO, U. S.

**ANGLO-SOUTH AMERICAN BANK, LIMITED**

And its affiliations

British Bank of So. America
Commercial Bank of Spanish America
Represented by

**THE ANGLO-SOUTH AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY**

Incorporated under the laws of the State of New York

49 Broadway, New York

*Legal for Saving Banks in New York State*

**$65,000**
**City of Hornell, N. Y. 4¼s**
Jan., 1951-64
**To yield 4.10%**

**$50,000**
**City of Kansas City, Mo. 4½s**
July, 1942
**To yield 4.10%**

**$100,000**
**City of Toledo, O. 4¾s**
Oct., 1942-45
**To yield 4.25%**

**FRAZIER JELKE & CO.**

Members New York Stock Exchange
40 Wall Street New York
112 W. Adams Street, Chicago

**The Holding Company for Ideal Investment**

In view of the growing appreciation of the strength of the holding company, effected through its combination of diversified interests and centralized management, our new booklet, "The Holding Company for Ideal Investment," is particularly timely.

It treats the subject comprehensively, yet concisely, and is illustrated throughout.

*A copy will be sent upon request. Ask for S-10*

Securities Department
**Henry L. Doherty & Company**
60 WALL ST. NEW YORK
BRANCHES IN PRINCIPAL CITIES

*Due Feb. 1, 1925*

**Indian Pipe Line**
**1st Mortgage**
**7% (Guaranteed) Gold Notes**
**At 100½ and interest**
**To yield 6.10%**

This Company, which is a common carrier under both State and Federal statutes, reported earnings for 1923 of over nine times interest requirements.

*Write for particulars*

**H. D. Williams & Co.**
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
120 Broadway New York
TELEPHONE RECTOR 6787

**Investment Bonds**

**SHIELDS & COMPANY**
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
27 PINE STREET
New York


# MAY EXTEND TIME ON MEXICAN DEBT

**Bankers Here Hopeful of Salvaging Something Under the International Agreement.**

**NEW LOAN NOT PROBABLE**

**Mexican Agent Says Cummins Expulsion and Suspension of Interest Payments Were Not Related.**

American financiers on the International Committee of Bankers on Mexico said yesterday that they had not abandoned hope that the Mexican debt agreement could be salvaged, although the possibility of a new loan to Mexico was described as remote. President Obregon did not ask for an extension of time for the first half-year payment of interest for 1924, due on June 30, but it was indicated that the Banking Committee was prepared to grant such an extension. The formal statement of Obregon, it was stated, indicated that he contemplated such a request.

There were various rumors here yesterday as to the consequences that might follow the break-down in the loan agreement. There was further evidence also that Mexico had made feverish efforts to obtain a foreign loan during the last six weeks. One rumor founded on a dispatch from Mexico City was to the effect that Ambassador Charles B. Warren had visited J. P. Morgan & Co. in an effort to prevail upon that firm to underwrite a Mexican loan. Mr. Warren did visit the Morgan firm, but the call was understood to have been purely social and not in connection with any loan.

In the absence of Thomas W. Lamont, Chairman of the International Committee of Bankers on Mexico, no formal statement was issued by that organization. Several members, however, said that a thorough canvass of Mexican resources had been made, that the security offered for a loan had been inadequate, and that it had been decided to forego a loan, much as it might have meant to the holders of millions of dollars of Mexican bonds in the United States, Great Britain, France and other countries.

Bankers here did not blame the American Association of Producers of Petroleum in Mexico for the failure of the negotiations for a new loan. The bankers had merely asked the association whether it would be possible to depend on Mexican oil production as a source of revenue for five years or more in amortizing a new loan, and the producers had answered in the negative. The producers put emphasis on the Mexican Constitutional restrictions on oil drilling which barred new operations to replace old wells that were playing out.

**Appealed to Other Industries.**

Several bankers pointed out also that the Mexican Government had turned to other industries besides oil and in each instance these industries had refused to recommend a new loan.

How long the suspension of payments on the reorganized debt will continue was a moot question. Representatives of the Mexican Government expressed the belief that by Dec. 31, next, the full year's interest would be paid. They pointed to the economies being enforced by President Obregon through laying off civil employes, or reducing the army personnel and trimming budget expenditures.

No effort was made to conceal the great disappointment over the breakdown of the intricate debt reorganization scheme which had been evolved by Mexican officials, American, British and French financiers of international reputation and the State Department at Washington in an effort to save something for the Americans and others who had purchased the earlier bond issue of the Mexican Government. These issues, on which payment stopped in 1913, totaled $17,000,000 in face amount, on which $200,000,000 interest was due.

The international banking group made large concessions to enable Mexico to resume its debt payments, the average scaling down of debt plus interest having been to less than one-fourth of the original amount. For every $1,200 unit of bonds plus back interest, the debt agreement sought to set up a $200 unit on which Mexico would pay future interest. Whether a new loan could be arranged or whether Mexico could work her way back to solvency was said to be doubtful, with the latter necessary before a new loan of any size could be arranged. That the hope was faint was evidenced yesterday, when the reorganized bonds of the Republic were quoted at 15 for the 4s and 28 for the 5s, a declined of 5 and 2 points, respectively, since the default in interest payment became known.

**The Cummins Incident.**

Alberto Mascarenas, financial agent of the Mexican Government, issued a statement yesterday denying that there was any connection between the recent expulsion of Herbert A. C. Cummins, British Charge d'Archives, and the temporary suspension of Mexico's debt agreement. Mr. Mascarenas said:

"There is no connection whatever between the Cummins incident and the finances of the Mexican Government. Incidentally the departure of Mr. Cummins from Mexico will hasten rather than retard the resumption of diplomatic relations with Great Britain.

"It has been stated that the failure of the present negotiations for a loan is due in part to a continuing decline in the oil production of foreign companies operating in Mexico and to the gradual abandonment by these companies of their operations there in favor of operations in other countries. This is contrary to the facts.

"The official figures of oil production for 1923 were 144,340,833 barrels and for the first three months of 1924, 38,854,712 barrels, which is at the rate of about 155,000,000 barrels for the year. In this connection it must be remembered that the first two months of 1924 were the very height of the de la Huerta rebellion, which in some districts prevented production.

"All the established oil-producing companies are continuing normal operations and in many instances are filing applications for new drilling permits, are drilling new wells and have recently brought in new wells of substantial yield. In view of the constant increase of oil consumption in the United States, the low cost of production in Mexico and of transportatin to the United States and the fact that only a very small fraction of the oil area in Mexico has been developed, oil production in Mexico is bound to increase continuously and in large proportions."

## BANKERS GO TO EUROPE.

**Many Leave for the Vacation Season Overseas.**

The exodus of American bankers to Europe was said yesterday to be due to the call of the vacation season and not to contemplated foreign financing. In the last few days Thomas W. Lamont, George Whitney, both of J. P. Morgan & Co., and W. C. Potter, President, and Albert Breton, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, have sailed. Francis H. Sisson, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, will leave on Saturday for London. He will be one of four Americans to address the convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, which will meet in London.

Among the score or more of bankers now abroad are Seward Prosser, Chairman of the Bankers Trust Company, and Willis H. Booth, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, who is abroad in connection with the International Chamber of Commerce, of which he is President.

# FOREIGN EXCHANGE

***List Higher—Sterling Strong on Possible Increase in the Bank Rate.***

European exchanges displayed an improved tone yesterday. The advance, while slight, was predicated on higher cables, reflecting strength of the foreign markets. The firmness in sterling, which moved up ⅛ cent, to $4.85¾, was based on possibility that increase in Bank of England rate would draw funds to the other side. French exchange was helped 6⅛ points, at 5.20⅛ cents, on the satisfactory report of Germany's condition made by our ministerial representative on his return to this country. Belgian followed with a gain of 2½ points, at 4.85⅛ cents.

Other continents were influenced by strength in the leading currencies, Italian, Holland, Swiss, some of the Scandinavians and Central Europeans showing higher levels. Spanish was easier. Japanese yen was strong, improved trade reports bringing a sharp demand for Yokohoma remittance, which rallied ¼ cent. to 42 cents. South Americans were steady.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1924.
Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

| | High. | Low. | Final. | Tuesday's Final. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| LONDON | $4.85¾ | $4.82⅜ | $4.85⅜ | $4.82⅝ |
| PARIS | 5.20⅛ | 5.14 | 5.18½ | 5.14 |
| ROME | 4.31 | 4.30¼ | 4.30¾ | 4.30¼ |
| AMSTERDAM | 37.65 | 37.50 | 37.60 | 37.60 |
| *BERLIN | 4.196 | 4.196 | 4.196 | 4.196 |
| MADRID | 13.22 | 13.17 | 13.17 | 13.23 |
| STOCKHOLM | 26.55 | 26.50 | 26.54 | 24.55 |

*Value of $1 in billions of marks.

**Closing Rates.**

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

**Europe.**

| | Wednesday. | Tuesday. | Week Ago. | Year Ago. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| STERLING—Par $4.86⅝ per sovereign. | | | | |
| Demand | 4.82⅝ | 4.82⅝ | 4.82½ | 4.86.0 |
| Cables | 4.83 | 4.83 | 4.82⅞ | 4.86.0 |
| Com., 60 days | 4.80 | 4.80¼ | 4.82¾ | 4.85⅞ |
| Com., 90 days | 4.78½ | 4.78¾ | 4.80¾ | 4.85 |
| FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc. | | | | |
| Demand | 5.18¾ | 5.14 | 5.31 | 5.02 |
| Cables | 5.19 | 5.14⅜ | 5.31⅛ | 5.02⅛ |
| ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira. | | | | |
| Demand | 4.30⅝ | 4.30¼ | 4.35 | 4.34 |
| Cables | 4.31¼ | 4.30⅝ | 4.35¼ | 4.34⅛ |
| BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc. | | | | |
| Demand | 4.85¾ | 4.85 | 4.83 | 5.02 |
| Cables | 4.86 | 4.85⅛ | 4.83⅝ | 5.02⅛ |
| GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark. | | | | |
| Demand—.000,000,000,024 | .000,000,000,024 | | .000,000,000,024 | .0006¼ |
| Cables—.000,000,000,024 | .000,000,000,024 | | .000,000,000,024 | .0006¼ |
| AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown. | | | | |
| Demand | .0014¼ | .0014¼ | .0014⅞ | .0014⅛ |
| Cables | .0014⅜ | .0014⅜ | .0014⅞ | .0014⅛ |
| CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown. | | | | |
| Demand | 2.94⅛ | 2.93⅞ | 2.96 | 2.90 |
| Cables | 2.94⅝ | 2.93⅞ | 2.96 | 2.90 |
| DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone. | | | | |
| Demand | 15.04 | 16.06 | 16.25 | 17.34 |
| Cables | 15.06 | 16.08 | 16.27 | 17.37 |
| FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark. | | | | |
| Demand | 2.51 | 2.51 | 2.51 | 2.75¼ |
| Cables | 2.51 | 2.51 | 2.51 | 2.76¼ |
| GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma. | | | | |
| Demand | 1.79 | 1.79 | 1.80 | 1.95 |
| Cables | 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.96 |
| HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin. | | | | |
| Demand | 37.60 | 37.60 | 37.48 | 39.00 |
| Cables | 37.64 | 37.64 | 37.52 | 39.10 |
| HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown. | | | | |
| Demand | .0012⅞ | .0012¾ | .0013 | .0116 |
| Cables | .0013¾ | .0013¾ | .0013 | .0116 |
| NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone. | | | | |
| Demand | 13.45 | 13.42 | 13.49 | 16.14 |
| Cables | 13.47 | 13.44 | 13.51 | 16.17 |
| POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per zloty. | | | | |
| Demand | *19.3 | *19.3 | .000012 | .0009 |
| Cables | *19.3 | *19.3 | .000012 | .0009 |
| PORTUGAL—Par $1.0805 per escudo. | | | | |
| Demand | 2.82 | 2.74 | 2.86 | 4.37 |
| Cables | 2.87 | 2.79 | 2.91 | 4.42 |
| RUMANIA—19.3 cents per leu. | | | | |
| Demand | .41¼ | .42 | .43⅜ | .51⅛ |
| Cables | .41¼ | .42 | .43⅜ | .51⅛ |
| SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per pesata. | | | | |
| Demand | 13.15 | 13.20 | 13.44 | 14.18 |
| Cables | 13.17 | 13.21 | 13.46 | 14.20 |
| SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona. | | | | |
| Demand | 26.34 | 26.53 | 26.54 | 26.41 |
| Cables | 26.36 | 26.57 | 26.56 | 26.44 |
| SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc. | | | | |
| Demand | 17.79 | 17.77 | 17.75 | 17.41 |
| Cables | 17.81 | 17.79 | 17.75 | 17.44 |
| YUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar. | | | | |
| Demand | 1.18⅝ | 1.17 | 1.16⅜ | 1.10¼ |
| Cables | 1.19 | 1.17 | 1.16⅝ | 1.10⅛ |

**Far East.**

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking. | | | | |
| Hongkong— | | | | |
| Demand | 51.88 | 51.88 | 51.88 | 52.25 |
| Cables | 52.00 | 52.00 | 52.00 | 52.375 |
| Peking— | | | | |
| Demand | 73.75 | 74.00 | 73.75 | 73.625 |
| Shanghai— | | | | |
| Demand | 71.13 | 71.13 | 70.88 | 70.870 |
| Cables | 71.25 | 71.25 | 71.00 | 70.63 |
| INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling. | | | | |
| Demand | 30.63 | 30.81 | 30.56 | 30.63 |
| Cables | 30.75 | 30.75 | 30.69 | 30.75 |
| PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso. | | | | |
| Demand | 49.25 | 49.25 | 49.25 | 49.25 |
| Cables | 49.50 | 49.50 | 49.50 | 49.50 |
| JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin. | | | | |
| Demand | 37.00 | 37.00 | 37.00 | 38.75 |
| JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen. | | | | |
| Demand | 41.56 | 41.56 | 41.75 | 48.81 |
| Cables | 42.125 | 42.00 | 41.875 | 48.93 |

**South America.**

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar. | | | | |
| Demand | 32.68 | 32.56 | 32.43 | 35.00 |
| Cables | 32.81 | 32.68 | 32.56 | 35.10 |
| BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis. | | | | |
| Demand | 10.61 | 10.61 | 10.875 | 10.75 |
| Cables | 10.67 | 10.67 | 10.93 | 10.80 |
| CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso. | | | | |
| Demand | 10.17 | 10.25 | 10.85 | 12.95 |
| Cables | 10.22 | 10.30 | 10.91 | 13.00 |
| PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound. | | | | |
| Checks | 4.12 | 4.13 | 4.13 | 4.25 |
| Cables | 4.13 | 4.14 | 4.14 | 4.26 |
| URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso. | | | | |
| Demand | 77.22 | 77.32 | 77.82 | 81.10 |
| Cables | 77.57 | 77.67 | 77.69 | 81.45 |

**Canada.**

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar. | | | | |
| Demand | 98.94 | 98.82 | 98.79 | 92.62 |

**Russian Currency.**

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par $1.93 cents per ruble.

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| 100-ruble notes | .13 | .15 |
| 500-ruble notes | .10 | .11 |

*Effective July 1, by Governmental decree, zloty replaces mark; relation fixed at 1,800,000 Polish marks for one zloty. Figures for other periods represent quotations per paper mark.

# FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

**London Steady, Paris Dull—French Government Bonds Rise.**

LONDON, July 2.—Prices were steady on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols ⅝ lower at 56⅝; British 5 per cent. war loan unchanged at 101; 4½ per cent. war loan, ⅛ lower at 97¼.

De Beers Mining, 12⅝; Rand Mines, 5⅝; both unchanged.

PARIS, July 2.—Prices were heavy on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 10 centimes higher at 52 francs 30 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, 35 centimes higher at 97 francs 95 centimes. Exchange on London rose 20 centimes to 83 francs 55 centimes per sovereign as the American dollar was quoted at 19 francs 43 centimes against 19.36 yesterday.

**Anthracite 10 Cents a Ton Higher.**

An advance of 10 cents a ton in the price of anthracite at the mines for domestic uses has been effected by the Reading, Lehigh Valley, Lehigh Coal and Navigation, D., L. & W., Lehigh & Wilkesbarre, and other large anthracite companies, advices stated yesterday. The orders embrace sizes larger than pea, and the action is in line with the expected restoration of about 10 cents monthly of the 50-cent discount inaugurated April 1.

**Salt Creek Producers Dividend.**

The Board of Directors of the Salt Creek Producers' Association, Inc., has declared an extra dividend of 30 cents in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 20 cents a share. Both are payable Aug. 1 to stock of record July 15.

**Alton & Southern Issue.**

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Alton and Southern Railroad Company today received authority from the Interstate Commerce Commission to issue $2,173,800 of common capital stock consisting of 21,738 shares of $100 par value.

# CLEARING HOUSE ADOPTS NEW RULE

**Maximum Rate Schedule of Payments on Deposits Made More Flexible.**

**MOVE TO REDUCE INTEREST**

**Regulation Frees Payments on Deposits From Federal Reserve Bank Rediscount.**

The New York Clearing House Association, of which William Woodward is Chairman, announced yesterday that it had adopted a regulation that makes more flexible the maximum rate schedule of payments on deposits and severs from the Federal Reserve Bank's rediscount rate the payments that may be made on deposits by members of the Clearing House Association. Heretofore the rediscount rate had been used as a peg whereby the rates paid on accounts deposited with commercial banks had been gauged.

The action was taken as a result of a move among many bankers to make it possible to lower present interest payments. Since Jan. 1 of this year commercial paper rates have declined sharply, faster than the accompanying reductions made in the rediscount rate of the Government institution. As a result, the spread between rates paid by banks and those received by banks has been narrowed by one-half of one per cent; since Jan. 1 and profits were correspondingly pinched.

The Clearing House regulation was explained in the following statement authorised by the association's executives:

"At a meeting of the Clearing House Association held today the amendment with relation to interest rates offered at the last meeting was unanimously adopted. It changes Section 1 of Article XI. of the constitution so that the maximum rates which may be paid on deposits of various kinds with Clearing House institutions are no longer automatically dependent upon a change in the Federal Reserve ninety-day discount rate, as has been the case for some time past.

"The amendment, while still recognizing that money conditions and interest rates are promptly affected by and closely related to the Federal Reserve discount rate, places a duty upon the Clearing House Committee to meet upon a change in the ninety-day discount rate of the Federal Reserve Bank and review the then existing rates in order to determine whether new rates under the schedule should be put in force or others established.

"It should be remembered in this connection that the rates, when adopted, are maximum rates which may be paid, and in no way establish rates which must be paid."

As a result of competitive bidding up of interest rates by banks seeking new deposits during 1921 and 1922, the association adopted on July 1, 1922, a regulation that automatically governed the schedule of maximum interest rates in accordance with the Federal Reserve Bank's rediscount rate. Since Jan. 1, of this year, the decline in open market rates has gone faster than the reduction in the Government bank's official rate, and many banks have found themselves pitched as a result. A few of the more ambitious institutions, which had encouraged depositors to do business with them through the offering of special services and of top interest payments on their accounts, found it necessary to reduce their office forces and effect other economies in order to continue earning profits.

The new regulation, superseding that of July 1, 1922, leaves the schedule of maximum rates at exactly the same level as under the old regulation, but provides the machinery for reductions whenever necessary in the following provision: "It shall be the duty of the Clearing House Committee to hold a meeting as soon as conveniently possible after notice of any change in the said discount rate which, under the foregoing schedule (relating to interest that may be paid on certain kinds of deposits), would affect the said interest rates, and at such meeting to determine if the said interest rates should be changed in accordance with the schedule or if any other change should be made therein. No change in said interest rates shall become operative until after action by the committee and notice thereof from the manager to the members of the association." William J. Gilpin is the manager of the Clearing House.

The provision for this reduction applies only to the commercial banks which belong to the association and does not apply to the savings banks which recently announced through their association that they intended no change in the regular prevailing rate of 4 per cent. per annum on savings accounts.

# BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from preceding page.

**DOMESTIC BONDS.**

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| N Y Con g f deb 6s, 1935 | 7 ....108⅝ | 10 ....107 | 2 ....106⅞ | 4 ....106⅜ | 5 ....105⅞ | ref & imp 5s, 2013 |
| 9 ....99 | 10 ....94⅛ | deb 6s, 1934 | 10 ....95¼ | 1 ....93⅞ | 1 ....93⅞ | 1 ....93⅞ |
| con 4s, Ser A, 1998 | 10 ....84½ | 10 ....84½ | 1 ....83⅞ | L S coal 5½s, 1928 | 5 ....75 | N Y C & H R 3½s, 1997, temp |
| 4 ....91 | N Y Conn RR gtd 4½s, '53 | 10 ....80¾ | N Y Edis 1st & ref 6½s, 1941 | 5 ....103⅛ | Northwestern Bell T 7s, 1941 | 5 ....108⅞ |
| 1 ....109 | 5 ....112 | 1 ....111⅞ | 5 ....111⅞ | N Y G E L H & P pur mon 6s, 1949 | 1 ....88 | N Y N H & H 7s, 1925 |
| 5 ....85⅛ | conv deb 6s, 1948 | 1 ....74¼ | 5 ....74¼ | 22 ....74 | 3 ....73½ | 5 ....73½ |
| 2 ....73¼ | 11 ....73⅛ | 1 ....73¼ | 5 ....73⅞ | non-cv deb 4½s, 1954 | 1 ....48½ | non-cv deb 4s, 1955 |
| 5 ....53⅛ | non-con deb 4s, 1956 | 15 ....53⅝ | Cons Ry 4s, 1998 | 8 ....51 | N Y O & W ref 4s, 1992 | 12 ....46⅛ |
| N W Rwys ref 4s, 1943 | 1 ....37⅝ | 10 ....37⅛ | ctfs of dep | 5 ....36⅛ | 1 ....37 | 3 ....37⅛ |
| N Y & Rich G 1st 6s, 1951 | 13 ....99 | 2 ....98⅝ | con 4s, Ser A, 1998 | 10 ....84½ | deb 6s, 1934 | 10 ....83¼ |
| 2 ....85⅝ | N Y State Rys con 4½s, '62 | 2 ....62⅝ | 6½s, Ser B, 1962 | 2 ....85⅝ | N Y Susq & W 1st refdg 5s, 1937 | 5 ....63 |
| N Y T Tel ref 6s, 1941 | 5 ....108 | 4 ....106¼ | 1 ....106⅛ | 1 ....106⅛ | 4½s, 1939 | 23 ....98⅜ |
| g f deb 6s, 1949 | 10 ....106 | 7 ....107⅜ | N W Pwrs 1st 6 4½s, 1946 | 1 ....81¾ | 9 ....81¾ | 5 ....81¾ |
| 1 ....111⅞ | 1 ....111⅞ | 25 1st, '57 | 1 ....91 | N Y Conn RR gtd 4½s, '53 | 5 ....80¾ | N Y H & H 7s, 1925 |
| 5 ....85⅛ | conv deb 6s, 1948 | 1 ....74¼ | 5 ....74¼ | 22 ....74 | 3 ....73½ | 5 ....73½ |
| 2 ....73¼ | 11 ....73⅛ | 1 ....73¼ | 5 ....73⅞ | non-cv deb 4½s, 1954 | 1 ....48½ | non-cv deb 4s, 1955 |
| 5 ....53⅛ | non-con deb 4s, 1956 | 15 ....53⅝ | Cons Ry 4s, 1998 | 8 ....51 | N Y O & W ref 4s, 1992 | 12 ....46⅛ |
| N W Rwys ref 4s, 1943 | 1 ....37⅝ | 10 ....37⅛ | ctfs of dep | 5 ....36⅛ | 1 ....37 | 3 ....37⅛ |
| N Y & Rich G 1st 6s, 1951 | 13 ....99 | 2 ....98⅝ | con 4s, Ser A, 1998 | 10 ....84½ | deb 6s, 1934 | 10 ....83¼ |
| N Y State Rys con 4½s, '62 | 2 ....62⅝ | 6½s, Ser B, 1962 | 2 ....85⅝ | N Y Susq & W 1st refdg 5s, 1937 | 5 ....63 | 4½s, 1939 |
| 23 ....98⅜ | N Y T Tel ref 6s, 1941 | 5 ....108 | 4 ....106¼

## 6% on Your Money for the Next 18 Years

*The trend of the bond market has been clear for some time. Prices have risen, yields have declined.*

NO one may safely forecast the future, but it is certain that the 6% income now obtainable on the Secured Serial Gold Bonds of this Investment Company—due 1933 and 1943—affords an exceptional investment opportunity.

Your money will be thoroughly protected in these Bonds. They are a first lien upon more than 500 separate, sound securities of practically every industry and 24 countries. The collateral deposited for the Bonds must always possess a *market value* substantially greater than the par value of Bonds outstanding.

*Write for Descriptive Circular and our Booklet, "The Investment Trust."*

**INTERNATIONAL SECURITIES TRUST OF AMERICA**

BULL & ROCKWELL CO.
*Agents*
30 Pine Street New York
161 Devonshire St. Boston
4

© B. & R. Co., 1924

## STOCK MANUAL

Contains over 250 pages of valuable condensed statistics and information relative to stocks and bonds listed on the leading exchanges.

*If you cannot call send for Booklet A-915*

**WILSON & CHARDON**
*Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N. Y.*
62 Broadway New York
Telephone Whitehall 1944

Wakelee, Walker & Murfitt
141 Broadway, New York

*ANNOUNCE—*

Change of firm name on the retirement of Donald Walker

to

**WAKELEE, MURFITT & CO.,**
141 Broadway, New York

The undersigned announce the dissolution of the partnership of

**Roberts, Andrews & Co.**
165 Broadway New York

by mutual consent, as of the close of business July 2, 1924.

Robert H. Andrews
Leroy D. Roberts

July 3, 1924.

## Financial Executive

An organization composed of construction experts offers permanent and profitable salary and commission connection to a man qualified by experience to personally conduct financial negotiations required in suburban developments of exceptional merit. Our projects will bear closest scrutiny and only men of established ability and influence will be considered. S 934 Times Downtown.


FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION OF

Twenty Year First Mortgage Collateral 6% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of

## Detroit United Railway

Issued under Indenture dated August 1, 1901, between said Detroit United Railway and Central Union Trust Company of New York, as Trustee.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all the Bonds of the above issue are hereby called for redemption on July 26, 1924, at 107½ per cent. of the face amount thereof and accrued interest. No further interest will accrue or be payable upon said Bonds after said redemption date.

Holders of said Bonds are hereby required to present the same for payment and redemption on July 26, 1924, at the principal office of the Trustee, Central Union Trust Company of New York, 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. All Bonds presented for redemption must be in negotiable form, bearing the coupon due August 1, 1924, and all subsequent coupons, and must be accompanied by all necessary ownership certificates required by the United States Income Tax Law and Regulations.

Dated, June 23, 1924.

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY.
By ELLIOTT G. STEVENSON,
President.

ERIE AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the Treasurer.
Erie, Pa., July 3, 1924.

BONDS FOR THE SINKING FUND.

Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad Company General Mortgage 5½% Bonds to an aggregate cost of Thirty-six Thousand Two Hundred Twenty ($36,220) Dollars, will be purchased for the Sinking Fund July 23, 1924, from the lowest bidders at a price not to exceed par and accrued interest to that date.

Sealed proposals to sell bonds to the Sinking Fund must be in the hands of The American Exchange National Bank, 128 Broadway, New York City, before close of business three o'clock P. M. on July 16th, 1924, and bonds accepted must be delivered on July 23th, 1924, or security furnished that day, required, that delivery will be made within ten days.

J. P. SHART, Treasurer.

FUNDS HAVE BEEN DEPOSITED WITH the National Park Bank of New York to pay July 1, 1924, coupons from First Consolidated Mortgage Bonds of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad.

NATIONAL PARK BANK.

# TREASURY SURPLUS NOW $505,366,986

### Final Statement on Excess for Fiscal Year 1924 Issued by Secretary Mellon.

### ESTIMATE WAS $329,639,624

### Secretary Says Error of October, 1923, Was Due to Unknown Financial Factors.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Secretary Mellon announced tonight that the actual surplus for the fiscal year 1924 was $505,366,986.31.

This represents the excess of ordinary Government receipts over total expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts, as shown in the final balance for the fiscal year after the Treasury had received advices regarding transactions for the last day of the fiscal year—June 30. These data were compiled by Treasury officials from the latest proved reports from offices and depositaries up to the close of business last night. None of the receipts and expenditures for June reaching the Treasury in July are included, as it is never the practice to do so.

Secretary Mellon issued this statement tonight:

"The total ordinary receipts were $4,012,044,701.65 and total expenditures chargeable against such receipts were $3,506,677,715.34, showing a surplus for the year of $505,366,986.31. This compares with the surplus estimated in October, 1923, when the fiscal year still had eight months to run, of $329,639,624.

"Since the surplus is the difference between the ordinary receipts and the expenditures chargeable against such receipts, it is obvious that either a change in the receipts or the expenditures will work a change in the surplus. In dealing with figures as large as those of the Government a small percentage change makes a very material change in the surplus.

"For example, an increase of 5 per cent. in receipts and a decrease of 5 per cent. in expenditures would add over $200,000,000 to the surplus, and a similar decrease in receipts and increase in expenditures would take over $200,000,000 from the surplus.

**Railroads' Prosperity Helped.**

"Comparing the estimates made in October with the actual results for the fiscal year, receipts were over-estimated $32,000,000, and expenditures over-estimated $208,000,000, including $60,000,000 of foreign debt payments of interest in June made in cash instead of as expected in our own securities, and, therefore, showing up as a receipt with no corresponding expenditure on account of the cancellation of the securities so received.

"The change in the money market since the first of the calendar year was perhaps the most material factor in bringing about the increase in the actual surplus over the surplus estimated in October.

"Liberty bonds went above par and were not used in payment of foreign obligations for interest, and railroad securities hereafter acquired by the Government could be refunded at lower interest rates by the railroads and were therefore paid off or purchased, and instead of a net cash outgo in the railroad account there was a net cash income, making a difference of some $120,000,000 over the earlier estimates.

"These, with some other minor items, gave a net increase of the actual over-estimated surplus of $175,727,362.31.

"Customs receipts were $545,637,503.99, as compared with $570,000,000 estimated, and internal revenue receipts, after giving the 25 per cent. credit on six months of the 1924 personal income taxes, were $2,975,157,030.08, being $11,572,030.08 over the estimates.

"The gross public debt stood on June 30, 1923, at $22,349,707,365.36, and on June 30, 1924, at $21,250,812,989.49, a decrease in debt during the fiscal year of $1,098,894,375.87.

"This reduction was accomplished through (1) the application of the sinking fund and other public debt charges against ordinary receipts, aggregating $457,999,730, (2) a reduction in the general fund balance of $135,527,630.56, and (3) use of the entire surplus of $505,366,986.31. The annual interest charges on the debt represented by this reduction is equivalent to over $45,000,000."

The Government begins the fiscal year 1925 with a general fund balance of $235,411,481.52, as against $370,939,121.08 a year ago. This is the Government's bank account and will be used to meet governmental expenditures in excess of receipts until the next income tax payment date in September."

The extent to which Government receipts and expenditures during the fiscal year 1923 exceeded or were under the estimate which the Treasury made in October, 1923, is shown in the following table, which likewise gives the comparative showing for the fiscal years 1923 and 1924:

| | Estimate of 1923. | Fiscal Year 1924, Actual. | Fiscal Year 1923, Actual. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Receipts Ordinary. | | | |
| Customs | $570,000,000 | $545,637,503.99 | $561,928,866.66 |
| Internal revenue—Income and profits tax | 1,850,000,000 | 1,842,144,418.46 | 1,678,607,428.22 |
| Miscellaneous internal revenue | 933,555,000 | 953,012,617.62 | 945,965,333.61 |
| Miscellaneous receipts—Proceeds Government-owned securities foreign obligations: | | | |
| Principal | 60,533,000 | 61,089,867.14 | 31,656,007.64 |
| Interest | 160,488,004 | 160,684,907.75 | 201,332,247.86 |
| Railroad securities | †16,500,000 | 94,372,535.52 | 99,297,348.01 |
| All others | 30,987,325 | 9,602,404.53 | 46,361,371.00 |
| Trust fund receipts (reappropriated for investment) | 34,855,870 | 30,643,799.16 | 26,862,870.69 |
| Proceeds sale of surplus property | 57,618,062 | 46,774,600.22 | 91,706,388.29 |
| Panama Canal tolls, &c. | 19,000,000 | 27,063,204.24 | 17,271,855.23 |
| †Receipts from miscellaneous sources credited to appropriations | ..... | 29,609,733.46 | 65,911,405.93 |
| Other miscellaneous | 161,301,421 | 211,408,207.56 | 240,333,648.83 |
| Total ordinary | $3,894,677,712 | $4,012,044,701.65 | $4,007,135,480.58 |
| Expenditures, ordinary (checks and warrants paid), &c.) | | | |
| General expenditures | $1,828,138,954 | 1,823,047,174.10 | 1,950,040,934.92 |
| Interest on public debt | 940,000,000 | 940,662,912.92 | 1,055,923,689.61 |
| Refunds of receipts— | | | |
| Customs | 28,515,000 | 20,966,638.33 | 28,736,711.58 |
| Internal revenue | 106,775,000 | 127,220,151.47 | 125,270,043.35 |
| Postal deficiency | 34,679,673 | 12,638,849.75 | 32,526,914.89 |
| Panama Canal | 9,584,000 | 8,387,099.90 | 4,316,961.30 |
| Operations in special accounts— | | | |
| Railroads | 68,488,290 | 32,771,167.74 | 100,815,067.12 |
| War Finance Corporation | †60,000,000 | †62,589,947.20 | †109,436,338.15 |
| Shipping Board | 54,635,167 | 85,491,358.71 | 57,023,836.18 |
| Alien property funds | ..... | †1,150,576.16 | †1,365,554.36 |
| Sugar Equalization Board | ..... | ..... | 2,482,476.33 |
| Capital stock, Federal intermediate credit banks | 5,000,000 | ..... | ..... |
| Loans to railroads | 6,000,000 | 12,971,900.00 | 13,529,587.00 |
| Investment of trust funds— | | | |
| Government life insurance fund | 34,440,870 | 30,416,378.80 | 29,672,161.78 |
| Civil Service retirement fund | 6,500,000 | 8,028,336.62 | 8,091,917.48 |
| District of Columbia Teachers' Retirement Fund | 215,000 | 233,420.36 | 196,517.91 |
| Total ordinary | 3,053,080,963 | 3,048,677,965.34 | 3,294,627,529.16 |
| Public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts sinking fund | 297,144,300 | 295,987,350.00 | 284,018,800.00 |
| Funds from foreign repayments | 37,854,500 | 35,599,150.00 | 32,140,000.00 |
| Received from foreign Governments under debt settlements | 166,989,325 | 110,878,450.00 | 68,752,950.00 |
| Received for estate taxes | 10,000,000 | 5,897,050.00 | 6,565,550.00 |
| Purchases from franchise tax receipts (Federal Reserve Banks) | 6,000,000 | 3,634,530.00 | 10,815,300.00 |
| Forfeitures, gifts, &c. | ..... | 93,200.00 | 554,891.10 |
| Total | $511,988,125 | $457,999,750.00 | $402,850,491.10 |
| Total expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts | 3,565,038,088 | 3,506,677,715.34 | 3,697,478,020.26 |
| Excess of ordinary receipts over total expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts | $329,639,624 | 505,366,986.31 | 309,657,460.30 |

*Includes only estimated receipts on account of principal and interest on loans to railroads under Section 210, Transportation act, 1920.
†Credited against expenditures.
‡Excess of credits; deduct.
The figures for the fiscal year 1924 include $25,020,344.30 accrued discount on war savings certificates of the series of 1918 and 1919, and for last year the figures include $97,078,382.34 for the series of 1918.
‡Excess of credits; deduct.

# IRON OUTPUT DECLINED 20 PER CENT. IN JUNE

### Production Smallest Since March, 1922—Present Active Capacity Below June Average.

The output of pig iron during June in the United States, as reported yesterday by The Iron Age, decreased 20 per cent. from the preceding month. At 2,036,221 tons for the thirty days, last month's daily rate was 67,541 tons. The May total was 2,615,110 tons, or 84,358 tons a day.

Not since August, 1922, when the daily rate fell to 53,536 tons under the double influence of the coal and railroad strikes, has pig iron output been so low as in June. Since March the decline has been 40 per cent.

The net decrease in active furnaces last month was 20, against 46 in May and 40 in April. The 164 furnaces in blast July 1 had a daily capacity of 65,300 tons, against 77,300 tons a day for 184 furnaces one month previous.

Monthly output during the last three years compares as follows, in tons:

| | 1924. | 1923. | 1922. |
|---|---|---|---|
| June | 2,036,221 | 2,876,345 | 2,261,028 |
| May | 2,615,170 | 2,867,694 | 2,206,679 |
| April | 2,286,422 | 2,540,736 | 2,073,114 |
| March | 2,466,086 | 3,022,968 | 2,035,920 |
| February | 2,044,757 | 2,994,187 | 1,625,981 |
| January | 2,018,280 | 3,229,604 | 1,444,981 |
| | 1925. | 1922. | 1921. |
| December | 2,920,982 | 3,086,808 | 1,649,086 |
| November | 2,894,295 | 2,849,703 | 1,413,481 |
| October | 3,149,158 | 2,637,944 | 1,246,670 |
| September | 3,135,512 | 2,033,720 | 965,529 |
| August | 3,449,493 | 1,816,170 | 954,198 |
| July | 3,678,324 | 2,405,365 | 864,555 |

Average daily output during June makes the following comparisons with preceding months, in tons:

| | 1924. | 1923. | 1922. | 1921. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| June | 67,541 | 122,548 | 78,701 | 35,454 |
| May | 84,358 | 124,784 | 74,408 | 28,394 |
| April | 107,781 | 116,234 | 69,070 | 30,768 |
| March | 111,809 | 112,873 | 65,675 | 51,466 |
| February | 106,026 | 104,935 | 58,214 | 66,157 |
| January | 97,294 | 104,181 | 53,068 | 77,945 |
| | 1925. | 1922. | 1921. | 1920. |
| December | 94,225 | 99,577 | 53,196 | 87,232 |
| November | 96,476 | 94,990 | 47,182 | 97,850 |
| October | 101,586 | 85,702 | 40,215 | 106,257 |
| September | 104,184 | 67,797 | 32,850 | 104,310 |
| August | 111,274 | 58,586 | 30,780 | 101,525 |
| July | 118,659 | 77,592 | 27,889 | 98,981 |

The May, 1923, production was the largest on record. As against that month's daily average of 124,784 tons, the highest in wartime was 118,942, in September, 1918. The smallest since the war was 27,889 tons, in July, 1921, which was the lowest since December, 1903.

### Missouri Pacific June Traffic.

Freight traffic on the Missouri Pacific for June was the greatest in any corresponding month in its history, according to figures made public by the company. The daily average of loadings was 3,104, while the local loadings and the receipts from connecting lines totaled 4,448 cars. The movement of wheat, corn, cotton lumber and commercial coal was less than in June 1923, but the heavier traffic in miscellaneous commodities and larger movement of oil from Arkansas fields more than offset the slight decrease in those commodities.

# PERE MARQUETTE CHANGES.

### Promotions of Officials Follow Death of F. A. Butterworth.

Following the death of F. A. Butterworth, assistant general freight agent of the Pere Marquette Railway, C. M. Booth, freight traffic manager, announced the following changes in personnel:

Frank W. Goldie, general agent at Milwaukee, is transferred to Chicago as assistant general freight agent.

E. T. Reynolds, general agent, Detroit, is promoted to assistant general freight agent, with headquarters at Detroit.

J. E. Clark, general agent at Buffalo, is promoted to assistant general freight agent, with headquarters at Buffalo.

L. A. Hewitt, northwestern agent, at Minneapolis, Minn., is promoted to general agent at Milwaukee.

Charles H. Jens, who has been traveling freight agent at Milwaukee, is promoted to Northwestern agent at Minneapolis, Minn.

### Simmons Company Profits.

The Simmons Company for the six months ended May 31 reports net profits of $3,174,120 after taxes and charges, equivalent after preferred dividends to $1.03 a share on the 911,671 shares of no par common stock. This compares with net of $1,580,924 in the same period of last year.

### Wants to Abandon 5 Miles of Road.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway today applied to the Interstate Commerce Commission for authority to abandon five miles of road from Coalgate to Lehigh, Okla.

## FINANCIAL NOTES.

L. D. Roberts, formerly of the firm of Roberts, Andrews & Co., which has been dissolved, announces that he will continue in the investment bond business and will be located at 37 Wall Street.

Thomas F. McVicker, formerly of P. F. Quick & Co., has become associated with Prendergast & Co.

The Bank of America announces the appointment of Wellington Elmer as assistant manager of the foreign department.

C. W. Matheson, formerly Vice President of Dodge Brothers, has joined General Motors as an assistant to Alfred P. Sloan Jr., President.

Ralph E. Edwards, formerly of A. G. Becker & Co., is now associated with Marshall Field, Glore, Ward & Co.

Hilary F. Farrell, formerly of Whitehouse & Co., is now associated with Greene & Cooke.

Through an error in an advertisement of Colorado & Southern Railway first gold 4 per cent. bonds, over the name of L. F. Rothschild & Co., it was stated that the bonds are secured by a first mortgage on 270 miles of road. They are secured by a first mortgage on 979 miles of road.

In their current monthly financial letter Bristol & Bauer, in discussing unlisted securities, point out some of the factors which determine whether a stock will find its normal market over the counter irrespective of whether it is listed on an exchange or not.

Robert H. Andrews, Harold J. Hotton and Charles H. Schoch, all formerly of Roberts, Andrews & Co., are now with Robert Andrews & Co., 165 Broadway.

Robert Hale, formerly with Wilkie, Weld & Co., is now connected with Frazier & Co., Inc., in their New York bond department.

# BIG FOUR EARNED $23.43 A SHARE NET

### 1923 Figures Compared With $14.86 Reported for the Previous Year.

### $10,275,754 REVENUE GAIN

### Expenses Were $72,114,740, an Increase of $7,256,627 Over 1922.

Net earnings for 1923 of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway, a subsidiary of the New York Central, were $11,617,354, compared with $7,528,896 in 1922, according to the figures made public yesterday. This is equivalent to $23.43 a share earned in 1923 after making allowance for the preferred dividend, and compares with $14.86 a share in the previous year.

Total operating revenues of the company were $94,941,444, an increase of $10,275,754 compared with the previous year. Of this amount the freight revenue was $89,395,847, an increase of $7,796,903, as the result of 44,856,746 tons of freight hauled, an increase of 9,028,655 in comparison with 1922. Passenger revenues were $17,891,954, or $1,552,665 more than the year before.

The expenses were $72,114,740, an increase of $7,256,627 compared with last year. An increase of $1,532,175 was made in the expenditure for maintenance of way and structure as the result of 10,000 more tons of new rail laid than in 1922 and 427,625 more cubic yards of ballast applied. The increase of $3,678,540 in expense for maintenance of equipment is to a substantial extent due to the shutdown of the shops in January, February and March, 1922, and the curtailment of work during July, August and September of that year due to the shopmen's strike. The income account compares as follows:

| | 1923. | 1922. |
|---|---|---|
| Operating revenues | $94,941,444 | $84,665,690 |
| Operating expenses | 72,114,740 | 64,656,313 |
| Non-operating income | 2,000,350 | 1,632,929 |
| Net income | 11,617,354 | 7,528,896 |
| Surplus | 9,196,113 | 4,582,402 |

Total assets for the company at the close of 1923 were $273,458,019, a decrease of $12,988,337 compared with a year ago, due to a decline of $1,632,350 in the cash on hand and $1,896,060 in special deposits. The total corporate surplus of the company was $35,926,752, an increase of $9,612,174 compared with the previous year.

Attention is directed in the report to the settlement with the United States Government for the Guarantee period for $3,434,911. The report also shows that the Big Four and the Pennsylvania now own practically all the bonds of the Central Indiana Railway.

# RAILWAY'S INCOME HIGHER.

### St. Louis-Southwestern's Earnings Per Share Doubled.

The St. Louis-Southwestern Railway for 1923 reports a net income of $3,401,002, after all taxes and charges, which is equivalent to $14.71 a share on the $16,356,100 common stock. This compares with $2,256,678, or $7.71 a share in 1922.

Increase in the gross revenue accounted for the improvement. The gross was $29,551,120, compared with $26,159,914; while the expenses were $21,990,213, compared with $20,007,426, and taxes $1,636,479, compared with $1,266,947.

The consolidated income account for 1923 compares with 1922 as follows:

| | 1923. | 1922. |
|---|---|---|
| Gross | $29,551,120 | $26,159,914 |
| Expenses | 21,990,213 | 20,007,426 |
| Non-operating income | 339,512 | 286,610 |
| Net income | 3,401,002 | 2,256,678 |
| Surplus | 1,953,928 | *497,341 |

*Deficit.

# SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at the auction salesrooms of Adrian H. Muller & Sons, auctioneers, yesterday:

FOR ACCOUNT OF EXECUTORS.

$250 The Freundschaft Society of the City of New York 4 per cent. registered mortgage bond, due 1964, interest April and October; $500 North Shore Country Club, Inc., 5 per cent. registered income bonds, due 1964, $250 each; $119 lot.

$35,000 State of South Carolina 5 per cent. bonds, due 1888, January, 1872, and subsequent coupons attached; $17 lot.

25 shares International Electric Protection Company preferred; 4 shares New York Consolidated Railroad common; 100 shares South American Gold and Platinum common; 100 shares Pioneer Oil Corporation common; 100 shares Smuggler Leasing Company common; $10,000 Detroit Southern Railway Company first mortgage 4 per cent. gold bonds (Ohio Southern Division) certificate of deposit stamped coupon due Sept. 1, 1911, paid; $265 lot.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

60 shares The United Equities Corporation preferred certificate of deposit, $34 per share; 15 shares The United Equities Corporation common certificate of deposit as bonus.

306 shares Degnon Realty and Terminal Improvement Company; 462⅛ shares Tubes Realty and Terminal Company; 300 shares Cape Cod Construction Company; 375 shares New York and New Jersey Construction Company; 185 shares Degnon Realty and Terminal Improvement Company; $50,000 Boston, Cape Cod and New York Canal Company fifty-year first mortgage 5 per cent. coupon gold bonds, due Jan. 1, 1909; 150 shares Boston, Cape Cod and New York Canal Company common; $95,432.60 lot.

215 shares Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company; $1 lot.

10 shares Mariner Harbor National Bank, Mariner Harbor, Staten Island, N. Y.; $300 lot.

24 shares Saguenay Pulp and Power Company 6 per cent. cumulative preferred; 80 shares Saguenay Pulp and Power Company common; $15 lot.

10 shares Corbin Coal and Coke Company, Ltd.; 200 shares Mayfair Oil Company; $30 lot.

# EARNINGS.

### PUBLIC UTILITIES.

**Barcelona Traction, Light & Power—** (Figures in pesetas.)

| | 1924. | 1923. | Changes. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May gross | 4,306,973 | 4,102,048 | Inc. | 406,925 |
| Bal. af.exp. | 2,691,780 | 2,641,837 | Inc. | 49,843 |
| 5 mos. gr. | 23,514,552 | 22,047,100 | Inc. | 1,467,452 |
| Bal. af.exp. | 14,515,462 | 12,101,338 | Inc. | 2,414,124 |

**Blackstone Valley Gas & Electric—**

| | 1924. | 1923. | Changes. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| April gross | $380,371 | $377,873 | Inc. | $2,498 |
| Bal. af.chgs. | 82,761 | 118,173 | Dec. | 35,950 |
| 12 mos. gr. | 4,868,089 | 4,720,090 | Inc. | 336,879 |
| Bal. af.chgs. | 1,184,306 | 1,221,077 | Dec. | 36,771 |

**Los Angeles Gas & Electric—**

| | 1924. | 1923. | Changes. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May gross | $1,100,345 | $881,497 | Inc. | $218,848 |
| Net af. tax. and chgs.* | 154,753 | 133,850 | Inc. | 21,903 |
| 5 mos. gr. | 13,860,820 | 11,361,795 | Inc. | 1,999,025 |
| Net af. tax. and chgs.* | 2,315,043 | 1,813,649 | Inc. | 501,394 |

*After depreciation.

**Penn Central Light & Power—**

| | 1924. | 1923. | Changes. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May gross | $289,003 | $257,181 | Inc. | $31,942 |
| *Net earnings | 74,051 | 81,190 | Dec. | 6,829 |
| 12 months | | | | |
| Gross | 3,540,709 | 2,852,022 | Inc. | 688,687 |
| *Net earngs. | 1,047,840 | 880,840 | Inc. | 166,991 |

*Applicable to reserves, Federal taxes and dividends.

**Philadelphia Co.—**

| | 1924. | 1923. | Changes. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May gross | $4,728,417 | $4,969,283 | Dec. | $240,866 |
| *Net af.tax. | 1,157,811 | 1,563,026 | Dec. | 405,215 |
| 5 mos. gr. | 27,195,654 | 26,850,838 | Inc. | 345,126 |
| *Net af.tax. | 9,056,130 | 10,500,868 | Dec. | 1,444,735 |

*Before interest on debt.

**Sierra Pacific Electric—**

| | 1924. | 1923. | Changes. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May gross | $92,787 | $85,806 | Inc. | $6,780 |
| Net af. chgs. | 39,575 | 34,044 | Inc. | 5,531 |
| 12 mos. gr. | 1,003,880 | 905,737 | Inc. | 98,106 |
| Bal. af. chgs. | 454,133 | 395,468 | Inc. | 58,665 |

**United Light & Power—**

| | 1924. | 1923. | Changes. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Twelve months ended May 31: | | | | |
| Gross | $13,371,343 | $12,237,596 | Inc. | $222,747 |
| Bal. af.tax. and chgs. | 3,387,055 | 2,075,321 | Inc. | 163,224 |
| *Bal.af.pf.div. | 1,387,931 | 1,225,441 | Inc. | 102,490 |

*Before depreciation.

# MARKET AVERAGES.

### STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

| | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 25 railroads | 86.44 | 85.98 | 85.98 | —.13 |
| 25 industrials | 112.96 | 111.77 | 112.05 | —.15 |
| 50 stocks | 99.69 | 98.81 | 98.99 | —.14 |

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

| | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| July 1 | 89.63 | 88.74 | 89.13 | —.14 |
| June 30 | 89.63 | 88.44 | 89.27 | +.45 |
| June 28 | 89.42 | 88.59 | 88.82 | +.23 |
| June 27 | 89.37 | 88.39 | 88.79 | +.38 |
| June 26 | 88.85 | 87.67 | 88.41 | +.52 |
| June 25 | 88.68 | 87.66 | 87.89 | +.23 |
| June 24 | 87.93 | 86.96 | 87.67 | +.22 |

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

| | High. | | Low. | | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| July | | | | | |
| *1924. | 89.63 | July 1 | 83.28 | Apr. 22 | 89.13 |
| †1923. | 92.52 | Mar. 6 | 78.09 | July 2 | 78.92 |
| Full Years. | | | | | |
| 1923. | 92.52 | Mar. 6 | 77.15 | Oct. 29 | 84.18 |
| 1922. | 85.06 | Oct. 18 | 64.21 | Jan. 10 | 84.56 |
| 1921. | 72.18 | May 4 | 58.35 | June 21 | 69.50 |
| 1920. | 94.01 | Apr. 5 | 62.70 | Dec. 23 | 67.96 |
| 1919. | 99.89 | Nov. 8 | 80.73 | Jan. 21 | 80.89 |

### DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

| | | Net Change— Day. | Month. | Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 40 issues | 80.54 | —.04 | +1.89 | +4.98 |

DAILY RANGE OF 40 DOMESTIC BONDS.

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| July 1 | 80.58 | —.06 | June 24 | 80.26 | +.00 | |
| June 30 | 80.64 | —.06 | June 23 | 80.17 | —.16 | |
| June 28 | 80.70 | +.04 | June 21 | 80.35 | +.07 | |
| June 27 | 80.66 | +.09 | June 20 | 80.28 | —.00 | |
| June 26 | 80.56 | +.10 | June 19 | 80.34 | —.08 | |
| June 25 | 80.46 | +.22 | June 18 | 80.37 | —.11 | |

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

| | High. | | Low. | | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *1924. | 80.70 | June 28 | 79.85 | Jan. 2 | 80.54 |
| †1923. | 79.43 | Jan. 3 | 76.02 | July 2 | 76.18 |
| Full Years. | | | | | |
| 1923. | 79.43 | Jan. 3 | 75.59 | Oct. 2 | 78.71 |
| 1922. | 82.54 | Aug. 22 | 76.01 | Jan. 3 | 79.12 |
| 1921. | 79.81 | Nov. 29 | 67.56 | June 20 | 70.37 |
| 1920. | 72.14 | Oct. 31 | 65.57 | May 21 | 68.06 |
| 1919. | 79.05 | June 2 | 71.09 | Dec. 7 | 72.66 |

### FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

| | | Net Change— Day. | Month. | Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 Govt. issues | 100.33 | —.13 | +1.96 | +.47 |

DAILY RANGE OF 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| July 1 | 100.40 | —.04 | June 21 | 100.07 | +.07 | |
| June 30 | 100.50 | —.05 | June 20 | 100.00 | +.18 | |
| June 28 | 100.55 | +.15 | June 19 | 99.82 | +.01 | |
| June 27 | 100.42 | —.07 | June 18 | 99.81 | —.04 | |
| June 26 | 100.44 | +.29 | June 17 | 99.85 | +.07 | |
| June 25 | 100.16 | +.15 | June 16 | 99.87 | +.31 | |
| June 24 | 100.01 | —.06 | June 14 | 99.56 | +.19 | |
| June 28 | 100.07 | ... | June 13 | 99.37 | +.35 | |

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

| | High. | | Low. | | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *1924. | 100.53 | June 28 | 97.21 | Jan. 5 | 100.33 |
| †1923. | 101.14 | June 7 | 96.92 | Jan. 20 | 99.86 |
| Full Year. | | | | | |
| 1922. | 101.14 | June 7 | 96.92 | Jan. 20 | 97.34 |

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

## BONDS TO BE REDEEMED.

### Commonwealth Power and Union Tank Car to Pay Aug. 1.

Hodenpyl, Hardy & Co., Inc., announced yesterday that the Commonwealth Power, Railway & Light Company would redeem all its outstanding dividend scrip certificates and coupon notes at par and interest on Aug. 1. Payment will be made at their office, 14 Wall Street.

E. L. Gridley, Treasurer of the Union Tank Car Company, has notified holders of equipment trust 7 per cent. gold notes, Series "A," due Aug. 1, 1930, that $2,500,000 of these notes have been chosen by lot for redemption Aug. 1 at 102½ and accrued interest. Payment will be at the Equitable Trust Company, 37 Wall Street.

### Pacific Gas to Issue $5,000,000.

The California Railroad Commission has authorized the Pacific Gas and Electric Company to sell $5,000,000 of common stock at not less than $92 a share, the proceeds to finance additions and betterments to the company's property and the Mount Shasta Power Company.

## THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business June 30:

| Receipts. | This Month. | Corresp. Period. Last Year. | Fisc. Yr. 1924. | Corresp. Period Fisc. Yr. 1923. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Customs | $43,275,796.45 | $50,022,514.16 | $545,637,503.99 | $561,928,866.66 |
| Internal revenue—Income and profits tax | 339,928,509.92 | 367,198,244.83 | 1,842,144,418.46 | 1,678,607,428.22 |
| Misc. internal revenue | 72,942,332.74 | 97,325,832.51 | 953,012,617.62 | 945,965,333.61 |
| Miscellaneous receipts— Proceeds Govt-owned foreign obligations: | | | | |
| Principal | 5,000.00 | ..... | $1,089,867.14 | $31,656,007.64 |
| Interest | 63,804,605.83 | 60,135,000.00 | 160,684,907.75 | 201,332,247.86 |
| Railroad securities | 47,241,577.60 | 671,929.52 | 94,372,535.52 | 99,297,348.01 |
| All others | 342,473.58 | 31,036.05 | 9,602,404.53 | 46,361,371.00 |
| Trust fund receipts reappropriated for investments | 1,860,702.85 | 2,787,791.09 | 30,643,799.16 | 26,862,870.69 |
| Proceeds sale of surplus property | 2,716,085.01 | 17,077,323.99 | 46,774,600.22 | 91,706,388.29 |
| Panama Canal tolls, &c. | 2,104,940.78 | 1,990,156.20 | 27,063,204.24 | 17,271,855.23 |
| Rcts. from misc. sources credited direct to appropriations | 2,467,389.85 | 5,879,846.51 | 29,609,733.46 | 65,911,405.93 |
| Other miscellaneous | 20,030,314.61 | 15,534,693.92 | 211,408,207.56 | 240,333,648.83 |
| Total ordinary | $601,580,490.52 | $630,981,454.27 | $4,012,044,701.65 | $4,007,135,480.58 |
| Excess of ordinary receipts over total expns. against ord. receipts | $13,525,872.58 | $79,900,190.64 | $505,366,986.31 | $309,657,460.30 |
| Total expns. chargeable against ord. receipts | $288,054,617.94 | $361,081,263.63 | $3,506,677,715.34 | $3,697,478,020.26 |


SAVINGS BANKS. SAVINGS BANKS.

# IRVING SAVINGS BANK

115 Chambers St. (West of Broadway) New York
"The Friendly Bank" Established 1851

## Quarterly Dividend

*At the Rate of* 4% *Per Annum*

will be credited July 1st, payable on and after July 15th.

Deposits made *on or before July 12th* will draw interest *from July 1st.*

*Deposits on or before the 3rd day of any month will draw interest from the 1st of the month*

BANKING BY MAIL

**Citizens Savings Bank**
Corner Bowery and Canal Street

The Trustees have declared a Quarterly Dividend at the rate of

Four Per Cent

per annum, for three months ending June 30, 1924, payable on and after July 14, 1924, on all accounts of $5 and to $5,000, entitled thereto under the By-Laws and Rules of the Bank. Money deposited on or before July 12 will draw interest from July 1.

Open 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.
Saturdays 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.
Also on Monday Evenings 6 to 8.

**Dry Dock SAVINGS INSTITUTION**

Incorporated 1848
QUARTERLY DIVIDEND
at the rate of 4% Per Annum
has been declared for quarter ending June 30 payable July 21, 1924.
Deposits made on or before July 10, will draw interest from July 1, 1924.
Cor. 3rd St.
341-343 Bowery

SAVINGS BANKS. SAVINGS BANKS.

# A Mutual Bank Without Stockholders and Entirely Owned By Its Depositors

Banking by mail.

Checks, Drafts, Money Orders, etc., accepted for collection.

Interest allowed even though your account is closed between dividend periods.

A full month's interest allowed on deposits made within the first three days.

An organization eager to serve the depositor.

## Assets Exceed $271,000,000

Dividend July 1, 1924, at the rate of 4%—Payable after July 20, 1924

# EMIGRANT INDUSTRIAL SAVINGS BANK

51 CHAMBERS ST., NEW YORK

**The SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS**
76 WALL STREET NEW YORK CITY

The Trustees have declared a

**QUARTERLY DIVIDEND** at the rate of 4%

per annum on accounts of $5. to $5,000, payable on or after July 15th, 1924.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10th, WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1st

*SAVINGS ACCOUNTS INVITED BANKING BY MAIL*

HERBERT K. TWITCHELL, *President*
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, *Secretary* RALPH H. STEVER, *Cashier*

**FOURTH AVENUE corner 14TH ST.** **CENTRAL Savings Bank New York City** **BROADWAY N.W. corner 67TH ST.**

Assets..... Over 154 Million Dollars
Surplus (Investment Value) " 20 "

## QUARTERLY DIVIDEND

Interest at the Rate per annum of

## Four (

# COTTON ESTIMATE ABOVE EXPECTATION

### Department's Forecast of Yield Above Any July Indication Since the War.

### CONDITION ROSE IN JUNE

### Planted Acreage Exceeds All Previous Estimates—Price of Cotton Declines on Report.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—A cotton crop of 12,244,000 bales this year was forecast today by the Department of Agriculture.

The condition of the crop on June 25 was 71.2 per cent. of a normal, compared with 65.9 on May 25 this year, 69.9 on June 25 last year, and 74.8 the average on June 25 for the last ten years.

The area of cotton in cultivation is about 40,408,000 acres, an increase of 1,702,000 acres, or 4.4 per cent., as compared with the revised estimate of acreage in cultivation a year ago.

Condition of the crop on June 25 by States, with comparisons, follows:

| | 1924 | 1923 | 1922 | 1921 | 10-Yr. Aver. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| North Carolina | 73 | 80 | 78 | 67 | 78 |
| South Carolina | 69 | 84 | 80 | 62 | 78 |
| Georgia | 75 | 56 | 56 | 64 | 70 |
| Alabama | 70 | 69 | 68 | 58 | 72 |
| Mississippi | 74 | 67 | 76 | 67 | 75 |
| Louisiana | 78 | 69 | 69 | 64 | 78 |
| Texas | 70 | 77 | 72 | 71 | 75 |
| Arkansas | 68 | 66 | 80 | 78 | 77 |
| Tennessee | 67 | 67 | 83 | 74 | 77 |
| Oklahoma | 72 | 64 | 78 | 75 | 78 |
| United States | 71.2 | 65.9 | 71.2 | 69.2 | 74.8 |

Acreage planted by States, as compared with 1923 and 1922 is as follows:

| | 1924. | 1923. | 1922. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Virginia | 52,000 | 53,000 | 51,000 |
| North Carolina | 1,622,000 | 1,704,000 | 1,601,000 |
| South Carolina | 2,153,000 | 2,048,000 | 2,230,000 |
| Georgia | 3,797,000 | 3,927,000 | 4,120,000 |
| Florida | 111,000 | 111,000 | 122,000 |
| Alabama | 3,100,000 | 3,213,000 | 2,905,000 |
| Mississippi | 3,255,000 | 3,353,000 | 3,169,000 |
| Louisiana | 1,537,000 | 1,216,000 | 1,211,000 |
| Texas | 15,595,000 | 14,077,000 | 12,312,000 |
| Arkansas | 3,068,000 | 3,028,000 | 2,856,000 |
| Tennessee | 1,184,000 | 1,195,000 | 810,000 |
| Missouri | 458,000 | 384,000 | 196,000 |
| Oklahoma | 3,672,000 | 3,357,000 | 2,940,000 |
| California | 200,000 | 235,000 | 210,000 |
| Arizona | 170,000 | 153,000 | 105,000 |

The acreage estimated by the department is the largest ever indicated in the history of the trade. It considerably exceeds the general run of private acreage estimates, which have ranged from 38,500,000 to 39,100,000, as against the Government's figure of 40,408,000. The department's condition estimate and its forecast of indicated yield, similarly exceed the estimates of private experts.

The average condition estimated by such experts had been 68.2 per cent., whereas the department names 71.2. Private estimates of indicated yield have ranged from 11,200,000 bales to 11,700,000, averaging about 11,500,000; the Government's figure is 12,144,000. Yesterday's cotton market reflected these higher estimates of the Government by a fall of $5 per bale in the price of spot cotton.

The Government's estimate of the size of the crop, based on the condition as of June 25, together with the actual harvest in previous years, compares as follows:

| | July Estimate | Actual Harvest |
|---|---|---|
| 1924 | 12,144,000 | |
| 1923 | 11,412,000 | 10,128,478 |
| 1922 | 11,063,000 | 9,761,817 |
| 1921 | 8,453,000 | 7,953,641 |
| 1920 | 11,450,000 | 13,439,602 |
| 1919 | 12,000,000 | 11,420,176 |
| 1918 | 15,225,000 | 12,040,533 |
| 1917 | 11,632,000 | 11,302,375 |

The acreage planted to cotton for the present season, as compared with the revised figures for previous years, together with the acreage harvested, follows:

| | Acreage Sown | Acreage Harvested |
|---|---|---|
| 1924 | 40,408,000 | |
| 1923 | 38,700,000 | 37,120,000 |
| 1922 | 34,852,000 | 33,036,000 |
| 1921 | 31,470,000 | 29,827,000 |
| 1920 | 37,043,000 | 35,978,000 |
| 1919 | 35,132,000 | 33,566,000 |
| 1918 | 37,207,000 | 34,008,000 |
| 1917 | 34,351,000 | 32,454,000 |
| 1916 | 36,052,000 | 34,985,000 |
| 1915 | 32,107,000 | 31,412,000 |
| 1914 | 37,406,000 | 36,822,000 |
| 1913 | 37,488,000 | 34,982,000 |
| 1912 | 34,780,000 | 34,283,000 |

The condition of the cotton crop in the United States monthly for a series of years is given below:

| | May 25 | June 25 | July 25 | Aug. 25 | Sept. 25 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1924 | 65.6 | 71.2 | | | |
| 1923 | 69.2 | 69.9 | | | |
| 1922 | 60.6 | 71.2 | 70.8 | 67.0 | 68.0 |
| 1921 | 66.0 | 69.2 | 64.7 | 49.3 | 52.9 |
| 1920 | 62.4 | 70.7 | 74.1 | 67.8 | 69.1 |
| 1919 | 77.6 | 78.0 | 77.2 | 71.5 | 71.4 |
| 1918 | 82.3 | 81.8 | 72.6 | 65.7 | 64.6 |
| 1917 | 69.5 | 70.3 | 70.8 | 67.8 | 60.4 |
| 1916 | 77.5 | 81.7 | 72.7 | 61.2 | 56.3 |
| 1915 | 64.0 | 69.2 | 68.4 | 60.2 | 60.8 |

### Seaboard Air Line Bonds.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Seaboard Air Line Company today received authority from the Interstate Commerce Commission to authenticate and deliver $4,780,000 of 4 per cent. refunding mortgage bonds and to pledge them under the first and consolidated mortgage.

# SAYS FARMER ENTERS UPON BETTER TIMES

### Agriculture Department Finds That Purchasing Value of His Products Is Rising.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The economic condition of the farmer is steadily improving and American agriculture is about to ascend the crest of another wave of prosperity, according to an announcement just issued by authority of the Secretary of Agriculture. The department states that the exchange value of farm products for the things that farmers buy now stands at the highest point in nearly four years.

The improvement in the position of the farmer is attributed to the continued slow decline in prices of non-agricultural commodities, although at the same time agricultural products have held their own. The department's index of the purchasing power of farm products in terms of other commodities is 77 for May, using the year of 1913 as a basis of 100.

The department's review states that the corn crop promises to be a pivotal factor in the entire meat and dairy situation of 1925. Wheat growers are reported to be in a more cheerful frame of mind over the recent advances in wheat, due to a smaller prospective world crop.

Conditions on the Pacific Coast are regarded as a little discouraging. Drought in that section has cut heavily into the grain crops and feed, while fruits in the Northwest also have been damaged by frosts and drought. The citrus crops are reported to be in good condition.

"The urban community is now beginning to taste the results of overexpanded producing capacity," the department says. "The textile, automobile, railway equipment and many allied industries are in the position recently familiar to wheat, cattle and hog producers of being 'all geared up and no place to go.' Credit demands have grown so light that money is now relatively almost as cheap in New York as hogs in Iowa."

The effect on agriculture of the wane of the industrial boom is open to speculation, the department points out. For two years farmers have had an unprecedented domestic market, but the outlook this Fall is not so good. The weight of informed opinion, however, is that in the immediate future farmers as a whole stand to gain more from cheaper labor and materials than they are likely to lose by a narrower market for lamb, butter or semi-luxury products.

# NEW LISTINGS ON THE CURB.

### Omnibus Corporation Shares Among Those Admitted to Trading.

The following securities have been admitted to trading on the New York Curb Exchange:

Pines Winter Front Company, 50,000 shares Class A common stock, par $5, and 50,000 shares Class B common stock, par $5.

Dodge Manufacturing Corporation, 25,000 shares 8 per cent. cumulative preferred, par $100.

Real Silk Hosiery Mills, Inc., 150,000 shares common, par $10.

The Wm. Wise Company, 100,000 shares common, no par value, and 25,000 shares 7 per cent. cumulative preferred, par $100.

The Omnibus Corporation—Not to exceed 106,378 shares 8 per cent. cumulative convertible preferred stock, Series A, par $100. Voting trust certificates for not to exceed 652,195 shares common stock, no par value. Both securities "when, as and if issued" in accordance with plan and agreement for unification, readjustment and reorganization of Fifth Avenue Bus Securities Corporation, New York Transportation Company, Chicago Motor Coach Corporation under the name of the Omnibus Corporation, dated June 25, 1924.

Sierra Pacific Electric Company, 50,000 shares common, par $100, and 25,000 shares 6 per cent cumulative preferred, par $100.

United Gas and Electric Corporation (a new consolidated corporation)—Stock trust certificates representing common stock, no par value.

State loan of the Kingdom of Hungary, 1924, 7½ per cent. sinking fund gold bonds, due Feb. 1, 1944, "when, as and if issued."

Rova Radio Corporation stock trust certificates representing 150,000 authorized shares capital stock, no par value.

### Delivery of 12,000 Car Bodies Begun

Deliveries have commenced on the 12,000 freight car bodies ordered by the Pennsylvania Railroad last March. One hundred cars a day will be delivered up to July 15, and the number will be gradually increased, until all cars have been put in service for Fall traffic. The order included 3,000 all-steel automobile cars, 5,000 all-steel box cars and 1,000 steel underframe stock cars. Trucks are being provided by the railroad.

### Arizona Eastern Extension.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Arizona Eastern Railroad today asked authority of the Interstate Commerce Commission to construct an extension from Picacho to Chandler, Ariz., fifty miles and from Hassayampa to Dome, Ariz., 115 miles, with a branch from the Gila River to Florence, Ariz., seven miles long.

# NEW INCORPORATIONS

### New York Charters

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 2.—Twenty-one new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $481,000, were chartered today. They include:

Alamac Garage, Manhattan, $25,000; M. and S. Kotsen, F. Levy. (Attorney, M. Elliott, 1,540 Broadway.)

Book & Walloon, Manhattan, sales wgn, $5,000; E. Book, M. Salzberg. (Attorney, L. E. Rosenberg, 200 Broadway.)

Longacre Auto Painting and Trimming Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. Dittleman, M. Schwartz, A. D. Kinsler. (Attorney, M. S. Estnisle, 200 Broadway.)

Brentford, 40th St. Co., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; E. and B. Silverberg. (Attorney, B. Berger, 225 5th Av.)

Edward Sandstrom, Manhattan, furs, $15,000; E. and E. Blankstein. (Attorney, F. Fischer, 31 Chambers St.)

Sharin & Co., Manhattan, bluebird wares, $15,000; J. C. Mercerlin, F. and L. Slavin. (Attorneys, Rosenberg & Rosenberg, 305 Broadway.)

Freehill Management Co., Manhattan, 400 shares common stock, no par value; R. J. Churchill, C. J. Gribbin, C. M. Freeman. (Attorney, W. F. McCormack, 286 Broadway.)

Hunters Tourist Service, Manhattan, tickets, 200 shares common stock, no par value; J. Myers, F. T. Hestil, M. Letterrada. (Attorney, J. Nolan, 32 Broadway.)

Otis Orr Construction Corp., Buffalo, $100,000; C. F. and A. M. Grupe, M. E. Reilly. (Attorneys, Cowan & Colman, Buffalo.)

Broadway Realty Holding Corp., Manhattan, 200 shares common stock, no par value; E. F. C. May, L. Church. (Attorney, P. E. Donlin, 9 Nassau St.)

Wallace Realty Corp., Manhattan, realties, $50,000; S. and E. Weiner, M. Rousso. (Attorney, I. Weiner, 116 Nassau St.)

Arcadia Finance Corporation, consolidated, $10,000; C. Schaeffer, J. D. Delman, S. Solomon. (Attorney, G. L. Spencer, 1,476 Pine.)

Montgomery's Chain Shoe Stores, Warsaw, Wyoming County, $15,000; J. A. and A. L. and D. Montgomery. (Attorney, H. H. Brisbol, Warsaw.)

618 West 48th St. Corp., Manhattan, realty, $25,000; S. Solomon, S. Reisler, H. Manheim. (Attorney, E. W. Goldberg, 1,658 Broadway.)

Dira Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; A. F. Weinstein, A. S. Gruppel, F. Forsaith. (Attorney, G. J. Forsaith, 20 Broadway.)

N. Hillsdale Development Co., Manhattan, realty, $100,000; J. A. Ladberg, J. M. and J. M. Fiore Jr. (Attorneys, Fiore & Fiore, 2 W. 45th St.)

Laurel Hat Co., Manhattan, $10,000; L. Lorence, H. M. Roth, C. Cenotti. (Attorneys, Siegelbaum & Bernson, 261 Broadway.)

Masonic Temple of Central Square, Central Square, Manheim, realty, $20,000; C. H. Devendorf, M. J. Goettal. (Attorney, C. J. Verkey, Central Square.)

Midwest Mop Co., Cohoes, $10,000; F. Fountaine, D. J. Carlon, E. A. Foley. (Attorneys, Carter & Conboy, Cohoes.)

CAPITAL INCREASED.

Fullerton Barge Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $70,000.

Baisez Bros. & Co., Manhattan, $500,000 to $700,000.

Modern Eloquence Corp., Manhattan, $100,000 to $150,000.

Grand Rapids Sales Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $75,000.

New York Plumbers Specialties Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

A. A. Auto School, Manhattan, $25,000 to $250,000.

Farke Hall & Co., Buffalo, $20,000 to $30,000.

Kabi Patent Utilities Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000 to $50,000.

Utica Oil Heating Corp., of Utica, N. Y., Utica, $5,000 to $15,000.

DESIGNATIONS.

Secretary of State is named representative in each instance.

Celestial Steel Co., Pennsylvania, $2,000,000.

Goodwin Film and Camera Co., New Jersey, $100,000.

Hilfiker Corp., New Jersey, manufacturing, $100,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Julius King Optical Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $1,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Lambert & Goodwin, Manhattan, to John A. Lambert.

Leitner, Berner & Leitner, Manhattan, to Jacob & Emil Leitner.

DISSOLUTIONS.

George D. Nichols, Manhattan.

Newman & Eberfeldt, Manhattan.

Isham Realty Corp., Manhattan.

J. & M. Realty Co., Manhattan.

American Spirits Manufacturing Co., Manhattan.

General Fruit and Trucking Co. of Marion Market, Manhattan.

Bruce & Robertson Co., Oneonta.

Hinckley & Grant Telephone Co., Manhattan.

Hanaman Studio Rago Corbet Corp., Manhattan.

O'Neill's Cash Stores, Hornell.

Myrtle Amusement Co., Brooklyn.)

Vanzerd Co., Manhattan.

Favorite Skirt Co., Manhattan.

Cornell House Co., Manhattan.

H. M. Taber & Son, Arcade Wyoming Co.

Fort Johnson Coal, Johnstown.

Columbia Acceptance Corp., Brooklyn.

Berton Lamp Shade Mfg. Co., Brooklyn.

### Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, July 2.—Charters filed today:

Oriental Trust Co., Ltd., Wilmington, stocks and bonds, $2,500,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

National Automotive Restaurant Corp., Wilmington, $1,000,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Petroleum Import Association, Wilmington; deal in petroleum, $1,000,000. (Corporation Charter Co.)

Interocean Trust Corp., Dover, $100,000. (U. S. Corp. Co.)

Davis Co., clothing, $100,000; Abraham Weinstein, Paz Rosskamp, M. Y.; M. A. Murphy, M. A. Ward, Wilmington, Del. (Registrars, P. Wolfson, Wilmington.)

Herald Harbor, real estate, $50,000; S. Snodgrass, W. C. Sheran, C. S. Eddy, Washington. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Italian Mutual Beneficial Society of Sons of Labor; no capital stock; Pietro G. Lorusso, Frank A. Ciofric, Philip Damell, Wilmington, Del. (Official: Mutella, Wilmington.)

NAME CHANGE.

Star Independent Oil Co., to Schoch Independent Oil Co.

# CUTS OIL OUTPUT IN THE MIDWEST

### Empire Gas and Fuel Joins in Movement by Prorating Crude Runs.

### MAGNOLIA ADVANCES PRICE

### Increase to $1 in Texas Field Causes Rise in Many Listed Stocks.

The Empire Gas & Fuel Company, principal petroleum subsidiary of the Cities Service Company, has joined in the movement to curtail surplus crude oil production in the mid-Western territory by prorating crude oil runs. Effective also July 1, this company announced yesterday that purchases would be prorated from leases now connected, indicating that as in the case of the Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company and the Prairie Oil & Gas Company no new connections would be made for the time being.

According to a report in Wall Street yesterday, the Magnolia Petroleum Company has advanced the price of crude oil 25 cents, making it $1 a barrel. This Texas field is now turning out 36,000 barrels a day. The effect of the announcement was an early rise in many of the oil stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange and the Curb, the advance in the price being interpreted as having broadening possibilities. Interest in this connection was heightened by the prorating movement in the Mid-Continent field and the expectation that as a result of it production would be reduced from week to week for the next month or two. The Magnolia price increase affects the Luling and Ranger pools.

Sales of gasoline in various sections continue at a rate well above last year, while the daily average production of crude oil in the United States by the week ended June 28 was 2,966,328 barrels, according to figures of the Oil City Derrick and Oil and Gas Journal. This represents a decrease of 10,258 barrels from the preceding week, which in turn showed a decrease of more than 7,000 barrels daily from the week before that. Decreases were reported in practically all the oil fields.

Conditions in the California field continue to show improvement. Consumption and production are about balanced. The production of oil in Mexico during the week ended June 28 totaled 533,000 barrels of light oil and 1,657,000 barrels of heavy oil, the former showing an increase of 57,000 barrels over the preceding week and the latter an increase of 87,000 barrels, advices from Tampico said yesterday.

# SHIP MERGER IS APPROVED.

### Two New York Lines Operating Government Vessels Are Combined.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Consolidation of the Government-operated cargo routes from North Atlantic to French ports north of Bordeaux, Antwerp and Rotterdam, as proposed by the Fleet Corporation, was approved today by the Shipping Board.

The two operators in the trade, the Black Diamond Steamship Company and the Cosmopolitan Steamship Company, both of New York, will be reduced to one, with the elimination of the former, and the number of ships curtailed from twenty-six to twenty-two.

The consolidation is a further step in the general plan of the Government to effect economies through mergers of such services within the Government's jurisdiction. The Shipping Board's policy of maintaining the existing tonnage in service has been one of the chief ones, it is said, to effecting the Fleet Corporation's consolidation plans. Seven operating companies recently were retained to handle the Government fleet out of Gulf ports.

### A Record in Savings This Year.

Savings by members of the Franklin Society for Home Building and Savings increased more than $1,700,000 in the first half of the calendar year. This is the largest gain for a similar period in the society's history. Since Jan. 1 this institution has made $82 mortgage loans for the purchase or construction of dwellings.

# BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Argentine 8s, 1945 | M. & S. | 85¾ |
| Argentine 6s, 1957 | M. & S. | 93 |
| Argentine 7s, 1927 | F. & A. | 102¾ |
| Austrian 8s, 1943 | J. & J. | 100¾ |
| Belgium 6s, 1925 | A. & O. | 100¾ |
| Belgium 7½s, 1945 | J. & D. | 108 |
| Belgium 8s, 1941 | A. & O. | 104¾ |
| Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s | J. & J. | 95 |
| Can. Steamship 7s, 1942 | M. & N. | 94½ |
| City of Bergen 8s, 1945 | M. & N. | 109½ |
| City of Berne 6s, 1945 | M. & N. | 103¾ |
| City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934 | A. & O. | 97 |
| City of Gt. Prague 7½s, '52 | M. & N. | 89 |
| City of P. Alegre 8s, '61 | J. & D. | 88 |
| U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941 | J. & D. | 97 |
| U. S. of Brazil 7½s, 1931 | F. & A. | 95 |
| Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926 | A. & O. | 101¾ |
| Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929 | F. & A. | 102¾ |
| Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931 | A. & O. | 101 |
| Dom. of Canada 6s, 1932 | M. & N. | 107¾ |
| Holland-Am. Line 6s, 1947 | M. & N. | 97½ |
| Rep. of Colom. 6½s, 1927 | A. & O. | 98 |
| Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942 | M. & N. | 98¾ |
| Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941 | F. & A. | 104¾ |
| Rep. of Chile 8s, 1945 | J. & D. | 106¾ |
| Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946 | J. & D. | 106 |
| Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952 | A. & O. | 91½ |
| Chinese Gov. 8s, 1951 | J. & J. | 93 |
| City of Christiania 8s, '45 | A. & O. | 110¾ |
| City of Copen. 5½s, 1944 | J. & J. | 93½ |
| City of Montevideo 7s, '52 | M. & N. | 92½ |
| Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, '51 | A. & O. | 97¾ |
| Rep. of Bol. 8s, 1947 | M. & N. | 97½ |
| Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944 | M. & S. | 94¾ |
| Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949 | F. & A. | 93 |
| Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949 | F. & A. | 83½ |
| Rep. Cuba (Cent. Ry.) 5½s | J. & J. | 90 |
| Denmark 8s, 1945 | A. & O. | 110¾ |
| Denmark 6s, 1942 | J. & J. | 98½ |
| Dan. Mun. 5s, ser. A, '53 | F. & A. | 100½ |
| Dan. Mun. 5s, ser. B, '53 | F. & A. | 100½ |
| Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947 | J. & J. | 98 |
| Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962 | M. & S. | 95 |
| Dutch East Ind. 6½s, 1962 | M. & S. | 97¾ |
| Dutch East Ind. 6s, 1924 | M. & S. | 99¾ |
| El Salvador 8s, 1948 | J. & J. | 101½ |
| Fram. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42 | J. & J. | 93½ |
| French Gov. 7½s, 1941 | J. & D. | 102¾ |
| Finland 6s, 1945 | M. & S. | 97 |
| Italy 6½s, 1925 | F. & A. | 100¾ |
| Japanese 4s, 1931 | J. & J. | 77 |
| Japanese 4½s, 1925 | F. & A. | 77½ |
| Japanese 4½s, 2d ser., '25 | J. & J. | 87¾ |
| Japanese 6½s, 1954 | F. & A. | 87½ |
| Oriental Dev. 6s, 1953 | M. & S. | 85½ |
| Uruguay Ry. 7½s, 1947 | J. & D. | 98 |
| City of Lyons 6s, 1934 | M. & N. | 89½ |
| City of Marseilles 6s, 1934 | M. & N. | 89½ |
| City of Soissons 6s, 1936 | M. & N. | 84½ |
| U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1910 | Q. Jan. | 16 |
| U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1910 | | 12 |
| U. S. of Mex. 4s, small | | 11¾ |
| U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945 | Q. Jan. | 20 |
| U. S. of Mexico 5s | | 11¾ |
| U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954 | | 34 |
| U. S. of Mexico 4s, asmd | | 12 |
| U. S. of Mexico 5s, asmd | | 22 |
| King. of Neth. 6s, 1947 | M. & S. | 97½ |
| King. of Neth. 6s, 1956 | | 96½ |
| King. of Norway 5s, 1940 | A. & O. | 111¾ |
| King. of Norway 6s, 1952 | A. & O. | 97 |
| King. of Norway 6s, 1944 | M. & S. | 97½ |
| King. of Norway 6s, 1940 | J. & J. | 97½ |
| Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958 | F. & A. | 78¾ |
| Paulista Ry. 7s, 1942 | M. & S. | 90 |
| State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941 | J. & J. | 101½ |
| State of Queensl'd 6s, 1947 | F. & J. | 103 |
| State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1945 | A. & O. | 99 |
| Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946 | A. & O. | 99½ |
| Rio Janeiro 6s, 1959 | A. & O. | 80½ |
| Dom. Rep. 5s, 1958 | F. & A. | 101¾ |
| Dom. Rep. 6s, 1942 | M. & S. | 91 |
| State of Sao Paulo 8s, '52 | M. & N. | 101 |
| City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52 | M. & N. | 101 |
| Dept. of the Seine 7s, '42 | J. & J. | 99½ |
| King. of Sweden 6s, 1939 | J. & D. | 102¾ |
| Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940 | A. & O. | 110 |
| Swiss Gov. 5½s, 1949 | | 99 |
| City of Tokio 5s, 1952 | M. & S. | 60¾ |
| Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946 | F. & A. | 105½ |
| City of Zurich 6s, 1945 | A. & O. | 109¾ |
| Un. K. 5½s, 1929 | F. & A. | 106¾ |
| Un. K. 5½s, 1937 | F. & A. | 104 |
| U. S. S. Copen. 6s, 1937 | J. & J. | 90¾ |

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Alaska J. | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| Alb. & Sus. | 190 | 197 |
| All Am C. | 98 | 99½ |
| Alle & W. | 98 | |
| Alli Rly. | 112 | |
| A C & D pf | 114 | 115¾ |
| Allie-Ch. M pf | 94½ | 96 |
| Amal S 1st pf | | 103 |
| Am Arch. | 8 | 8½ |
| Am Bk N. | 118 | 124 |
| Do pf | 84 | |
| Am B Sug pf | 73 | 76 |
| Am B S & F pf | 81 | 82 |
| Do pf | 103 | 106 |
| Am Cap pf | 115¾ | 116 |
| Am C & F pf | 126 | 128 |
| Am Chain, Class A | 21½ | 22½ |
| Am Chicle pf | 70 | 80 |
| Am Cool pf | 88 | |
| Am Cot Oil pfs | 10 | 13 |
| Do pf ctf | 30 | |
| Am Ex Pr | 95 | 97 |
| Am Ice pf | 81¾ | 83¾ |
| Am Le Fr pf | 72 | 74 |
| Fire Sug | 10¾ | 10¾ |
| Do pf | 102 | 104 |
| Am Lith pf | 84½ | 87 |
| Am Ice pf | 113¾ | 116¾ |
| Am Metal | 42 | 43 |
| Am Pneu Ser pf | 113 | 115 |
| Am Sm & R pf | 126¾ | 127¾ |
| Am Steam | 28 | 30 |
| Am Roll M pf | 100 | 103 |
| Am Sumat | 140 | 144 |
| Am Sil Fab pf | 102 | 103 |
| Am S Tob pf | 104 | 105 |
| Am Wat Wks pf | 84½ | 86 |
| Am Wool pf | 97½ | 98 |
| Am Yor pf | 104½ | 105½ |
| Am Writ pf | 97 | 98 |
| Am Wr Pa | 3¾ | 4 |
| Do ctfs | 1½ | 2 |
| Ash Arbor | 11 | 13 |
| Atl Gf & W pf | 98 | 99½ |
| Armstrong Del pf | 97½ | 98 |
| Art Metal | 14½ | 15 |
| Assets R | 6 | 7 |

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Assn P G pf | 93 | 94 |
| A. B & S. | 2 | 2¼ |
| All F ctfs | 1¼ | 1½ |
| Atlas Ptr. | 45 | 50 |
| Do pf | 84½ | 85 |
| Atlas T | 6 | 7 |
| Aus N pf | 82½ | 85 |
| Auto Sales | 2¾ | 3¼ |
| Do pf | 12 | 14½ |
| B & A pf | 89¾ | 91 |
| Bald Loco | 114 | 117 |
| Do pf | 87 | 88 |
| Bay St. L. | 11 | 13 |
| Bayuk Cig | 41 | 45 |
| B'way Surf | 92½ | 96 |
| B-Nut pf | 103 | |
| Beth S pf | 97 | 98 |
| Do pf ctfs | 97½ | 98½ |
| Bon Ami Co | 16 | 17 |
| Booth Fish | 3¾ | 4¾ |
| Bost & Me | 47 | 48 |
| Brill A | 4 | 5 |
| Do 1st pf | 38 | 40 |
| Do 2d pf | 5 | 6 |
| B M & Sh pf | 87½ | 90½ |
| Brown Sh | 41¾ | 43½ |
| Do pf | 87 | 90 |
| Burns Bros | 3¾ | 4 |
| Do pf | 81 | 83 |
| Butt .F | 3 | 4 |
| Do pf | 72 | 74 |
| Butt & S | 100 | 103 |
| Do pf | 84 | 86 |
| Byers Bros | 2 | 3 |
| Do pf | 126 | 130 |
| Bklyn Ver | 65 | 70 |
| B R T | 77 | 78 |
| B C & Z | 27 | 28 |
| Cal & Ariz | 44½ | 46½ |
| Cal & Hec | 14¾ | 15¾ |
| Can So | 53 | 54 |
| Cane Flow | 3 | 4 |
| Cans (J D) | 124 | 126 |
| Do pf | 108 | 109 |
| C R I & P pf | 87 | 88 |
| Cent M E | 22½ | 23 |
| Cent Pow pf | 93½ | 95 |
| Cent Steel | 30 | 32 |
| Do pf | 103 | 105 |
| Moon Mot | 20½ | 20¾ |
| Mo Pac pf | 67 | 68 |
| Mull Body | 31 | 33 |
| Do pf | 86 | |
| Nash Mots | 107 | |
| Do pf | 99 | 100¾ |
| Nat Acme | 24 | 25 |
| Nat Aniline | 46 | 47 |
| Nat Biscuit | 124½ | 126 |
| Nat Cash R | 62 | 64 |
| Nat Conduit | 2 | 3 |
| Nat Enam pf | 97 | 98 |
| Nat Lead pf | 112 | 114 |

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Nat Ry of M 1st pf | 4 | 4½ |
| Nat Ry of M 2d pf | 1¾ | |
| Nat Sug pf | 103¾ | |
| Nat Surety | 155 | |
| N Y N & H | 40 | 45¼ |
| N Y G & E | 40 | 45¼ |
| N Y Air Br pf | 70½ | 84½ |
| N Y Dock | 30 | |
| N Y Ed pf | 90 | |
| N Y Mtge | 24½ | 26 |
| N Y Shipbuild | 37 | 42½ |
| N Y Transit | 85¾ | 86 |
| N Y Trans | 32¾ | 34 |
| Do pf | 90 | 92 |
| N Y Ship | 45 | 53½ |
| Do pf | 93 | 96 |
| Niag Lock & O pf | 58 | 60 |
| Nipissing | 5¾ | 6 |
| Nor Amer | 47½ | 48 |
| Nor Cent | 71 | |
| Nor States P | 113 | 114 |
| Ohio Cities Gas | 31¼ | 34 |
| Ohio Fuel | 22 | 23 |
| Oklahoma Nat Gas | 5 | 5½ |
| Oliver Farm Eq | 22 | 24 |
| Do pf | 109¾ | 110 |
| Omnibus pf | 110¾ | 111¾ |
| Otis El pf | 102¾ | |
| Otis Steel | 27 | 28 |
| Owens Bot | 109¾ | 110 |
| Pan-Coast | 19 | 22 |
| Pan-Am Pet | 47 | 48 |
| Do pf | 82 | 83 |
| Do 2d pf | 76 | 80 |
| Pan Mail | 8¼ | 10 |
| Pan P & T | 24 | 26 |
| Do pf | 69¼ | 72 |
| Par M Corp | 2 | 3 |
| Do pf | 20 | 25 |
| Par-Pub | 90 | 96 |
| Do pf | 97 | |
| Penick & F | 90 | 95 |
| Penn Coal | 12 | 22 |
| Penn Seaboard | 13 | 15 |
| Penn W Md | 46¾ | 47 |
| Do pf | 87 | |
| Peo Gas | 113 | 115 |
| Peo Tr & L | 15 | 16 |
| Pere M pf | 46¾ | 47 |
| Phila Co pf | 49½ | 50 |
| Phillips pf | 98 | |
| Pierce Oil | 2¾ | 3 |
| Do pf | 10 | 12 |
| Pierce Arrow | 15 | 15½ |
| Do pf | 49¾ | 50 |
| Pitts Coal | 98½ | 99½ |
| Do pf | 93 | |
| Pitts C pf | 96½ | 98½ |
| Pitts Term | 2 | 3 |
| Pond Creek | 113¾ | 114 |
| Prairie Oil & G | 110 | 111 |
| Prairie Pipe | 114 | 115 |
| Pr Oil Corp | 112 | 117 |
| Pr Pet | 90 | 95 |
| Pr Steel pf | 86 | 88 |
| Pub Ser Corp of N J | 101 | 102 |
| Pullman | 119 | 119½ |
| Pure Oil | 44¾ | 45 |
| Do pf | 98 | 99 |
| Purity Bak | 114 | 117¼ |
| Radio Corp | 4¾ | 5 |
| Rem Type | 40 | 42 |
| Do 1st pf | 90 | 93 |
| Do 1st pf B | | 90 |
| Repub I & S pf | 84 | 86 |
| Do 1st pf | 70 | 72 |
| Do 1st pf B | | 70 |
| Rossia Ins | 94 | 96 |
| Rutl'g Sug pf | 82 | 86 |
| Ry Sec Corp | 3 | 4 |
| Sanita C & S | 1¾ | 2 |
| Schulte pf | 110 | 113 |
| Sears-R pf | 112¾ | 116 |
| Do pf | 4 | 5 |
| Shat-Wms 1st pf | 100¾ | |
| Shat-Arts | 6¼ | 6¾ |
| Shell Trans | 34½ | 35 |
| Simms Pet | 10¾ | 11¼ |
| Simms Co | 2 | 3 |
| Do pf | 97 | 98 |
| Sinclair Oil | | 30 |
| Do pf | 80 | 84 |
| Sinclair Pipe | 63 | 66 |
| Sinclair Ref | 25 | 26 |
| Do pf | 93¾ | 95 |
| Skelly Oil | 25 | 26 |
| So Pipe Line | 68 | 72 |
| So Porto Rico | 111 | 113 |
| Stand Comm Tob | 97 | 98 |
| Do pf | 80 | 84 |
| Stand Oil Ind | 57¾ | 58 |
| Stand Oil N J | 62 | 63 |
| Do pf | 110 | 111 |
| Stand Oil N Y | 32 | 33 |
| Do pf | 90 | 95 |
| Stand Plate Glass | 3 | 4 |
| Do pf | 20 | 30 |
| Starr Piano | 3 | 4 |
| Do pf | 20 | 30 |
| Stern Bros | 3 | 4 |
| Do pf | 19 | 24 |
| Stewart Warner | 60 | 64 |
| Stokely Bros | 2 | 3 |
| Do pf | 20 | 30 |
| Studebaker | 59 | 60 |
| Submarine Boat | 1¾ | 2 |
| Sun Oil | 115 | 119 |
| Swift & Co | 101 | 101¾ |
| Swift Int | 21¾ | 21¾ |
| Tenn Copper | 17¾ | 18 |
| Texas Gulf Sul | 70 | 72 |
| Texas Pac C & O | 50 | 52 |
| Thompson | 47¾ | 48 |
| Tidewater | 13 | 14 |
| Tob Prod | 61¾ | 62¾ |
| Do pf | 84 | 85 |
| Transcont Oil | 2¾ | 3 |
| Tri-Cont | 3 | 4 |
| Do pf | 10 | 12 |
| Tri-Utilities | 3 | 4 |
| Do pf | 10 | 12 |
| Truscon Steel | 45¾ | 46¾ |
| Do pf | 97 | 98 |
| Underwood | 150 | 160 |
| Union Bag | 97 | 98 |
| Union Oil | 14 | 15 |
| Union Tank Car | 97 | 100 |
| Union Tob | 112 | 113 |
| U Alloy & S | 23¾ | 25¼ |
| U Cig Sts | | |
| Do pf | 112 | 117 |
| U Drug | 70 | 80 |
| Do 1st pf | 46½ | 49 |
| U Dyewd | 3 | 4 |
| Do pf | 33 | 36 |
| Und Elec | 113¾ | 116 |
| Union Oil | ¾ | 1 |
| Un T Car | 97 | 100 |
| U Fruit | 112 | 113 |
| U Gas & E | 23¾ | 25¼ |
| U Ofc Sts | | |
| Do pf | 112 | 117 |
| U Piping | 7 | 10 |
| U Pr & L | 87 | 90 |
| Do pf | 92 | 95 |
| U Retail Stores

# CANADA TO SELL HER BONDS AT HOME

### Will Be Able to Handle 1924 Refunding Without Foreign Aid, Bankers Say.

### NEW OFFERINGS TODAY

### Total of $5,210,000 Marketed Here —$3,000,000 for Luzerne County Gas.

Canada will be able to handle its refunding operations of 1924 without recourse to foreign markets, New York bankers said yesterday. While the House of Commons passed a resolution on Tuesday night authorizing an issue of $300,000,000 of bonds to met maturing obligations, it is not expected that more than $110,000,000 of these bonds will be issued this year. The balance will be available for future requirements.

According to Canadian bankers, the market in the Dominion is under the same influences as that in New York, and current offerings are being absorbed readily. It was thought that a Canadian National Railways issue might be offered here, but the institutional demand for Government bonds has been so strong that it is expected little new capital will have to be drawn from outside countries.

New issues offered here today total $8,210,000. Stroud & Co., Inc., and Bioren & Co. are offering $3,000,000 Luzerne County Gas and Electric Company twenty-year sinking fund convertible gold bonds, due on July 1, 1944. The bonds are guaranteed by endorsement of the American Gas Company and are offered at 90, to yield 7.09 per cent. The company serves a number of coal and industrial companies in Pennsylvania.

A new issue of $750,000 Columbus Joint Stock Land Bank 5 per cent. farm loan bonds due on June 1, 1964, is offered by A. B. Leach & Co. Inc., the Guardian Savings & Trust Company, of Cleveland, and the Ohio National Bank, of Columbus, at 100¾ to yield 4.80 per cent. to the optional date, 1934, and 5 per cent. thereafter.

Stone & Webster, Inc., and Peirce, Fair & Co. have purchased and re-sold privately at par an issue of $700,000 one-year 5 per cent. notes of the Sierra Pacific Electric Company.

The Chicago Trust Company is offering an issue of $550,000 first mortgage 6½ per cent. bonds of the Granda, a five-story apartment hotel located in Chicago. The loan will be reduced semi-annually by payments of $15,000 commencing Aug. 9, 1925, the entire loan maturing in ten years.

Phelps, Fenn & Co. and Putnam & Storer, Inc., are offering a new issue of $210,000 City of Nashua, N. H., 4¼ per cent. gold school bonds due July 1, 1925-1944, at prices to yield 3.35 to 4.10 per cent.

The Argentine Government has approved of plans for the consolidation of the floating debt of the Argentine State Railroads and has authorized the roads to contract an internal loan of 10,000,000 peser pesos to meet overdue obligations, according to information received yesterday.

Offering of bonds in connection with the prospective loan of $30,000,000 to be covered by a first mortgage on the properties of the Dado Electric Power Company of Japan probably will be made next week. The initial offering, it was understood, would be for not more than $15,000,000, proceeds of which will be used to buy equipment for the Japanese hydroelectric company.

## CANNED FOOD VALUE BILLION IN A YEAR

### Output of America's Preserving Industry Six Times as Great as in 1901.

The growing importance of the tin can in the industries and commerce of the United States is illustrated by recent Government figures on the outturn of the establishments devoted to the canning and preserving industries and the distribution of their products throughout the world. The value of the canned foodstuffs passing through the ports of continental United States in 1923 was more than $160,000,000, as compared with about $28,000,000 in the year preceding the war.

Even this $160,000,000 a year of the value of canned foodstuffs passing through our ports is a trifle, says The Trade Record of the National City Bank of New York, when compared with the quantity produced for our own people. The total value of the outturn of the canning and preserving industry in the United States in 1919 was $1,089,475,000, and was more than six times as great as that at the beginning of the century. This includes the canned meats turned out by the great packing establishments. The official figures of the concerns distinctly organized as canning industries alone show that the number jumped from 1,225 in 1899 to 4,290 in 1919; the capital employed from $25,000,000 to $378,000,000; wages paid from $7,500,000 per annum to $66,000,000 and the value of the outturn from $50,000,000 in 1889 to $625,000,000 in 1919.

A point of special interest is the fact that this great industry adds to the permanent foodstuff supply of the country enormous quantities of natural products which would otherwise be lost unless promptly utilized. It was the enormous waste of fruits, vegetables, fish and meats becoming available at certain seasons of the year far in excess of the momentary consuming power of the community, that led to the establishment of the canning and preserving industry. It is little more than a century, says The Trade Record, since the distinguished Frenchman, Appert, gave to the world his invention for the process of hermetically sealing foods for future use especially by the navies, and by 1820 the system had been put to practical use in England, the United States and other parts of the world.

The quantity of perishable food products now transformed into condition available for months and even years after its growth and at points thousands of miles distant from the place of production is beyond computation. The value of the food material used in the canning industry in the United States exclusive of that canned in the great meat packing establishments was in the single year 1919 over $400,000,000, much of which doubtless would have been lost but for this process which has become at the moment rendered permanent by the art of sterilization and the use of the hermetically sealed can. The word "can" as used in this connection is believed to have originated as a bookkeeper's abbreviation of the term canister by which all metallic containers of hermetically sealed goods were designated in the early days of the industry.

The canning industry of this country which developed in the Eastern frontage of the nation, gradually extended to the Mississippi Valley, which supplies much of the corn, vegetables and milk thus utilized, and then to the Pacific coast in the enormous expansion of the supplies of fruits, vegetables and fish. In fruits and vegetables alone the State of California supplied about one-half of the $48 million dollars worth of the outturn in 1921; in preserves and pickles the States of New York and Pennsylvania turned out about one-half of the 118 million dollars of canned output in the country.

Canned goods exported from American shores go literally to every part of the world. The canned peaches exported in 1921 went to 100 different countries and colonies, the canned salmon to eighty-seven, and canned beef to eighty countries and colonies distributed over every part of the world.

### Held for Threatening a Banker.

GLEN COVE, L. I., July 2.—Fred Magna, 16 years old, was held by City Judge William Cocks Jr. without bail for the Grand Jury today on a charge of sending a threatening letter to John Aldred, a banker. The letter demanded that $500 be placed at the entrance of Peacocks Point Lane, under threat of the death of Mr. Aldred's wife and the kidnapping of his daughter.

## BUYING AND SELLING ALTERNATE IN GRAIN

### Wheat Gains as Corn Tends Downward in Nervous and Fluctuating Markets.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, July 2.—Action of the grain markets was nervous, with sharp fluctuations and heavy selling for profits on all strong spots. Closing prices on wheat were well toward the highest of the day, with net gains of ⅝ to ⅞ cent. July corn gained 1 cent, and distant futures were ⅝ to ⅞ cent lower; oats finished with July 1⅛ cents, and other futures ⅝ to ¾ cent lower, while July lost 1⅝ cents. Wheat in the Southwestern markets closed ½ to ⅝ cent higher, Minneapolis ⅝ to ⅞ cent higher, and Winnipeg at one time was up 2½ to 3 cents.

A combination of constructive influences at work in the wheat market exercised a potent effect on values at intervals throughout the day. Liverpool, up sharply at the start, gave the market a strong and higher opening, and later there was the advance in Winnipeg, with heavy buying by exporters and speculators based on dry hot weather in Western Provinces, especially Alberta. Later there was the advance of 4 to 4½ cents in Buenos Aires, which brought in a large wave of buying.

All bulges met heavy selling, the leading houses who bought on Tuesday being conspicuous sellers. A good many million bushels of wheat sold at $1.16 for September, with the selling more easily traced than the buying, but all the wheat disappeared, and July closed at $1.16⅜, or ⅝ to ¾ cent under September.

Reports from Europe indicated a better inquiry and indications that many of the foreign countries would have shorter crops than last year. Cables indicated that foreigners were more disposed to buy.

Primary receipts of wheat were 515,000 bushels; week ago, 675,000; year ago, holiday. Shipments were 630,000 bushels; week ago, 627,000.

Sunshine and prospects of improved weather brought out heavy selling of long corn and turned prices downward, but they rallied and losses were small, considering the heavy selling. July was strong and closed at 97 cents on limited selling, while the principal pressure was on deferred futures, especially December, which scored the heaviest decline. May closed at 86¾ cents, or 1⅛ cents under December.

Crop reports were mixed with the Government's crop bulletin fairly bullish. Private prices were unchanged to ¼ cent higher, with shipping sales 117,000 bushels. Leading holders of cash corn withdrew their offers. Country sales to arrive were slightly larger.

Stop orders selling in July oats carried July down from 54 cents to 51¼, the low point being ¾ cents under the opening, while the finish was at 53 cents. Commission house support developed on the break and a little new buying came in at the last. Cash oats were ⅛ to 1¼ cents lower.

A million bushels of September rye sold by F. S. Lewis were taken by scattered buyers and eventually depressed prices. There were deliveries of 3,000,000 bushels of cash rye on July contracts at Duluth the past two days; this has passed into the hands of shippers and exporters and part of it has been sold.

Corn receipts today were 513,000 bushels; week ago, 437,000; year ago, holiday. Shipments were 372,000 bushels; week ago, 513,000.

**Chicago.**

Today's Chicago prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | $1.25 | $1.23⅜ | $1.24½ | $1.24⅝ | .. |
| July | 1.17⅝ | 1.15⅝ | 1.16⅜ | 1.15⅝ | .. |
| Sept. | 1.17⅝ | 1.16¼ | 1.16⅜ | 1.16⅞ | .. |
| Dec. | 1.20⅝ | 1.19¼ | 1.19⅝ | 1.19⅝ | .. |

CORN.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | .87⅜ | .85⅝ | .86¼ | .97 | .. |
| July | .94⅜ | .93⅛ | .94 | .96⅜ | .. |
| Sept. | .94⅜ | .93¾ | .94 | .94¼ | .. |
| Dec. | .84⅞ | .83⅛ | .83¾ | .84⅜ | .. |

OATS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | .50¾ | .50¼ | .50⅜ | .. | .. |
| July | .51⅜ | .51⅛ | .51⅛ | .54⅛ | .. |
| Sept. | .46⅞ | .45⅝ | .45¾-⅞ | .46⅝ | .. |
| Dec. | .48¾ | .47 | .47⅛ | .48⅝ | .. |

RYE.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| July | .82¼ | .81 | .81½ | .82¼ | .. |
| Sept. | .82¾ | .80⅝ | .81 | .82⅝ | .. |
| Dec. | .85⅝ | .83½ | .83¾ | .85 | .. |

PROVISIONS.

| Lard— | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| July | 10.85 | 10.80 | 10.82 | 10.90 | .. |
| Sept. | 11.12 | 11.05 | 11.05 | 11.07 | .. |
| Oct. | 11.25 | 11.17 | 11.17 | 11.20 | .. |

**Winnipeg.**

Today's Winnipeg prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| July | $1.25 | $1.21⅜ | $1.23½ | $1.21½ | .. |
| Oct. | 1.20¾ | 1.17⅝-18 | 1.18⅛-.19 | 1.17⅜-½ | .. |
| Dec. | 1.17 | 1.14 | 1.14½-⅝ | 1.13⅝ | .. |

OATS.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| July | 44¼ | 43⅝ | 43¾ | 43¼-⅜ | .. |
| Oct. | 45⅛ | 44¼ | 44⅜ | 44⅛ | .. |
| Dec. | 43 | 42⅜ | 42½ | 42⅝ | .. |

## COMMODITY PRICES.

### Spot Cotton Down 100 Points on Crop Estimate—Few Other Changes Noted.

The Government crop report on cotton, which fixed the condition as of June 25 at 71.2 per cent., shattered the expectations of the trade and sent options lower yesterday, operated to weaken price for middling uplands, spot article dropping 100 points, to 29.90 cents. This was the only change of consequence reported in the wholesale markets, although there was some slight improvement in coffee and butter, while lard sagged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Wednesday, a week before, and a year ago:

| | July 2. | June 25. | July 4. |
|---|---|---|---|
| FOODSTUFFS: | 1924. | 1924. | 1923. |
| Wheat, No. 2 red | $1.34 | $1.32¾ | $1.20¼ |
| Corn, No. 2 yellow | 1.10½ | 1.17 | 1.00 |
| Oats, No. 2 white | .64 | .61½ | .54 |
| Flour, Minn. patent | 7.15 | 7.10 | 6.10 |
| Coffee, No. 7 Rio | .15¾ | .15 | .11⅜ |
| Sugar, granulated | .06 | .06 | .06 |
| Butter, cr., 92 score | .41¾@.41½ | .42 | .37½ |
| Eggs, fresh gathered, firsts, per dozen | .27@27½ | .28½ | .29 |
| Lard, Mid. W. | 11.30@11.40 | 11.30 | 11.30 |
| Pork, mess | 26.00@27.00 | 27.00 | 28.00 |
| Beef, family | 19.00@21.00 | 21.00 | 17.50 |
| METALS: | | | |
| Iron, No. 1 Phila. | 21.50@22.50 | 22.50 | 31.50 |
| Steel billets, Phila. | 39.00 | 39.50 | 42.50 |
| Lead | 7.00 | 7.00 | 6.65 |
| Copper | 12.87½ | 12.75 | 14 12½ |
| Tin | 44.62½ | 43.00 | 37.70 |
| TEXTILES: | | | |
| Cotton, mid. upland | 29.90 | 30.15 | 27.25 |
| Printcloths | .05¾ | .06⅛ | .06⅝ |

Range of prices for 1924 to date:

| | Highest. | | Lowest. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat | $1.35½ | June 30 | $1.19 | Mar. 27 |
| Corn | 1.13¾ | July 1 | .82¾ | Jan. 2 |
| Oats | .56 | June 30 | .54⅜ | Jan. 2 |
| Flour | 7.15 | June 28 | 6.15 | Jan. 2 |
| Coffee | .16¾ | Mar. 11 | .10⅝ | Jan. 9 |
| Sugar | .09 | Feb. 14 | .06¾ | June 5 |
| Butter | .43 | Jan. 7 | .35¼ | Apr. 17 |
| Eggs | .48 | Jan. 7 | .23 | Mar. 28 |
| Lard | 13.85 | Jan. 19 | 10.45 | May 29 |
| Pork | 27.00 | May 19 | 24.00 | Feb. 28 |
| Beef | 33.00 | Jan. 2 | 16.00 | Feb. 29 |
| Iron | 24.50 | Jan. 2 | 21.50 | June 19 |
| Steel | 40.00 | Jan. 2 | 39.00 | June 12 |
| Lead | 7.87½ | Feb. 29 | 7.00 | May 23 |
| Tin | 46.75 | May 3 | 39.75 | May 10 |
| Copper | 14.00 | Mar. 3 | 12.25 | June 20 |
| Cotton | 33.70 | Jan. 4 | 24.60 | Mar. 27 |
| Printcloths | .06 | Jan. 5 | .06⅜ | Mar. 28 |

## DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

| Company. | Rate. | Payable. | Holders of Record. |
|---|---|---|---|
| American Clear. | 1⅛ Q | Aug. 1 | July 15 |
| Bordeo Co. | $4 SA | Aug. 15 | Aug. 1 |
| Do pf | $1.50 Q | Sep. 15 | Sep. 1 |
| Do pf | $1.50 Q | Dec. 15 | Dec. 1 |
| Bost. Mass. St. Ry. | | | |
| 1st pf | $3 SA | Aug. 15 | July 31 |
| Do pf B | $3 SA | Aug. 1 | July 16 |
| Edison E. Ill. Bos. | $2 Q | Aug. 15 | July 15 |
| Firestone T. & R. | $1.50 Q | Aug. 1 | July 15 |
| Do 6% pf | 1½ Q | July 15 | July 1 |
| Hart, Schaf. Marx | 1½ Q | Aug. 30 | Aug. 20 |
| Homestake Mining | $40 M | July 25 | July 19 |
| Salt Creek Prod. | 20c M | Aug. 1 | July 15 |
| Do | 20c SA | Aug. 1 | July 15 |

## COTTON PRICES FALL ON 71.2 CONDITION

### Government Figures Cause Break of Cent a Pound and Heavy Selling.

### A SURPRISE TO THE TRADE

### Weekly Weather Summary Proves the Best of the Season—Steadiness at Liverpool.

Yesterday's Government report on cotton proved so much more favorable than the trade had expected that prices broke a cent a pound under the heaviest selling movement of the year. The condition was placed at 71.2 and the acreage at 40,403,000, whereas few private reports had estimated the condition as 70 or above. Based upon the two factors, the department gave an indicated yield of 12,144,000 bales or about 2,000,000 bales in excess of the yield of lint cotton last year. As this condition showed a gain of 5.6 per cent over last month, which brought figures above those of 1920, the selling movement that followed came from all directions. The market broke rapidly for a few moments, then more slowly and closed at the bottom, 93 to 106 points lower than Tuesday.

Just before the report, a sudden covering demand advanced October above 24¼ cents, but when the unexpectedly high figures for both condition and acreage were posted, prices broke rapidly. A quantity of small orders to sell in the event of a condition of 70 or over had been received by various houses during the morning, and the effort to dispose of this cotton broke quotations about half a cent before meeting with substantial demand. On a basis of 24 cents for December and 24½ cents for October contracts changed hands in large volume and for the next hour prices moved slowly lower point by point. As weather had continued favorable over the greater portion of the belt since June 25, when official figures were made up, there was not buying power sufficient to absorb the sudden increase in selling pressure without a decline in quotations. Both here and in New Orleans, the movement grew in volume as prices receded, and while scale buying for trade account appeared during the decline, cotton continued to come on the market in large quantities to the close of the session. Final prices were the lowest of the day and the selling movement still in progress.

Steadiness in Liverpool and the strength of July held new crops around closing figures of the previous day, though trading was not heavy prior to the report, beyond the sale of 5,000 bales in October, which ran prices up around 23 cents. The weekly weather summary proved the best of the season, reflecting improvement over the greater part of the belt. Instead of a frequent use of the word "poor" in State detail this word was not found in the report yesterday, but instead, "fair, very good and excellent" were used to describe conditions.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Previous Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| July | 29.95 | 30.00 | 29.80 | 29.84@29.90 | 29.90 |
| Oct. | 25.20 | 25.32 | 24.15 | 24.18@24.20 | 25.18 |
| Dec. | 24.48 | 24.60 | 23.50 | 23.52@23.55 | 24.48 |
| Jan. | 24.25 | 24.25 | 23.25 | 23.28 | 24.20 |
| Mar. | 24.39 | 24.55 | 23.50 | 23.53 | 24.45 |

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 100 points decline, 29.90 for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 29.50c, 100 points decline; New Orleans, 28.35c, 90 points decline; Savannah, 27.75c, 95 points decline; Augusta, 27.88c, 87 points decline; Memphis, 29.25c, 50 points decline; Houston, 28.50c, 110 points decline; Little Rock, 28.75c, 100 points decline.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

| | Yesterday. | Last Wk. | *Last Yr. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Port receipts | 2,827 | 7,819 | |
| Exports | 10,248 | 4,752 | |
| Exports, season | 5,009,435 | 5,552,277 | |
| N. Y. stocks | 47,054 | 52,170 | |
| Ports stocks | 265,565 | 324,832 | |
| N. Y. arrivals | 1,291 | 911 | |

*Holiday.

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton a fair business doing, 16 points advance, 16.59d for middling. Sales 5,000 bales, of which American 4,000; imports 3,000. Futures opened quiet, 2 to 4 points advance; closed quiet, 6 points advance to 1 point decline. Prices: July 16.64d, Oct. 14.87d, Dec. 14.49d, Jan. 14.39d.

Manchester—Yarns a fair business doing.

Cloths—Good demand for India.

## TO PASS THE BILLION MARK.

### Offerings of New State and Municipal Bonds Above the Average.

The $1,000,000,000-a-year mark which for three years preceding 1924 has been reached in the offerings of new bonds for States and Municipalities will be reached earlier this year than ever before, according to preliminary figures showing the extent of State and municipal borrowings. For the six months ended last June 30, the total was $800,-595,008 against $616,098, 620 for the same period last year, $734,157,276 for the first half of the previous record year, 1922, and $508,002,302 in 1921, when for the first time in history State and municipal borrowings crossed the $1,000,000,000 mark.

A comparison of June and the first six months period of the last ten years is shown in the following table compiled by the Bond Buyer:

| | June | Six mos. and, June 30 |
|---|---|---|
| 1924 | $265,439,834 | $800,595,008 |
| 1923 | 171,081,681 | 616,098,620 |
| 1922 | 169,748,241 | 734,157,276 |
| 1921 | 125,376,521 | 508,002,302 |
| 1920 | 45,081,274 | 249,351,961 |
| 1919 | 92,388,475 | 306,886,442 |
| 1918 | 21,336,792 | 134,103,064 |
| 1917 | 80,411,059 | 215,151,673 |
| 1916 | 47,481,200 | 187,304,750 |
| 1915 | 104,887,610 | 317,156,056 |

The largest individual offering made by a State or city was that of $67,400,-000 of 4¼ per cent. bonds and corporate stock for the City of New York.

### Cattle Markets at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Hog prices dropped to the lowest since last December, with an early top of $7.25 and an average of $6.75. Receipts were higher, 36 cars. Choice beef steers were 15 to 25 cents higher, with $11.10 paid for selections and $10.50 for yearlings and receipts 10,-000. Rest lambs advanced 15 to 25 cents, with sales up to $15.10, the highest since June 20, while sheep were strong. Arrivals of sheep and lambs combined were 15,000. The Chicago stock yards and all the grain exchanges of the country will be closed Friday and Saturday.

## PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts July 1, 18,423 packages. Buyers bidding higher prices. Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 41¾@42¼c; extras, 92 score, 41¾@41½c; firsts, 88@90c; seconds, 86@87½c; lower grades, 34½@35¾c; standards, cars, 90 score, 39¼@39¾c; 89 score, 38¾@39c; 88 score, 38@38½c; 84 to 87 score, 36¼@37¼c; unsalted, higher than extras, 44@45c; extras, 92 score, 43@43½c; firsts, 39@42½c; seconds, 36½@38c; renovated, fresh, 34@35c; ladles, current make, extras, 34@35c; firsts, 31½@32c; seconds, 29½@30c; lower grades, 26@28c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 29@29½c; No. 2, 28c; lower grades, 26@27c.

EGGS—Receipts July 1, 29,818 cases. Trade unsatisfactory. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 31@32c; storage packed, extra firsts, 28½@29½c; firsts, 28@28½c; fresh gathered, extra firsts, 29@30c; firsts, 27@28c; seconds and poorer, 25½@26½c; trade eggs, 24½@26c; dirties, storage packed, No. 1, 25¼@25½c; regular packed, No. 1, dirties, 24½@25c; No. 2 and poorer, 23@23½c; checks, fair to choice, 21½@24c; Jersey and other near-by hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 40@43c; near-by and Western hennery whites, average, mixed colors, extra firsts to extra firsts, 31@35c; near-by fancy selected whites, firsts to extra firsts, 31@35c; near-by whites, undergrades, 29@30c; near-by whites, mediums, 40 to 41 packing at, 39@39½c; Pacific Coast whites, firsts to extras, 31@32c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 27½@33c; Jersey and other near-by and Western hennery browns, extras, 34@38c.

## MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS

### PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Adirondack Power & Light | 94 | 95½ |
| Adirondack Power & Light pf | 93 | 97½ |
| Alabama Trac., Lt. & Power | 46 | 47½ |
| American Gas & Electric | 70 | 71 |
| American Gas & Electric pf | 46 | 47 |
| American Light & Traction | 125 | 127 |
| American Light & Traction pf | 120 | 122 |
| American Power & Light | 254 | 256 |
| American Power & Light pf | 90 | 92 |
| American Public Utilities | 58 | 63 |
| Appalachian Power | 88 | 90 |
| Appalachian Power pf | 88 | 92 |
| Arkansas Light & Power | 42¼ | 44 |
| Arkansas Light & Power pf | 91 | 96½ |
| Carolina Power & Light | 138 | 140 |
| Cities Service | 126 | 126½ |
| Cities Service pf | 78 | 78⅝ |
| Cities Service pf B | 69¾ | 71 |
| Cities Service bankers' shares | 15¾ | 16 |
| Colorado Power | 34 | 35½ |
| Colorado Power pf | 89 | 92 |
| Columbus Ry., Power & Light | 106 | 108 |
| Columbus Elec. & Power 1st pf | 101 | .. |
| Columbus Elec. & Power 2d pf | 97 | .. |
| Commonwealth Power Corp. | 90 | 91 |
| Commonwealth Power Corp. pf | 77 | 78½ |
| Continental Gas & Electric | 87 | 91 |
| Consumers Power | 88 | 91 |
| Eastern Texas Electric, new stk | 63 | 65 |
| Eastern Texas Electric pf | 96 | .. |
| Electric Railway Securities | 15 | 16 |
| Electric Bond & Share | 101¼ | 102¾ |
| El Paso Electric | 101 | 102 |
| Empire Gas & Fuel pf | 85 | 90 |
| Federal Utilities | 10 | .. |
| Federal Utilities pf | 45 | .. |
| General Gas & Electric | 52 | 56 |
| General Gas & Elec. conv. pf | 54 | 57 |
| General Gas & Elec. pf A | 101 | .. |
| General Gas & Elec. pf B | 118 | 122 |
| Galveston-Houston Electric | 23 | 27 |
| Galveston-Houston Electric pf | 70 | 73 |
| Illinois Power & Light pf | 85 | 90 |
| Kentucky Securities Corp. | 65 | 71 |
| Kentucky Securities Corp. pf | 66 | 71 |
| Lehigh Power Securities | 72½ | 73½ |
| Mich. Elec. Ry. pf. A | 6 | 9 |
| Mississippi River Power | 28½ | 29¾ |
| Mississippi River Power pf | 82 | 85 |
| Mountain States Power | 15 | .. |
| Mountain States Power pf | 82 | 87 |
| National Power & Light | 129 | 130½ |
| National Power & Light pf | 89 | 91 |
| North Carolina Pub. Ser. pf | 90 | 91 |
| Northern Ohio Electric | 10 | 11 |
| Northern Ohio Electric pf | 29 | 31 |
| Northern Ontario Lt. & Power | 40 | 45 |
| Northern Ontario Lt. & Power pf | 70 | 72 |
| Northern States Power | 99½ | 103½ |
| Northern States Power pf | 92½ | .. |
| Northern Texas Electric | 58 | .. |
| Northern Texas Electric pf | 68 | 72 |
| Oklahoma Gas & Electric pf | 85 | .. |
| Ohio Cities Gas & Electric pf | 89¾ | 90½ |
| Portland Ry., Lt. & P. | 34 | 36 |
| Portland Ry., Lt. & P. pf | 73 | 76 |
| Power Sec. Corp. | 13½ | 14½ |
| Power Sec. Corp. pf | 42 | 44 |
| Puget Sound Power & Light | 58 | 60 |
| Puget Sound Power & Lt. 6% pf | 78 | 93 |
| Puget Sound Power & Lt. 7% pf | 100¼ | 103½ |
| Republic Railway & Light | 36 | 37 |
| Republic Railway & Light 6% pf | 68 | 70 |
| Sierra Pacific Electric | 17 | 18 |
| Southern California Edison | 97 | 99 |
| Southern Cal. Edison pf | 100 | 105 |
| Southern Cal. Edison 6% pf | 115 | 118 |
| So. Power & Light | 21 | 22½ |
| Standard Gas & Electric pf | 47 | 48½ |
| Tampa Electric Co. | 148 | .. |
| Tenn. Electric Power | 36¼ | 37¾ |
| Tenn. Electric Power pf | 85 | 90 |
| Tenn. Electric Power 1st 6% pf | 78 | 80 |
| Tenn. Electric Power 2d 6% pf | 65 | 66 |
| Tenn. Electric Power 7% pf | 91 | 93 |
| Texas Power & Light pf | 96 | 98 |
| Union Gas & Electric | 96 | 98 |
| United Am. El., bankers' shares | 14¾ | 16 |
| United Gas & Electric | 84 | 86 |
| United Gas & Electric pf | 76 | 79 |
| Vermont Hydro-Elec. pf | 91 | 98 |
| Western Power | 31 | 32½ |
| Western Power 7% pf | 80½ | 82 |
| West Va. Lt., Heat & Power pf | 94½ | 96¾ |
| West. Penn. Power pf | 100 | 102 |

### FOREIGN SECURITIES.

| Security. | Rate | Issue. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Arg. (rescission) | .. | †1945 | 64 | 66 |
| Ar. (unlisted) | 5 | Sept.,†1945 | 75¾ | 79¾ |
| Belg. Restoration | 5 | 1919 | 94½ | 95½ |
| Berlin, Prussia | 5 | 1926 | 79¾ | 80¾ |
| Bolivia | 6 | †1940 | 79¾ | 80¾ |
| Brazil | 4½ | 1853 | 46¼ | 46¾ |
| Brazil | 4 | 1889 | 43 | 43 |
| Brazil | 5 | 1910 | 62 | 64 |
| Brazil | 5 | 1895 | 51 | 53 |
| Brit. Exchequer | 5¾ | †1922 | 88 | 90 |
| British Fund | 4 | Mar.,†1957 | 84¼ | 84¾ |
| Brit. Nat. Ry. B | 4 | †1923-47 | 89¾ | 89¾ |
| Brit. Nat. W. R. | 5 | Oct.,†1927 | 92¾ | 94¼ |
| Brit. Nat. W.-B. | 5 | †1930 | 92¾ | 94¼ |
| British Victory | 4 | Sep.,†1926 | 91 | 91¾ |
| Can. Pac. R. R. (Eur. Iss.) | 5 | †1937 | 101¾ | 101¾ |
| Canada | 5½ | Nov.,†1933 | 103½ | 104 |
| Can. Pac. R. R. (Eur. Iss.) | 5 | †1946 | 67¾ | 68½ |
| Chi., Mil. & St. P. R. R. (E. Iss.) | 4 | †1925 | 60 | 60¾ |
| Chile | 1st 5s | 1911 | 73 | 76 |
| City of Pelotas | 6 | 1911 | 55 | 58 |
| Colombia | 6 | 1915 | 85 | 88 |
| Costa Rica | 5 | 1911 | 90 | 94 |
| Cuba | 5 | †1920 | 99 | 100 |
| French Gov. Ylo. | 5 | Jan.,†1961 | 54¼ | 55½ |
| French Loan | 4 | 1917 | 22 | 30 |
| French Loan | 5 | 1920 | 41¼ | 43½ |
| French Loan | 6 | 1920 | 40½ | 42¾ |
| Italian Par. Loan | 5 | .. | 40 | 42¾ |
| Juris-Orleans Ry. | 6 | †1956 | 40 | 43 |
| Midl. R. R. | 6 | †1960 | 40 | 43 |
| Russian rentes | 4 | 1894 | 6¾ | 8¼ |
| Uruguay | 8 | 1919 | 65 | 68 |

†Maturity date.

### CANADIAN SECURITIES.

| Security. | Rate. | Date. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alberta | 5s | 1926 | 100 | 100¾ |
| Alberta | 5s | 1943 | 97 | 99¾ |
| Alberta | 5½s | 1928 | 101 | 102 |
| Alberta | 5½s | 1947 | 101½ | 102¾ |
| Alberta | 6s | 1930 | 103 | 104¼ |
| British Columbia | 4½s | 1925 | 95¾ | 96¾ |
| British Columbia | 5s | 1926 | 100¼ | 100¾ |
| British Columbia | 5s | 1948 | 97 | 98¼ |
| British Columbia | 6s | 1926 | 101¾ | 102¾ |
| New Brunswick | 5s | 1931 | 100¾ | 101¾ |
| Nova Scotia | 4s | 1952 | 100¾ | 101¼ |
| Nova Scotia | 6s | 1930 | 103¾ | 104¼ |
| Quebec | 5s | 1926 | 100¼ | 100¾ |
| Ontario | 5s | 1926 | 100¼ | 100¾ |
| Ontario | 5s | 1942 | 99½ | 100 |
| Ontario | 5½s | 1937 | 102¾ | 103¾ |
| Ontario | 6s | 1934 | 103¾ | 104 |
| Manitoba | 5s | 1926 | 100¼ | 100¾ |
| Manitoba | 6s | 1946 | 108¾ | 110 |
| Saskatchewan | 5s | 1942 | 97¼ | 99 |
| Saskatchewan | 6s | 1927 | 102¾ | 103¼ |
| Montreal | 5s | 1954-'58 | 99 | 99¼ |
| Winnipeg | 5s | 1943 | 97 | 98¾ |
| Toronto | 5s | 1937 | 98 | 99 |
| Edmonton | 5½s | 1947 | 96 | 96¾ |
| Calgary | 5½s | 1935 | 93 | 95¼ |

### NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

| | Bid. | Ask. | | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| America | 212 | 218 | Fifth | 240 | 250 |
| Am Exch | 300 | 310 | First | 1825 | .. |
| Am Union | 180 | .. | Garfield | 290 | .. |
| Bank of U S | 187 | 195 | Gotham | 155 | .. |
| Bowery | 500 | .. | Greenwich | 375 | 400 |
| Bryant Park | 165 | .. | Harriman | 300 | .. |
| B'way Cent | 165 | .. | Hanover | 900 | .. |
| Bronx Boro | 250 | .. | Manhat. Co. | 158 | 163 |
| Bronx Nat. | 150 | 160 | Mech & M | 373 | 378 |
| Busch & D | 145 | 152 | Mutual | 290 | 315 |
| Capitol Nat. | 124 | 132 | Nat Amer | 135 | 140 |
| Cent Merc | 163 | 168 | New Neth | 300 | 400 |
| Chase | 345 | 352 | Pacific | 300 | .. |
| Chat & P | 254 | 259 | Park | 430 | 438 |
| Chelsea Ex | 147 | 157 | Penn Exch | 105 | 115 |
| Chemical | 1050 | 1058 | Port Morris | 175 | .. |
| Coal & Iron | 363 | 367 | Public | 372 | 382 |
| Colonial | 220 | 230 | Seaboard | 400 | .. |
| Commerce | 400 | .. | Seventh Av | 87 | .. |
| Commercial | 353 | 358 | Standard | 260 | 285 |
| Com'wealth | 345 | 355 | State | 360 | .. |
| Continental | 170 | .. | 23d Ward | 275 | 300 |
| Corn Exch | 447 | 453 | Grade Bank | 140 | 145 |
| Cosmopolitan | 115 | 125 | Wash Hts | 300 | .. |
| East River | 200 | .. | Yorkville | 1200 | .. |
| Fifth Av | 1300 | .. | | | |

### TRUST AND SURETY COMPANIES

| | Bid. | Ask. | | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alliance | 108 | .. | Manufacturers | 330 | .. |
| Amer Surety | 99 | 105 | Metropolitan | 640 | .. |
| Bk N Y & T | 505 | 520 | Mtg Bond | 111 | 116 |
| Bankers | 368 | 373 | Mut T of W | 120 | .. |
| Bond & Mtg | 292 | 298 | Nat'l Surety | 150 | 155 |
| Brooklyn | 497 | .. | N Y City | 900 | .. |
| Central Union | 565 | .. | N Y T & M | 206 | 212 |
| Empire | 275 | .. | Peoples | 415 | 430 |
| Equitable | 212 | 216 | Realty Assoc | 135 | 145 |
| Farm L & T | 650 | .. | Do 1st pf | 80 | .. |
| Fid Mtg | 205 | 215 | Do 2d pf | 62 | 72 |
| Fulton | 290 | .. | Title Guar | 337 | 343 |
| Guaranty | 246 | 252 | Unit States | 1450 | .. |
| Hudson | 215 | .. | Westchester | 220 | .. |
| Irving Nat | 216 | 220 | U S Title G | 160 | 165 |
| Kings Co | 1650 | .. | Westchester | 210 | .. |
| Lawyers Mtg | 155 | 161 | West T & T | 230 | 250 |
| Lawyers T | 192 | 200 | | | |

### SHORT-TERM NOTES.

| Security. | Rate. | Date. | Bid. | Asked. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alum. Co. Am. | 7 | Nov.,1925 | 103 | 103¼ | 4.10 |
| Alum. Co. Am. | 6 | Oct., 1923 | 101 | 101⅜ | 6.00 |
| Am. Thread | 8 | Dec., 1923 | 101¼ | 102¼ | 5.38 |
| Anac. Cop. Co. | 6 | Jan., 1929 | 105⅞ | 106⅝ | 5.35 |
| Anglo-Chile Nit. Co., Ltd. | 7¼ | Apr., 1925 | 102¾ | 102¾ | 3.90 |
| B. & O. R.R. Sec. | 6 | July, 1929 | 102¼ | 102¾ | 5.30 |
| Cent. Argen. Co. | 7 | June, 1925 | 101¼ | 101¾ | 6.40 |
| Cent. States El. | 7 | Mar.1,'29 | 102¼ | 102¾ | 6.35 |
| Chi. R. I. & Pac. | 6 | July, 1929 | 99⅜

MASTER'S SALES.

NEW YORK RAILWAYS COMPANY
NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to a final decree made and filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York on May 31st, 1924, in a certain cause of equity pending in said Court, entitled "The American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company, Plaintiff, against New York Railways Company, Defendant. In Equity. Consolidated Cause No. E 17-39 and No. E 16-153" and in certain Omnibus Causes, and each of them, entitled "Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, Complainant, against New York Railways Company, et al., Defendants, in Equity Nos. E 16-153 to The American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company, Plaintiff, against New York Railways Company, Defendant. In Equity, No. E 16-153" and in certain Omnibus Causes, and each of them, entitled "Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, Complainant, against New York Railways Company, et al., Defendants, in Equity Nos. E 16-153 to E 16-163," the undersigned, Special Master in and by said final decree will sell at public auction without valuation, appraisement, redemption or extension to the highest bidder or bidders at the Court House of the County of New York on the North East steps, facing Chambers Street, of said Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York in the State of New York on July 7, 1924, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the property of the New York Railways Company (hereinafter sometimes called the Railway Company) and of its Receiver described in Subdivision B of Article III of said decree, except cash, investments on hand and income. A description of said property is as follows (the numbering of the Articles, Lots and Parcels being that of said decree):

LOT ONE.

Property to be sold subject to prior lien of South Ferry Railroad Company First Mortgage, dated April 1, 1899, and to the liens in Parcel 2, specified.

PARCEL 1. *Franchises.*

All and singular the grant or license, rights and privileges conferred by the Act of the Legislature of the State of New York entitled "An Act to authorize the construction of a railway from Vesey Street through certain streets in the City of New York to the South Ferry," passed May 20, 1874; and also all the franchises, privileges, benefits, rights and interests connected therewith and all the railroad hereinafter described constructed under and in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act, with all its existing fixtures and appurtenances installed along the route hereinafter described, including particularly, but without in any way limiting the foregoing, all the ducts laid in the streets occupied by the street railway described herein and in the following Parcel 2 of this Lot One.

PARCEL 2. *Railroad.*

Commencing at the northerly side of Vesey Street; thence through and upon and along Church Street, with single track, to Fulton Street, thence along Church Street and Trinity Place with double track to Morris Street; thence through, upon and along Morris Street, with a double track, to Greenwich Street; thence through, upon and along Greenwich Street, with a double track, to Battery Place; thence through, upon and along Battery Place, with a double track to State Street; thence through, upon and along State Street with a single track, to Whitehall Street; thence through, upon and along Whitehall Street, with a single track, to the South Ferry; returning through, upon and along Whitehall Street, to Bowling Green; thence through, upon and along the southerly side of Bowling Green, to connect with double tracks at Battery Place, together with the necessary existing connections, crossings, switches, and turnouts for the proper accommodation of said railway tracks on the said route.

Subject, however, as to the railroads and other property in Parcels 1 and 2 of Lot One described, to whatever right The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company may have by virtue of the agreement dated January 28, 1889, between the South Ferry Railroad Company and The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company to run upon, along and over said tracks, road and route, or any portion thereof, all or so many of its cars as it may elect, and subject also to the rights, if any, under the supplement dated March 1, 1895, to the Mortgage dated August 24, 1893, of Columbus & Ninth Avenue Railroad Company.

The lien of the Refunding Mortgage upon Parcels 1 and 2 of this Lot One is subordinate to the lien of the First Mortgage dated April 1, 1899, of South Ferry Railroad Company and to the First Consolidated Mortgage, dated December 22, 1893, of The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company.

LOT TWO.

Lexington Avenue and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company Property.

PARCEL 1. *Franchises.*

All and singular the grant, license or consent, rights and privileges on Lexington Avenue from 42nd Street to the Harlem River and on 116th Street from Manhattan Avenue to the East River, conferred by the Consent of the Common Council to Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, adopted September 29, 1852, and purchased and now owned by the Lexington Avenue Ferry Railroad Company on January 6, 1853; for the extension on Manhattan Avenue from 116th Street to 119th Street, conferred by the Consent of the Common Council to Metropolitan Railway Company, adopted September 13, 1864; for the extension on Lexington Avenue from 50th Street to 42nd Street, conferred by the Consent of the Common Council to Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, under resolution dated August 1, 1873; for the extension on Lexington Avenue from 86th Street to 42nd Street conferred by the act of the Legislature of the State of New York entitled "An Act to authorize the Avenue C Railroad Company in the City of New York, to extend their railroad tracks through certain streets and avenues in the City of New York," passed February 2, 1871; and also all privileges, rights and franchises thereunto appertaining and all the railroads heretofore described in the next succeeding paragraph of this Parcel 1 of Lot Two constructed under and in pursuances of the provisions of said Consents and said Act, including particularly, but without in any way limiting the foregoing, all title, interest, property, possession, claim and demand therein whatsoever, as well in law as in equity, formerly of Lexington Avenue and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company and/or Metropolitan Street Railway Company, of, in and to the same and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances.

The double-track street railway in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Lexington Avenue between the Harlem River and 27th Street; on 116th Street between Manhattan Avenue and the Harlem River and on Manhattan Avenue between 116th Street and 110th Street; with all its existing fixtures and appurtenances, including particularly, but without in any way limiting the foregoing, all switches and cross-overs thereunto appertaining, and all the ducts laid in the streets occupied by the double-track street railway above described, and all the ducts laid in 25th Street between the Lexington Building and Lexington Avenue. (The track connections at the northerly terminus on Lexington Avenue, from the center line of 32nd Street to the north rail of the westbound track on 34th Street, together with all switches, curves and cross-overs connecting said tracks with the crosstown tracks on 34th Street lying east of the center line of Lexington Avenue, are the property of the New York & Harlem Railroad Company, which also has a franchise on said Avenue between said streets.)

Also all the railroads now existing and constructed upon and along the following route or routes, namely, on Broadway between 10th Street and Bowling Green; on Church Street, from Vesey Street to Fulton Street; on Morris Street from Church Street to Greenwich Street; on Greenwich Street from Morris Street to Battery Place; on Battery Place from Greenwich Street to State Street; on State Street from Battery Place to Whitehall Street; on Whitehall Street from State Street to Bowling Green; thence along the southerly side of Bowling Green to Battery Place; and all switches and crossovers thereunto appertaining, and all privileges, rights and franchises thereunto appertaining, and all the estate, right, title, interest, property, possession, claim and demand therein whatsoever, as well in law as in equity, formerly of Lexington Avenue and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, Broadway Surface Railroad Company and/or Metropolitan Street Railway Company, of, in and to the same and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances, including particularly, but without in any way limiting the foregoing, all the ducts laid in the streets occupied by the railroads described in the supplement dated March 1, 1895, to the Mortgage dated August 24, 1893, of Columbus & Ninth Avenue Railroad Company.

The lien of the Refunding Mortgage upon Parcels 1 and 2 of this Lot One is subordinate to the lien of the First Mortgage dated April 1, 1899, of South Ferry Railroad Company and to the First Consolidated Mortgage, dated December 22, 1893, of The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company.

LOT TWO.

Lexington Avenue and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company Property.

PARCEL 1. *Franchises.*

All and singular the grant, license or consent, rights and privileges on Lexington Avenue from 42nd Street to the Harlem River and on 116th Street from Manhattan Avenue to the East River, conferred by the Consent of the Common Council to Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, adopted September 29, 1852, and purchased and now owned by the Lexington Avenue Ferry Railroad Company on January 6, 1853; for the extension on Manhattan Avenue from 116th Street to 119th Street, conferred by the Consent of the Common Council to Metropolitan Railway Company, adopted September 13, 1864; for the extension on Lexington Avenue from 50th Street to 42nd Street, conferred by the Consent of the Common Council to Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, under resolution dated August 1, 1873; for the extension on Lexington Avenue from 86th Street to 42nd Street conferred by the act of the Legislature of the State of New York entitled "An Act to authorize the Avenue C Railroad Company in the City of New York, to extend their railroad tracks through certain streets and avenues in the City of New York," passed February 2, 1871; and also all privileges, rights and franchises thereunto appertaining and all the railroads hereinafter described constructed under and in pursuances of the provisions of said Consents and said Act, including particularly, but without in any way limiting the foregoing, all title, interest, property, possession, claim and demand therein whatsoever, as well in law as in equity, formerly of Lexington Avenue and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company and/or Metropolitan Street Railway Company, of, in and to the same and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances.

The double-track street railway in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Lexington Avenue between the Harlem River and 27th Street; on 116th Street between Manhattan Avenue and the Harlem River and on Manhattan Avenue between 116th Street and 110th Street; with all its existing fixtures and appurtenances, including particularly, but without in any way limiting the foregoing, all switches and cross-overs thereunto appertaining, and all the ducts laid in the streets occupied by the double-track street railway above described, and all the ducts laid in 25th Street between the Lexington Building and Lexington Avenue. (The track connections at the northerly terminus on Lexington Avenue, from the center line of 32nd Street to the north rail of the westbound track on 34th Street, together with all switches, curves and cross-overs connecting said tracks with the crosstown tracks on 34th Street lying east of the center line of Lexington Avenue, are the property of the New York & Harlem Railroad Company, which also has a franchise on said Avenue between said streets.)

Also all the railroads now existing and constructed upon and along the following route or routes, namely, on Broadway between 10th Street and Bowling Green; on Church Street, from Vesey Street to Fulton Street, thence along Church Street and Trinity Place with double track to Morris Street; thence through, upon and along Morris Street, with a double track, to Greenwich Street; thence through, upon and along Greenwich Street, with a double track to Battery Place; thence through, upon and along Battery Place, with a double track to State Street; thence through, upon and along State Street with a single track, to Whitehall Street; thence through, upon and along Whitehall Street, with a single track, to the South Ferry; returning through, upon and along Whitehall Street, to Bowling Green; thence through, upon and along the southerly side of Bowling Green, to connect with double tracks at Battery Place, together with the necessary existing connections, crossings, switches, and turnouts for the proper accommodation of said railway tracks on the said route.

Subject, however, as to the railroads and other property in Parcels 1 and 2 of Lot One described, to whatever right The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company may have by virtue of the agreement dated January 28, 1889, between the South Ferry Railroad Company and The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company to run upon, along and over said tracks, road and route, or any portion thereof, all or so many of its cars as it may elect, and subject also to the rights, if any, under

MASTER'S SALES.

strous deeds as may be from time to time unnecessary for the operation of said mill-roads, upon the terms and to the extent set forth in Article XII of said decree.

IV. As provided in Article XV of said decree, the Special Master will offer for sale the property in the following manner:

Parcel One. The Special Master will first offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel One all of the property designated and described as Parcels 1 and 2 of Lot One in Article II, and III, and will note the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Two. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Two all of the property designated and described as Parcel 1 of Lot Two in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Three. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Three all of the property designated and described as Parcel 2 of Lot Two in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Four. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Four all of the property designated and described as Parcel 1 of Lot Three in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Five. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Five all of the property designated and described as Parcel 2 of Lot Three in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Six. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Six all of the property designated and described as Parcel 1 of Lot Four in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Seven. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Seven all of the property designated and described as Parcel 2 of Lot Four in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Eight. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Eight all of the property designated and described as Parcel 1A of Lot Four in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Nine. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Nine all of the property designated and described as Parcel 2 of Lot Four in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Eleven. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Eleven all of the property designated and described as Lot Four in Article III, excluding from Lot Four Parcels 1, 2A, 3, 4 and 5 thereof in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

The Court expressly reserves the right to confirm or not to confirm any sale made as provided in said decree and to accept or reject any bid or bids which may be made at any such sale.

V. In the event that there shall be tendered to the Special Master any bid for or offer to purchase the property, or any parcel or any item of any parcel in said decree described and directed to be sold, which is made conditional upon or subject to any terms or conditions differing from or in addition to those imposed by the provisions of said decree, the Special Master shall, notwithstanding such variation from the provisions of said decree, receive and report such bid or offer to said Court, together with the highest unconditional or unqualified bid or bids, if any, received in the manner therein directed. Further, the Special Master, upon the request of any person who as hereinafter provided is entitled to bid at the several items of Parcel Eleven herein mentioned shall have qualified as a bidder, is authorized to offer for sale separately any item or items referred to in Article III of Lot Four, Parcel 2, Group I, of said decree and note the highest bid therefor, which bid shall be reported to said Court together with the other bids made and accepted by the Special Master. The Court reserves the right in the event that it shall deem any conditional or qualified bid or offer to be more or less advantageous than the highest unconditional or unqualified bid or bids reported, to ratify said decree and accept and confirm such conditional offer or qualified bid or offer, and in that case to reject the unconditional or unqualified bid, if any, reported by the Special Master as aforesaid.

VI. In making the said sale the Special Master will accept no bid from anyone offering to bid, who shall not at least twenty-four hours prior to any offering of the property for sale under this special decree of sale, the Special Master have deposited with the Special Master and have delivered to him as a pledge that he will make good his bid in case of the acceptance:

1. In the case of Parcel One, $1 in cash.

2. In the case of Parcel Two, $60,000 in cash or by certified check, or $300,000 face amount of Lexington Avenue Bonds in bearer form, and if in coupon form, accompanied by the coupon due March 1, 1920, and all subsequent coupons.

3. In the case of Parcel Three, $60,000 in cash or by certified check, or $300,000 face amount of Lexington Avenue Bonds in bearer form, and if in coupon form, accompanied by the coupon due March 1, 1920, and all subsequent coupons.

4. In the case of Parcel Four, $3,100 in cash or by certified check, or $15,500 face amount of Refunding Mortgage Bonds in bearer form, and if in coupon form, accompanied by the coupon due July 1, 1919, and all subsequent coupons.

5. In the case of Parcel Five, $10,000 in cash or by certified check, or $50,000 face amount of Refunding Mortgage Bonds in bearer form, and if in coupon form, accompanied by the coupon due July 1, 1919, and all subsequent coupons.

6. In the case of Parcel Six, $1 in cash.

7. In the case of Parcel Seven, $50,000 in cash or by certified check, or $250,000 face amount of Refunding Mortgage Bonds in bearer form, and if in coupon form, accompanied by the coupon due July 1, 1919, and all subsequent coupons.

8. In the case of Parcel Eight, $200,000 in cash or by certified check, or $1,000,000 face amount of Refunding Mortgage Bonds in bearer form, and if in coupon form, accompanied by the coupon due July 1, 1919, and all subsequent coupons.

9. In the case of Parcel Nine, $1 in cash.

10. In the case of Parcel Ten, $1 in cash.

11. In the case of Parcel Eleven, $20,000 in cash or by certified check, or $40,000 face amount of Refunding Mortgage Bonds, and in the case of any item of the securities mentioned in said Parcel Eleven (if any person shall desire to qualify to bid separately for any item of such securities) $1,000 in cash or face value or principal amount of such item in cash, or in lieu of cash, 10% of the face value or principal amount of such item in such amount, if allowed preferred choice.

Whenever any of the above amounts are deposited by certified check the check shall be drawn to some national bank or trust company having an office in the City of New York, acceptable to the Special Master, and made or endorsed payable to his order.

The deposit received from any unsuccessful bidder shall be returned to him at the conclusion of the bidding. The deposit received from the successful bidder or bidders shall be applied on account of the purchase price of the property sold to the bidder or bidders, if the successful bidder or bidders shall in accordance with the provisions of said decree, be forfeited in the event of his or their failure to comply with any order of said Court requiring payment in full or on account of the balance of the purchase price.

The Special Master will not accept any sum bid:

For PARCEL ONE less than $1.
For PARCEL TWO less than $300,000.
For PARCEL THREE less than $300,000.
For PARCEL FOUR less than $31,000.
For PARCEL FIVE less than $100,000.
For PARCEL SIX less than $1.
For PARCEL SEVEN less than $500,000.
For PARCEL EIGHT less than $2,000,000.
For PARCEL NINE less than $1.
For PARCEL TEN less than $1.
For PARCEL ELEVEN less than $200,000.

If at least said respective sums shall not be noted, as hereinbefore provided, as bid for any of said separate Parcels, the Special Master will adjourn the sale of such Parcel or Parcels for which a bid in the required amount shall not have been so noted, and will apply to said Court for further instructions with respect thereto. If, however, at least said sum shall be bid for each or said respective Parcels One, Two, Three, Four, Five, Six, Seven, Eight, Nine, Ten and Eleven, then said bids will be accepted and the property struck down to such bidder.

VII. On the day of such sale, the deposits made by the accepted bidder or bidders shall be forthwith returned to such bidder or bidders, any successful bidder may elect to transfer any successful deposit or part thereof to the purchase of the whole or in part and all or any part of his rights or interest under such decree as such successful bidder.

VIII. The purchaser (which term as used in this section includes the plural as well as the singular and includes any person in any manner procuring or qualified to procure the possession of the property or any part thereof, whether such person shall have received or shall be entitled to receive such possession pursuant to delivery or assignment from the Special Master, the Receiver or the original purchaser or purchaser) to the extent permitted by said decree and otherwise in accordance with the provisions thereof, may turn over to the Special Master on account of the purchase price of the property so purchased, at their distributing value, Lexington Avenue Bonds and Refunding Mortgage Bonds, and the unpaid coupons thereunto appertaining, and on account of the purchase price of the unmortgaged property, at their distributive value, allowed preferred claims against the Railway Company entitled to share in the distribution of the proceeds of sale.

In case of turning over to the Special Master Lexington Avenue Bonds and the funding Mortgage Bonds and coupons as aforesaid, the said Bonds and coupons so delivered must be accompanied with the Special Master as provided in Article XVI of said decree, the Special Master may accept the certificate of any national banking company with an office in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, having a capital, surplus and undivided profits of at least $1,000,000 to the effect that the said bank or trust company holds subject to the order of the Special Master the amount specified in such certificate of Lexington Avenue Bonds, Refunding Mortgage Bonds, or any of said bonds, in bearer form and accompanied by the coupons, if any, stated in said certificate.

The purchaser shall not be required to see to the application of the purchase money, nor be answerable in any manner whatsoever for any misapplication or non-application of any such purchase moneys or of any part thereof.

Within the property both real and personal, hereby directed to be sold, may be inspected by intended bidders subject to such reasonable regulation as the Receiver may prescribe.

VIII. Any purchaser of the property described in said decree, or of any parcel thereof, and whether or not he has exercised or used any rights thereunder, shall have the right, within six months after the delivery of the deed or other instruments of conveyance or transfer by the Special Master of the property purchased by him, or within such additional period as said Court may hereafter by its order or decree permit, to elect not to assume or adopt any lease or contract made or assumed by the Railway Company or by the Receiver, which is part of the property embraced in such deed or instruments of conveyance or transfer. Such election shall be made by instrument in writing signed by the said purchaser and shall contain a general description of the contracts or leases which he elects not to assume or adopt; and shall be filed with the clerk of said Court within the aforesaid period.

IX. By the provisions of said final decree, all matters not by said decree determined are referred to said Court for future determination and adjudication.

X. For a more particular description of the property to be sold and of the terms of sale, reference is made to the provisions of said decree and for a statement of the liens and claims subject to which certain of said property is sold and for the reports of the Receivers filed or to be filed as in said decree provided and for other information, intending purchasers are hereby referred to said decree and to the record and testimony in said Consolidated Cause No. 1, also consolidated causes on file in the Office of the Clerk of said Court in the Southern District of New York.

XI. The Special Master will report the result of said sale or sales to said Court at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on July 3, 1924, or in the event said sale shall be adjourned then on the day following the conclusion of the bidding at such adjourned sale or sales, at Court Room No. 101, Old Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for such orders, judgments, or decree as may by said Court be deemed proper or advisable and by the provisions of said decree said Court reserves the right at any time either to adjourn or postpone the hearing upon such report of the Special Master or at said time or at any other time to make such further order or orders as required or deemed advisable, to order the approval or disapproval of said sale or sales, to order such further and other sales, if any, as may be deemed advisable and to enter such order or orders in the premises upon said bids being so reported, as said Court may deem proper, as provided by said final decree.

Notice is hereby given that the above mentioned causes are, and each of them is, set for further hearing before said Court at the time and place of the making of the above directed report to said Court, and such hearing will be without any further notice to any party.

Dated, May 28, 1924.

NATHANIEL A. ELSBERG,
Special Master.

STETSON, JENNINGS, RUSSELL & DAVIS,
Solicitors for Complainant, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as a Trustee, 120 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LARKIN, RATHBONE & PERRY,
Solicitors for Complainant, Central Union Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, 60 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of UNITED STATES PAPER MANUFACTURING CORPORATION AND DURHAM PAPER & PULP CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells this Thursday, July 14th, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 552 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, fixtures, &c.

CHARLES MARSHALL, Receiver.
ROSENBERG & BALL, 74 Broadway, New York City, Attorneys for Receiver.

TANZER & LANE, 261 Broadway, New York, Attorneys for Receiver.
Inspection July 11th and 12th.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of K. & L. LADIES' GARMENT CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this Thursday, July 3d, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 41 West 17th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cloth, suits, machinery, tables, fixtures, &c. Also the receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of the lease of the said premises.

ALICE E. MORGAN, Receiver.
GINSBERG & GINSBERG,
Attorneys for Receiver, 132 Nassau St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GOLDSTEIN SONS TORIO, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, July 14th, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 199 Lafayette St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' shoes, machinery used for manufacturing shoes, fixtures, etc.

BENJAMIN LESSER, Receiver.
EPSTEIN & EPSTEIN, Attorneys for Receiver, 2 Rector St., New York.
Inspection July 11th and 12th.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS BERRARD, trading as FUR EXCHANGE OF FIFTH AVE., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this Thursday, July 3rd, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 425 5th Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of fur coats, scarfs, skins, machinery, up-to-date showroom fixtures, &c.

JOSEPH T. STEARNS, Receiver.
SILVER & SILVERMAN, Attorneys for Receiver, 220 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID SILBERBERG, trading as SILBERBERG SPECIALTY SHOP, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, July 10th, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 286 Lenox Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dry goods, furniture, fixtures, etc.

MARY B. PEAKE, Receiver, 165 Broadway, New York.
Inspection July 9th and 9th.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH WOLFE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, July 3rd, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 523 5th Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of fur coats, scarfs, skins, machinery, up-to-date showroom fixtures, &c.

JOSEPH T. STEARNS, Receiver.
SILVER & SILVERMAN, Attorneys for Receiver, 220 Broadway, New York City.

MARSHAL'S SALES.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—Southern District of Florida.—By virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida, on the 24th day of June, 1924, notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction for cash, on Monday, the 14th day of July, 1924, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Forsyth Street door of the Post Office, Jacksonville, Florida, the four-mast Schooner "Commack," her machinery, boats, tackle, apparel, appurtenances and furniture as she now lies anchored opposite Commodore's Point, Jacksonville, Fla.

B. E. DYSON,
United States Marshal.

RECEIVERS' SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of New Jersey.—In the matter of LOUIS JANIKER and SAMUEL ADLER, individually and as partners, trading as CLERMONT SILK MILLS, Alleged Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Notice of Sale.

Take notice that the undersigned receiver will sell, at public auction, subject to the confirmation of said court, the silk manufacturing plant, machinery, looms, furniture, fixtures, silk manufactured, unmanufactured and in process, belonging to said alleged bankrupts, located at the place of business of said bankrupts, No. 7 Bridge Street, in the City of Paterson, County of Passaic, and State of New Jersey, on Monday, July 7th, 1924, at 10 A. M.

PAUL MULLER, Receiver,
care Fromberg Silk Company, 163 Madison Avenue, New York City.
HILDYER & HILDER, Attorneys of Receiver, 790 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

WHAT ABOUT YOUR OLD CAR?

Thousands of automobilists consult the Automobile Exchange columns of The New York Times for bargains in used cars.

Telephone Lackawanna 1000 for particulars.

# BUSINESS WORLD

## COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.....3½@3¾% for the best names.
Tuesday.....3½@3¾% for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

### Will Display 175 Models.

Fifty manikins will display 175 Fall and early Spring models at the pageant of fashions to be conducted by the Model Creators' Association at the Hotel Astor on Thursday evening, July 17. Furs, wraps, gowns, coats, suits, dresses, sports wear and knit wear will be displayed. Eva Frisk, Northwest prize-winning beauty; Martha Gonsalves, Esther Muller, Ann Buckley, Florence Brooks and many of the Follies girls will be in the ranks of the manikins who will parade the runway.

***

### Has Added Line of French Goods.

Although the war has been over for more than five years, so much feeling still exists against German merchandise in some parts of the country that a prominent local cutlery importing house has had to take on a line of French goods in order to keep business up to the desired point. Heretofore it had carried German cutlery exclusively, except during the war. At that time it switched to domestic goods, and still handles quite a few articles made in this country. The French cutlery handled is said in some respects to surpass the German in quality, the charge being made that much of the merchandise now produced by German workmen is made to sell at a price regardless of the quality. This was said to be especially true of manicure scissors, in which the making of the curved points is not so accurately done in many cases as it was before the war.

***

### Offers Course in Silk Testing.

A course of instruction in methods of silk testing will be given at the laboratories of the United States Testing Company, Inc., from July 14 to August 15, it was announced yesterday. The course will be given under the supervision direction of W. F. Edwards, director of research, and will include actual testing studies carried on in various departments. In all, eighteen subjects will be dealt with. During recent years many applications have been received for permission to spend a few weeks in the testing houses in order to learn the methods and instruments used in silk testing. This arrangement did not prove satisfactory because of the superficial knowledge obtained, and the definite course of instruction was decided upon.

***

### More Ribbon Activity Expected.

Fall buying of ribbons has tended to drag somewhat. The road business reported so far is described as only fair, the same tendency being noted as in the case of most silks generally. Some buttons-up in both the millinery and ready-to-wear trades, continue their policy of holding off buying, but it is expected that some break in this trade deadlock will be noted about the middle of this month. Novelties are the leading feature of the Fall in both the wide and narrow merchandise. Satin faced metallic effects seem to lead. From the standpoint of volume, the narrow staples are in most demand, but the outlook for wide numbers is considered just as good as it was last year at this time.

***

### Too Many Similar Fabrics?

When the progress that the leather finished fabrics are making for Fall is discussed in the dress goods trade, the comment usually is that they are meeting with quite severe competition from cloths that look like them but are considerably lower in price. Since the leather finished weaves were first introduced by the recognized leaders in the production of high-grade dress goods, practically every mill catering to the women's wear trade has included similar fabrics in their lines. These cloths are not made of the same high quality yarns, nor are they finished to the same finish, but they look like them and, according to market comment, have a marked price appeal, which seems to be the deciding factor with some manufacturers. The question has been raised as to whether the introduction of these similar fabrics is not a real factor toward weakening the vogue of the leather finished cloths. The principal producer, however, takes the stand that they will lead until the straightline silhouette goes out, of which there is yet no sign.

***

### A Little More Fall Buying.

Some of the leading women's wear mills are getting a little more Fall business. One of the best known, it was said by its executives yesterday, has noticed a comparative improvement over the last three weeks. This mill is now operating on a little fuller time than was the case recently, but it is not working at capacity, as was rumored in the trade during the week. Claims are made that it has about 45 per cent. of its usual Fall production on its books. This figure, considering the average for the dress goods trade, is exceptional and does not hold true to most of the mills. One explanation is that the mill in question has achieved much wider distribution for the Fall, particularly among retail distributers.

***

### Not Much Change in Hosiery.

Aside from the fact that white hosiery now leads in demand in both sheer and regular weights, the primary market has shown little change of late. Trade is distinctly spotty, with prices slightly firmer, but still showing signs of unsteadiness. Much of the buying activity is confined at the moment to novelty lines, men's silk and artificial silk specialties, and children's and misses' fancy mercerized seven-eighths merchandise. Ribbed cotton sport hose has moved somewhat better lately. The feature of the infants' end of the market is the reported decline of about 5 per cent. in prices.

***

### Cotton Drop Hit Gray Goods.

The drop in cotton that followed the Government report on the crop condition put an effective check on trading in gray goods here yesterday. Some business was done before the report came out, but after that the situation was described as one in which sellers were not anxious to sell or buyers to buy. In the morning's trading were included sales of 39-inch 80-square printcloths at 13 cents, 39-inch 68-72s at 10 cents and 38½-inch 64-60s at 9 cents. Not much was done in the fine-yarn goods or specialties, but in the sheetings there were transactions in 37-inch 48-squares (four-yard) at 10¾ cents and in 36-inch 6.15s at 7⅞ cents.

***

### Burlap Trading Eases Off.

The first break in the activity that has marked trading in burlaps here lately came yesterday, with the result that spot 40-inch, eight-ounce cloths, which had been quoted as high during the week as 6.25 cents, dropped back to 5.90 cents. Spot heavyweights are unavailable and no quotation was made on them. Lightweight goods to arrive were quoted at 5.80 cents, while all the way from 5.35 to 5.70 cents was asked for 40-inch, 10½-ounce goods to arrive. The respective prices for July shipment from Calcutta were, according to C. E. Rockstroh & Co., Inc., 6 and 6.10 cents, with August-September shipments held at 6.00 cents for lights and 7.05 cents for heavies. Some resales of goods in the latter positions were offered at concessions ranging up to 20 points, with few, if any, takers. Calcutta is reported firm, but buyers are not altogether certain that recent advances there can be maintained.

***

### Underwear Buying is Irregular.

Irregularity characterizes the heavyweight underwear division, in which buyers are said by the special letter of the National Association of Hosiery and Underwear Manufacturers to be marking time until the August cotton crop report is received. Little business is expected until after that time. Meanwhile a few fill-in orders for lightweight goods are being received, as consumer buying is gradually reducing stocks in the hands of the retailers and jobbers. Production of the underwear mills is now set at about 40 per cent. of capacity, compared with 63 per cent. last month and 80 per cent. two months ago. No price changes are in prospect at the moment.

## BUSINESS NOTES.

Ninety-six member firms of the Silk Association of America will close tomorrow and Saturday, according to information supplied by the association yesterday. Sixty-seven other firms have expressed intention to close if this action is taken generally.

Sam Friedman is now connected with the College Company, 24 Fifth Avenue, assisting Louis Rosenstein in the buying of women's ready-to-wear.

# JOBBERS OPPOSE SANITARY LABEL

## Garment Association Will Ask Governor Smith's Commission to Alter Its Decision.

Standing firmly for the right of jobbers to buy in the open market garments which do not bear the sanitary label suggested by Governor Smith's Special Mediation Commission, Samuel Blumberg, counsel, Joseph Engel, President, and Maxwell Copeloff, Vice President of the Merchants Ladies' Garment Association announced last night that they would appear before the Governor's Commission today in an effort to have it "reconsider" its decision on this point.

The report of the commission for a solution of the ills of the garment industry has been accepted by the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union, the American Cloak and Suit Manufacturers' Association, which is an organization of sub-manufacturers and virtual acceptance has been indicated by the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, the large concerns having "inside" shops.

No intimation of the attitude of the Governor's Commission could be learned last night, but it was reported that there would be no change in its position for the jobbers spent most of Tuesday in a vain attempt to have the commission modify its ruling.

The union has already discounted the attitude of the commission and last night Morris Sigman, President of the needleworkers' organization, announced that the cloak and suit industry of New York was on the eve of a general strike of 50,000 workers "precipitated by the refusal of the Merchants Ladies' Garment Association to accept the recommendations of Governor Smith's Advisory Commission.

The jobbers directors had an all day session yesterday which culminated in a mass meeting of the entire membership following which a formal statement was issued.

In their statement the jobbers said that while Governor's commission based its findings upon a sincere belief that they were for the best interests of the industry "the commission has overlooked one fact, and that is the inalienable right of a merchant to buy his merchandise from whom he wishes where he may choose without strings attached to him which would act as a serious deterrent to his operations."

So far as goods furnished by the jobbers to sub-manufacturers to be made into garments the jobbers said there was no objection, but that such garments be made in shops manned by the union. There are some jobbers, it was said, who are also willing that goods bought outright from contractors or sub-manufacturers or others in the metropolitan district shall be only merchandise made under union conditions.

"But the recommendation of the commission goes further and stipulates that the jobber shall not order garments to be made except in shops in which the union label is displayed, even if he does not bear this label," the statement continued. The statement then goes on to say that outside of the metropolitan district are many non-union shops conducted in a sanitary manner and that the jobber sometimes find it to their interest to order goods in these shops.

Such garments would be brought into New York not bearing the union label and would be a violation of the proposed agreement, it was said. The jobbers said that many out-of-town concerns make styles which the New York jobbers wish to buy and the proposed label would bar them from buying such garments.

The statement continued:

"To deprive the jobber of the privileges of buying out of town would be a type of suppression which is not only un-American but it deprives the jobber of his right to purchase in the open market the same as retailer would or as the consumer buys in his local store. No retailer would stand for a group of manufacturers telling him that he must place his orders with that group to the exclusion of all others. Nor would any citizen listen to dictation directing him to order from any given store or group of stores. On the same premise the jobbers must protect their right to make their outright purchases of garments, out of town, where they may buy to the best advantage. The union provision, recommended by the commission, would deprive the jobber of this right.

"And further, there are some jobbers who maintain their right to purchase in the open market, even in New York. They contend that it is their right to buy from whom they please, regardless of whether the maker of the garments operates a union shop or not. If every shop in New York were unionized, both large and small, this form of competition against the members of the Merchants Ladies' Garment Association would be eliminated, but as long as there remain any non-union shops, regardless of their size, the competition of jobbers who deal with these shops will be present.

"There are many jobbers in other markets than New York who buy garments in the New York market. They would not be bound by the commission's recommendation and would add further to the unfair competition that would be established because of their ability to buy from whom they might select.

"Taking it all in all the union has imposed upon a group of jobbers represented by the Merchants Ladies' Garment Association, a hardship which is particularly emphasized because it does not apply to the great majority in number of the producers and distributors of women's coats and suits."

In its statement, the garment union declared that the position taken by the jobbers has rendered futile the work of Governor Smith's commission for the last three weeks.

"For the jobbers to reserve their right to buy non-union garments, said the statement, was "clearly a repudiation of the very essence of the agreement and implies a total lack of good faith."

It was also said by union that the jobbers refused to accept the suggestion of the Governor's commission that the jobbers shall regularly furnish the union with a list of the names and addresses of the sub-manufacturers making garments for them. The jobbers, instead of acceding to the registration of names as suggested by the commission, according to the union, signified their intention of filing a list of names "in the same manner as has been done in the past."

"In other words," the union statement added, "the jobbers refuse to concede the request of the union for system and uniformity in the industry and prefer to stick to the chaos and disorganization of the past."

# ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning LACkawanna 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—Kay Clothing Co.: Mr. Klivans, high shade canton crepe dresses; 147 W. 33d. (G. Silver.).

BALTIMORE—The Hub: Miss S. Goodman, dresses; 1,150 B'way. (P. Lilienthal, Inc.).

BALTIMORE—Varsity Underwear Co.: L. H. Weil, cotton piece goods; Pennsylvania.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Louis Saks Clothing Co.: L. Saks, ready-to-wear; J. M. Saks, men's clothing; 220 8th Av. (F. Atkins); Pennsylvania.

BUFFALO—Hess & Kelly Co.: Mrs. T. Flanagan, jobs muslin underwear; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).

BUFFALO—L. L. Berger & Co.: L. L. Berger, ready-to-wear, furs; 370 7th Av.

CHICAGO—Leon Loeb, manufacturing jeweler, 36 Grand St., Brooklyn, N. Y., to Standard Egg Co. for $1,340; Coulter & Coulter, $460, and Gold & Wilk, $417. Judge Campbell has appointed John H. Gamaldi receiver, in bond of $2,000.

### Petitions Filed—By

RUPERT WEIDNER, embroidery, 395 East 181st St. Liabilities, $17,280; no assets. The Reno Realty Co. is the principal creditor on a claim for $12,894.

LENA ROSENZWEIG, jewelry, Mt. Kisco, N. Y. Liabilities, $13,163; assets, $8,811.

PATRICK J. McGRATH, boxmaker, 1,841 72d St., Brooklyn. Liabilities, $3,922; assets, $1,000.

LILLIAN IMPERIALE, real estate, 305 President St., Brooklyn. Liabilities, $13,-210; no assets.

### Assignment.

BECKIE SCHERTS, manufacturing umbrellas, at 162 Essex St., to Louis Feier.

### Receivers Appointed.

SAMUEL A. COHEN, doing business as Prudential Woolen Mills, 308 4th Av. Lesser D. Volk appointed ancillary receiver under $1,000 bond by Judge Goddard.

### Schedules Filed.

RADCLIFFE TURBINE DRIVE CO., INC., 28 West 44th St. Liabilities, $68,987; assets, unknown. Principal creditors are Turbine Transmission Co., $11,000; A. Krour, $7,914; Dr. Edwin S. Steese, $5,251; Charles W. Diehl, $3,126.

ROYAL WEARING APPAREL, 2,143 Third Avenue and 1,518 First Avenue. Liabilities, $16,875; assets, $3,900, main item being stock, $3,000. Principal creditors are Exquisite Garment Co., $1,541; Krull Bros., $1,021.

JACOB METZGROFF, manufacturing furrier, 227 West Twenty-seventh Street.—Liabilities, $16,079; assets, $5,000, main item being stock, $4,000.

HALSTED WALKER, hardware, Nyack, N. Y.—Liabilities, $5,787; assets, $1,201.

HERMAN H. PIEPER, grocer, Monsey, N. Y.—Liabilities, $3,897; assets, $1,635.

### Corporations Confirmed.

Falcon Costume Co., Inc., 206 Fifth Avenue, 25 per cent.; Jeanette Ulanov, doing business as Madame Ulanov, women's apparel, 38 West Forty-ninth Street, 15 per cent.; Barnard Weiss, doing business as Weiss's, children's apparel, 957 Southern Boulevard, 20 per cent.

### Bankruptcy Discharges.

Charles De Salve and Sol Klein, composing the firm of Charles De Salve & Co., stock brokers, 30 Broad Street; James Rosenberg, 347 Madison Avenue; Herman Broskow, 102 Fulton Street; Abraham Fishel, 1,538 Minford Avenue; Joseph Galburd, 1,539 East 174th Street; Samuel Harris, formerly treasurer of the D. H. Shirt Co., Inc., 715 Broadway; Morris Riemer and Samuel Weisenberg, doing business as R. & W. Clothing Co., 127 Grand Street; Jacob Shavelor, furrier, 5 East 116th Street; Isidore J. Cohen, 108 Hopkins Avenue, Brooklyn; Alexander Schepps, 554 Fourth Street, Brooklyn; William Pinghaus, 338 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn.

### Out of Town.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ROCHESTER, July 2.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Rochester Knit Goods and Four-Lamp Garage, manufacturers. William F. Munger, doing business as the Munger Man Co., makers of maps, filed a petition in bankruptcy today, listing liabilities at $12,822, assets at $4,300 and secured claims at $1,675.

*Special to The New York Times.*

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 2.—John D. Murphy, farmer and stock dealer of Odell, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities of $58,560 and assets, $25,200.

John A. Wheeler, farmer and stock dealer of Astoria, filed a voluntary petition with liabilities at $23,385 and assets, $870.

Mrs. Bonnie Wheeler, his wife, also filed petition scheduling liabilities of $26,138 and assets of $27,300.

*Special to The New York Times.*

UTICA, July 3.—Joseph C. Rahn, former superintendent of a knit underwear mill at Utica, filed a petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities of $18,530 and no assets.

## JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

### In New York County.

Allen, Clarence M. and James Templeton—Industrial Comm. State N. Y.....$1,966.00
Altman, Harry—J. Reiter.....$452.41
Ainsbinder, Maurice—Auto Brokerage Co., Inc.....$1,114.70
Blyo, Philip—Krakowitz et al.....$461.78
Brecher, Morris, and Louis Levitan—M. Schoenfeld.....$141.00
Battrick, Frank D.—J. Douglas.....$116.70
Bahrenburg, Alfred K.—Auto Brokerage Co., Inc.....$206.17
Borgo, Gaetano—Bloomingdale Bros., Inc.....$195.97
Barbarino, Salvatore—R. T. West.....$315.41
Brown, Ray S.—H. Kruman.....$2,287.13
Blue Star Dairy Co., Inc.—Maryland Casualty Co., Inc.....$116.92
Bossi Tires—Lee Tire & Rubber Co. of N. Y., Inc.....$450.76
Booth & Flinn, Ltd.—L. Altman, costs.....$63.85
Boyesen, Hjalmar H.—F. J. Parker.....$1,114.20
Barkowitz, Philip and Martz—C. Mellick.....$40,07.04
Same—C. Mellick.....$6,077.44
Boyesen, Hjalmar H.—H. Parker.....$6,151.66
Carroll, Bradish J., Jr.—D. N. Barrows.....$478.70
Conover, Theresa—J. T. Conover.....1924 costs $136.38
Chapman, Chauncey—Old Country Club, Inc.....$43.04
Collins, Bertie H.—H. M. Hays.....$145.40
Cammack, Kate S.—A. Lipper et al., costs.....$134
Cleary, Goldsmith & Glynn, Inc.—C. Belsky.....$116.40
Cohen, Abraham—B. Bindell.....$533.65
Cohen, Harry—East Coast Mortgage Corp.....$1,771.03
Dieterow, Cirs and Morris—Waterbury, Inc. Co.....$412.20
Ellicott, Chas. R.—P. Syms.....$638.60
Eads, Arthur L.—F. Mackay.....$148.20
Eads, Arthur L.—F. Mackay.....$148.20
Seymour, Chas. W.—Helen Bloomberg, banker.....$1,575.00
Finder, Henry H.—H. Willner.....$603.10
Ferguson, James E.—N. Y. Telephone Co.....$161.43
Guimares, Albert E.—N. Y. Telephone Co.....$356.87
Greenspan, Molly and William—I. Fine.....$1,560.51
Glickstein, Jacob—T. Sanchilio et al.....$122.10
Goldstein, Louis, and Charles Kron (Goldstein & Kron Coal Co.), Bankrupts' Corp.....$340.38
Holly, Leland E.—R. B. Bigham.....$102.10
Hauck, George—E. Bachteler.....$1,375.96
Hecht, Rudolf—J. G. Hall.....$8,576.45
Harrington, J. Edward—J. P. A. Mottu.....$470.98
Howard, E. Harry — Transcontinental Oil Co.....$1,319.28
Kochetz, Nona—Ely Weiner.....$3,067.77
Kaufman, Joe—H. Dudovich.....$140.80
Kaye, Elvira—B. Altman & Co.....$936.67
Lamborn, Arthur M.; Geo. P. Tameling, Chas. C. Rigg, Henry B. Hutchings, Clarence G. Young, Karl E. Lindgren, Geo. H. Logan, Victor H. Steen, N. Nelson Keen, R. Wheeler Dyre and Wm. V. Wood (Lamborn & Co.)—Segerman Bros., Inc., costs.....$116.87
Mann, Daniel—G. Oppenheimer.....$564.70
Menthe, Manfred G.—B. Petit.....$119.02
Marini, Ulisse—Hood Rubber Products Co.....$451.14
Malone, Frank E.—H. S. Rosenbaum.....$287.14
Meddick, John C.—F. S. Mears.....$118.45
Meistrell, Frank—Thomas M. De Liney, Inc.....$489.17
Mazzucco, Ralph, Lucia Grosseno, Paul M. Candenzo and Thomas H. Masmeci—Green Bros., Inc.....$219.65
Newberry, Mad W.—S. Newberry.....$6,705.93
Price, Benjamin M.—M. Stadtmuller.....$143.00
Parks, Frank S.—W. J. Packard.....$450.76
Ralston, John S.—Lord & Taylor.....$159.48
Rosen, Louis—G. Dudmas.....$198.10
Rubin, Harry and Hyman (Rubin Bros.)—H. M. Field et al.....$346.60
Steinberg, Annette—M. Becher.....$1,004.91
Siefring, Gertrude W.—Casper Penaco and Wm. W. Avrick—Globe Credit Union.....$309.49
Silverman, Edith—L. Aesebery.....$163.85
Summerfield, Julius A.—C. A. Hilsenbeck.....$53.70
Shaw, Philip M.—G. F. H. Konig.....$38,816.60
Shaw, G.

# FINDS INTELLIGENCE AN ALLY OF MORALS

### Dr. Frank P. Graves Declares Fine Minds Nearly Always Denote Fine Characters.

### MENTAL TESTS IMPERFECT

### But They Are on Verge of a Great Step Forward, Educator Says in Address at Hunter College.

Intelligent men and women as a rule are the most moral, Dr. Frank P. Graves, Commissioner of Education of New York State and President of the University of the State of New York, said yesterday at Hunter College, where he spoke before the American Association to Promote the Teaching of Speech to the Deaf on "Intelligence Testing."

"If a woman is good she will be clever," said he. "Some women of the streets in the Bedford Reformatory are 25 years old, yet tests show they have the mental development of a child of 9 or 10. The Frank murder case in Chicago, involving two boys of extreme intelligence but no morals, shocked us because it was so unusual. What would we think of Thomas A. Edison if he used his electrical genius to put away people he did not like, or Pasteur if he had used his knowledge of bacilli to deal death?

"There also is a direct relation between intelligence and income of at least 1.35 per cent. Read your Horatio Alger and Oliver Optic and Harry Castleman again. The boy with intelligence always succeeded. Why, we used to send men of intelligence to Congress, but of course we don't do that now.

"Wherever we find superb intelligence we rightly expect to find character, and when we do not find it we are surprised. The American negro would still be groveling in slavery if it had not been for the supreme intelligence of men like Charles Sumner and Abraham Lincoln. After all it is only the fool who has said in his heart, 'There is no God.'

"There is considerable doubt at present as to the infallibility of intelligence tests," Dr. Graves said in opening. "There is great need to separate the sheep from the goats, but we never will. Only when we reach the end of the curves on either end can we say that a man is a supergenius or an idiot. Some time or other we may know what intelligence actually is, but we are considerably in the dark at present. Moral qualities, persistence, a sense of humor, sociability and sympathy are all important in determining success in life.

"Often what we call intelligence is merely achievement springing from environment. We are really on the verge of a great step forward with these tests, crude as they are.

"What is intelligence? It is not one but many faculties and one may be high in one and low in others. It has been called 'thought power.' Those who are successful in school are not always successful in life. But as a rule 90 per cent. of the valedictorians are successful in after life. It is said that we are all feeble-minded somewhere."

Dr. Graves said intelligence might roughly be divided into three groups—abstract intelligence, which teachers use almost entirely; mechanical intelligence, and social or moral intelligence with the ability to handle other men and women.

## HAILS TELEGRAPHING OF FINGERPRINTS

### Enright Says Time Saved in Identifying Crooks Will Make Detention Surer.

Police Commissioner Enright yesterday declared the successful sending by wire of finger-prints from New York to Chicago last Tuesday afternoon constituted one of the greatest advances made in criminal detection in many years. He and officials of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company made known the details of the test whereby fingerprints of two men with records were conveyed by wire in a few minutes each.

Commissioner Enright and Third Deputy Commissioner Joseph A. Faurot, who was in charge of the police end of the test in this city, elatedly pointed out that one of the biggest factors would be a saving of time which would help the police, in view of the reluctance of Magistrates to hold suspects more than forty-eight hours.

It was learned that during the sending of convention pictures, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company suggested to the police that there was an opportunity to test the sending and receiving apparatus, the one in New York and the other in Chicago, for police purposes.

Arrangements were made for a test Tuesday afternoon with Chief of Police Hughes of Chicago and other police officials at the receiving station in that city. Commissioner Faurot and Captain John Golden were in the temporary sending laboratory of the company in the Fifth Avenue building.

Commissioner Faurot had picked out the finger-prints of two men with police records. To save time he suggested that instead of all ten finger-prints only one index finger be wired, and technical descriptions of the other fingers be sent. Both methods were used.

Faurot sent the Chicago police this wire: "Can you identify John Doe, finger-print classification over eight double nought over one, photo of left index transmitted herewith?"

The picture was wired at 5:41 P. M. It was received in Chicago five minutes later. It was delivered to Chicago Police Headquarters fifty-nine minutes after its receipt. The American Telephone and Telegraph Company said yesterday that this delay could be cut down by many minutes. Chicago, in two minutes after delivery at Police Headquarters, wired back that the finger-prints were those of a man numbered in the Chicago records as 55,707 and known there as a pickpocket. Faurot said the name wired to him was correct.

Transmission in the second instance required only three minutes for one finger. Again the identification was correct. The prints were those of another pickpocket.

"I think the test was wonderful," said Commissioner Enright yesterday. "It gives the police a tremendous advantage over the criminal. Under the old system, two or three ways, or perhaps longer, were required to get a fingerprint from one department to another, if there was any distance between them. The criminal wanted would be out of reach before the mails brought the photographs.

"Under the new system we have a fingerprint and a classification of a person wanted, and we hear he is going to a certain city. We can now have the fingerprints and classification in the hands of the police of the city he intends going to, and they can meet him at the depot and place him under arrest upon his arrival."

**Harrick Too Ill to Celebrate Fourth.**

PARIS, July 2.—Sheldon Whitehouse, Counselor of the American Embassy, will represent Ambassador Herrick at all the American events here on the Fourth of July, the Ambassador being indisposed.

## GOULD ESTATE WINS POINT.

### Executors, Named in New Jersey, Not Under New York Law.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court decided an important point yesterday in favor of the estate of George Jay Gould in holding that Kingdon Gould and Schuyler N. Rice, as executors under the will of Mr. Gould, appointed in New Jersey, cannot be compelled by the Supreme Court of New York to defend the suit of George Tracy Rogers and other minority stockholders of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad.

The suit was filed in New York several years before the death of Mr. Gould, and asked an accounting from him and other officers of the Denver & Rio Grande on the ground that the stockholders had sustained a loss of $20,000,000 because of wrongful diversion and seisure of property by the officers and directors. The stockholders asserted that from February, 1916, on, Mr. Gould and others in control of the road "knowingly and willfully engaged in said unlawful combination and conspiracy, and in the furtherance of such unlawful objects and purposes," which included the absorption of the Denver & Rio Grande properties, by "other interests, including the defendants."

The case went before the Appellate Division on the appeal by the Gould executors from an order continuing the action against them. The opinion of the higher court, written by Justice Dowling, states:

"I believe that the executors are correct in their contention that the Supreme Court of this State has no jurisdiction over them. The executors received their executorial powers under the laws of the State of New Jersey. Their conduct in the administration of this estate will be weighed by the laws of New Jersey and not by the laws of New York. The court has no power to bring the foreign executors into this suit as parties defendant against their will."

Justice Dowling accordingly ruled that the stockholders must resort to the Surrogate's Court, which has granted ancillary letters to the Gould executors here.

## NEW COURT HOUSE ASKED.

### June Grand Jury Says the Present Structure Is Inadequate.

"We desire to call to the attention of the people of the City of New York the imperative need of a new Criminal Court building." This was the opening sentence of a presentment made yesterday by the June Grand Jury of this county, in which the building housing the Criminal Courts in Centre Street was condemned on many counts. Not only was the plan of the building disapproved but the Grand Jury registered its opinion that in appearance it "is a monstrosity which neither utility nor expediency can justify."

The building cannot be rectified without rebuilding the entire structure, the presentment pointed out. The Grand Jury criticized the acoustics and ventilation and found that the mechanical equipment is always in need of repairs, that the elevators are worn out and inadequate and that there are not proper facilities for handling witnesses. It recommended that the Mayor and the Judges of General Sessions appoint a joint committee of four to report on the location and character of building necessary properly to house the courts.

Some years ago, when the building began to settle, it was ordered vacated, and workmen had to reinforce it to keep it from collapsing.

"But the damage had already been done, and there is no assurance that there will not be a recurrence—a settlement may start again at any time as this building has wooden piles in its foundation which will rot as the ground water recedes," the report said. "In our opinion, either the present site could be utilized or property south of the Tombs now owned by the city would be suitable. If, on the other hand, it is desirable to use the present site, then the present County Court House could be used temporarily, as soon as it is vacated, for the conduct of the criminal business of the county until a new Criminal Court House is erected on the old site."

The additional Grand Jury subscribed to the presentment.

## NO TRACE OF THE KNAPPS.

### Islands and Shores of Cedar Lake (Ontario) Still Being Searched.

OTTAWA, July 2.—No trace has been found of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Knapp of New York City, who have been missing since Sunday, when they went canoeing on Lake Cedar, near Brent, Ontario, according to a North Bay dispatch filed late today.

The islands and shores of the lake are being searched in the hope that Mr. and Mrs. Knapp found refuge from the squall in which they are believed to have been caught. Their upturned canoe was found on Monday. They were guests at the J. R. Booth camp.

Frank Knapp is well known among radio men here through his connection with the Radio Experiment Information Service of 476 Broadway. This organization is owned by the Golden, Louis Corporation, manufacturers of radio appliances, and pioneers in the introduction of the super-heterodyne receiving sets. Officials of the concern could not be reached last night.

## BRITISH CAPTAIN CHEERED.

### Punishment of Chinese for Killing American Defended in Commons.

LONDON, July 2 (Associated Press).—George Lansbury, Labor member, asked in the House of Commons today by whose authority the commander of the British gunboat Cockchafer had compelled under threat of bombardment the authorities of Wanhsien, China, to follow the funeral of Edwin C. Hawley, American employe of a British export firm, who was murdered by Chinese junkmen, and had demanded the execution of Hawley's murderers.

Frank Hodges, Civil Lord of the Admiralty, in reply to the question, said the Cockchafer was the only war vessel present and that its commander had taken the action which he had considered necessary. He added, amid the cheers of the Opposition, that the American commander-in-chief had thanked the British chief for his action.

There were cheers from the Opposition benches again when Mr. Hodges said that the British officer's action had materially assisted in saving life.

## HONDURAS HOLDS ELECTION

### No Riots at the Polls—New Constitution to Be Adopted.

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, July 2.—Elections to the Constituent Assembly were held yesterday amid perfect order. The Nationalist Party won throughout the country.

The new Assembly will meet on Aug. 30 to draw up a new constitution.

### Realty Notes.

Samuel Kronsky, Inc., as brokers, report that they have placed a first mortgage of $100,000 on 356 to 358 West Forty-second Street.

Rice & Hill, Inc., were the brokers in the lease by William Volk to Dr. Nicholas C. Partos of the three buildings at 961-965 Eighth Avenue, being the northwest corner of Forty-second Street, covering a plot 60.5 feet on the avenue by 75 feet on the street, for a period of eighty-four years at a rental for the first period graduating from $17,000 a year net to $40,000 a year net.

# BROKERS FORBIDDEN TO SELL SECURITIES

### F. B. Florian & Co. Enjoined on Belief of the Oneida Community.

### METHODS ARE CRITICIZED

### Corporation Charged With Issuing Statements Designed to Deceive Stockholders.

Attorney General Carl Sherman announced yesterday that he had obtained an order from Supreme Court Justice Tierney restraining F. B. Florian & Co., Inc., of 140 Broadway, from selling any stocks, bonds or securities, on the complaint of the Oneida Community, Ltd., manufacturer of silverware, which charges a violation of the Martin act.

According to the Oneida concern, its stockholders received a letter written on the business paper of Florian & Co., which announced the formation of a syndicate of stockholders named the Oneida Community Syndicate, whose agents would call in person to explain "the rights and profits" of the common stockholders in the syndicate.

This letter, it is alleged, was sent through the mails, and immediately afterward agents bearing credentials from Florian & Co. called on the stockholders and presented an engraved certificate purporting to give the purchaser the right to buy stock of the Oneida Community, Ltd., at $30 a share, and signed "Oneida Community Syndicate, by H. J. Crane, Syndicate Manager."

Wilber W. Chambers, Deputy Attorney General, said the complaint charged Florian & Co. with having made "certain false and fraudulent statements" to the stockholders of Oneida Community, Ltd.

"Their literature and their agents," Mr. Chambers said, "stated that they had been selected as the manager of the syndicate formed by the stockholders of the Oneida, Community, Ltd., for the purpose of pooling this stock so as to control the price of it. They asserted that the stockholders were entitled to certain rights and profits in the so-called syndicate privileges and that they would sell to the stockholders of the Oneida Community, Ltd., any number of shares of the common stock up to 5,000 at $30 a share. They alleged that the company had engaged them for the purpose of increasing the selling price of this stock and that unless the stockholders joined the syndicate they would lose valuable rights and certain profits as the Oneida Community, Ltd., was about to retire its preferred stock.

"The whole proceeding was a carefully prepared scheme to create in the minds of the stockholders of the Oneida Community, Ltd., the impression that their corporation had entered into some form of an agreement with Florian & Co. for the manipulation of the price of the stock of that corporation.

"The officers of the Oneida Community, Ltd., have stated that they are at a loss to understand how F. B. Florian & Co., Inc., can deliver the common stock upon which they have received payment on subscriptions therefor, since there is practically none of this stock available for delivery."

The order issued by Justice Tierney is returnable on July 8.

## CLOTHING STRIKE ENDS.

### Forty Thousand Workers Will Return on Monday.

The strike of 40,000 clothing workers, members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, will be over by Monday, when most of the strikers will have returned to their posts, it was learned yesterday after a day of conferences in the industry.

Officials of the Associated Clothing Manufacturers, Inc., conferred yesterday with Sidney Hillman, President of the union, concerning a collective agreement between the two organizations. After a conference of the union officials, it was decided that it would be unwise to have two collective agreements in the industry, one with the New York Clothing Manufacturers' Exchange and the other with the Associated Clothing Manufacturers, Inc.

This was followed by conferences between representatives of the two manufacturers' associations and last evening an agreement was reached. Under this agreement only one organization will deal collectively with labor, the New York Clothing Manufacturers' Exchange. The Associated Clothing Manufacturers will continue to function along the same lines as heretofore. This organization has never dealt with labor and has confined itself only to the technical aspects of the industry. It decided to organize a labor department several days ago shortly after it was announced that a group of large manufacturers were forming an employer's organization to deal with labor.

Upon the formation of the New York Clothing Manufacturers' Exchange an agreement was made with the union under which arrangement was made for a minimum wage scale, retention of present wages and unemployment insurance. The Board of Directors of the exchange will now, under the arrangement concluded yesterday, consist of members of the two employers' associations. A meeting to work out further details will be held at the Hotel McAlpin at 10:30 A. M. today.

## BOWERY LANDMARK SOLD.

### M. W. Berman Buys Stanton Street Corner, Held at $200,000.

An old Bowery farm landmark has been purchased by M. William Berman, who acquired the northeast corner of Bowery and Stanton Street, 61 feet on Bowery and 100 feet on Stanton Street. In transferring the property it was found that the Hollman estate has been the owner of it for seventy years, and that the property was the well-known Hollman farm of those days, and that later on in his will Mr. Hollman divided the farm into a number of parcels and willed it to different heirs. As a result the farm has been so divided that a great mark of it still remains running between Stanton and Houston Streets. In 1814 this farm was bought by Hollman for $3,200. In 1902 the consideration paid by the present estate for that land was $90,000. The property is now estimated to be worth $200,000. The deed was written in longhand and Hamilton Fish was the lawyer. The new owners expect to improve the site with a new building of stores and offices. D. Grablow negotiated this sale.

### $1,908,000 in Garage Leases.

Edward I. Heymann of the Garage Real Estate Company leased for the Rivera Garage Company the garage at 626 West 153d Street, near Riverside Drive, to Samuel Feller. The building covers a plot of 125 by 200. The lease is for a period of twenty-one years.

The same broker leased for the International Garages Company the Majestic Garage at 215 West Eighty-fourth Street, near Broadway, to the A. B. A. Garage Corporation, a five-story building, 75 by 100, for a term of seventeen years.

The same firm sold the Fordham Garage, 545 East Fordham Road, for Laventhal & Spatz, to J. G. G. Corporation. The building is on a plot of 150 by 100 by 83. The price is reported to be $80,000.

# LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

### N. J. Hess Assembles East Side Site for a Fifteen-Story Hotel.

### TO INVOLVE $1,750,000

### Tall Apartment for the West Side Financed — Multi-Family Houses Sold.

The purchaser of the Charles A. Munn property at 62 East Sixty-fifth Street, recently sold through Douglas L. Elliman & Co., is N. J. Hess. He has also acquired Nos. 50 to 60, adjoining, from Bing & Bing, through Gaines, Van Nostrand & Morrison.

Rouse & Goldstone have been commissioned to draw plans for the combined frontage of eighty feet for the erection of a fifteen-story hotel similar to the Sulgrave, occupying a relative position on Sixty-seventh Street. The operation will entail an expenditure of $1,750,000. Douglas L. Elliman & Co. will be the managing agents.

This is Mr. Hess's first venture in this field, his previous operations being confined for many years to the erection of many of the finest structures in the dry goods centre, and included the twenty-story Hess Building, covering a half acre of land at the southwest corner of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, which is still held by him and returns an annual rental of $500,000.

### West Side Project Financed.

To meet the demand for three and four-room apartments on the upper west side a full housekeeping apartment house will be erected on Eighty-sixth Street between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive. Financial arrangements for the project were made yesterday.

The new building will be known as Erco Hall, and will occupy a plot of 5,108 square feet which had been in the family of E. Clifford Potter, a well-known real estate operator, for more than 100 years.

S. W. Straus & Co. yesterday underwrote an issue of $450,000 first mortgage 6 per cent. serial coupon gold bonds of the Erco Realty Corporation, of which Nathan Reisler is President. The bonds are secured by the land and building, and the property is valued by the owners at more than $750,000. They expect to have it ready for occupancy in the Fall.

The land fronts 50 feet on the south side of Eighty-sixth Street 350 feet west of West End Avenue, and has a depth of 102 feet, and there will be forty-six housekeeping suites of three and four rooms, with full kitchens and all modern conveniences. The architects are George and Edward Blum.

### Apartment Buildings Sold.

Daniel H. Jackson sold to the S. K. C. Realty Company, Inc., 257 and 241 East 115th Street, and to Max Levine 239 East 115th Street. The property consists of three six-story new law apartments, accommodating twenty-eight families and three stores in each house, and bringing a rental of $33,000 per annum. The Lerner Realty Company and Frank L. Trent were the brokers in the deals. Mr. Jackson purchased this property, together with 228 and 232 East 116th Street, a few months ago from the Lazar Margulies estate, and a resale is now pending for the 116th Street property.

The M. Morgenthau, Jr.-Everett M. Seixas Company, Inc., sold for the Leake & Watts Orphan Home a six-story and basement new law apartment house, 16-20 East Seventh Street, located on the southeast corner of Seventh Street and Hall Place on plot 75 by 68.2, to Miriam Greenfield. The property was held at $160,000.

G. Tuoti & Co. sold for Morris Kreitman to Di Matteo Brothers the five-story apartment house at 510 West 134th Street, 40 by 100.

M. J. Levine sold to a client of Charles B. Van Valen, Inc., for investment a six-story apartment house containing stores at 34 Pitt Street. Property was held at $46,000. This is the first sale of the property in twenty years.

The Peigor Realty Company sold the five-story triple tenement, 25 by 100, 505 West 132nd Street to the Hugro Realty Corporation. The property was held at $35,000. P. M. Clear & Co., were the brokers.

Hudson P. Rose Company bought from V. Immediato a three-family brick house known as 512 East 121st Street, and bought from Charles Schamburger a four-family brick house known as 106 East 109th Street.

Premises 1,434 Avenue A, 25 by 96 at the northeast corner of 76th Street were sold by Marx Rosenberg to Bertha Stark and Decy Goldner. The property was held at $45,000. Harry Fandler was the broker.

The Primel Realty Corporation (Price Brothers) bought from the P. D. R. Realty Company the northwest corner of 147th Street and Seventh Avenue, 40 by 100, a five-story flat, held at $75,000, and also bought 2,505 Seventh Avenue, 40 by 100, a six-story apartment, held at $75,000. J. Dembutsky and Harris Bosky's Sons were the brokers.

George Steinman, Inc., sold for the 25 Arden Street Realty Corporation the premises at 25 Arden Street, 27 by 110, a five-story apartment, renting for $10,000. The property was held at $50,000. The same brokers resold the property at a substantial profit to an investing client of S. Tonkelson.

## LERNER CORPORATION BUYS

### Takes Over Broadway Property Adjoining Murray Street.

The Equitable Trust Company sold to the Lerner Blouse Corporation, operating a chain of women's apparel shops, 245 Broadway, adjoining the south corner of Murray Street, a six-story building on a lot 25 by 102 feet, held at $350,000.

The property was sold in 1920 by Crulkshank & Co., who also negotiated the present sale to the Importers and Traders Bank, which occupies the adjoining building, and had planned an enlargement of its quarters. The merger of the bank into the Equitable Trust Company changed those plans and made possible the placing of the property on the market.

The Lerner Corporation contemplates demolishing the structure and erecting an eight-story building on the site, retaining a store in it for a branch.

### Private Dwelling Sales.

George A. Crocker Jr. sold to Mrs. Albert Symington the four-story dwelling at 135 East Seventy-first Street. The property will be used by Mr. and Mrs. Symington as their residence next year. William A. White & Sons were the brokers.

The Frank L. Fisher Company sold for Mrs. Adele Steinbock her premises at 427 East Fiftieth Street to Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Keen, who intend to alter same and occupy as their private residence.

Mark H. Strouck sold the four-story dwelling at 52 West Eighty-sixth Street, on a lot 18 by 100.11. This property was held at $55,000 and was sold for all cash. The purchaser, Nathan H. Stone, will make alterations. The brokers were the Houghton Company.

### Sold to Tenant Owners.

The big apartment house at the northwest corner of Park Avenue and Seventy-second Street, recently completed by the late Loton H. Slawson and associates, has been sold to tenants and not to operators.

## COMMERCIAL LEASES.

### Operators Acquire Madison Avenue Corner From United Cigar Stores.

Mandelbaum & Lawine, Inc., and Max N. Natanson have leased from United Cigar Stores Company of America, for a term of fifty years, the northeastern corner of Madison Avenue and 41st Street, a high class, twelve-story store and office building on lot 25 by 100, and fully rented, at about $80,000 per year. The total aggregate rent to be paid by Mandelbaum & Lawine, Inc., and Mr. Natanson approximates $2,000,000. The broker was Herbert Hecht Company, Inc.

Frederick Fox & Co., Inc., have leased for F. M. Ohmeis & Co., Inc., the entire building at 538 and 540 Greenwich Street running through the entire block and also known as 517 and 519 Washington Street to the Penn Commercial Corporation of America, which will use it for the storage and assembling of their merchandise.

John Constable has leased in the "art dealers' block" the five-story building at 13 East Fifty-seventh Street for M. B. Phillip.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. has leased the third and fourth floors of the building at 40 West Fifty-seventh Street for a term of years to J. H. Sears & Co., Inc., book publishers, now located at 17 East Fifty-fourth Street.

### $500,000 Office Building Deal.

The Rosenberg-Colt Company sold for Alfred M. Rau the eight-story fireproof store and office building, on a plot 50 by 100, located at 258 and 260 Fifth Avenue, situated between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Streets, the building showing an annual rental of $65,000. The property was held at $500,000. The buyers are the B. A. S. Realty Corporation, who intend holding the property for investment.

## THE BRONX MARKET.

### Investor Buys Apartment on Tiebout Avenue Corner.

Rosemary Logan sold to Peter Glensman for investment the five-story apartment house with stores at the northwest corner of 138th Street and Tiebout Avenue, 42.5 by 102, containing eighteen apartments and two stores. It was held at $100,000. Harry T. E. Johnson was the broker.

John F. Myson sold for the receivers of the American Real Estate Company 3,200 and 3,202 White Plains Avenue, two one-family frame dwellings, on a plot 75 by 100, held at $32,000.

Hudson P. Rose Company bought from Gustav Steiner an eight-family frame house known as 723 Tinton Avenue.

Shaw & Sanford have sold to Efficient Building Corporation the plot 75 by 100 on the westerly side of Jerome Avenue, 325 feet north of 176th Street, are being prepared for a two-story business building which will be erected on the property at once. The first floor of the building is being arranged for public market.

### Buy Hotel Hargrave Lease.

Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc., builders and operators, purchased the furnishings and five-year lease of the Hotel Hargrave, 112 West Seventy-second Street, through to Seventy-first Street, from Eugene Cable, who has operated the hotel for fifteen years. The buyers recently purchased the realty. Campbell, Boland & Ritchey negotiated the sale.

### Auction Room Result.

Only one parcel of real estate was scheduled to be sold at auction yesterday. The result is as follows:

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Henry Brady.

11Th St, 213 East, n s, 175 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.10; two-story dwelling; Vera J. Conklin against Adlia Tunison et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; amount due, $4,060; taxes, &c., $150. Sold to Harry Mayer for $4,500.


REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Established 1847 WILLIAM KENNELLY, Inc. Real Estate Auctioneers

GO TO LONG BEACH AND INSPECT

100 LOTS Boardwalk Business and Residential

25 HOUSES Apartments Bungalows 1 & 2 Family

Located in the main section of LONG BEACH THE ALL-YEAR HOME CITY BY THE SEA!

To Be Sold at Auction Next Monday, July 7

at 12 o'Clock Noon, at the Real Estate Exchange, 14 Vesey St., New York City. The rapid progress of this city has made its name Long Beach famous from coast to coast. Real estate values at Long Beach must continue to increase, and there could be no better time than the present to invest in these unusual offerings to be made at this public auction.

*Inspect these properties to-day*

Our Representative at Long Beach Station and 177 Broadway, Long Beach, will give booklet and information.

WILLIAM KENNELLY, Inc., 149 Broadway, New York
Tel. Cortlandt 1547

MORTGAGE LOANS.

WE HAVE First Mortgage Money in Small Amounts to Loan to Manhattan Properties.

William B. May & Co. 570 Madison Ave. Plaza 0270.

OWNERS—QUICK ACTION

1st mtges., $20,000 to $75,000, Man.; 2nd mtges., $10,000 to $100,000, Gr. N. Y. Loans on mtges. and rent assignments. Call with details 2 to 4 P. M.

S. A. ISRAEL 140 Broadway Cortlandt 2673

REAL ESTATE.

Owner Must Make Quick Sacrifice AT ROCKVILLE CENTRE, L. I.

Beautifully appointed suburban home, specially built for year-round occupancy, 35 minutes from 33d St.—Penn. station. Located on prominent corner, 225 ft. front. Attractively landscaped, $8,000 spent to make it a show place. Has 9 large rooms, 3 baths, large porch, 2 open fireplaces, all newest improvements, 2-car garage. High-class section. Shade trees. Immediate possession.

PRICE $23,000

About $5,000 Cash—Terms to suit. Apply through your Broker or

Rockville Centre 110 MORRIS AVE. Tel. 1004 Rock. Centre
New York 110 W. 34th St. Room 603. Tel. Chickering 3730.

Established in 1883 Horace S. Ely & Company REAL ESTATE 76 William Street

Our office will be closed SATURDAY, July 5th. DOWDNEY & RICHART 141 Broadway, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

I Control $350,000 in Stock of the largest Grocery concern in the South; expert accountants' reports will be shown, and will exchange for New York City business or apartment property not too heavily mortgaged. Quick action. Principals only. A. E. G. Phone Vanderbilt 6540.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Henry Brady SHERIFF'S AUCTIONEER. SELLS AT PUBLIC AUCTION today, Thursday, July 3d, 1924, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at 623 West 52d St., 34 floor, 25 automobile trucks, 1 crane, 6 desks, 6 cabinets, 3 typewriters, safe, 2 tables and 12 chairs. Terms cash. Immediate removal. PETER J. DOOLING, Sheriff. JOSEPH A. LANMAN, Deputy Sheriff.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW ROCHELLE Attractive Miniature Estate

Must be sold to close estate. 1¼ acres of land, situated in the finest section. Residence contains 11 rooms, 3 baths, billiard room; all improvements. Garage with chauffeur's quarters. Property is now being offered at an unusually low price. Apply N-1799.

Fish & Marvin 11-13 North Ave., New Rochelle, N.Y. Phone New Rochelle 140, or 527 5th Ave., New York. Phone Murray Hill 6536.

A Westchester Home MAGNIFICENT

One of the most notable homes in Westchester County is offered for sale at Mount Vernon. It is located on high ground commanding an extended view over hill and dale. The handsome house constructed entirely of native stone is surrounded by 2½ acres of land most attractively landscaped; there are 16 rooms and 4 baths, also a large garage—just the place for a family which wants to live in the country but not too far from Broadway. Price and terms upon application to

Anderson Realty Co. 24 East 1st St. Opp. Station. Tel. Oakwood 8888—Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE—Other Cities and Towns.

Small Hotel For Sale

We know of a small hotel, forty rooms, located in one of the growing cities of North Carolina, that can be bought because the doctor advises owner to retire on account of ill health. It is a good money maker and brand new.

Do not apply unless you can make substantial cash payment.

Apply P. O. Box 1213, Savannah, Ga.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LANDLORDS

By replacing your range with brand-new A-B Gas Ranges, you not only save money but will please your tenants better. Investigate our special inducements.

J. Rose & Co., Inc., 114 W. 39 St., N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

NEW CORNER BUILDING

Being erected at 1244 St. & Brown Pl. With large daylight windows; permanent light on all sides. Suitable

FOR MANUFACTURING AND STORAGE

Special R. R. Siding

which will reduce shipping costs to a minimum. All transit facilities for help and shipping.

LOFTS 145x200

or will divide into smaller units. Modern fireproof structure. Passenger and freight elevator service. Act quickly. Limited amount of space.

For Particulars Apply IRVING DORF & CO. 1481 B'way. Penn. 8752.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET. MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE—

Valuable Fifth Avenue Corner or—We will Erect on the Site a Mercantile Building for a Responsible Long Term Lessee.

Immediate Inquiry Invited

MANDEL-EHRICH CORPORATION

Pershing Square Building Park Avenue, 41st and 42nd Street Vanderbilt 0127

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Marbro Apartments 165 to 171 West 79th St.

This magnificent new 15 story apartment house is nearing completion and will be ready for occupancy September 1st.

4 & 5 Rooms—1-2 Baths

Rooms are of unusual large size; abundance of closet space.

LEASES NOW BEING MADE.

*Representative on premises daily and Sunday*

Marcus Brown Construction Co., Inc. Builder & Owner

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

CONTEMPLATING AN UPTOWN MOVE?

Locate in the TIMES BUILDING

Space of 1360 square feet available for immediate occupancy.

NORTH END SECOND FLOOR

*Overlooking Seventh Avenue, 43d Street and Broadway.*

*May be subdivided.*

The Times Building offers an ideal location for an office because of its accessibility, through subway, surface and elevated lines, to all parts of the city. Three subway lines intersect in the building. There is unobstructed light on all sides and the second floor windows have excellent advertising value.

INSPECT AT ONCE

Renting Agent, Room 808

TIMES BUILDING

Telephone Lackawanna 1000

16th Floor PLOT 104 ft. x 98 ft. 9 in. 20-26 W. 22d

A really choice Daylight Floor. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. MODERATE RENTAL.

Estate J. M. Taylor; on premises; phone Gramercy 0085, or your own broker.

Offices Light Manufacturing 174 MADISON AV.

COR. 33RD ST. Apply premises or Henry Shapiro & Co., 286 5th Av.

LOFTS 241-5 WEST 37TH STREET

Immediate Possession.

UNION TITLE & MORTGAGE CO. 291 Broadway Worth 9182

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

935 Park Ave. An Exclusive Dwelling Place

*Every Convenience*

Wood burning fireplaces
Glassed-in showers
Cedar lined closets
All outside rooms
Decoration to suit

6 rooms—3 baths 5 rooms—3 baths
Rentals—from $3,500

Now Renting for Oct. 1st Occupancy

Apply 233 Park Ave. Corp.

SAMUEL BARKIN & SONS 233 FIFTH AVE. NEW YORK Telephone Vanderbilt 7970

OFFICE ON PREMISES Telephone Rhinelander 1798 Or Your Own Broker

375 PARK AVENUE

Several desirable apartments available from

OCTOBER 1ST

One special apartment of 14 ROOMS—4 BATHS

Also at 400 Park Ave.

Apartment 12 Rooms, 4 Baths at 116 East 53d St.

8 Rooms, 3 Baths & 3 Rooms, 1 Bath

Apply to R. C. VOTH 375 Park Avenue Tel. 7116 Plaza.

Ready for Occupancy 155 E. 73d

NEW 9-STORY BUILDING

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS WOOD-BURNING FIREPLACES

3-4 Rooms

4 Rooms have extra Lavatory

4½ Rooms; Suitable Doctor, Dentist.

HENNESSY REALTY CO., Builders

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. Managing Agents 15 East 40th St. Plaza 0100. Telephone Rhinelander 10100. Sole Agents on Premises.

Unfurnished—West Side.

168 W. 86 St.

New 12-Story Fireproof Apartments JUST COMPLETED

Situated on a Park Street. Ideal residential section. These apartments contain every modern appointment. Rooms of unusually large size; spacious closets. A Few Choice Suites of

7 Rooms WITH 3 BATHS Rental $4,000 upwards

Also 6 and 6½ Rooms

Physicians and Dentists' Apartments on Ground Floor, $2,000 to $4,200.

ISAAC POLSTEIN & SON Builders and Owners

Wood, Dolson Co., Inc. AGENTS B'way, Bet. 72d & 73d Sts. Tel. Endicott 8900.

THE ROGER MORRIS Elevator Apartments

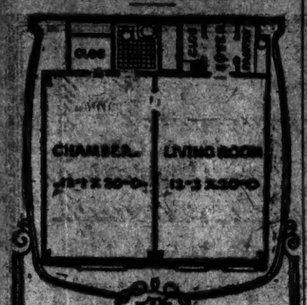
5, 6 and 8 ROOMS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.

400 WEST 160TH ST. OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS.

Near "L" and Broadway Subway Stations. PHONE WASHINGTON HEIGHTS 1000.

## APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. Unfurnished—West Side.




Home Comfort Hotel Convenience

**Bradford**
**210 West 70th St.**
WEST END AND BROADWAY

RESIDENCES of outstanding distinction—exclusive, quiet, restricted. Well appointed. Spacious rooms, comfortable and luxurious. Electric pantry, completely equipped, with each suite.

*Unfurnished suites only. Maid service included.*
2 rooms, 1 bath, $1700 up.
3 rooms, 2 baths, $2700 up.

*Larger suites arranged.*
*A few single rooms and bath.*

Restaurant, owner-managed.
A Unique Apartment Hotel.
*Telephone Endicott 6271.*

*Ready for Occupancy*
**SEPTEMBER 1st**

**166**
**West 72nd Street**
*Just East of Broadway*
High Class 12-Story Fireproof Apartment
**3 & 4**
LARGE OUTSIDE ROOMS
*Immediate Possession or October 1st*
Mark Rafalsky & Co.
*Managing Agent*
21 East 40th Street
Phone Vanderbilt 2027
*Representative on Premises*

**FOR RENT**
APARTMENTS
NOW or OCT. 1st

**ALAMEDA**
135 WEST 54th ST.
N. W. COR. BROADWAY
5-6-7-8 Rooms
9 and 3 Baths.

**REXFORD**
230 WEST 70th ST.
N. E. COR. BROADWAY
5 Rooms, 2 Baths.

**SANFORD**
236 WEST 70th ST.
N. E. COR. BROADWAY
5 Rooms, 2 Baths.

**OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT**
See resident superintendents or Telephone Lenox 6466

Immediate and October Occupancy
**Wellsmore**
**2175 Broadway**
S. E. Corner 77th St.
7, 8 & 9 Rooms
3 Baths

**Della Robia**
**740 W. End Ave.**
N. E. Corner 96th St.
4 Rooms & Bath
5 Rooms & 2 Baths

**The Saxony**
**250 West 82d St.**
S. W. Corner Broadway
8 Rooms & 2 Baths

**A. H. O'Brien**
**2299 Broadway**
Bet. 82d and 83d Sts.
Modern code.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

Spacious Outside Corner, 2-3-4 Rooms with Foyers
Corner Valentine Ave. and 183d St., by Grand Concourse and Modern Parkway.

## APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. Unfurnished—Queens.

**Apartment Dwellers!**
SEE OUR
**Public Exhibition with Motion Pictures**
HELD AT
**Fifth Ave. & 44th St.**
*(Formerly Delmonico's)*
**Fifth Avenue Entrance**
A great opportunity for desirable tenants to reduce their rental budget 50%...Vitally affecting those paying $100 to $225 per month.
Wm. D. Bloodgood & Co., Inc.
Rental Agents

## REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT.

MAXIMUM net return on property; your investment and business buildings conducted under our management at minimum expense. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 4600.

## MORTGAGE LOANS.

AMPLE MORTGAGE FUNDS on first and second Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn; building loans; bonds; and pay ment first mortgage bond issues, at less than the usual rates. F. M. Welles Corporation, 170 Broadway, New York.

UNLIMITED FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR SECOND MORTGAGE.
Building loans and ample first mortgage money; liberal charges and applications. IRVING MESSING, 32 WEST 42D ST.

ANY AMOUNT AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY.
BUILDING LOANS
FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES.
FILLER & CO., 47 BROADWAY.

UNLIMITED funds available for first and second mortgages; any amount; reasonable charges. Wm. Bichutt, 150 Broadway. Rector 8718.

$5 MORTGAGES wanted under $10,000. Greater New York Harbor Estates, 1,142 Broadway.

FUNDS available for purchase money second mortgages; building loans. Arthur Lyon & Co., 1,819 Broadway, Columbus 2285.

$2,000,000 available for first, second mortgages, amounts $5,000 up; New York, Brooklyn; principals only. W., 43 West 93d.

GUARANTEED first mortgages for sale, yielding 6% quarterly. Dalmuth, Inc., 256 Hillside Av., Jamaica.

ATTORNEY has large funds available for second mortgages. W 322 Times.

## MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.

$5,000 TO $6,000,000
for first and second mortgages.
Send particulars for quick results.
JOSEPH RAUSCHKOLB,
46 West 46th St. Bryant 4600.

ATTORNEY has several good investments of $1,000 and up in first mortgages to citizens of real substantial discernment; quick acceptance necessary. V 830 Times Downtown.

$35,000 wanted on first mortgage, West 86th St. dwelling near park; assessed $42,000; value, $55,000. W 350 Times.

WANTED, $12,000 first, preferably replace $7,500 mortgage; private customers. Phone Academy 9600.

WANTED, second mortgages, from $2,000 to $25,000; must be good. Apply H. F. Simpson, Room 906, 120 East 42d, New York.

WANTED—1st and 2d mortgage money for clients. Suite 1402, 128 West 42d. Phone Bryant 4600.

## HOUSES AND ESTATES.

### Manhattan For Sale.

81ST, 47 (Broadway and 4th Av.)—Five-story, 20 frontage; bargain to quick, cash buyer. Fred. 171 2d Av. Lexington 9071.

90TH, 65 WEST—$70,000. Lexington Av., 813, $35,000. Plaza 9274.

107TH, 204 WEST—Bargain, 22x100. James F. Wellers, 2127 2d Av.

66TH—House, 16x100; O. K. condition; sell $27,000. Elkerson, 25 West 42d.

MADISON AV., residence, lower 90s; price $56,000; terms; perfect condition; improvements; principals only. Room 1212, 347 Madison Av.

WASHINGTON SQUARE ENVIRONMENT—Desirable residence, English; 20 ft.; perfectly decorated; immediate possession; principals only. Amey & Co., 24 West 31st.

EXCEPTIONAL bargains in all localities. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 4600.

### Manhattan For Rent.

111TH, WEST (near Lenox Av.)—Private house, 10 rooms, 3 baths, 2-car brick; $250 monthly. Sherman & Kirchner, 1,641 Madison Av.

### Bronx For Sale.

RIVERDALE — Beautiful neighborhood; stucco house, sun porch, garage; improvements. Tel. Kingsbridge 1018.

### Brooklyn For Sale.

FLATBUSH (East 16th St., in beautiful Beverly Road section)—Detached house and garage, on plot 50x150; owner left town, will sell. Lewis E. Fisher Co., 189 Montague St. Main 7295.

### Queens County For Sale.

ASTORIA—Exceptionally well-built, attractive, 2-family, marble trimmed brick, tax-exempt house; 100 feet from Astoria Park; marble vestibules, 2 tiled baths, all conveniences including showers; tiled wainscoting in kitchen; sun porch with marble floor; cement flower boxes on balcony; fire-proof steam-heated garage, steel basement reinforced; concrete cellar; all double floors (hardwood) parquet floors in living and dining rooms; all large rooms; best of construction; steel lockers automatic hot-water system; convenient to trains; subway, L and 92d St. ferry; easy terms. Inspect 116 Woolsey St., 11 to 2, or call Mr. Faitin, Chickering 2052, 5 to 10 P. M.

BROADWAY (Flushing), near Jos. F. Day's corner will sell or exchange for land. If sold this week 4 seven-room stucco homes, containing 2 large bedrooms, attic, tiled kitchen and bath, parquet floors, steam heat; are built of reinforced concrete foundations with steel beam under main partitions; plots 40x100, with 1-car garage; within three blocks of station; price $8,500; cash $2,000. Hamilton Realty Co., 1524 Bd. and Myrtle Boulevard, Auburndale, Flushing. Tel. Flushing 4912.

FOREST HILLS—Beautiful modern detached house; garage; $11,500, cash $3,000. Boulevard 12137.

HOLLIS—Beautiful Colonial corner, 7 rooms, sun parlor; $11,500; 100th St. corner Chicopee Av. Bryner, 97th St. Hollis.

### SPECIAL HOUSE BARGAINS.

1-Family Homes. 2-Family Homes.
$5,500 CASH. $7,500 CASH.
$25 Monthly Principal. Easy Terms.
Steam, electricity, parquet floors, hot water, gas range, breakfast nook, tiled bath and tiled showers, garage, shades and fixtures; large carded plot, garage space with driveway; improved streets; open evenings and Sundays. FRONHWITZER, 96-30 Jamaica Av., Woodhaven. Tel. Richmond Hill 4000. Also 2-family, 6-room house, corner, block from Jamaica station; Jamaica 3827.

BUILDER must sacrifice $16,000 tax exempt 7-room house; plot 35x100; garage; solid oak floors with every modern improvement; North Jamaica; will take any reasonable offer; terms to suit; must be sold immediately. Hichelberger-Wavour, 90-36 Stephen Boulevard, between Jamaica and Hillside Avs., or call 4355 Jamaica evenings. Open daily and Sundays.

$6,150 BUYS beautiful, tax-exempt, $7,900 house, 25 minutes Manhattan, 3 corner factory, depot; steam, electricity, gas, garage; quarter tile bath; open Sunday; small cash, $25 monthly principal. Mr. Nesco, 34 Chilton Hall street, Jamaica. Phone Jamaica 4010. Open daily and Sunday.

$1,000 CASH buys two-family brick house; double garage; 2 blocks subway. Wm. J. Cunningham, 927 3d Av., Astoria, L. I.

### Long Island For Sale.

AUBURNDALE, L. I.—Crane-Island Boulevard 450-ft. Road on Pendergrast estate; frame and stucco house; 6 rooms, tile bath, oak floors, trim; steam; latest improvements, garage; on line three minutes from station; price $11,500; terms.

DOUGLASTON PARK — Eight rooms, three baths, hardwood floors, open fireplace, solarium, open porches, weather stripped, casement; garage; nearly large plot; wonderful water view; splendid condition and decorations; this property is offered at a sacrifice and attractive terms; it is a bargain for investment; other attractive listings in certain plots. W. H. Holmes, Douglaston Plaza 1240.

## HOUSES AND ESTATES.

### Long Island For Sale.

DOUGLASTON—Attractive six-room modern home; corner plot, 75x100; large glass screen porch, shrubbery, flowers; well and valuable location; unusual bargain quick buyer; owner going West; $11,500; terms. Bayside 2024.

FLORAL PARK—30 minutes out; pretty 6-room bungalow, all modern improvements; near station, school; bargain, $6,500; terms. Wetzel, 26 West 42d st. Longacre 8710.

FLUSHING—Owner leaving city, compelled to sacrifice new modern home; built to order on plot 50x150; 4 bedrooms, 3 porches, pantry, tile bath and kitchen; open attic, hot water heat; $12,000; cash $4,000. Daily, 3 South 32d St. Phone Flushing 2302.

FLUSHING, North 19th—Virginia, White New England Colonial, eight rooms, three baths, attic, toilet, garage. Stanfield, Flushing 2365.

GREAT NECK, DOUGLASTON, BAYSIDE. Our listings of superior homes are very complete to suit your requirements. T. McKNIGHT, 23 EAST 26TH ST.

CALEDONIA 4061. GREAT NECK 422.

HUNTINGTON—GENTLEMAN'S COUNTRY HOME of 35 acres, nicely located on bare road; house has 12 bedrooms and four baths; hot-water heat; electric lights, 6 open fireplaces; exceptionally large living and dining room; grounds; variety of large shade and fruit trees; garage for 7 cars with rooms over; convenient to clubs and beach; will consider for at least value to close estate; price $50,000; terms. Chas. E. Sammis Jr., 215 West New York Av., Huntington. L. I. Tel. Huntington 2100.

HUNTINGTON, L. I.—Furnished bungalow, 5 rooms, bath, porch, fireplace, electricity, water, telephone, bathing beach; bargain, $2,500; terms. Wm. E. Gormley, Realtor, 39 Wyandanch Av. Murray Hill 2120 or Huntington 2100.

HUNTINGTON—Wooded plot 100x200; four-room bungalow, bath, electric lights, open fireplace, garage, beach rights; immediate possession; price $3,500; terms. Chas. E. Sammis Jr., 215 New York Av., Huntington. L. I. Tel. Huntington 2100.

LONG BEACH—Very attractive newly built two-family houses situated near station, with all modern improvements; easy terms. Telephone or call Dr. Jay Development Co., Long Beach 630; New York office, Chelsea 2267.

DOUGLAS MANOR.
New 7-room Colonial house, small payment, balance as rent. Owner, E. H. Wertheim, 58 West 40th St. Phone Longacre 2474.

PORT WASHINGTON—Attractive six-room home; near water; $6,100; terms. Fitzroy 6441.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE.
Seven-room Dutch Colonial, built three years ago for any own occupancy, every modern improvement; oak floors, fireplace, decorated screens; plot 50x150; best section of village, near Hempstead Av.; priced at $9,700 for quick action. See my agents, John A. Power, Inc., 38 Front. Phone 1762.

QUICK SALE.
FAR ROCKAWAY-BAYSWATER.
11 Rooms and 2 Baths ($26,000).
buys this beautiful home; plot 100x180; garage for 5 cars and sleeping quarters; balance terms easy and to suit purchaser. Inquire 16 Baron, 18 East 41st St. Murray Hill 4326.

### Long Island For Rent.

CEDARHURST, L. I.—Beautifully furnished 7-room house for July and August. Scanlon, Fair Oaks.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Ten rooms, steam heat, two baths, garage; modern; screened porch; newly decorated; nicely furnished; $1,941 couple (Gazzerwell); 5 min. near 6th st., facing the bay. Far Rockaway Summer or all year. Phone Far Rockaway 6460.

LONG BEACH—New eight-room house, furnished; reasonable. Hannigan, West Hempstead 1200, or agent, 44 West 42d St.

PORT WASHINGTON—Three rooms and bath from July 5 to Sept. 5; convenient to water and station; reasonable rent; references required. Phone Port Washington 0287W.

$35-$45—Two furnished houses (natural parts), ten minutes from depot; improvements; commuting one hour; must be refined. MacDonald, 32 Bradhurst Av. Audubon 4964.

### Westchester County For Sale.

BRONXVILLE—$15,500 for quick sale; Dutch Colonial, beautifully located, near station; 7 rooms, 2 baths, garage, awnings, screens; artistic and substantial. Apply 50 So. Broadway.

CRESTWOOD (Westchester Park)—New house, 9 rooms and large sun parlor, garage; must sacrifice; price $14,000; $3,000 down; balance terms. Phone Pitzroy 5116.

GREENACRES.
English stone and stucco home.
Living room, library, enclosed porch, dining room, pantry, kitchen, 3 master bedrooms, sleeping porch, 2 tiled baths, 2 servants' rooms, bath; 1-acre plot, landscaped; beautiful trees; 2-car garage; wonderful view; fifteen minutes; owner must sell at once; price attractive. Downey & Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 8236.

KITCHAWAN, N. Y.—One hour from city, on State road, near Croton Lake and station; high elevation; 14 large rooms, improvements, 3 baths, porches, parlor, large attic; 6-room cottage, outbuildings; 11 acres; shade and garden, shade and fruit trees; everything in excellent condition; sacrifice $25,000; half cash. H Van Pelt, 271 Bway., New York.

LARCHMONT—Opportunity seldom offered to obtain stone and frame home with large living room, fireplace, dining room, pantry and kitchen; 4 bedrooms, maid's room, 2 baths; every modern convenience; plot 1 or nearly ½ acre with shade trees and garden; 5 minutes to station, stores and schools; price of $20,000 is subject to offer and cannot be met by the wise buyer; will investigate this offer. Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St., Tel. Murray Hill 8236.

MOUNT VERNON—Choice Hill home, corner plot, near the station; 11 rooms; built for owner who was cheap; business reasons compel immediate sale. Phone Sun-set 5173.

ANDERSON REALTY CO.,
Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Tel. Oakwood 8680.

NEW ROCHELLE—Lovely Dutch Colonial; exclusive residential section; handy to transportation; large bedrooms; large living room, fireplace; sun parlor; white enamel throughout; all improvements; minutes from station; 45 minutes Grand Central; excellent commuting service; cost $16,000; makes offer; terms. Bailey, 189 81g Av., Brooklyn.

COTTAGE, 8 rooms, living room 21 feet long, screened porch, city water, electric lights, hot water heating plant; garage, garden, 1-3 acre; real country; 50 minutes to Grand Central; price $7,000, cash required. $1,000. Harold Carr, Camp Road, Croton-on-Hudson. Visit any time.

## HOUSES AND ESTATES.

### Westchester County For Sale.

EXCLUSIVE park house 9 rooms, 2 baths; garage; carried; for sale to settle estate; great bargain. Apply 10 Manhattan Av., Rochelle Park, New Rochelle.

WELL built modern homes at Setauket; $6,500 to $12,500; inspection invited. Our booklet, "Briarcliff in the Hills of Westchester," mailed upon request. Briarcliff Realty Co., 331 Madison Av., N. Y.

A LITTLE GEM of a Colonial style house, 6 rooms, sun porch, garage; nice section Mt. Vernon; almost new; price $12,500; terms. ANDERSON REALTY CO.,
Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Tel. Oakwood 8680.

SEND for free descriptive list, "Westchester, Homes, Incomparable"; $12,000 upward. White Realty Co., 87 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon.

$1,000 DOWN builds you a good house at Hastings-on-Hudson; balance like rent; write for photos, plans. McAndrews, 2,778 Morris Av., Bronx. Phone Kellog 0336J.

$1,300.

Shingle cottage, 4 rooms; all improvements; plot 80x150; balance easy terms. Stilwell, Mamaroneck, N. Y. Tel. 264.

FOR Mount Vernon homes, sale, rent, see ANDERSON REALTY CO., Oakwood 8680.

GOLDON'S AGENCY, Selected homes in New Rochelle, 339 Telephone. 27 North Av.

### Westchester County—For Rent.

BRONXVILLE.
English type house, 8 rooms, 2 baths, garage; house just redecorated; near schools, station and Country Club; immediate occupancy; rental $100. Macdonald Company (owners), Bronxville, or Elliott Bates Inc. (Agents), Phone Bronxville 1439.

BRONXVILLE—English type wooden house, six rooms, two tiled baths, beautiful location, lawn, fruit trees; $125. Bronxville 2240.

LARCHMONT—FOR RENT UNFURNISHED
3 bedrooms, bath, extra toilet, lavatory.
4 bedrooms, 1 baths, garage.
4 bedrooms, 2 baths, garage.
6 bedrooms, 2 baths, garage.
8 bedrooms, 3 baths, garage.
ALL NEW HOUSES—MODERN IN EVERY RESPECT; EXCELLENT LOCATIONS.
EDWARD DEMING,
41 Boston Post Road. Tel. Larchmont 462.
Office open on Sundays and Holidays.

NEW ROCHELLE—Four masters' bedrooms, three baths; hot water heat; gas, electricity, two-car garage; more than one-half acre grounds. L. L. Driggs, 210 Centre Ave., New Rochelle. Tel. 1474.

FURNISHED COTTAGES
FOR RENT IN RYE.
Attractive cottages near beach; $600 for season; trolley to station; best neighborhood.
CHAS. S. FAULKNER,
Offices facing Rye railroad station.
Telephone 128 Rye, New York.

### Rockland County For Rent.

ESPECIALLY desirable furnished houses at Briarcliff, $1,800 to $3,000 for season; delightful location, with every modern convenience; illustrated booklet "Briarcliff in the Hills of Westchester," upon request. Briarcliff Realty Co., 331 Madison Av., N. Y.

### Rockland County For Sale.

FOUR-ROOM bungalows, modern improvements, wonderful ground, tennis court, high elevation; near station; one hour New York. Telephone Mott Haven 6710. Evenings, Fairmont 15.

### New Jersey For Sale.

BERGENFIELD—Very bargains, improved 6-room house, slated; monthly payments $41 to $50; restricted residential section; priced from $9,850 to $9,950; booklet furnished. J. S. Demarest's Sons, owners and builders, 27 Dumont Pl.

DUMELLEN, N. J. (706 Center St.)—Bungalow for sale, six rooms and bath, all improvements; plot 30x140; $7,500. Frederic R. Chamberlin, 713 Broadway, Bayonne.

ENGLEWOOD-WEST ENGLEWOOD—$7,850; $1,000 cash, 1st prin. 5½%, balance easy terms; these new 6-room homes are of excellent construction, with steam heat, hardwood floors, chestnut trim, open fireplace, domestic stoker, butler's pantry, 3 large bedrooms, tiled bath, walk-up attic; sewer, gas, water, electricity; high elevation; near school, bus stops, school and churches; 15 minutes to N. Y. Reis, Realtor, West Englewood, Englewood 1873W. Open holidays and Sundays.

HILLSDALE, N. J.—Seven rooms, 2 baths, all improvements, steam and hot air heat; fireplace, garage; 125x200; rumpus room, porch screened, cart glass Winter; beautiful grounds and shrubs; garage, living quarters, hot water heat, bath; 125x100; price $16,500; terms. 146 Hillsdale, N. J. Tel. Westwood 219W.

LEONIA—Bargain, 8 room Colonial house, large plot; 2-car garage; $8,750; cash, $3,000. Spencer Realty Co.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—New house in highest and finest section of town, corner plot; paved street and sidewalk; sewer, gas, electricity; all assessments paid; six large rooms; hardwood floors and trim, open fireplace, steam heat, kitchen cabinet and pantry; modern gas range, hot water heater, tile bath, built-in tub; near school, stores, etc.; price $11,500; balance $1,000 monthly and $56.50 pays interest and principal. JOHN A. BALDWIN, opposite station. Open Fourth of July.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—House for sale, six rooms and bath, hot water heat, fireplace; plot 120x40; glassed-in porch; newly decorated; price $7,200; cash $2,000. Owner, X 2068 Times Annex.

RIDGEWOOD homes our specialty; sale to rent. Bedell, 24 Barnes Pl., Ridgewood, or 90 West Broadway, New York.

RIDGEWOOD.
Beautiful home of 8 rooms and bath at 240 East Ridgewood Av., and nearly completed home of 6 rooms and bath on Circle Av., near Ridgewood Av. Owner on property or keys at 252 East Ridgewood Av. Both houses at bargain prices.

SUMMIT, N. J.—
8-room house and garage; beautiful grounds, flowers, fruit and shade; all improvements; cash $4,500; terms on balance. Phone Summit 5173.

OWNER will sacrifice for quick sale attractive 7-room home of five acres; house contains six bedrooms, three bathrooms, large living room, good dining room, kitchen and butler's pantry and sun parlor; hot water heat; slate roof; two-car garage and outbuildings for six horses; cottage for gardener or chauffeur; large, well laid out garden, every kind of fruit in abundance; grass tennis court; excellent pressure; lights, running water; season or month. Write or call R. C. Hulbert, Hopatcong, N. J.

MONMOUTH BEACH—Furnished 10-room house, all improvements; completely repainted; directly on ocean; two blocks from Galilee Station; possession at once. Phone Vanderbilt 0150.

NORTHERN JERSEY—Attractive home, all improvements; garage; near station; terraced grounds; shade, fruit, large trees. Sanner, 1,026 Broadway.

IF YOU
ARE SOCIALLY ELIGIBLE
AND HAVE $500
YOU CAN
HAVE YOUR HOME BUILT
AND PAY LIKE RENT
IN EXCLUSIVE AMERICAN COMMUNITY.
NORTHERN NEW JERSEY.
BUILDER, WHOLE OR PART.
P. O. BOX 822, CITY HALL STATION.

$500 DOWN AND $55 MONTHLY
buys beautiful new detached bungalow, living-dining room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bath; fireplace; large plot; easy commuting; fine location. W. F. Ross Co., West 46th St. Tel. Murray Hill 0758.

A 3-FAMILY frame, all improvements, located in the most secluded section of Highwood Terrace, Weehawken, N. J., 10 minutes from 42d St. ferry; price $18,000; cash $6,000. Phone 1548M Union.

NORTHERN JERSEY—Beautiful 6-room home, tiled bath, hot water heat, fireplace; garage; large plot. Homeseekers Service Co., 154 Nassau St., City. Beekman 4626.

80 ACRES, eleven rooms, outbuildings, fruit, shade, water; 50 miles; 1½ acres, 10-room old house, &c., $12,000. Diefenthaler, Scotland Boulevard, Chatham, N. J.

### New Jersey For Rent.

ASBURY PARK—Charming new house, directly on Deal Lake, 7 bedrooms; garage. Phone Circle 3882.

ASBURY PARK—Apartment, furnished, 2 rooms, bath, near beach. 1,106 Heck.

DENVILLE—Colonial Summer home 4 rooms, sleeping porch, electricity running water; mountains; hour Lackawanna; near station, lake. Davis.

EAST ORANGE—10-room house; all improvements; $119 month. Orange 47-J.

FOREST HILL (Newark, N. J.)—Furnished, 6 rooms, bath, sun parlor, screened porch; 2-car garage; 1 block from park; select neighborhood; rent until Sept. 1. Phone Sterling 5411 for information.

LAKE HOPATCONG—Comfortably furnished lake front bungalow, 6 rooms, bath, running water; season or month. Write or call R. C. Hulbert, Hopatcong, N. J.

A LITTLE ESTATE.
RESTRICTED RESIDENTIAL PARK.
New Colonial, six attractive rooms, bath, porches, big pantry, closets, electricity, cellar, gas range and water heater; plot 60x200; city water, sidewalks, near school; 45 minutes to New York; your choice several designs now ready; $4,500. $500 down and $30 month pays for all; less than rent; 1224 tax paid; title insured; send for pictures and local map. E. A. Street Suburban Service, 131 Murth Av., Plainfield, N. J., or 250 Park Av., New York.

TREMENDOUS BARGAIN!
Widow must sacrifice to close estate, beautiful 5-room home, extremely well built, every modern improvement, wood paneled reception hall and dining room, fireplace, electricity, hot water heat; large plot, highest section; all assessments paid; price only $8,500, worth $10,500; small cash payment, balance like rent. Phone or write owner, John Longfellow, 6 Mount Vernon St., Richfield Park, N. J., one-half hour out West Shore or Susquehanna R. R.

IF YOU
ARE SOCIALLY ELIGIBLE
AND HAVE $500
YOU CAN
HAVE YOUR HOME BUILT
AND PAY LIKE RENT
IN EXCLUSIVE AMERICAN COMMUNITY.
NORTHERN NEW JERSEY.
BUILDER, WHOLE OR PART.
P. O. BOX 822, CITY HALL STATION.

$500 DOWN AND $55 MONTHLY
buys beautiful new detached bungalow, living-dining room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bath; fireplace; large plot; easy commuting; fine location. W. F. Ross Co., West 46th St. Tel. Murray Hill 0758.

A 3-FAMILY frame, all improvements, located in the most secluded section of Highwood Terrace, Weehawken, N. J., 10 minutes from 42d St. ferry; price $18,000; cash $6,000. Phone 1548M Union.

NORTHERN JERSEY—Beautiful 6-room home, tiled bath, hot water heat, fireplace; garage; large plot. Homeseekers Service Co., 154 Nassau St., City. Beekman 4626.

80 ACRES, eleven rooms, outbuildings, fruit, shade, water; 50 miles; 1½ acres, 10-room old house, &c., $12,000. Diefenthaler, Scotland Boulevard, Chatham, N. J.

### New Jersey For Rent.

ASBURY PARK—Charming new house, directly on Deal Lake, 7 bedrooms; garage. Phone Circle 3882.

ASBURY PARK—Apartment, furnished, 2 rooms, bath, near beach. 1,106 Heck.

DENVILLE—Colonial Summer home 4 rooms, sleeping porch, electricity running water; mountains; hour Lackawanna; near station, lake. Davis.

EAST ORANGE—10-room house; all improvements; $119 month. Orange 47-J.

FOREST HILL (Newark, N. J.)—Furnished, 6 rooms, bath, sun parlor, screened porch; 2-car garage; 1 block from park; select neighborhood; rent until Sept. 1. Phone Sterling 5411 for information.

LAKE HOPATCONG—Comfortably furnished lake front bungalow, 6 rooms, bath, running water; season or month. Write or call R. C. Hulbert, Hopatcong, N. J.

A LITTLE ESTATE.
RESTRICTED RESIDENTIAL PARK.
New Colonial, six attractive rooms, bath, porches, big pantry, closets, electricity, cellar, gas range and water heater; plot 60x200; city water, sidewalks, near school; 45 minutes to New York; your choice several designs now ready; $4,500. $500 down and $30 month pays for all; less than rent; 1224 tax paid; title insured; send for pictures and local map. E. A. Street Suburban Service, 131 Murth Av., Plainfield, N. J., or 250 Park Av., New York.

TREMENDOUS BARGAIN!
Widow must sacrifice to close estate, beautiful 5-room home, extremely well built, every modern improvement, wood paneled reception hall and dining room, fireplace, electricity, hot water heat; large plot, highest section; all assessments paid; price only $8,500, worth $10,500; small cash payment, balance like rent. Phone or write owner, John Longfellow, 6 Mount Vernon St., Richfield Park, N. J., one-half hour out West Shore or Susquehanna R. R.

**Midnight Tonight 8 P. M. Tomorrow**

For Classified Sections next Sunday, Display Real Estate advertisements must be received before midnight tonight. All other classified advertisements before 8 P. M. tomorrow.

Advertisements for daily editions must be received before 6 P. M. on day preceding publication.

*Telephone LACkawanna 1846.*

## HOUSES AND ESTATES.

### New York State For Rent.

OCEANPORT, N. Y.—Seven-room furnished house; owner improvement; season $300; bathing, boating, crabbing; near Long Branch. Gray.

SOUTH ORANGE—7 rooms, garage, Seth Park; restricted community; convenient to trains and trolley; possession from Sept. 1; reasonable. Scott, 1,476 Broadway. Audubon 9682.

WESTFIELD, N. J.—Furnished house to rent, four bedrooms, two baths, sun porch. 942 Boulevard.

FOR RENT, $30 a month, five acres with eight-room cottage and barn; four miles from Morristown, N. J.; no improvements except running water in kitchen; two beautiful pasa property; school, church and store three-quarters mile. Phone 1282 Rossi.

NEAR SHORE; almost new; old-fashioned house; big living room, fireplace, sleeping porch; seven other rooms; bath; furnace; electricity; trolley; $8,000. Richards, Darien, Conn.

COLONIAL HOUSE, centre hall, four bedrooms, good condition; large plot; garage; $60. Martin, 320 Boulevard, Hasbrouck Heights.

CHOICE village and shore property for Summer or permanent homes, anywhere on Cape Cod. CAPE COD HOMESTEAD CO., BREWSTER, MASS.

SIX-ROOM farmhouse, furnished, including electricity, 1,000 feet elevation; real country. William Grieser, 408 7th Av.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write Van Winkle Co., Rutherford, N. J.

### Connecticut and New England For Sale.

A DELIGHTFUL SUMMER HOME IN THE LITCHFIELD HILLS.

An attractive New England house of 11 spacious rooms, bath, all modern improvements, hot water heat, Delco light, fire-place, spring water, wide commanding large old shade, garage, barn, 100 feet of ice house; everything about the house and buildings is EXTRA GOOD; owner has just spent $5,000 putting place in perfect condition; there is 300 acres of land and a fine orchard of fruit; this would make an ideal Summer home or year-around home. THE PRETTIEST PART OF CONNECTICUT, with charming views surrounding country and only a short distance to golf links and country club; the owner must sell this property and is practically giving it away at $10,500, or can be arranged to suit the buyer and immediate possession if desired. Act quickly. This valuable property will not be on the market many days. Write Mr. D. E. Ambler, North Woodbury, Conn. Tel. 11-12.

13 Acres and Modern Home in Connecticut Hills.

Splendid country home or development opportunity with attractive factory, 7-room house, bath, hot water heat, garage, 2 acres some shade, wonderful vistas of green fields and hills; fertile soil for garden crops, abundant fruit, good barns; urgent personal affairs force immediate sale; taken immediately, furniture included; only $9,000, part cash. E. A. Strout, 54 Park Place, Stamford, Conn.

COLONIAL, modern; 4 bedrooms, bath, electricity, heat; porches, stables, henhouse, fruit, woods; 2 acres; $14,000. RICHARDS, Darien, Conn.

### Other Sections For Sale.

FOR SALE IN ENFIELD, N. H.—Near lake, mountains, woods, large frame house, unusually attractive, economical Summer home, fine location, good drainage, water, electric light, 4 miles to summer and R. R. station. Miss Long, Box 41, Enfield, N. H.

## SUMMER HOMES.

### Brooklyn For Rent.

MANHATTAN BEACH—Pleasant furnished room for two in private house; five minutes' walk; 90 minutes from Times Square. Coney Island 2693.

### Staten Island For Rent.

ELTINGVILLE BEACH (6,147 Richmond Av.)—Bungalow, five rooms, furnished; private beach; garage; large grove, opposite; quiet neighborhood; 55 minutes South Ferry; rent, October. Gilbert.

OCEAN FRONT, furnished bungalow, 6 rooms, 45 minutes from Broadway, gas, electricity, safe bathing, monthly or season, rare 15c; artist. Address Room 1605, 220 Broadway, City.

### Long Island For Sale.

LONG BEACH PROPER—Detached 8-room furnished stucco house, 50 Pennsylvania Av., Sutton St.; all improvements; plot 40x100; $1,000 cash; brokers protected. Inquire Marx, 201 West 23d St. Lackawanna 7756.

13 ROOMS, 2-car garage, plot 110x100; beautiful grounds; fine location for physician. Telephone 2225W Flushing, Long Island.

### Long Island For Rent.

BELLE HARBOR—Three attractive rooms, facing ocean, furnished; private bath, kitchen; beautiful surroundings; possession. 161 Beach 140th.

EDGEMERE, L. I.—Owner goes to Europe, will rent 10-room private house for the Summer at 380th st. and Beach; furnished by appointment. White-Goodman, 373 Broadway. Telephone Stuyvesant 0216.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Bungalow, furnished, six rooms; on bay front; all improvements; $300 season. O'Grady, Bayswater Av. and Strand.

FREEPORT—Handsomely furnished sevenroom bungalow, completely screened; ready for immediate possession; all modern conveniences; private bathing beach; 45-minute city; $550 season. Seymour, 168 Beach 46th. Far Rockaway. Phone 0768.

2 WEEKS' VACATION
Ocean bathing, quaint old castle at ocean, garage, furnished cabins, sanitary refreshments; $14 weekly up, any terms. Hilda Delony, Southampton, L. I.

COTTAGE—Four rooms, waterfront, furnished; good location; near everything; season $175. G. Hoke, Hampton Bays, L. I.

## SUMMER HOMES.

### Westchester County—For Rent.

NEW ROCHELLE—7-room cottage, furnished; 3 months; excellent neighborhood; shady ground; convenient to all trains; rent reasonable. Fenton, 11 Clove Road. Phone 428 W.

SUMMER residence, the show place of Scarsdale, White Plains; estate 16 acres; 300 trees; Colonial house, nine bedrooms, four baths, extra lavatories, two sun porches; 125-foot tiled screened sleeping porch; library, parlor, reception hall and dining rooms, exceptionally large; piano, radio, Turkish rugs, furniture mahogany and period; everything new and beautiful; two-car garage, chauffeur's quarters; flower and vegetable gardens; Jersey cow; rental $2,000 per month to acceptable tenant. Kitchey, phone 2854 White Plains.

FURNISHED seven-room house; Summer season; cool, comfortable, quiet; attractive; rent, $400. Apply 30 Dixon St., Tarrytown. Phone 1042.

BEAUTIFUL furnished home, rent for Summer; Forest and Elmwood Ave. Telephone 2251 Rye.

### New York State For Sale.

CORNWALL—Reduced rentals; quiet colony; furnished; 8-room cottage; bungalows; running water; fireplaces; tennis; high; woody; safe. Penney.

HUDSON River cottage, 8 rooms, furnished; very quiet; garage; garden; low rent; investigate. Beatty, Esopus, N. Y.

LAKE GEORGE—For rent, Colonial house on Lake Road, eight rooms, two baths, sun porch, garage; bathing, private woods; fine lake front. Inquire on premises or Sanderson, 81 State St., Albany.

ONTEORA (Catskills)—Colonial home, 6 master's bedrooms, 4 servants'; baths; garage; select community. Krutz, 506 West 113th. Cathedral 7040; or G. Hall, Flat Rocks, Tannersville.

VALLEY COTTAGE, N. Y.—House, furnished; modern conveniences; acre; wonderful view; hour; $400 season; also bungalow. James Murray.

WOODLAND studio on mountain farm, Orange County, 2 hours from New York, 5 minutes' walk from station; beautiful New cottage, completely furnished, decorated in best taste; privacy; fireplaces; all modern plumbing; swimming pool; charming scenery; $300 from date to May 1 next. Write Artist, Sugar Loaf, New York, or call Pennsylvania 6464 today.

SIX-ROOM stone bungalow; good spring water; plenty of ground; furnished; all fresh produce delivered; between Monticello and Port Jervis. Address S. Isaacs, Monticello, N. Y. R. F. D. No. 1.

FOR RENT—Desirable cottage in exclusive location at Sacandaga Park. For information address M. Feldman, Little Falls, N. Y.

COTTAGES For Sale and Rent—Vacation at the Poquito, Adirondack Resort, Lake George, N. Beaty, Glens Falls, N. Y.

### New Jersey For Rent.

ASBURY PARK—Most modern apartments; handsomely furnished; all improvements; janitor, hot water, maid service; 1½ blocks from ocean and boardwalk; very low rentals. Apply Supt. Britwoods Court, 24 Av., cor. Bergen St.

AVON BY THE SEA—New bungalow; Neptune City post; Avenue; four large, airy rooms and bath

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Furnished—West Side.

Continued from preceding page.

LEXINGTON AV., 836 (near 53d)—Cool, sunny; large kitchenette; baths; large living room; suitable two light housekeeping.

MADISON AV., 630—Studio apartment, beautifully furnished; grand piano, for one; July-October; references required; $35. Plaza 6382.

MADISON AV., 450—Cool, accessible, attractive large 2-room studio apartment; $90 to Oct. 1. Vanderbilt 0835 evenings.

MADISON AV.—Four rooms, outside apartment; magnificently furnished; sacrifice $90. Circle 7222.

PARK AV., 23 (below Grand Central, Murray Hill section)—Large roof, two rooms, bath; studio, bath; unique. Fleming.

GENTLEMAN will share his apartment with gentleman; $20. Kolpin, 1,046 Madison Avenue.

NEAR MADISON SQUARE—2 rooms, bath, kitchen; new; clean. Madison Square 8379.

### Furnished—West Side.

11TH, 13 WEST—Very desirable furnished apartment; immediate occupancy until Dec. 15; preferably couple. Apply Superintendent.

12TH, 149 WEST—Two attractive rooms, bath; references. Chelsea 5774, extension 71.

19TH ST., WEST—Beautiful new apartment, three rooms, bath, kitchen. Chelsea 4044.

37TH, 48 WEST—Small, clean, quiet, airy apartment, all conveniences; $50. Sullivan.

40TH, 541 WEST (HILDONA COURT).

Elevator apartments, one, two and three rooms and bath, showers, kitchen, kitchenette; all newly furnished and decorated; $20 to $30 weekly. Longacre 3500.

46TH, 328 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, newly furnished, remodeled dwelling; reasonable.

50TH ST., 54 WEST—For sale, furniture of two rooms, with dressmaker outfit; lease until October, 1925; rent $90. Inquire Habrial.

50TH, 17 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; lease October or longer; $125.

51ST ST., 32 WEST—Twelve-story apartment hotel; Summer rates; 1 to 5 rooms, 1 to 4 baths.

52D ST., 223 WEST (CORNER BROAD-WAY)—MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; HOTEL SERVICE; ONE ROOM, BATH, $70 UP; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $100 UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

53D—Two rooms, outside, kitchenette, bath apartment, magnificently furnished, $90. Circle 7222.

54TH ST., 24 WEST—Furnished apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; immediate possession; $150; call Circle 9247 or Bryant 0854.

54TH ST., BROADWAY (HOTEL CUMBERLAND)—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH; FROM $30 PER WEEK.

54TH (7th Av.)—Six rooms; southern exposure; reasonable for Summer or year; electricity and laundry free. Phone Circle 3154.

54TH, 24 WEST—Beautifully furnished two-room kitchenette apartment; genuine sacrifice. Mason.

55TH, CORNER 7TH AV.

THE REGAL — MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED AND DECORATED; KITCHENETTE; ONE ROOM AND BATH, $80 UPWARD; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $110 UP; REFERENCES.

55TH, 16 WEST—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; piano. Elberson or Supt.

56TH, 208 WEST.

HOTEL THORNDYKE.

VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH ST., 118 WEST (GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL)—TO SUBLET BY THE WEEK OR TO OCT. 1, DESIRABLE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH; $45 WEEK.

57TH, 140 WEST—Large living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette, 7th floor. Apply Superintendent.

57TH, 340 WEST—Modern elevator building, one, two, three rooms, bath; maid service; $60 monthly.

57TH, 301 WEST—Beautifully furnished two and three rooms; southern exposure; perfect light; Summer rates. Columbus 7480.

58TH AND 8TH AV. (HOTEL ALPINE) (Columbus Circle, overlooking Central Park)—Room and bath, $3 daily, $19 weekly; parlor, bedroom and bath, $5 daily, $25 weekly; single or double.

58TH, 140 WEST—Will sublet to responsible party for 3 months, attractively furnished apartment, living room, 2 bedrooms, bath and real kitchen; reasonable. Gabriel.

58TH, 132 WEST—Handsome bachelor's suite; also large room, bath. Circle 4724.

59TH, 38 WEST—Sublet, overlooking park, two and three room kitchenette apartments; special rates; one month or year.

59TH, 206 WEST — Beautifully furnished apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette and bath, to Oct. 1; very reasonable. Apply Supt.

61ST AND B'WAY (HOTEL PASADENA)—Two-room furnished apartment, non-housekeeping; special Summer rates; service to rooms no extra charge. Columbus 7127.

64TH, 1 WEST (HARPERLEY HALL). Seven attractively furnished rooms; concession to good tenant.

1 WEST 64TH, HARPERLEY HALL. Three rooms, bath and kitchenette; to Oct. 1. Apt. 8D.

64TH ST., 17 WEST—Beautifully furnished 3 rooms, sublease to Oct. 1; very reasonable. Trafalgar 7580, Apt. 7F.

68TH ST., 45 WEST—Two rooms, bath and kitchen; beautifully decorated.

69TH, 19 WEST (Congress Apartments)—Attractive one, two rooms, furnished; Summer rates.

70TH, WEST (Sherman Square Hotel)—Attractively furnished apartment, completely furnished, 4 rooms, 2 baths; immediate possession, Apartment 530.

70TH—Independent, one room, kitchenette, remodeled house; woman only; $12. Endicott 8038.

71ST ST., 17 WEST—Attractive, cool, comfortable 5-room apartment, completely furnished; $300 per month. Apply superintendent.

71ST ST., 167 WEST (at Broadway)—Beautifully furnished two rooms and bath, new building; Summer rates. Endicott 8747.

71ST, Broadway (Sherman Square Hotel), Apt. 210—Two rooms, bath, front, $100.

72D, 46 WEST—MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED 1, 2 AND 3 ROOM KITCHENETTE SUITES; WEEKLY SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

72D, 132 WEST—Houghton Company, large, small, inspected apartments; less than unfurnished rental to desirable tenants. Endicott 6276.

72D, 118 WEST (HOTEL CARLTON)—VERY DESIRABLE 2 ROOMS AND BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; RESTAURANT; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY SUMMER RATES.

72D, 135 WEST—Attractive two-room apartment; kitchenette; telephone; week, month; $90.

72D, 14 WEST—Two rooms, elegantly furnished; complete housekeeping; reasonable rent.

73D ST., 128 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Newly decorated, luxuriously furnished 2-3 rooms, outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway from $25 to $40 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

73D, 141 WEST (HOTEL HAMILTON)—3 ROOMS, BATH; GREATLY REDUCED RENTAL; JULY 15-SEPT 30. APARTMENT 30S. APPLY CLERK.

73D, 68 WEST—1-2-room apartments, new building; new furniture; reasonable.

75TH—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; piano; $85. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

76TH, 25 WEST—Palatial mansion, 3d floor, 2 large rooms and bath; upper floor, sunny front room, 22 feet square, bathroom, kitchen. Plaza 2974.

76TH—Beautifully furnished two-room, bath, kitchenette apartment; piano; $90. Endicott 6540.

77TH, 10 WEST—ENTIRE PARLOR FLOOR; SUPERBLY FURNISHED; PIANO, PRIVATE BATH; REAL KITCHEN; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES.

78TH, 305 WEST—Three rooms, bath; ideal business locality; parlor floor; private house.

80TH, 162 WEST (HOTEL ANDERSON)—1-3 ROOM SUITES; REFINED ATMOSPHERE.

81ST AND COLUMBUS AV., FACING PARK HOTEL COLONIAL.

One, two and three rooms, bath. Newly furnished and redecorated. Special Summer inducements.

81ST AND COLUMBUS AV., OPPOSITE PARK (ENDICOTT HOTEL)—TWO DESIRABLE OUTSIDE ROOMS AND BATH; $30 WEEK.

81ST—Five rooms, front; elevator; new building; magnificently furnished; $100. Endicott 1977.

82D, 148 WEST—Large room with bath; newly decorated; private house references.

84TH, 157 WEST—Furnished, very clean, modern 3-room housekeeping apartment; high-class building; $70 monthly; adults.

84TH, 19 WEST—Large 1-room apartment, kitchenette, bath adjoining; electricity; telephone; $60.

85TH, 239 WEST—Until Sept. 1, beautiful corner apartment; completely furnished; less than rent. Ledden.

85TH, 35 WEST—ENTIRE PARLOR FLOOR; LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED; PRIVATE BATH; REAL KITCHEN; WEEKLY SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

86TH ST.—TWO ROOMS.

Corner apartment, delightfully cool. Schuyler 2788.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Furnished—West Side.

86TH (632 West End), Apt. 16D—Very cool, beautifully furnished 2-room apartment; to new building between 8-10 A. M. and 6-8 P. M.

86TH, 305 WEST—Magnificent studio; library, dining room; kitchenette, grand piano; sacrifice.

86TH, 332 WEST (Riverside)—Magnificent large room, kitchenette, bath; sacrifice Summer.

90D—Five rooms front, elevator, new building; magnificent sacrifice; $115. Endicott 1277.

90TH, 307 WEST—Large one and two rooms, bath, kitchen; newly decorated.

91ST, 34 WEST—Attractive apartment, entire floor, two large rooms, kitchenette, bath; fully furnished, suitable two or three; rent $100; immediate occupancy. Ring McBreen's bell on premises. Phone Riverside 9018.

91ST, 304 WEST—2-room apartment, bath, kitchenette; nicely furnished; overlooking Riverside Drive; cool, airy, comfortable; reasonable; reference.

92D, 315 WEST—Unusual opportunity; owner, leaving for California, will rent July 10-Sept. 15, 6 beautifully furnished rooms, 3 baths; 15th floor; cool. Riverside 7118.

92D ST., 201 WEST—3 rooms, real kitchen; attractive; Oct. 1, $100. Riverside 3146. Edel, Apt. 9C.

92D (667 West End)—Attractive one room apartment; kitchenette, bath, victrola; $22.

94TH, 315 WEST—Beautifully furnished 5-room elevator apartment; piano; $100. Bush.

94TH, 60 WEST—Beautiful, large 2-room apartments; private bath; Summer rates.

97TH, 315—Five rooms; piano, victrola; completely furnished; immediate occupancy. Apt. 2.

97TH, 306 WEST—Four rooms, bath; attractively furnished; redecorated; $125. Ernest Tribelhorn.

98TH, 305 WEST (SCHUYLER ARMS).

SUMMER RATES.

2, 3, 4 rooms, kitchen or kitchenette. Attractive; subleases, $100 month up. Also special weekly rates; beautifully furnished, newly decorated apartment hotel; complete housekeeping facilities; full hotel service. Riverside 6100.

99TH, 317 WEST—3 rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Vanderbilt 4041, Apt. 4.

102D, 235 WEST—Six large, airy, attractive rooms; corner Broadway; elevator. Allen.

104TH, 306 WEST (Riverside block)—Beautifully furnished, immaculately clean, three rooms, bath, kitchenette; entire floor; own premises; references.

106TH, 248 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 1-2 ROOM SUITES; PRIVATE BATH; REAL KITCHEN; WEEKLY SUMMER RATES.

107TH, 318 WEST—Beautiful 2-room apartment, kitchenette, private bath.

108TH, 235 WEST—Elevator apartments, 4, 6 front rooms, clean; Summer rates.

109TH (215 Manhattan Av.)—2, 3, 4, 5, 6 room housekeeping apartments, elevator and non-elevator; $60 up; references essential. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 6647, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Open Sunday.

109TH, 302 WEST (Broadway)—Large room and bath, kitchenette, or unfurnished; monthly.

110TH, 410 WEST (corner Columbus Av.), CATHEDRAL PLAZA.

One, two and three room apartments, bath and kitchenette, $65 month up. High-class elevator apartment house. References essential. Phone Academy 0613, 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Open Sunday.

113TH, 506 WEST—Elegantly furnished 5-room elevator apartment, Columbia section; $125.

113TH—Six rooms, elevator; southern exposure; attractively furnished; $110. Circle 7222.

113TH, 535 WEST—Beautiful apartment, 2 and 4 rooms, comfortably furnished; moderate Summer rental.

113TH, 546 WEST—High-class apartments, two, three rooms, bath, electricity; maid.

114TH, 421 WEST—4 rooms, unusually cheerful, exposure east, west, north; to October, 1925; $125. Apt. 5C. Cathedral 7853.

114TH, 269 WEST—Two rooms, bath. Phone 2752 Cathedral. Call mornings.

115TH, 419 WEST (opposite Columbia)—Six light front rooms, twin beds; all, or will divide; elevator. Cathedral 5599.

116TH, 404 WEST (opposite Columbia)—Two connecting outside rooms, kitchen, attractively furnished; cool, quiet. Apartment 53. Cathedral 7812.

118TH ST., 420 WEST—Comfortable, homelike; five rooms southern exposure; housekeeping.

119TH, 419 WEST (overlooking Morningside, Columbia)—Two large front rooms, complete kitchen; also two single rooms. Inquire 4B.

119TH, 435 WEST (opp. Columbia)—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; accommodate 4. Attractively furnished; redecorated; $125. Ernest Tribelhorn.

120TH, 306 WEST (SCHUYLER ARMS).

SUMMER RATES.

2, 3, 4 rooms, kitchen or kitchenette. Attractive; subleases, $100 month up. Also special weekly rates; beautifully furnished, newly decorated apartment hotel; complete housekeeping facilities; full hotel service. Riverside 6100.

120TH, 317 WEST—3 rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Vanderbilt 4041, Apt. 4.

122D, 235 WEST—Six large, airy, attractive rooms; corner Broadway; elevator. Allen.

124TH, 306 WEST (Riverside block)—Beautifully furnished, immaculately clean, three rooms, bath, kitchenette; entire floor; own premises; references, references.

126TH, 248 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 1-2 ROOM SUITES; PRIVATE BATH; REAL KITCHEN; WEEKLY SUMMER RATES.

126TH, 318 WEST—Beautiful 2-room apartment, kitchenette, private bath.

126TH, 235 WEST—Elevator apartments, 4, 6 front rooms, clean; Summer rates.

126TH (215 Manhattan Av.)—2, 3, 4, 5, 6 room housekeeping apartments, elevator and non-elevator; $60 up; references essential. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 6647, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Open Sunday.

126TH, 302 WEST (Broadway)—Large room and bath, kitchenette, or unfurnished; monthly.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Furnished—Brooklyn.

HEIGHTS—Parlor bedroom and bath, well furnished, with first-class hotel conveniences; will sublet until Sept. 1; only $25 per week. Inquire room clerk, Hotel St. George, Brooklyn, Clark and Henry Sts.

### Furnished—Staten Island.

FURNISHED apartment, ocean view, picturesque grounds; $55 monthly. H 948 Times Downtown.

### Furnished—Long Island.

LONG BEACH—Attractively furnished 4 rooms, bath; private house; separate entrance; near station; reasonable rent for late season. 170 West Market St. Phone Long Beach 1280 or Endicott 8269.

LONG BEACH—Furnished room for 1-2, near station and beach. 138 West Hudson St., Long Beach 1139.

LONG BEACH—Newly furnished, 3 rooms, sun parlor, garage; near station; beach. 135 West Hudson St., Long Beach 1139.

ROCKAWAY PARK (116th)—Ocean block; 5-room housekeeping apartment. Belle Harbor 1289.

### Furnished—New Jersey.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.—Beautifully furnished apartment, 6 rooms and bath; near beach; very reasonable. 26 S. Boston Av.

GLENWOOD-ON-HUDSON—High-class three rooms, bath, conveniences, $75. Yonkers 8131.

### Furnished—Westchester County.

BRONXVILLE—Newly furnished 2 rooms, bath and kitchen; July-August; $36 month. Messen, 21 Palmer Av., at Governor's Road. Phone Tuckahoe 3085W.

PELHAM—Bedroom and sitting room, with bath, in high-class new house; $25 per week, with fully equipped kitchen; $22. Telephone Pelham 4893.

SIX ROOMS, all conveniences, delightfully located; July, August; very reasonable. Fox, 431 Van Cortlandt Park Av., Yonkers. Telephone 7023.

### Unfurnished—East Side.

3D AV., 226 (24th St.)—4 and 5 rooms; all improvements; only $40 to $75. Inquire on premises.

15TH, 105 EAST (Union Square East)—One, three and five room rooms, bath, elevator apartments; attractive; $60 to $120.

24TH ST., 125-127 EAST—Handsome, large apartment, 8 rooms and baths; all improvements; at reasonable rent. Apply to superintendent on premises.

28TH ST., 28 EAST—Two rooms and bath; modern; near subway and "L."

32D, 230 EAST (near Lexington)—Convenient location; 6 rooms; improvements; lease $85.

34TH ST., 120 EAST.

EIGHT LARGE ROOMS, BATH, OPEN FIREPLACE; ELEVATOR.

94TH, 122 EAST (Lexington-Park) — Eight sunny rooms, elevator; $2,600 year.

36TH ST., 138-144 EAST—2, 4, 5, 6 rooms, 2 and 3 baths; immediate and October possession; from $1,000 to $4,000; high-class fireproof apartments. Inquire on premises.

36TH, 163 EAST (exclusive Murray Hill)—Two rooms, bath, $1,500 to $2,000; also bungalow on roof, six rooms, two baths, roof gardens, elevator; $4,500.

51ST ST., 51 EAST—New two rooms; complete kitchenettes and bath; three large closets; living room 20x20; $100 to October; rent after October; maid service if desired.

56TH, 149 EAST—Elegant bachelor apartment, two rooms and bath. Inquire basement.

40TH, 124 EAST (southwest corner Lexington Av.)—New, fireproof building; three and four large, light rooms; two elevators; night and hall service; general doctors' apartments; also studio apartment.

57TH, 125 EAST (near Park A.)—Immediate possession, or Oct. 1; 7 and 8 room apartments, high ceilings, 3 open fireplaces; 4 exposures. Apply owner, Franklin Chace, on premises. Rent $5,000. Plaza 1088.

58TH ST., 47 EAST.

7 rooms; elevator apt.; reasonable rent.

59TH ST., 54 EAST.

Two-room elevator suites; reasonable rent.

87TH (near Madison)—Parlor floor suitable for doctor or dentist. Butterfield 3872.

LEXINGTON AV., 124—Two cheerful rooms; $52. Apply Superintendent or agent.

MADISON AV., 747 (64th)—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; entire floor; newly decorated; low rent. Owner, Murray Hill 8392.

MADISON AV., 1,335—Two and three rooms and kitchenette; elevator apartment.

PARK AV., 71 (38th St.)—New building, 12th floor; living room, wood burning fireplace, foyer, bedroom, bath; large kitchen; all light; moderate rental. Pease & Elliman, 240 Madison Av.

PARK AV., 1,126 (Near 90th)—Four rooms, modern improvements; $36. Inquire Supt.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY SEPT 15.

MURRAY HILL APARTMENTS,

136 EAST 36TH ST.,

S. E. Corner Lexington Av.

1 ROOM, kitchenette with window, bath (5½ ft. tub); disappearing bed; 2 CLOSETS (only 2 left)....$1,350 to $1,400

3 ROOMS bath (5½-ft. tub), kitchen with 5-minute electric dish washer; full enamel range; White cabinets, dining alcove with china closet, CLOSETS....$2,000 to $2,900.

4 ROOMS, bath (5½-ft. tub), kitchen with 5-minute electric dish washer; full enamel range; White cabinets; dining alcove with china closet, 5 CLOSETS—$2,690 to $3,600.

Maid service available all hours.

Booklet upon request.

Renting agent on premises.

WILLIAM H. PECKHAM,

299 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 2928.

COMPLETE lists in all locations. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 8680.

### Unfurnished—West Side.

5TH AV., 376—Studio, private bath, dressing room, kitchenette; overlooking Madison Square Park; $85, including decorations. Gramercy 0864.

7TH AV., 2016—7-room apartment, all improvements; colored tenants. Inquire janitor.

6TH ST., 11-15 WEST (Washington Square section)—Three and four rooms; high-class elevator apartment; immediate possession.

9TH, 43 WEST—Two rooms, bath, improvements. Inspection 9-5. Stuyvesant 4331.

12TH, 62 WEST—Attractive four-room apartment; physician's office; elevator. Stuyvesant 5487.

12TH, 145 WEST—Three rooms, steam, parquet floors, electric lights, telephone.

16TH ST., 155 WEST—Three rooms and bath; every modern improvement; refined, quiet surroundings. Superintendent.

24TH ST., 259 WEST—3 large outside corner rooms and bath; 1 flight up; $42 month.

49TH, 126 WEST—Beautiful six-room apartment and bath, $110 per month. Inquire doorman, 122 West 49th St.

49TH, 31 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; unusually attractive; north and south exposure. See Agent, 2 West 50th.

50TH, 17 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; open fireplace; artistic; $1,500; possession.

52D ST., 67 WEST—2, 3 and 5-room apartments; several skylight studios. Agent on premises.

54TH ST., 19 WEST.

Every convenience and comfort a man desires has been provided in the delightful suites of two rooms and bath. Superintendent on premises, or WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Phone John 5700.

57TH ST., 205 WEST (COR. 7TH AV.)

Newly Modernized Apartments of 2, 3 OR 4 ROOMS AND BATH. Kitchens, Kitchenettes, Dining Bays. Rents $1,500 to $3,000.

Also at a Bonus—One apartment of 8 LARGE ROOMS AND 3 BATHS.

Apartments have high ceilings, foyers, large closets, telephones; immediate or later possession, with liberal allowances to Oct. 1. Renting Office on Premises. Circle 8420.

57TH, 149 WEST—12 rather, surroundings appeal; see large studio and bath, in-door bed and all improvements; $75. Apply premises, or phone Marx, Lackawanna 7755.

67TH ST., 321 WEST—Beautiful 3-corner and 2-room apartments, bath and miniature kitchen; light, southern exposure, slate hallway; $60 up. Columbus 7430.

68TH ST., 200 WEST—3-room apartment, immediate possession; one 5-room apartment, Oct. 1. Apply Superintendent.

84TH ST., 17 TO 21 WEST—New fireproof apartment house; 1 and 4 rooms, each; kitchens; rent reasonable.

86TH, 155 WEST (subway, "L")—Five light rooms; modern improvements; $68. Janitor.

86TH, 245 WEST—Two-room apartment, bath and kitchenette; $75 upward.

LACkawanna 1000

The telephone number of The New York Times has been changed to

LACkawanna 1000

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Unfurnished—West Side.

71ST, 342 WEST (Adjoining Riverside Drive)—Eight immense sunny outside rooms; two master bathrooms; all night elevator. $500. Ernest Tribelhorn; phone, Riverside 7230.

72D, 121 WEST—Offering handsome new apartments, select neighborhoods, concessions, now; individual attention. Flagg Rental Service, Endicott 1239.

72D, 122 WEST—Very unique, newly decorated, remodeled apartments; one or two rooms and bath; parquet floors; kitchenettes; reasonable rent if taken now. Symsak.

73D, 108 WEST—Beautiful five-room apartment, sublet; southern exposure; recently constructed elevator building; moderate rental concession until October.

74TH ST., 202 WEST (corner Broadway)—Beautiful 5 and 7 room apartments; one flight up; unusually light; $125 per month. Endicott 2110.

76TH—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; bargain; $80. Elberson, 25 West 43d.

78TH, 159 WEST—Entire first floor, 3 rooms; modern; suitable doctor, dentist.

79TH, 310 WEST.

Six-room elevator apartment; $140.

77TH, 307 WEST—Attractive 2-room apartment, eleventh floor; $100 month; bargain.

80TH, 320 WEST—Three rooms, kitchenette and bath, $105 month. Inquire Supt.

80TH—Elevator apartment, eight rooms, 2 baths; $165. Elberson, 25 West 43d.

81ST, 25 WEST—Entire parlor floor, suitable doctor, studio; facing Museum; open in rear to 82d; immediate possession.

83D, 58 WEST—Apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath; $100. Elberson or Supt.

84TH, 64 WEST—2-room and kitchenette apartment; all light; reasonable. Telephone Riverside 3538.

86TH ST., 350 WEST—New 14-story; ones, twos, threes and fours; tile kitchen and bath; $1,100 up yearly.

87TH, 46 WEST—Modern apartment, two rooms, bath; ready for occupancy.

89D ST., 215 WEST—Very choice three and four room suites; immediate occupancy. Inquire Mr. Walsh, on premises.

89D, 306 WEST—Eight elegant, light rooms, two baths; 5th floor, modern elevator house; rent $2,400 per annum.

93D, 62 WEST—3 and 4 room apartments; all improvements; $75 up.

96TH ST., 210 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY)—NEW, UP-TO-DATE ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; EXCEPTIONALLY BEAUTIFUL SUITES, TWO, THREE ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE; $1,200 UP.

97TH, 306 WEST (near Riverside)—Five, six spacious daylight rooms, overlooking tennis courts and Drive; elevator; excellent transit facilities; sublet; $155. Tribelhorn, Riverside 7230.

98TH, 309 WEST—Four rooms and bath; all modern improvements; elevator apartment.

100TH ST. (southwest corner of West End Av.), 1 WEST—Five-room apartment; reasonable rent. Inquire on premises.

107TH, 210-230 WEST (near Broadway)—5, 6, 7 and 12 rooms, all improvements, in high-class elevator apartment; moderate rent. Superintendent on premises.

107TH, 66 WEST—Five rooms, elevator apartment; $65. Apply superintendent.

109TH, 209 WEST—Four light rooms, all improvements; $60. Inquire superintendent.

109TH, 214 WEST—5 beautiful rooms, all improvements; newly decorated; reasonable.

110TH ST., 311 WEST—Commands finest Hudson view of Riverside Drive, seven rooms and bath; $3,200; immediate possession; co-operative owner. T. W. Bennett, Hendrik Hudson.

110TH ST., 537 WEST—Fireproof 3, 4, 6, 7 rooms, 2 baths, ample closets; $1,400, $1,800, $2,200, $2,700.

111TH, 148 WEST—Seven light rooms; all newest improvements; immediate occupancy; $65.

111TH, 57 WEST (corner)—Six and seven rooms, elevator; rent $100. Superintendent.

111TH ST., 508 WEST (near Broadway)—Five light rooms, elevator; $80.

112TH, 601 WEST (corner Broadway)—Five-room apartment; immediate possession; concessions.

113TH, 535 WEST—Beautiful apartments, two and four rooms, all modern conveniences; refined neighborhood; moderate rental Summer.

113TH, 513 WEST (Apt. 8E)—Four rooms. Inquire Superintendent.

116TH—Elevator apartment, five rooms, 2 baths; $25, bargain. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

122D ST., 515 WEST.

4, 5, 6 room elevator apartments; very desirable; immediate possession; $90 up. Supt.

124TH, 546 WEST—7-room apartment; all improvements; convenient transit facilities.

125TH, 545 WEST (Near Broadway subway)—Three rooms, bath and kitchenette, elevator; $60 month; lower rent until October.

141ST, 610 WEST (NEAR DRIVE).

Elegant apartments, 4 large, light rooms, modern elevator building; excellent service; immediate possession; reasonable. Supt. or Winfield Realty Co. Phone Endicott 2650.

142D ST., WEST, (289 Convent Av.)—New high-class elevator apartments just completed, 3-4-5-6 rooms, 1-2 baths; immediate occupancy. Inquire premises. Bradhurst 5921.

143D, 561 WEST (corner Broadway)—Six sunny rooms; elevator apartment; $120 month.

143D, 519 WEST—Six large, light rooms, all improvements; elevator; reasonable rent.

144TH, 510 WEST (off Broadway)—Very choice elevator apartments, 4-5-6 rooms, all improvements; elegantly decorated; buses, subway, trolley, "L"; open inspection. Superintendent.

145TH, 615 WEST—Five light rooms, near Riverside; improvements; $75. Inquire Supt. or Nehring, 1,441 St. Nicholas Av.

147TH, 542 WEST—Four rooms, $60. Apply Janitor or phone Kellog 0748.

151ST, 516-518 WEST—6 AND 7 ROOMS, ELEVATOR; RENT REASONABLE. SUPT. ON PREMISES.

152D, 400 WEST (cor. St. Nicholas Place and Avenue)—8 rooms; first floor, facing street; morning sun; rent $100 per month to October; reasonable terms after. Chickering & Sons.

154TH, 429 WEST—High-class 4-room apartment; every improvement, $75. Supt.

155TH, 506 WEST (near Broadway)—New elevator apartment house, 3-4-5-6 rooms; very conveniently located; rent reasonable. Apply Supt.

160TH, 601 WEST—5-6-7-8 large rooms, large foyer, 2 baths; modern 10-story elevator apartment, facing Broadway.

163D, 600 WEST (corner Broadway)—High-class elevator apartment, 4 rooms, $65.

163D ST., 536 WEST (near Broadway)—Five rooms, all improvements, $80. Supt.

166TH, 600 WEST—Seven, eight rooms; high-class elevator house. Apply Supt.

164TH, 601 WEST—3 and 4 rooms, high-class elevator house. Apply Supt.

178TH, 513 WEST—Five large rooms, beautifully redecorated; all improvements; low rent.

178TH, 111 WEST—3 rooms, all modern improvements. Apply Superintendent.

AMSTERDAM AV., 1,118 (near 115th)—7-room apartment; all improvements; low rent. Telephone Cathedral 7970.

AUDUBON AV., 220 AND 230 (corner 176th and 177th Sts.)—5 rooms; elevator; $70-$90. Apply Superintendent.

BROADWAY, 4,568 (Academy St.)—New building, 3-4 rooms, $55-$80; concessions; immediate possession. Supt., or Vanderbilt 1450.

BROADWAY, 5,089—Central Park West (105th); 140th Hamilton Place; 190th, West setting; 3-4-5-7 rooms, $50-$125. Realty Surveys, owners. Academy 5600.

CONVENT AV., 128TH-129TH STS., St. Nicholas Terrace (block square)—3-4-5 large rooms; near and airy; every modern improvement; rent reasonable. Renting office, 29 Convent Av. Morningside 9420.

CLAREMONT AV., 180—5-6-7 rooms, elevator; all improvements; convenient location.

ELWOOD ST., 79 (between Nagle and Broadway, 5 blocks south Dyckman station)—4, extra large rooms just completed; reasonable rent. Agent on premises.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 286-296—Block front, 173d to 174th Sts.; new building; immediate occupancy; 3, 4, 5, 6 rooms; high-class walk-up apartments in finest residential section in Washington Heights. Inquire premises. Phone Vanderbilt 3681.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., southwest corner 176th; high-class elevator, just completed, now ready for occupancy. Apply on premises.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (172 Sullivan St.)—Two rooms and bath, furnished, except linen and bedding, no kitchenette; summer rate, $40 monthly, until Oct. 1. Telephone for appointment Spring 5471. Dubie.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Just remodeled, 3 and 4 rooms; all improvements; $115-$150; liberal concession. Sheridan Square subway, 51 Grove St. Agent on premises.

GREENWICH VILLAGE, 240 Waverley Place (corner 11th, near 7th Av., subway)—Very attractive three rooms, bath, &c., $75. Superintendent.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Unfurnished—West Side.

HAVEN AV., 900-904 (near 170th)—3 rooms, all improvements; reasonable rent. Phone Wadsworth 9148 or Longacre 7176.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 730 (156TH TO 157TH).

1 room, 1 baths.
2 rooms, 1 baths.
6 rooms, 2 baths.
10 rooms, 3 baths.

Immediate and October possession.

RIVERA APARTMENTS.

Tel. Billings 2900. Resident Manager.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 820 (158TH ST.)

THREE AND SIX ROOM APARTMENTS, completely decorated, facing beautiful Italian garden, ready for occupancy. Inquire Supt. on premises or phone Billings 0421.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 363 (109th)—Beautiful apartment, 10 rooms, 3 baths; very large reception room; newly reconstructed and decorated; open for inspection; reasonable. Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 870 (north corner 90th St.)—Most attractive apartment on Drive; 7, 8 and 9 rooms, 3 baths; all outside rooms.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440—Desirable 4-room apartment. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 482—Choice four-room elevator apartment, facing Drive.

WEST END AV., 838 (southeast cor. 101st St.)—6 rooms, 3 baths, and 9 rooms, 3 baths; most up-to-date and attractive apartment on west side; immediate occupancy.

WEST END AV., 762 (97th)—7 rooms; all improvements; newly decorated; $150.

WEST END AV., 713 (96th)—7 rooms; all improvements; good location; $115.

COMPLETE lists in all locations. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 8680.

### Unfurnished—Bronx.

1716T ST., 640 WEST—5 beautiful light rooms; all modern improvements; $85. Apply Superintendent.

178TH ST., 711—Beautiful large rooms; all modern improvements. Apply Supt.

DEISDER SHOEN,

400 East 148th St.

BRONX BOULEVARD, 2,304 (corner Rosewood St., fronting on Bronx River Parkway)—7 rooms, sun parlor all modern improvements; in a new 2-family brick house with garage space for 1 car; no fine apartment or location; 5c. fare to Lexington Av. subway, 2d Av. elevated or New York Central lines. Apply on premises or telephone Jerome 2068.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,825 (171st St.)—Three, four, five rooms; reasonable rentals. Agent on premises.

MARGUERY HALL,

820 East 176th St. (Mount Hope Section).

3-4-5 ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS,

Just Completed. Every Modern Imp.

REASONABLE RENTS. FINE LOCATION. Convenient to Concourse, Stores, &c. Subway, "L" and railroad stations. AGENT ON PREMISES or Murray Hill 6416.

MORRIS AV., 2,011 (179th)—3-5 rooms, facing street; fireproof; corner apt.

PARKWAY TERRACE APARTMENTS,

115 Mosholu Parkway North, cor. Steuben Av. 3-4-5 room apartments, all latest improvements; every room faces parkway or landscape garden court; private rent 1 block east Mosholu Parkway station, 6th and 9th Av. "L" and Lexington Av. subway. Agent on premises.

ONE MONTH FREE.

2,732 Bainbridge Av., corner 196th St., near Concourse and school; new house; three and four rooms, every improvement; rent reasonable. Agent on premises.

ONE MONTH FREE.

149 W. Tremont Av., near University Av. 2-3-4-5 rooms, new house; reasonable rent. Agent on premises, or Davis, Mintz, 582 Prospect Av.

### Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS (five minutes to Wall St.)—Apartments of four, six, seven large, light, airy rooms. 47 Pierrepont St., Brooklyn. Apartment especially suitable for doctor's use.

FLATBUSH, 1,529 EAST 17TH ST.—Six rooms, enclosed sunparlor, modern improvements, steam heat; hot water supplied; also three rooms top floor. Dewey 4659M.

### Unfurnished—Queens.

ELMHURST—5 rooms, every improvement; screened porch, best location; near subway and shops; heat supplied; small family; rent $75. 217 Elberson St., Elmhurst. Tel. Havemeyer 3419.

JACKSON HEIGHTS—Elevator apartments, five rooms or five rooms and sun parlor; large and light; 10 minutes to the beautiful garden apartment homes that have made this community a most desirable place in which to live; $150 monthly. The Queensboro Corporation, Renting Department. Phone Havemeyer 2300.

JACKSON HEIGHTS—Seven modern rooms in new brick house, heat supplied; $100; private entrance. 3,742 20th St. (Garage.)

14 MINUTES FROM 42D ST.

Enjoy life in a garden apartment, every modern convenience.

CRYSTAL GARDENS.

Astoria.

Choose your apartment now for the Fall.

4 rooms, $68.
5 rooms, $76.
6 rooms, $85.

Renting office open every day at 237 Hoyt Av., Astoria. Stations: 7 minutes from Grand Central, B. M. T. from Times Square, or 2d Av. "L" from 57th St. (Astoria line to Hoyt Av.).

SEND FOR BOOKLET.

### Unfurnished—Long Island.

FLORAL PARK—Seven rooms, modern; 10 minutes from station. 66 Burt St.

FOREST HILLS—4 rooms, new; hot water ste

**Closing Hours for Advertisements**

Sunday Edition

WEDNESDAY, 6 P. M.—Special theatrical, financial, financial, financial.

SUNDAY, SATURDAY, MIDNIGHT.—Display Apartments and Real Estate, with exceptions, matinee or drawing.

TOMORROW, FRIDAY, 3 P. M.—Editorial Notices.

SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, subject to omission.

Daily Edition

Advertisements for daily edition must be received before 6 P. M. on day preceding publication.

**Classified Advertising Rates**

Minimum space 2 lines. Agate line of 6 words

Situations Wanted ..... 40c
Situations Wanted—Female ..... 40c
Female Help Wanted ..... 40c
Male Help Wanted ..... 40c
Lost and Found ..... 40c
Country Board Wanted ..... 40c
Real Estate, &c. ..... 40c
Rooms to Let and Wanted ..... 40c
Country Board ..... 40c
For Sale ..... 40c
Automobile Advertising ..... 40c
Agents Wanted ..... 40c
Manufacturers' Agents ..... 40c
Instruction Advertising ..... 40c
Business Opportunities ..... $1.00
Per Inch
Boats, Yachts, Offerings to Buyers ..... 12c
Book Exchange (Sunday) ..... 12c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births must be paid in advance.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.

*Record of $100 offered by The New York Times for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one advertising money through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.*

Telephone LACKawanna 1000.

**BOARDERS WANTED.**

**West Side.**

99TH, 123 WEST—Desirable accommodations, private bath; also parlor floors; excellent cuisine.

63D, 254 WEST—Double, single, front rooms, private baths, shower; home cooking.

64TH (606 West End Av.)—Room for business mother, board and care of child school age during day. Riverside 2298.

154TH, 428 WEST (near Amsterdam)—Attractive, large front room, lavatory; good table.

PARK AV., 43, (39th)—Spacious rooms, private baths, exclusive environment, excellent cuisine.

EVELYN LODGE—Charming residence, overlooking bay, delightful commuting, 25 minutes to Manhattan; airy outside rooms, newly furnished; excellent chef and service; select clientele; parlors, porches, lawns, com. 15 years one management; weekly, week-end, 2 persons, $20 double, up. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Booklet.

**COUNTRY BOARD.**

**Connecticut.**

ELM TERRACE INN, Woodmont-on-the-Sound; golf, bathing, tennis, horseback riding, running water and telephone in every room; bountiful tables; terms $20 per week and up; send for booklet. Box 680, Woodmont, Conn.

**Long Island.**

BELLE HARBOR—Ocean rooms with board; 149-159 127th St. Phone 2556-0516 Belle Harbor.

EDGEMERE—Rooms with board; homelike and attractive; rates July 4 week-end, $10 and per person; Far Rockaway 5462.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Fine choice rooms with and without bath; rare opportunity to secure accommodations. Far Rockaway 3761, or call and see Seaview Cottage, 71 Park Av.

LONG BEACH PROPER (428 West Penn)—Ideal Summer home for people of taste and refinement; delightful rooms; delicious cooking; block to ocean. Mrs. Folgin, Long Beach 2000.

LONG BEACH—Beautiful large rooms with private baths, excellent meals; block to ocean; reasonable rates. The Gainsboro, Broadway and Riverside. Phone Long Beach 2000.

LONG BEACH—Accommodations, rooms, board; block from ocean; reasonable. Byrne, 217 East Front St. Tel. 843 Long Beach.

LONG BEACH (139 W. Chester St.)—One or two rooms in private house for season; board optional.

LONG BEACH—Catering to a few refined guests for season; excellent table. Phone Long Beach 879.

LONG BEACH—Catering to refined guests, 1 West Olive St. Phone 1022.

NEWBROOK—Quiet, homelike; for Summer or permanent home. 350 Scranton Av.

PATCHOGUE INN,
Patchogue, L. I.
CATERS TO FAMILIES.

Airy rooms, suitable for 3 or 4; $10 and $12 per week per room.

Week-end parties, $4 a day.
Telephone reservations, Patchogue 848
ERNEST SATTLER, Manager.

SEA GATE (Thavercrest Hall)—Ocean front; 45 minutes from Times Square; bathing; tennis; southern cooking. Phone Coney Island 4567.

ACCOMMODATIONS for refined business couple in private family; boating, bathing; excellent meals. Phone Port Washington 675, after 5. W 391 Times.

**New Jersey.**

PASCACK BROOK HOUSE,
Commuting distance, New Hartford; refined surroundings; excellent table, fishing, bathing, &c.; all modern improvements. Box 559 Westwood, N. J.

PERTH AMBOY, 40 Water St.—45 minutes from Penn Station; phone 2083 Perth Amboy. A few choice vacancies over the 4th of July; excellent German table, beautiful ocean front rooms, private bathing beach; private rates.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J. (117 Scotland Road)—Beautiful home and location; near station; golf, room, board, bath; couple. Phone 301.

**NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS.**
LINWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

**New York State.**

SUBREGULAR CASES, MEDICAL CARE $15 UP. DR. CAHILL, OTISVILLE, N. Y.

**Staten Island.**

HUGUENOT PARK (The Willows)—On beach; bathing; excellent accommodations; exceptional. Tottenville 1029.

**Westchester County.**

ELM TERRACE INN,
Woodmont-on-the-Sound; golf, bathing, tennis, horseback riding, running water and telephone in every room; bountiful tables; terms $20 per week and up; send for booklet. Box 680, Woodmont, Conn.

EDGEMERE—Rooms with board; homelike and attractive; rates July 4 week-end, $10 and per person; Far Rockaway 5462.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Fine choice rooms with and without bath; rare opportunity to secure accommodations. Far Rockaway 3761, or call and see Seaview Cottage, 71 Park Av.

LONG BEACH PROPER (428 West Penn)—Ideal Summer home for people of taste and refinement; delightful rooms; delicious cooking; block to ocean. Mrs. Folgin, Long Beach 2000.

LONG BEACH—Beautiful large rooms with private baths, excellent meals; block to ocean; reasonable rates. The Gainsboro, Broadway and Riverside. Phone Long Beach 2000.

LONG BEACH—Accommodations, rooms, board; block from ocean; reasonable. Byrne, 217 East Front St. Tel. 843 Long Beach.

LONG BEACH (139 W. Chester St.)—One or two rooms in private house for season; board optional.

LONG BEACH—Catering to a few refined guests for season; excellent table. Phone Long Beach 879.

LONG BEACH—Catering to refined guests, 1 West Olive St. Phone 1022.

NEWBROOK—Quiet, homelike; for Summer or permanent home. 350 Scranton Av.

PATCHOGUE INN,
Patchogue, L. I.
CATERS TO FAMILIES.

Airy rooms, suitable for 3 or 4; $10 and $12 per week per room.

Week-end parties, $4 a day.
Telephone reservations, Patchogue 848
ERNEST SATTLER, Manager.

SEA GATE (Thavercrest Hall)—Ocean front; 45 minutes from Times Square; bathing; tennis; southern cooking. Phone Coney Island 4567.

ACCOMMODATIONS for refined business couple in private family; boating, bathing; excellent meals. Phone Port Washington 675, after 5. W 391 Times.

**New Jersey.**

PASCACK BROOK HOUSE,
Commuting distance, New Hartford; refined surroundings; excellent table, fishing, bathing, &c.; all modern improvements. Box 559 Westwood, N. J.

PERTH AMBOY, 40 Water St.—45 minutes from Penn Station; phone 2083 Perth Amboy. A few choice vacancies over the 4th of July; excellent German table, beautiful ocean front rooms, private bathing beach; private rates.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J. (117 Scotland Road)—Beautiful home and location; near station; golf, room, board, bath; couple. Phone 301.

**NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS.**
LINWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

**New York State.**

SUBREGULAR CASES, MEDICAL CARE $15 UP. DR. CAHILL, OTISVILLE, N. Y.

**Staten Island.**

HUGUENOT PARK (The Willows)—On beach; bathing; excellent accommodations; exceptional. Tottenville 1029.

**Westchester County.**

ELM TERRACE INN,
Woodmont-on-the-Sound; golf, bathing, tennis, horseback riding, running water and telephone in every room; bountiful tables; terms $20 per week and up; send for booklet. Box 680, Woodmont, Conn.

**Long Island.**

BELLE HARBOR—Ocean rooms with board; 149-159 127th St. Phone 2556-0516 Belle Harbor

## Police Department.

Commissioner Enright issued this order yesterday:

**Temporary Assignments.**

PATROLMEN—William E. Quirk, 59th Precinct, to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Bronx, to July 11; Michael Kanealy, 54th Precinct, assigned to day tour and excused from reserve duty, to Aug. 1; twelve precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, for 15 days: John Dondero, 5; Harry Sellman, 85; Thomas E. J. McHugh, 28; William Regan, 101.

**Leave With Pay.**

INSPECTOR—Edwin H. West, 10th Inspection District, for 15 days, from July 10, to be deducted from vacation.

**Leaves Without Pay.**

LIEUTENANT—William F. Dearing, 5th Precinct, for 5 days, from 9 A. M., July 27.

PATROLMEN—Albert M. Hebrank, 37th Precinct, for 5 days, from 8 A. M., Aug. 8; Martin E. Zeidler, 83d Precinct, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., July 2, 1924.

**Sick Leaves Granted.**

LIEUTENANT—James Keane, 27th Precinct, for 30 days, from July 2.

PATROLMEN—Richard Powers, 1st Precinct, for 30 days, from July 12; John J. Fitzgerald, 21st Precinct, for 90 days, from July 2; Robert D. Mackintosh, 68th Precinct, for 90 days, from July 2.

**Pay on Sick Report Approved.**

PATROLMEN—Samuel J. Smith Jr., Motorcycle Squad No. 2, from May 8, during disability; James B. Smith, Headquarters Division, Special Service Division, from May 19, to June 2; Joseph O'Toole, Headquarters Division, Bureau of Public Safety, from May 23, during disability; Charles Isaacson, Headquarters Division, Raided Premises Squad, from Jan. 16 to Jan. 21 and from Jan. 24 to Feb. 1; Stephen J. Lanigan, Headquarters Division, Special Service Division, from May 27, during disability.

PROBATIONARY PATROLMEN—George J. Meier, 1st Precinct, from May 9 to May 12; Benjamin J. Keeney, 101st Precinct, from May 7 to May 8.

**Restored to Duty.**

PATROLMEN—James F. Noll, 14th Precinct; John Grimes, 85th Precinct.

**Suspended Without Pay.**

PATROLMEN—James F. Noll, 14th Precinct; John Grimes, 85th Precinct.

## Fire Department.

Chief Kenlon made these announcements yesterday:

**Report to School.**

Following-named will report at the School of Instruction, 107-109 East 67th Street, Manhattan, Monday, July 7, at time specified, for a period of thirty days, for test as prescribed by the rules:

| 9 A.M. | Eng. | 1 P.M. | Eng. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Frank de Jongh | 1 | Henry J. Buletti | 3 |
| Joseph J. O'Neill | 2 | Peter Fleming | 9 |
| Richard L. Kelly | 10 | Ralph G. Murray | 9 |
| Michael J. Timlin | 12 | Arthur Ledamun | 15 |
| Timothy J. Cotter | 18 | Peter V. Mayeski | 19 |
| F. G. Frederick | 21 | Harry J. Donlon | 20 |
| M. J. O'Donnessy | 23 | Arthur F. Carr | 27 |
| Thomas F. Carey | 24 | James J. McKeon | 58 |
| Harry A. Whalen | 25 | J. H. Monahan | 77 |
| Louis Hartman | 28 | G. W. A. Scanlon | 201 |
| Stephen F. Power | 30 | W. E. Hindenlang | 203 |
| John Daly (S) | 32 | Allen V. Meadows | 211 |
| J. D. McNamara (D) | 40 | W. J. Comiskey | 212 |
| K. A. Spahlinger | 54 | William J. Mullen | 214 |
| Herbert N. Moore | 85 | William L. Becker | 215 |
| Denis O'Connor | 86 | John H. Weaver | 227 |
| Edward Murphy | 87 | George H. Pratt | 237 |
| C. A. Carroll | 202 | M. J. Dougherty | 241 |
| Nicholas P. Trush | 212 | Cornelius J. Lucy | 2 |
| Matthew J. Bride | 224 | James J. Moran | 12 |
| Harry J. Murray | 231 | John F. Grimes | 20 |
| Emil J. Klein | 6 | H. W. A. Boults | 24 |
| Frank J. Hines | 11 | H. A. H. Renner | 133 |
| Albert Lindner | 104 | | |
| Fred J. Widmayer | 108 | | |

H. & L. Co.

**Advancement in Grade.**

Joseph T. Glynn, H. & L. Co. 7, 3d to 2d grade, July 13.

**Leaves of Absence.**

Fireman Michael J. Anselone, Engine Co. 9, for 15 hours, from 9 P. M., July 6; Vincent J. Cruise, Engine Co. 41, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., July 5.

## Public School Notes.

STUDENT SUMMER ACTIVITIES.—While a record number of registrations is expected at the vacation schools this Summer an unprecedented number of students is also expected to apply for Summer employment certificates. Already more than 15,000 certificates have been given out and the expectation is that the total will reach 17,000, although Superintendent of Schools Dr. William J. O'Shea issued notification some time ago that the number of jobs available for school boys and girls probably did not exceed 5,000. A total number of 10,000 students is expected to attend the vacation high schools this year and about 35,000 will probably attend the elementary schools.

## Army Orders and Assignments.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The War Department published these orders today:

**Infantry.**

Harrison, Maj. G. R., to Ft. Benj. Harrison.

Macomb, Maj. J. G., to Jefferson Barr.

Fuller, Capt. H. E., to Washington Barr.

**Air Service.**

Van Nostrand, Maj. P. E., to Kelly Fld., thence to Langley Fld.

Miller, Capt. L. V., to Kelly Fld.

**Field Artillery.**

Bodley, Capt. I. H., is retired.

Busch, Capt. E., to San Francisco and sail about Oct. 18 for Honolulu.

**Miscellaneous.**

Shaw, Lt. Col. H. G., M. C., to Edgewood Arsn.

Cooper, Capt. J. W., to Santa Fe, N. M., as instr. N. G.

**Leaves.**

Croft, Col. E., Inf., 2 mos.

Berry, Col. K., Inf., 2 mos.

Hilgard, Lt. Col. M. R., Gen. Sf., 2 mos.

Miller, Maj. B. F., F. A., 10 days' ext.

Budd, Maj. A. D., Inf., 1 mo. 17 days' ext.

Schulz, Maj. J. W. C., of Ed., 1 mo.

Wilbur, Maj. W. H., Inf., 2 mos.

Ord, Capt. J. B., Inf., 2 mos.

Mann, Capt. J. B., D. C., 1 mo., 10 days.

Sherman, 1st Lt. H. B., Inf., 3 mos.

**To Camp Silver, N. J.**

Col. Henry W. Boyce, F. A.-O. R. C., B. A. Group, July 6 to July 20.

**To Fort Du Pont, Del.**

Capt. James B. Anderson, 2d Lt. A. H. Newman, 302d Engr. Regt., July 6 to July 20.

By direction of the President, the following named Inf. Reserve Corps officers are, with their consent, ordered to active duty effective July 6, 1924, for fifteen days' training. Present assignments 77th Div. On that date they will proceed from their home to Palisades Park, Blauvelt, N. Y., and upon arrival thereat will report in person to the commanding officer for duty:

**To Palisades Park, N. Y.**

Capt. Frederick R. Post and 1st Lt. Joseph H. Beer, 77th Div., July 6 to July 20.

**Special Orders Revoked.**

Special orders assigning 2d Lt. Alfred B. Strickler, Engr.-O. R. C., 2d Lt. Albert D. Cheston, Inf.-O. R. C., Capt. Shiras Campbell, Engr.-O. R. C.; 2d Lt. Charles J. Dalton, Engr.-O. R. C.; 1st Lt. John Gray, Engr.-O. R. C.; 2d Lt. Joseph E. Keller, Inf.-O. R. C., and Capt. Leo A. Regan, Qm.-O. R. C., to active duty for fifteen days' training are revoked.

Special Orders No. 152, June 29, assigning 2d Lt. James E. McMdoe, Inf.-O. R. C., to active duty during July.

**To Camp Dix, N. J.**

CORPS AREA, OFFICE COMMANDER.

2d Lt. Leo J. Kelley, Qm.-O.R.C., attached List XII. Corps, effective July 6.

## National Guard Orders.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, July 2.—These National Guard orders were bulletined in the office of the Adjutant General today:

McCarthy, Capt. Jerrold D., 102d Med. Regt., commissioned for assignment to 104th Ambulance Co.

Leth, 2d Lt. Delano C., 212th Coast Art., hon. discharged.

Gogin, Maj. Ernest H., 369th Inf., detailed for active duty for 90 days to report to Comdg. Offr., 369th Inf.

## Naval Orders.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Bureau of Navigation published these orders today:

CAPTAIN.

Mannix, D. P., to Offr. in Chg., Branch Hydrographic Office, Phila.

COMMANDERS.

Babcock, J. V., to the Arctic.

Johnson, C. L., to command Destr. Div., 32.

LIEUTENANT COMMANDERS.

McMillin, G. J., to Nav. Oprns., Washington.

LIEUTENANTS.

Burnett, H. P., to Subm. Div. 8.

Fellers, W. M., to continue duty re flying with the Flt.

Lovera, W. L., to Subm. Div. 8.

Matthews, F. E., to Subm. Div. 8.

Phillips, W. K., to Bur. of Engrg., Washington.

Richardson, J. C., to Phila. Navy Yd.

Truesdell, S. D., to Div. 8.

Fields, J. A., to the Fulton.

Hunter, DeW. T., to Navy Recr'g Sta., Kansas City, Mo.

Lippincott, H. H., to the Pennsylvania.

Par, A. N., Jr., to the Chaumont.

## Wills for Probate.

**New York.**

BYRON, FRANK (May 9). Estate about $500, to widow, Mrs. Tyday, of New Hyde Park, L. I. Executrix.

COFFEY, WILLIAM J. (June 22). Estate, over $15,000, to widow, Catherine A., of 3,156 Third Avenue, one of the executors.

DECKER, CHARLES (June 21). Estate, net less than $15,000. To Frederick Bellow of 448 Third Avenue, $2,250; residue to brother, George W., executor, of 1,020 University Avenue.

GLASS, JOSEPH (May 30). Estate, more than $10,000, divided among relatives. Leopold Louis of 372 West Ninetieth Street and William Glass of 345 West 152d Street, executors.

KAUFMAN, ADOLPH (June 23). Estate, more than $10,000. To widow, Helen, $10,000 and residue for life; to sister, Sophie H. Levy, $25,000.

FAURE, FRANCIS (April 21). Estate, about $2,000, to friend, Louise L. Coultre, executrix, 24 West Fifteenth Street.

FRANKEL, ABRAHAM M. (June 3). Estate $4,000, to niece, Denver, executrix, of 94 Hamilton Place.

LAMBERT, FANNIE (June 20). Estate, approximately $15,000, divided among sons, Vitus, executor, of 210 West 100th Street, and Edward and Howard.

LEVY, BERTHA (May 30). Estate, about $8,000, divided equally between children, Bessie Salant and Abraham of 216 West Ninety-first Street, executor.

ROURKE, ANNA (June 20). Estate, $6,000, divided equally between cousins, Nora A. Mulqueen, executrix, of 888 Park Avenue, and Elizabeth Healy.

ZWEIG, REBECCA (May 20). Estate $11,000. To Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, $100; to Abraham Lichtenstein, executor, of 204 East Ninety-eighth Street, residue.

**Kings.**

BARGEN, HARRY VON (June 26). Estate, realty, $18,000, to widow, Katie Von Bargen, executrix, 107 Berkeley Place.

BURST, MARY H. (Dec. 18, 1923). Estate, less than $2,000 in shares of one-quarter to each of four granddaughters, one of whom is Frances S. C. Cherry, executrix, Oakland, Cal.

LEHRENKRAUSS, HERMAN C. (June 26). Estate $50,000. To widow, Katherine Lehrenkrauss, 195 Prospect Place, life income in one-half of the residuary estate; life annuity of $300 monthly to a daughter, Mildred Scheuss; $500 to a son-in-law, A. C. Scheuss, and the same amount to each of several grandchildren; a brother, Julius Lehrenkrauss, 290 Sterling Place, $1,000, and the residuary estate to a son, Charles F. Lehrenkrauss, executor, 195 Prospect Place.

MURPHY, ARTHUR J. (June 26). Estate—realty $7,000, personal property $15,000 to widow, Gertrude E. Murphy, executrix, 332 New York Avenue.

NOWKA, FRANCES J. (June 23). Estate $11,000, of which $10,000 is in realty, in equal shares to a daughter, Ruth, and son, Sterling Nowka, 558 East Twenty-eighth Street. Henrietta Trost, 1,166 Hoe Avenue, Bronx, executrix.

SANCHEZ, REGINA (June 21). Estate, realty $5,000, personal property $10,000. To a niece, Necomedes F. De Garcia, 244 McDonough Street, $2,000; residuary estate in shares of one-quarter each of four sons, including Laureano Sanches, executor, 213 Beverly Road.

SLUTTER, NICOLAS F. (June 10). Estate to widow, Mary E. Slutter, executrix, 649 Tenth Street.

WEBSTER, HENRY G. (June 19). Estate, less than $10,000, to widow, Jennie Sloan Webster, 564 Washington Avenue, Boonton, N. J. Charles B. Webster, a brother, Boonton, N. J., is the executor.

WEISS, MALLI (June 13). Estate, $5,200, to husband, Samuel Weiss. 14 Belvedere Street. Irving M. Weiss, a son, executor. Buffalo, N. Y.

## Training Camp Orders.

Maj. Gen. Bullard, Commandant Second Corps Area, U. S. A. Governor's Island, ordered these Reserve Officers to active duty for fifteen days' training to Carlisle Barracks, Pa.:

MED. OFFICERS.

Effective July 7:

Lt. Cols. Rob R. McCully, Joseph C. De Vries, Emanuel Giddings, Maj. George S. Price, Francois M. Shockley, Reuben S. Simpson, George W. Beatty, Horace E. Auringer, Gregory Costigan, Charles V. Crauter and Bruno S. Harwood. Capts. Louis Horbet Jr., Albert E. Leach, Morris H. Leaver, Walter S. Mills, Maxwell L. Volk, Julius M. Blank and Sidney D. Jacobson, First Lts. Joseph P. Garen, Majs. Arthur C. Roblin and Aaron D. Heller, Capts. Harry Finkel, Alfred Brumberger, Richard H. Ecker, Karl H. Metz, Clayton C. Morehouser, Isidore Shapiro, Harold B. Spaliger, Amos G. Stiker, Frank H. Tatlock, Robert W. Carroll Jr. and Morris E. Gross, First Lts. Harold A. Meyer, Frank Rohr, Martin S. Kew, Herbert J. Eichner, Benjamin Engel and Everett L. Hoff. C. Lillyman and Frank J. Smith Jr., First Lt. David Klein, Second Lt. Alexander Deichan, First Lts. Axel L. Soderqreen, William C. Stuart and Alfred H. Rosenberg and Maj. Daniel A. Eiseline.

## THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—Pressure continues high over the Missouri valley and upper lake region and off the middle Atlantic and North Pacific Coasts. Pressure is low and falling slightly over the Plateau Region and Alberta, and readings slightly below normal are reported along the South Atlantic Coast. During the last twenty-four hours showers and some thunderstorms have occurred at scattered points in the southern Rocky Mountain region and in the upper Mississippi Valley, while along the immediate Atlantic seaboard showers have occurred.

Temperatures below normal from the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains westward. In the Northwest they are considerably above normal.

The outlook is for generally fair weather Thursday and Friday, except that there will be showers Thursday along the South Atlantic Coast and in Florida. The weather will continue cool during the next two days, except that temperatures will moderate somewhat in the Ohio Valley on Friday.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

In the following record of observations at United States Weather Bureau stations yesterday the temperatures given are the highest during the twelve hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. and the lowest during the preceding twelve hours from 8 P. M. to 8 A. M.; the barometer reading and condition of weather are those recorded at 8 P. M., and the rainfall is for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 P. M.:

| Stations. | High. | Low. | Temper. ature. | Barom. eter. | Rain fall. | Weather. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Abilene | 78 | 66 | 30.14 | | | Cloudy |
| Albany | 78 | 60 | 30.10 | .02 | | Clear |
| Atlanta | 82 | 64 | 30.02 | | | Clear |
| Atlantic City | 68 | 62 | 30.10 | .07 | | Cloudy |
| Baltimore | 76 | 62 | 30.06 | | | Pt. cl'dy |
| Bismarck | 74 | 50 | 30.26 | | | Pt. cl'dy |
| Boston | 74 | 60 | 30.16 | | | Cloudy |
| Buffalo | 70 | 52 | 30.18 | | | Clear |
| Charleston | 80 | 72 | 30.02 | .34 | | Cloudy |
| Chicago | 62 | 54 | 30.26 | | | Clear |
| Cincinnati | 74 | 62 | 30.16 | | | Clear |
| Cleveland | 72 | 58 | 30.20 | | | Pt. cl'dy |
| Denver | 76 | 56 | 30.06 | | | Cloudy |
| Detroit | 66 | 52 | 30.22 | | | Pt. cl'dy |
| Galveston | 84 | 72 | 30.10 | | | Pt. cl'dy |
| Helena | 70 | 52 | 30.28 | | | Pt. Cl'dy |
| Indianapolis | 70 | 54 | 30.22 | .16 | | Clear |
| Jacksonville | 82 | 70 | 30.00 | | | Rain |
| Kansas City | 80 | 54 | 30.26 | .02 | | Clear |
| Los Angeles | 76 | 62 | 30.12 | | | Clear |
| Milwaukee | 64 | 52 | 30.26 | | | Clear |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul | 72 | 52 | 30.24 | | | Clear |
| New Orleans | 82 | 66 | 30.04 | | | Clear |
| New York | 72 | 62 | 30.12 | | | Cloudy |
| Oklahoma | 72 | 58 | 30.20 | | | Cloudy |
| Philadelphia | 72 | 60 | 30.12 | | | Cloudy |
| Pittsburgh | 70 | 54 | 30.18 | | | Cloudy |
| Portland, Me. | 68 | 58 | 30.18 | | | Cloudy |
| Portland, Ore. | 68 | 62 | 29.96 | | | Cloudy |
| Salt Lake City | 94 | 72 | 29.82 | | | Pt. Cl'dy |
| San Antonio | 84 | 64 | 30.10 | | | Pt. Cl'dy |
| San Diego | 76 | 68 | 29.90 | | | Clear |
| San Francisco | 68 | 52 | 29.90 | | | Clear |
| Seattle | 70 | 52 | 30.04 | | | Cloudy |
| St. Louis | 70 | 56 | 30.20 | .04 | | Pt. Cl'dy |
| Tampa | 86 | | 30.04 | | | Cloudy |
| Washington | 72 | 60 | 30.08 | .02 | | Clear |

*Northern and Southern New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, District of Columbia, Delmarva and Maryland*—Partly cloudy Thursday; Friday fair; not much change in temperature.

*Western Pennsylvania and Western New York*—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

*Official Temperature.*

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 AM. | 62 | 12 M. | 70 | 6 P.M. | 68 |
| 6 AM. | 63 | 1 P.M. | 72 | 7 P.M. | 65 |
| 9 AM. | 63 | 2 P.M. | 70 | 8 P.M. | 64 |
| 10 AM. | 65 | 3 P.M. | 69 | 9 P.M. | 64 |
| 11 AM. | 67 | 4 P.M. | 68 | | |
| | | 5 P.M. | 67 | | |

Average temperature yesterday, 68.

Average same date last year, 72.

Average same date for 46 years, 72.

High yesterday, 73, at 12:40 P. M.; low, 62, at 3 A. M.

Barometer—8 A. M., 30.10; 8 P. M., 30.12.

Humidity—8 A. M., 85; 8 P. M., 76.

Wind—8 A. M., north, velocity 8 miles; 8 P. M., southeast, velocity 8 miles.

Weather—8 A. M., cloudy; 8 P. M., cloudy.

**Weather in Cotton and Grain States.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Forecast:

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia—Partly cloudy Thursday, except showers on coast; Friday probably fair.

Florida—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday, probably local showers and thunder storms.

Extreme Northwest Florida, Alabama and Mississippi—Generally fair Thursday and Friday.

Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; slightly warmer Friday.

Illinois, Indiana, Upper and Lower Michigan, Wisconsin, Missouri and Iowa—Generally fair Thursday and Friday with rising temperature.

Minnesota—Generally fair Thursday and probably Friday; rising temperature.

North and South Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas—Mostly fair Thursday and Friday, warmer Friday.

Montana—Mostly fair Thursday and Friday except possibly local thunder showers in mountains; warmer Thursday east, cooler Friday west and central.

Wyoming—Mostly fair Thursday and Friday; some possibility of local thunder showers in mountains; warmer Thursday.

East Texas—Thursday and Friday cloudy, probably showers on west coast; warmer Thursday in the interior.

West Texas—Thursday and Friday partly cloudy, probably showers southwest.

## Fire Record.

| A. M. | Loss. |
|---|---|
| 2:30—388 9 Av., Vincent Addrici | Not given |
| 3:50—9 Suffolk St., M. Levine | Not given |
| 11:55—119 W 35 St., St. Philip's Church. | Not given |
| P. M. | |
| 12:55—550 8 Av. (vacant); Bricken Contracting Co. | Not given |
| 1:45—154 E. 91 St., Bronx; Gartz Construction Co. | Trifling |
| 2:15—250 W. 35 St.; Albova Realty Co. | Trifling |
| 2:20—800 Fox St, Bronx; P. Bazar | Not given |
| 2:35—1,702 Clay Av., Bronx; Bully | Not given |
| 3:40—Greenwich and 10 Sts.; auto, | Not given |
| 4:45—705 E. 51 St.; B. Karman | Slight |
| 5:00—12 E. 12 St.; Rev. Novelty Works. | Not given |
| 5:30—Foot of 9 St., East River; scow; Cleany Bros. | Slight |
| 6:25—16 E. 33 St.; B. Schroeder | Not given |
| 6:55—1,755 Lexington Av.; Dr. Poles. | Not given |
| 8:45—220 W. 30 St.; auto | Not given |
| 9:00—2,120 Prospect Av., the Bronx; J. Sullivan | Not given |
| 9:20—146 Av. D; not given | Not given |
| 9:40—1,850 1 Av., auto; Rubenstein | Trifling |
| 10:40—25 St. & 10 Av.; not given | No damage |

## FORGE HOUSE IS BURNED.

**Fire Destroys Hotel in Adirondacks —Loss Is Put at $100,000.**

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 2.—The Forge House, at Old Forge in the Adirondacks, was destroyed by fire tonight, causing a loss estimated at $100,000. The blaze started along the roof of the west wing, and, fanned by a high wind, spread rapidly. The structure was doomed from the start.

Much of the furnishings of the lower floors were removed. C. I. and R. E. Thomson, owners, say $30,000 insurance was carried.

## Estates Appraised.

**Kings.**

BALDWIN, STEPHEN C. (Jan. 25, 1923). Gross estate, $68,446; net, $47,923. To widow, Edith F. Baldwin, executrix, 12 East Eighty-sixth Street. The estate consists of "Hillo Farm" at Shelter Island, and an equity in the premises at 73 Remsen Street, $37,000; bank deposits, $1,307, and claims for professional services as an attorney, one-third of which is for $25,591, with a total of $29,689.

BOYLAN, HELEN F. (June 28, 1923). Gross estate, $3,068; net, $1,900. To a sister, Jennie A. Carpenter, administratrix, 199 Somers Street, $1,825, and $131 to a friend, Alice Smith. The estate consists of bank deposits.

BURNS, CATHERINE T. (Jan. 15, 1923). Gross estate, $14,631; net, $12,687. To St. Benedict's Church, Fulton Street and Ralph Avenue, $2,000; Church of St. Teresa, Henry Street, $500; bequests of $200 each to the Catholic Blind Institute, York Street, Jersey City, and to the St. Catherine and St. Peter's Hospitals; Church Extension Society, Chicago, $8,000; the College and Commissariat, near Washington, D. C., $1,500; to a nephew and a sister, James C. Burns and Mary A. Flynn, each $1,000. H. Balshiser, executor, 2,040 Fulton Street. The estate consists of realty, $6,000, and bank deposits, $6,905.

GOBERTS, ROSIE (March 10, 1923). Gross estate, $10,231; net, $9,858—to husband, Henry Gobets, administrator, 209 Chauncey Street, and a daughter and a son. The estate consists of realty, $8,773; bank deposits, $607; mortgage, $950.

JOSEPHS, FANNIE (Jan. 21, 1923). Gross estate, $7,313; net, $5,732. To a daughter, Arvia E. Josephs, 47 Elm Court, $2,556; a son, Harold C. Josephs $2,301; a daughter-in-law, Clara E. Fleming, $1,000. Samuel Josephs and S. K. Phillips, executors, 5 Fuller Place. The estate consists of realty, $4,400; bank deposits, $2,571, and jewelry, $741.

KAPPES, JOSEPH (May 29, 1922). Gross estate, $3,456; net, $1,914; to grandchildren. William Kappes, 159 Monroe Street, executor. The estate consists of bank deposits, $2,731, and insurance.

KINGSBURY, ORRIETTE (Aug. 16, 1922). Gross estate, $32,666; net, $25,365; to a cousin, Ira W. Kingsbury, executor, 707 Monroe Street. The estate includes bank deposits, $11,678; mortgages, $14,575; Liberty and Victory bonds, $5,314, and other personal property, $1,078.

MAHAN, MARY (Dec. 5, 1923). Gross estate, $263,573; net, $250,484. To a daughter, Mary Mahan Richards, 2,025 Regent Place, $119,506; a son, Joseph Mahan, 50 East Twelfth Street, $14,000, and each of three grandchildren $500. H. S. Cook, executor, 38 Park Row. The estate includes realty, at 506 Madison Avenue, Manhattan, $150,000; bank deposits, $35,000; mortgages, $40,000; stocks and bonds, $20,764; furs and jewelry, $7,295.

O'NEIL, JOHN (March 11, 1923). Estate, $1,425; to a son, Daniel O'Neil, administrator, 196 Baltic Street. The estate consists of bank deposits.

O'CONNOR, CATHERINE (May 19, 1920). Gross estate, $3,786; net, $3,036—to daughters, Annie L. Bury, 38 Spring Place, and Ella J. Simonson, 28 West Eighty-second Street, executrices. The estate consists of realty, $7,201 and cash, $1,583.

RYAN, LOKEZ M. (May 31, 1923). Gross estate, $1,704; net, $1,119. To a sister, Elizabeth A. Tracy, 4,653 Fort Hamilton Parkway, $559; residue in equal shares to four nieces and nephews. W. A. Ryan, executor, 232 Ovington Avenue. The estate consists of an equity in realty, $1,608, and bank deposits, $465.

SAYLOR, JOSEPH (Aug. 6, 1925). Gross estate, $31,305; net, $30,695; to widow, Alice J. Saylor, 347 East Twenty-third Street, $25,554; to sons, John S. Saylor, 2,333 Newkirk Avenue; George H. Saylor, administrator, 373 East Twenty-fifth Street, and Samuel E. Saylor, 416 East Twenty-sixth Street, each $1,000; three grandchildren, each $200. The estate consists of stocks and bonds, $29,500, and bank deposits, $1,990.

SCHUBERT, JOHN (Nov. 30, 1923). Gross estate, $7,988; net, $3,685—to Rosa Schubert, executrix, 854 Gratton Street, who also receives realty valued at $4,000, which was jointly owned by herself and her husband, and is not part of the probated estate. The estate for probate consists of mortgages, $2,000, and a trust account, $1,909.

STERN, JACOB (March 16, 1923). Gross estate, $5,050; net, $4,650—to widow, Pauline Stern, administratrix, 776 Monroe Street. The estate consists of realty, $4,000, and bank deposits, $1,050.

## RESORTS

**NEW YORK.**

SPEND JULY 4 WEEK END AT

**The Westholm**

*Stamford-in-The-Catskills, N. Y.*

Stamford's most interesting hotel. Smart appointments. Orchestra. Charming home atmosphere. Congenial guests. Country Club. Golf. Tennis. Motorists made happy. Renowned cuisine. 125 Guests.

G. K. HISCOX, Prop., Stamford, N. Y.

For a Joyous July 4 Week-End
WIRE COLLECT FOR RESERVATION AT

**SUNSET PARK INN**
AND COTTAGES
HAINES FALLS, N.Y.

*The Finest Hotel in the Catskills.*
Special Low July 4th Rate.
C. H. Becker, Prop. Haines Falls, N.Y.

**Gedney Farm Hotel**

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
OPEN ALL YEAR
GOLF—TENNIS—DANCING
EDWARD H. CRANDALL

**Lake Champlain Vacation Camp.**

Wonderful Camp for ADULTS, at North Hero, Vt. Automobiling, canoeing, bathing, fishing, dancing, tennis. Bungalows. Electricity. Fine table. Montreal trip. Specially attractive inclusive rates from N. Y. Week, two weeks, month. Booklet. Address: 7 Beaver St., Albany, N. Y. City. Telephone Murray Hill 4271.

**PINE FOREST COLONY**

In the Berkshire Hills on Forest Lake. For adults and families. Hotel, bungalows, tents. Camp life with hotel conveniences. Land and water sports; orchestra; unexcelled food; homelike; 3 hours from N. Y. J. D. WEIL, Wingate, N. Y.

**MILLBROOK INN**

Millbrook, Dutchess Co., N. Y.
For discriminating guests. Golf.
R. E. de Mitz. Phone Millbrook 6.

**MILSTEIN INN** Hide Park On Hudson

Poughkeepsie Station, N. Y.—All modern improvements. Swimming, tennis, riding. Reasonable rates. Tels. Poughkeepsie 1214, New York Office, 176 Fifth Ave. Ashland 7237-8.

**CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE**

Now Open. Beachview, N. Y.
JOHN K. VAN WAGONEN, L. F. SCHUTT, Manager. Associate Manager.

DEW DROP INN and Tea Room. Modern hotel: 500 acres. Beautiful Shawangunk hills. Dancing, tennis, swimming pool. Make early reservations. Management Bartar, Young, Grant Van Buren Wurtsboro, Sull'van County, N. Y.

## INSTRUCTION

**Preparatory Schools.**

**ST. PAUL'S**

178 Stewart Ave., Garden City, L. I., N. Y.
Episcopal Boarding School (Boys).
L. I. R. R. 40 minutes from N. Y. City.
*Send for Booklet.*

FREE CATALOGS OF ALL (Boys' or Girls') CAMPS OR SCHOOLS in U. S. Apply 1101 Times Bldg., or Phone Bryant 1100.

**Business Schools.**

**Drake Business Schools, Inc.**

New York—154 Nassau St. (opp. City Hall). Telephone Beekman 2782.
Bronx—Keith Bldg., Fordham Road and Grand Concourse. Tel. Kellog 5516.
Brooklyn—Bedford Av., at Fulton St. Tel. Prospect 7456.
Jamaica—9463 Sutphin Boulevard.
Day, Night and After Business Sessions.

**PRATT** SCHOOL, 62 West 45th St. SECRETARIAL TRAINING. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION. DAY AND EVENING. OPEN ALL SUMMER. STUDENTS UNDER SIXTEEN NOT ADMITTED.

**BALLARD SCHOOL** Secretarial Course Central Branch Y. W. C. A. 610 Lex. Ave. at 53d St.

**BROWN** SCHOOL, 28 W. 45. Secretarial, 6 weeks shorthand course. Day or Evening. Phone Bryant 6794.

**Special Schools.**

**FASHION ACADEMY** Costume and millinery designing. 4 East 53d & 51h Ave.

**Language Schools.**

**LANGUAGES** All modern languages taught by native teachers. Conversational method. Day and evening classes. Individual lessons. Free Trial Lesson; without obligation on your part. Reduced Summer rates.

**BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES**
30 West 34th St. Tel. Pennsylvania 1144.
Brooklyn, 216 Livingston St. Tel. Main 1946

**Dancing.**

ALBERT P. HARRIS, 937 Madison Av. Real instruction Ballroom dancing, refreshingness; private and class lessons; investigate. Phone Plaza 1258.

MURIEL PARKER.
Modern dancing expert; private instruction; beginners specialised. Bryant 4822, afternoons.

MR. WAL WILSON'S Dance Studio and Ballroom. Dancing every evening. Private beginners. 10 lessons, $5. 19 West 59th.

INGO, fox-trot waltz taught privately. Fay Evelyn 906 7th Av. Circle 7563.

**Swimming.**

MARY HEATON SCHOOL OF SWIMMING. Exclusive Position All Methods Diving. Life Saving—Individual Instruction. 1 WEST 67TH ST. Cor. Central Park West. 4795 Col.

**SUMMER CAMPS.**

CAMP GRANGE, Bellport, Long Island; unusual opportunity for 20 children; private home camp; all sports; special rates; references.

## RESORTS

**NEW YORK.**

Over the 4th of July
**HOTEL BLACKSTONE**
MANHATTAN BEACH, N. Y.
"Paradise for men."—Dorsey Baker.
Thurs., Fri., Sat., Sun.-$12
2 Men in a Room-$15
PHONE YOUR RESERVATIONS CONEY ISLAND 3000.

**The Sagamore**
LAKE GEORGE, NEW YORK

The new Sagamore is one of the finest hotels in this famous resort. Has every up-to-date appointment. Electric lights, telephone and running water in each room. Private baths with rooms and suites. Tennis, golf, horseback riding, dancing, etc.

WM. P. CHASE, Managing Director.

**DEAN HOUSE**
Lake Mahopac, N.Y.
Delightfully Situated on Lake Shore.
**HOTEL GOLF LINKS NOW OPEN**
Furnished cottages and compact apartment, 3 rooms and baths.
Tennis, Dancing and all Summer Sports. Attractive Tea Room; 53 miles from New York.

**Hotel Kaaterskill**

KAATERSKILL, N. Y.—Altitude 3000 Feet
*Harry Tannenbaum, Proprietor*
Golf Tennis Saddle Horses
Dancing Bathing Boating
American Plan. Excellent Cuisine

**NEW YORK—Adirondacks.**

ADIRONDACKS
NOW OPEN.
**STAR LAKE INN**
All improvements; electric lights; steam heat; golf, tennis, orchestra. Fine cuisine.
J. T. SAYLES, Star Lake, N. Y.

ORANGE BLOSSOM INN, Ballston Spa, Saratoga Co., N. Y.—Ideal location; short ride to Saratoga and Lake George; modern throughout; all out-door sports; $18 and up.

**Hill Crest Manor, Cairo, N. Y.** Every comfort for guests; nr. amuse.; tel. and telegraph; pine grove; restricted. A. Millett.

**STEVENS HOUSE, LAKE PLACID, N. Y.** Centre of Adirondack attractions. Golf, tennis and sports. Booklet on request.

**LAKE PLACID** Gem of Adirondacks For Booklet address Chamber of Commerce, Lake Placid, N. Y.

**NEW YORK—Long Island.**

NOW OPEN.
**HOTEL LORRAINE**
EDGEMERE, L. I.
Under the ELISBERG Management
Special July 4th Week-End Rates
RATES REASONABLE.
Phones Far Rockaway 1900 and 2002.
*Jewish Dietary Laws Strictly Observed.*

**Cedarshore Hotel & Cottages**
On Great South Bay, Sayville.

Every room with bath and telephone; new complete addition; extensive lawns, shade trees; private bathing beach; reasonable rates. Booklet.

**THE SEA VIEW HOUSE** Star Harbor, Long Island.
is now open for reception of guests for season 1924. ALLEN K. MORRIS, Prop.

**ELMORE HOTEL AND COTTAGES**
HAYVILLE, L. I.—Country, golf, yacht club, bathing; commuting distance; reasonable rates.

**NEW JERSEY**

**THE NEW LAKE VIEW**
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
1 block from Ocean. Overlooking Lake.
REMODELED—REFURNISHED.
Special Rates Over the Fourth.
Excellent cuisine. Hot and cold water in all rooms en suite. Private baths.
Tel. Spring Lake 1376. M. L. MILLER.

**Ocean Hotel**
Asbury Park, N. J.
Running water and long-distance telephone in all rooms. Elevators. White service; Music; block from beach. Cap. 400. Rates and Booklet on request.
Tel. 2210. Ewell and Crawford
Owners and Managers.

**The Warren ON THE OCEAN**
Spring Lake Beach, N. J.

**The STOCKTON** on the Ocean SEA GIRT, N. J.

**BLYKANT VILLA, Lake Hopatcong, N. J.**—Ideally located on lake, high elevation, all modern improvements, electric light. Accommodates 125; all water and land amusements; open during September. P. F. EDDY & ULLER, Pro. Telephone Hopatcong 118.

**THE ALLAIRE**
On the Ocean Front.
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
J. C. Holmes, Proprietor. H. E. Hayes, Mgr.

**CALIFORNIA LODGE, Lake Hopatcong, N. J.** That unique summering place. New open. Reasonable. Booklet.

**NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.**

BRICK, STEEL AND STONE CONSTRUCTION
**PRINCESS HOTEL**
Ocean and So. Car. Ave. $3.50 day. Spec. whly. Am. plan. White service throughout. Orchestra. Dancing. Running water in all rooms. Priv. baths. Bathing from hotel. Bath houses with private beach

# SHIPPING AND MAILS

(Time indicated is Daylight Saving Time.)

| | THE TIDES. Sandy Hook. | Governors Island. | Hell Gate. | THE SUN. Rises. | Sets. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A.M. P.M. | A.M. P.M. | A.M. P.M. | A.M. | P.M. |
| Low water | 1:11 1:39 | 1:29 1:57 | 4:23 4:51 | 4:26 | 8:21 |
| High water | 7:31 7:59 | 7:49 8:17 | 10:43 11:11 | | |

## Steamships Arrived Yesterday

| Steamer. | From. | Date. | Steamer. | From. | Date. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ANTILLA | Liverpool | June 21 | GAELIC | Aberdeen | June 17 |
| BERGENSFJORD | Christiania | June 21 | MYRTO | San Francisco | June 3 |
| FORT ST. GEORGE | Hamilton | June 30 | CITY MONTGOMERY | Savannah | June 26 |
| GENOA | London | June 21 | SAN MATEO | Porto Barrios | |
| LAMARGO | Havana | June 21 | KENSINGTON | Zanzibar | May 16 |
| MEXICO | Mazatlan | June 21 | MAHANANDA | Philadelphia | June 30 |
| SIERRA MOLLIN | San Pedro | June 9 | CENTAURUS | Vancouver | June 5 |

## Incoming Steamships

| Steamer and Line. | Sailed From. | Date. | | Will Dock. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| *ACOQUOIS, Clyde | Turks Island, June 28 | Today | 8:30 A.M. | Hamilton Av. |
| *ADRI, Simpson, Spence & Young | Lisbon, June 16 | Today | P.M. | Jersey City. |
| *AUTONIAN, White Star | Queenstown, June 22 | Today | | 20th St., Bkln. |
| *ATRIA, Fabre | Naples, June 5 | Today | | 91st St., Bkln. |
| *PRES. ROOSEVELT, U. S. | Bremen, June 22 | Today | 6 P.M. | M St., Bkln. |
| *SANTA MARTA, United Fruit | Santa Marta, June 24 | Today | | Pier 7, Bkln. |
| *SILVIA, Red Cross | Rio Janeiro, June 26 | Today | | Pier 6, Bkln. |
| *WM. McKENNY, Munson | Colon, June 26 | Today | | Unassigned |
| *PRES. MONROE, Dollar | Marseilles, June 18 | Today | A.M. | 15 Staten Isl. |
| *AMAZONE, Royal Dutch Mail | Curacao, June 24 | Today | | Montague St. |
| *ANTONIO, Cosmos Line | Malaga, June 9 | Today | | Erie St., Bkln. |
| *COONHOLM, Morton-Lilly | Tyre, June 19 | Today | | 1 Bush |
| *F. N. STORER, R. L. Hague | Colon, June 25 | Today | | Bayonne |
| *F. E. GORDON, Un. Sulphur Co. | Harbor, May 31 | Today | A.M. | Columbus St. |
| *F. HARRISON SMITH, Hague | Colon, June 24 | Today | | Bayonne |
| *WESTPORT, Moore McCormack | Copenhagen, June 10 | Today | P.M. | S. 19th St. |
| *COMBS, Atlantic Nav. | Baracoa, June 29 | Today | | Catherine Slip |
| *NEW YORK, N. L. Hague | Amsterdam, June 8 | Today | | Beaumont, NJ |
| *ORAMA, Cunard | Southampton, June 28 | Tomorrow | 1 P.M. | W. 13th St. |
| *CARIB, Munson | Cape Haitien, June 30 | Tomorrow | | W. 134th St. |
| *MONTSERRAT, Spanish | Cadiz, May 30 | Tomorrow | | Oysters Alley, |
| *RESOLUTE, United Amer. | Hamburg, June 24 | Tomorrow | 9 A.M. | W. 46th St. |
| *COLUMBUS, Nor. Ger. Lloyd | Bremen, June 24 | Tomorrow | 11 A.M. | 58th St., Bkln. |
| *AUCASIAN, Royal Holland | Antwerp, June 21 | Tomorrow | | 2 Erie Basin |
| *AUGUAS, Booth | Constantinople, June 10 | Tomorrow | | Congress St. |
| *CONTE VERDE, Lloyd Sab. | Naples, June 24 | Saturday | | W. 58th St. |
| *LAURAN, Cosulich | Bari, June 6 | Tomorrow | A.M. | 23d St., Bkln. |
| *AGWISTAR, Ward | Progreso, June 25 | Tomorrow | | Unassigned |
| *ALADDIN, Stan. Trans. Co. | Colon, June 28 | Tomorrow | | Bayonne |
| *ROTTERDAM, Holland-Am. | Rotterdam, June 24 | Tomorrow | 9 A.M. | 5th St., Bkln. |
| *TYPHOON, Pacific | Colon, June 25 | Tomorrow | | Pier, Fleet. |
| *LEVANT ARROW, R. L. Hague | Suez, June 10 | Tomorrow | | Bayonne |
| *EXETER CITY, Ishmian | Swansea, June 19 | Saturday | | Unassigned |
| *GWISEA, Ist. Ship. Corp. | Colon, June 28 | Saturday | | Bayonne |
| *MARGINA, Cosulich | Trieste, June 11 | Saturday | | Hamilton Av. |
| *WESTPHALIA, Hamburg-Am. | Hamburg, June 23 | Saturday | | W. 46th St. |
| *OHA MARU, N. Y. Kobe | Yokohama, May 31 | Saturday | | Jordemon St. |
| *HANOVER, North Ger. Lloyd | Bremen, June 28 | Saturday | | 4th St., Bkln. |
| *EWYK HALL, Silversun | Cape Town, June 5 | Saturday | | 7th St., Bkln. |
| *HURONIAN, White Star | Plymouth, June 21 | Saturday | | W. 20th St. |
| *CRISTOBAL, Panama R.R.S.S. | Colon, June 27 | Saturday | | W. 25th St. |
| *HEMLEY CITY, Johnston | Colon, June 10 | Saturday | | Weehawken |
| *PRINCIPESSA GIOVANNI, L. | Buenos Aires, June 16 | Saturday | | 26 N. Y. Docks. |
| *OSNING, Munson | Buenos Aires, June 13 | Saturday | | Unassigned |
| *ALAMARES, United Fruit | Port Limon, June 26 | Sunday | | Fletcher St. |
| *PARIA, Colombian | Paramaribo, June 26 | Sunday | | W. 20th St. |
| *DIXIE ARROW, R. L. Hague | Colon, June 27 | Sunday | | Bayonne |
| †SIPESA, Fabre | Lisbon, June 19 | Sunday | | 23d St., Bkln. |
| *LUCKENBACH, Luckenbach | San Pedro, June 19 | Sunday | | 26th St., Bkln. |
| *CARIBSEA, Transmarine | Colon, June 15 | Monday | | Newark |
| *GOTTINGHOLM, Swed.-Am. | Gothenburg, June 27 | Monday | | W. 57th St. |
| *ORBITA, R. M. S. Packet | Southampton, June 27 | Monday | | Morton St. |
| *CEDRIC, White Star | Liverpool, June 28 | Monday | | W. 19th St. |
| *PENNSYLVANIA, American | Southampton, June 28 | Monday | | W. 21st St. |
| *LACONIA, Cunard | Liverpool, June 28 | Monday | | W. 14th St. |
| *COLUMBIA, Anchor | Glasgow, June 28 | Monday | | W. 13th St. |
| *CONVENTINKA, Atlantic Trans. | Rotterdam, June 25 | Monday | | W. 10th St. |
| *SOUTHERN CROSS, Munson | Rio de Janeiro, June 25 | Monday | | Old Slip. |
| *EASTERN CROWN, Mallory | Cape Town, June 5 | Monday | | 3 Army Base |
| *BOLIVAR, Colombian S. S. | Savanilla, June 27 | Monday | | Cuylers Alley. |
| *UNITED STATES, Sprague-Amer. | Copenhagen, June 19 | Monday | | 17th St., Hbk. |
| *ORIN, W. C. GORGAS, Panama | Cristobal, June 28 | Monday | | W. 25th St. |
| *CARACAS, Red D. | La Guayra, June 28 | Monday | | Furman St. |
| *S. DER NEDERLANDEN, N.D. | Port au Prince, July 1 | Monday | | 12 Bush Strs. |
| *MEXICO, Ward | Progreso, June 28 | Monday | | Wall St. |
| *SAN LORENZO, N. Y. & P. R. | San Juan, July 2 | Monday | | Hamilton Av. |
| *SANTAREM, Lloyd Brasileiro | Bahia, June 19 | Monday | | 33d St., Bkln. |

*Carries mail. †Reported by radio yesterday.

## Outgoing Passenger and Mail Steamships

The following table shows the destination of steamers, when their mails close (at the General Post Office and the City Hall Station), when they sail, location of piers and points for which they carry mail.

### SAIL TODAY.

YUBCANIA, Naples (mail closes 9:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), West 13th St.
Madeira and Gibraltar (Italy specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Gibraltar and Italy.

BELGIAN, Antwerp (mail closes 9:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), West 10th St.
Belgium and Luxemburg (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Belgium, Luxemburg and Belgian Congo.

MINNEKAHDA, Hamburg (mail closes 11:00 A. M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), West 20th St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Switzerland.

LANCASTRIA, London (mail closes 12:00 M.); carries no mail; West 14th St.

MANHATTAN ISLAND, Constanze (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), Congress St., Brooklyn.
Turkey and Rumania (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Bulgaria and Rumania.

AMERICAN BANKER, Leaden (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), 3d St., Hoboken.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).

WESTERN GOTOMEKA, Helsingfors (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), East 18th St.
Denmark and Finland (specially addressed); parcel-post mails for Finland.

PARIMA, Barbados (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Congress St., Brooklyn.
St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Martins, St. Eustatius, St. Kitts, Nevis, Antigua, Montserrat, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia and Barbados (Guiana, Grenada, St. Vincent and Trinidad specially addressed).

PORT ST. GEORGE, Hamilton (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), West 46th St.
Bermuda.

MONTERREY, Tampico (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Maiden Lane.
Yucatan and Campeche (Cuba and other parts Mexico specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Campeche and Yucatan.

PORTO RICO, San Juan (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Hamilton Av.
Porto Rico, St. Thomas, St. Croix, Saba, St. Martin and St. Eustatius.

BRCA, San Domingo (mail closes 9:30 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Hamilton Av.
Puerto Plata, San Pedro de Macoris and San Domingo City.

CRISTOBAL, Cristobal (mail closes 11:30 A. M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), West 22th St.
Haiti (except Cape Haitien, Port de Paix, Gonaives and St. Marc); Canal Zone, Panama, El Salvador (prints, &c.); Nicaragua, except East Coast; Amapala City, Cheluteca (also prints, &c., for Nacaome, Tegucigalpa and Yuscaran) in Honduras, Cauca and Narino Departments of Colombia and Ecuador (other parts Haiti and Honduras specially addressed).

FREJA, Bermuda (mail closes 12:00 M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), West 36th St.
Turks Island and Dominican Republic.

FLORA, Jacmel (mail closes 12:00 M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), 12 New York Docks.
Cape Haitien, Port de Paix, Gonaives and St. Marc (other parts of Haiti specially addressed).

GARNA, Maracaibo (mail closes 12:00 M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), 12 New York Docks.
Venezuela and Cu racao (specially addressed).

FINLAND, Cristobal (mail closes 12:30 P. M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), West 20th St.
Panama Canal Zone and Panama (specially addressed).

COMAYAGUA, Puerto Cortes (mail closes 2:00 P. M.; sails 4:00 P. M.), Rector St.
Honduras (except Amapala City, Cheluteca, Departments of Colon and Atlantida, and prints) &c. for Nacaome, Tegucigalpa and Yuscaran).

GIRAO, Kingston (mail closes 2:00 P. M.; sails 4:00 P. M.), Rector St.
Jamaica (Cuba specially addressed).

### SAIL FRIDAY.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, Bremen (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), 3d St., Hoboken.
Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed); also parcel-post mail Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Switzerland.

OLYMPIC, Southampton (mail closes 9:00 P. M.; sails 1:00 A. M., Saturday), West 196th St.
Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).

MUNARGO, Antilla (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Old Slip.
Bahamas, Hague and Fortuna Islands, City of Antilla (other parts Cuba specially addressed).

### SAIL SATURDAY.

LEVIATHAN, Southampton (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), West 46th St.
Europe, Africa, West Asia; also parcel-post mails for Great Britain, France and the countries named in notes of Europe and Africa.

ADRIATIC, Liverpool (mail closes 6:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), West 19th St.
Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed); parcel-post mails for Irish Free State.

ROCHAMBEAU, Havre (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), West 15th St.
Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).

POLONIA, Libau (mail closes 7:30 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), 5 Bush, Brooklyn.
Poland, Lithuania, Latvia, Esthonia and Russia (other countries specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Denmark, Norway, Poland, Russia, Lithuania, Latvia and Esthonia.

DEUTSCHLAND, Hamburg (mail closes 7:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), West 46th St.
Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Switzerland.

STOCKHOLM, Gothenburg (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), West 9th St.
Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland (specially addressed); parcel-post mails for Sweden.

OOSTERDIJK, Rotterdam (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), 5th St., Hoboken.
Netherlands (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails.

CARMANIA, Liverpool (mails 12:00 M.); carries no mails; West 14th St.

CAMERONIA, Glasgow (mails 12:00 M.); carries no mails; West 13th St.

BELGENLAND, Antwerp (mails 11:00 A. M.); carries no mails; West 18th St.

MUNCHEN, Bremen (mails 1:00 P. M.); carries no mails; 58th St., Brooklyn.

OHIO, Hamburg (mails 1:00 P. M.); carries no mails; Morton St.

SILVIA, St. Johns (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), Java St., Brooklyn.
Newfoundland.

ACONCAGUA, Valparaiso (mail closes 7:30 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Harrison St., Brooklyn.
Canal Zone, Panama, Salvador, Nicaragua, except East Coast, Colombia, Ecuador, Chile and Bolivia (Peru and Honduras specially addressed).

GRELSA, Havana (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Wall St.
Cuba (specially addressed).

BRIDGETOWN, Cartagena (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Jay St., Brooklyn.
Haiti (Colombia specially addressed).

SAN JUAN, San Juan (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Hamilton Av., Brooklyn.
Porto Rico, Virgin Islands, Romana, Macoris, San Domingo City.

MARACAIBO, Maracaibo (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Furman St., Brooklyn.
Curacao and Venezuela (Porto Rico specially addressed).

TOLOA, Port Limon (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 12:30 M.), Rector St.
Costa Rica (Cuba, Canal Zone and Panama specially addressed).

WESTERN WORLD, Buenos Aires (mail closes 10:30 A. M.; sails 1:30 P. M.), 1st St., Hoboken.
South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay.

### SAIL SUNDAY.

ALBAN, Rio de Janeiro (mail closes 4:00 P. M.).
South Brazil (specially addressed).

### SAIL MONDAY.

MONTSERRAT, Barcelona (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Cuylers Alley.
Spain (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Spain, Balearic Islands, Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and Tangier in Morocco.

### SAIL TUESDAY.

RESOLUTE, Hamburg (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), West 46th St.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).

RIVER DELAWARE, Alexandria (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), West 51st St.
Europe, Africa (specially addressed); parcel-post mails.

CITY OF CESARO, Naples (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), West 57th St.
Italy, Bulgaria, Greece, Malta, Turkey and Yugoslavia; also parcel-post mails for Italy.

BERGENSFJORD, Bergen (mail closes 9:30 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), 30th St., Brooklyn.
Norway (other countries specially addressed).

FREDERIK VIII, Copenhagen (mail closes 10:00 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), 17th St., Hoboken.
Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland; also parcel-post mails for Norway, Sweden and Denmark.

MATARO, Trinidad (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Congress St., Brooklyn.
Grenada, St. Vincent, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar and Guiana.

COSTA RICA mail, via Port Limon (mail closes 8:00 P. M.). By rail to Boston, Mass.

NOTE A—Parcel-post mail via England to Aden (including Kamaran and Perim), Basutoland (Kafirs), Bechuanaland Protectorate, British East Africa, British Congo (Katanga and Eastern Province and the territories of Ruanda and Urundi), British Central Africa (Nyasaland Protectorate), British India, British Somaliland, Cameroons (British and French zone), Cape Verde Islands, Ceylon, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, French India (specially addressed), Gambia, Gold Coast Colony, Ireland (North), Kenya and Uganda, Macao (China), Madeira, Malta, Mauritius (including Rodriguez), Mozambique (Beira) including Gorongoza, Morocco (British), Lourenco Marques and Tete (in) only, Nigeria, Nyasaland Protectorate, Palestine, Pemba, Portuguese India, Portuguese Timor, Portuguese West Africa, St. Helena, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Tanganyika Territory, Togo, Transjordania (British), Transvaal, Swaziland (territory east of Jordan River), Turkey in Europe, Turkey in Asia (except Smyrna).

NOTE B—Parcel-post mails via France to Abyssinia, Algeria, Cameroons, Corsica, Dahomey, French Bulfaria, Africa, French Guinea, French establishments in India, French Indochina (Annam, Cambodia, Cochinchina, Kouang-Tchéou) and Tonkin), French Post Offices in China, French Somaliland, French Soudan (Upper Senegal, Niger and Upper Volta), Gabon, Ivory Coast, Grand Liban (Lebanon), Madagascar and dependencies (Madagascar, Ste. Marie de Madagascar, Nossi-Be, Comoro Islands, Mayotte, Sida, Comoro, Anjouan and Mohilla), Mauritania, Medeo, Morocco (French), New Caledonia and dependencies, Niger territory, Reunion, Senegal, Togoland (French), Syria (French), Obock, Dahomey, Congo and the Western and Eastern Sahara, Tunis.

# SHIPPING AND MAILS

## Other Outgoing Steamships

| Steamer and Destination. | Date. | Time of Sailing Hour. |
|---|---|---|
| Alex, Rotterdam | July 5 | 10:00 A.M. |
| Ethelbert, Dunkirk | July 5 | 2:00 A.M. |
| Ethelstone, City, Dunkirk | July 5 | 2:00 A.M. |
| Thames Maru, Hamburg | July 5 | 3:00 A.M. |
| Boston City, Bristol | July 3 | 10:00 A.M. |
| Mexico, Mexico | July 3 | 11:00 A.M. |
| Ohioan, Los Angeles | July 3 | 5:00 P.M. |
| Tsuyama Maru, Yokhama | July 3 | 2:00 A.M. |
| Canaveva, Cibera | July 3 | 9:00 P.M. |
| Carib, Santiago | July 3 | 1:00 P.M. |
| Chesshaw, Nassau | July 3 | 1:00 P.M. |
| Tokyo Maru, Yokohama | July 3 | 10:00 A.M. |
| Felix Taussig, Tacoma | July 3 | 10:00 A.M. |
| Cabo Ortegal, Seville | July 4 | 1:00 P.M. |

| Steamer and Destination. | Date. | Time of Sailing Hour. |
|---|---|---|
| Horsedale, Melbourne | July 3 | 9:00 P.M. |
| Fort MacQuarrie, Mel. Bourne | July 4 | 4:00 P.M. |
| Arcuss, Hongkong | July 4 | 12:00 M. |
| Cabo Ortegal, Seville | July 4 | 12:00 M. |
| Cornelia, San Juan | July 4 | 12:00 M. |
| Perthian, Aberdeen | July 5 | 1:00 A.M. |
| London Coast, Boston | July 3 | 11:00 M. |
| Chicasaw City, Vancouver | July 5 | 11:00 A.M. |
| Pinar del Rio, Havana | July 5 | 12:00 M. |
| Tremere, Auckland | July 7 | 3:00 P.M. |
| Lesura | July 7 | 3:00 A.M. |
| New Britain, Los Angeles | July 10 | 6:00 P.M. |

## Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

| ARRIVED. Steamer. | At | Date |
|---|---|---|
| BERENGARIA | Cherbourg | July 3 |
| CITY OF ADELAIDE | Melbourne | June 20 |
| NORWICH CITY | Melbourne | June 30 |
| LANGTON HALL | Melbourne | June 30 |
| ROUSSILLON | Bordeaux | June 28 |
| COLUMBIA | Trieste | June 27 |
| STUTTGART | Bremen | June 28 |
| ORCA | Southampton | July 1 |
| ASSYRIA | Glasgow | July 1 |
| GIULIO | Genoa | June 27 |
| PRES. WILSON | St. Nazaire | July 1 |
| BANTU | Colon | July 1 |
| PASTORIUS | Colon | July 1 |
| ALMAGRO | Colon | July 1 |
| STANDARD | Colon | July 1 |

| SAILED. Steamer. | From. | Date. |
|---|---|---|
| AMERICA | Bremen | June 28 |
| DIOMED | Singapore | July 1 |
| MINERIO | Calcutta | July 1 |
| EASTERNER | Sydney | June 30 |
| PATRICK HENRY | Madrid | June 30 |
| CABO ESPARTEL | Valencia | June 28 |
| IDAHO | Antwerp | June 30 |
| CYCLOPS | Blankew | July 2 |
| GEORGIAN | Colon | June 30 |
| GEN. W. C. GORGAS | Colon | July 1 |

## Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the General Post Office and City Hall Post Office Station, New York, at 6 P. M. daily, as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Australia (specially addressed), from New York | Port MacQuarrie | July 2 |
| New Zealand (specially addressed), from New York | Rio Clare | July 2 |
| Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand; also parcel-post mails for Samoan Islands and Australia, via San Francisco | Sierra | July 5 |
| Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands; also parcel-post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements, via San Francisco | Pres. Taft | July 3 |
| Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed), via Seattle | Yokohama Maru | July 4 |
| Hawaii, via San Francisco | Matsonia | July 4 |
| Japan, Korea and Siberia (other destinations specially addressed), via Seattle | Protesilaus | July 5 |
| Japan, Korea and Siberia (other destinations specially addressed), via Seattle | Manila Maru | July 5 |
| Tahiti, Society Islands, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia; also parcel-post mails for Society Islands, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco | Tahiti | July 11 |
| Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands; also parcel-post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements, via Seattle | Pres. Jefferson | July 14 |
| Fiji Islands, New Zealand and specially addressed correspondence for Australia, via Victoria | Niagara | July 25 |


The swift way across the bay

New Jersey Central

SANDY HOOK ROUTE To North Jersey Coast Resorts

The roomy, speedy steamers, "Monmouth" and "Sandy Hook", offer comfortable, convenient transportation between New York and the Highlands—the "port of entry" to a famous Vacation Land.

Express train connections with Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Point Pleasant and other pleasure spots of the Jersey shore.

Steamers leave West 42nd St.: 7.45, 8.50, 11.30 A.M., 2.45, 3.55, 6.45, P.M., Sunday—8.00, 9.00 A.M., 12 noon.
Cedar St.: 8.15, 9.15, 12.00 noon; 3.10, 4.20, 7.10 P.M.; Sunday—8.30, 9.30 A.M., 12.30, 2.15, 5.45 P.M.
Standard Time. Add one hour for Daylight Time.

"across the Atlantic"

Accustomed comforts test the steamship as a home

DUTY, courteous service—suites or staterooms that are a joy across,—never-failing details of thoughtfulness and comfort, distinguish the de luxe steamers RESOLUTE, RELIANCE, ALBERT BALLIN, and DEUTSCHLAND; together with the splendid one-class cabin steamers CLEVELAND, THURINGIA, WESTPHALIA, HANSA and MOUNT CLAY they offer frequent sailings from New York to Hamburg via Cherbourg and Southampton.

For schedule and booklet apply—United American Lines 45 Broadway, New York or Local Steamship Agents

UNITED AMERICAN LINES (HARRIMAN LINE) Joint service with HAMBURG AMERICAN LINE

NCL NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
ENGLAND—FRANCE—GERMANY
World Famous Cuisine
Unsurpassed Service
32 Broadway, New York. Local Gen. & G. Agent Telephone Bowling Green 8270.

Honolulu Australia Samoa SYDNEY SHORT LINE

U. S. Mail and Express Steamers SIERRA, SONOMA, VENTURA, 10,000 tons disp. Rated Lloyds 100A1. Sailings from San Francisco, July 5, July 25, Aug. 24, Sept. 17, Oct. 7, every 21 days.
HONOLULU & ret. 1st cl. $220; SYDNEY & ret. 1st cl. $565; ROUND THE WORLD 1st cl. $1250, Tank Steamers.
OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.
1 Pine St., San Francisco. Send for picture folder. H. E. BURNETT, Agt., 17 Battery Pl., N. Y.

Italian Line NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

Less than 9 Days to Naples and Genoa
Connections to Egypt and India
DULIO—GIULIO CESARE—COLOMBO
24,280 tons 23,000 tons 12,000 tons
Largest, fastest and most luxurious steamers in the Mediterranean service.
For full schedule of sailings apply to ITALIA-AMERICA SHIPPING CORP.
General Agents One Bowling Street, N. Y.

AUSTRALIA SUVA, HONOLULU, NEW ZEALAND

The Well Equipped Royal Mail Steamers "NIAGARA" (20,000 tons) . . July 26 Sept. 24
"MAKUREA" (13,560 tons) . . Aug. 27 Oct. 25
Sails from Vancouver, B. C.
For rates, apply Can. Pac. Railway, Can. Pac. Bldg., Mad. Ave. and 44th St., N. Y., or to the Canadian Australasian Line, Pier 3, Pulteney St., Tel. Hastings 8x., W., Vancouver, B. C.

EGYPT-INDIA American and Indian Line, Fort Said, Bombay, Colombo & Karachi, Calcutta, Norfolk, Va. 26 Beaver St., N. Y.

SOUTH AMERICA

is a vast wonder-continent, an unexplored country to the tourist and traveler. Mountains that dwarf the Alps, rivers beside which the Rhine is a babbling brook, cities that rival Paris in beauty, charm and interest.

RIO DE JANEIRO MONTEVIDEO BUENOS AIRES
Calling Northbound at SANTOS, TRINIDAD and BARBADOS

*Voltaire, July 26 | Vauban . . Aug. 23
*Vandyck, Aug. 9 | Vestris . . Sept. 6

*Newest, finest, and most luxurious ships in the service

Large, comfortable ships; low rates; liberal stop-overs, unexcelled service. Tours round South America arranged. Apply 45 Broadway, N. Y., or any Steamship or Tourist Agency.

Lamport & Holt

Canadian Cruises 12 Days NEW YORK TO HALIFAX

4 cruises via Palatial twin-screw S. S. "FORT HAMILTON"
Sailing from New York
July 19 Aug. 2-16-30
Stopping One Day (each way) at Halifax and Two Days at Quebec.
Magnificent scenery, smooth water, cool weather. Orchestra for Dancing.
Round trip 12 days, $150 and up
One way to Quebec, 5 days, $60 and up
For Illustrated literature address FURNESS BERMUDA LINE, 34 Whitehall St., N.Y., or Any Tourist Agt.

NEW YORK DIRECT To SWEDEN

In 9 Days On large, modern, comfortable steamers. Excellent cuisine. Short route thru lightage is avoided; point to Scandinavia. Germany mainland.
Next Sailings From New York
Drottningholm . . July 12 | Kungsholm . . July 19
SWEDISH-AMERICAN LINE, 1 State St., N. Y.

ITALIAN LINE Royal Sabaudo

CONTE ROSSO CONTE VERDE
Most Luxurious Mediterranean Liners.
Passenger Office, 1 State St., N. Y.

YOUR Honeymoon

New Booklet Contains 57 Delightful Honeymoons. Complete with Rates. Mailed to Plain Envelope. Use Coupon or Phone Longacre 8260.
THE NATIONAL TOURS, 17 West 39th St., N. Y.
NAME . . .
ADDRESS . . .

VACATION TRIPS
Booklet A. V. 1 FREE
NATIONAL TOURS, 17 W. 39th St., N. Y.

BERMUDA $55
Booklet "A" Free
NATIONAL TOURS, 17 W. 39th St.

MEDITERRANEAN CRUISE SUPREME 1925

To historic lands where time itself is set back thousands of years by marvelous monuments of antiquity. Sixty-seven tempting travel days, on the specially chartered great White Star Liner

HOMERIC
January 24th, to April 1st

A repetition of her famously successful cruise of 1923. The largest, most modern ship sailing to the Mediterranean. Cruise strictly limited; cuisine and service unexcelled; management, such as only our unequalled experience and resources can provide.
All worth-while points of interest covered in many shore excursions. An especially long stay in Egypt, the Holy Land, etc. Stopover privileges in Europe.
Write for full information. Early reservations advisable.

THOS. COOK & SON
585 Fifth Avenue near 47th Street Tel. Vanderbilt 4501
NEW YORK
253 Broadway Opposite City Hall Tel. Barclay 7100

Through mountains, by land and sea

INCLUDE the wonderful Triangle Tour in your Pacific Coast trip—go the Canadian National way.
First, Jasper Park Lodge (Rates $6 up, American plan) in the heart of the largest National Park, then snowy Mt. Robson, highest of the Canadian Rockies. Past glaciers and canyons and over foaming rivers to Prince Rupert. Next 550 miles of smooth ocean voyaging through the "inside passage"—scenery that rivals Norway's fiords in beauty and grandeur. Back to Jasper by rail through 700 miles of glorious mountains.
Ask for tourist fares with liberal stop-over privileges, resort rates and illustrated booklets.
No Passports Required
C. E. JENNEY, General Agent, 1270 B'way, Cor. 33d St., N. Y. City Pennsylvania 6900
CANADIAN NATIONAL-GRAND TRUNK
The Largest Railway System in the World

4th OF JULY
Up the Hudson
To Newburgh and Return
S. S. Rensselaer $1.25 Round Trip
New York's Most Popular Outing
Boat leaves Pier 43, N. R., ft. of Canal St., 9:30 A. M.; West 133nd St., 10:00 A. M. Return trip from Newburgh, 4:30 P. M. (All Daylight Saving Time).
(Service a la Carte)
Regular Night Boat Service to Albany and Troy
Boat leaves Pier 40, N. R., 6:00 P. M.; West 129nd St., 6:30 P. M. (Daylight Saving Time). Tel. Canal 9000
MUSIC RESTAURANT DANCING
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Middleton S. Borland, Receiver.

ST. LAWRENCE and Saguenay Rivers

Personally conducted tours—Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, St. Lawrence, Quebec. Cruise on Saguenay River, etc. Independent tours starting any day. Rates, all expenses, $135 up. Conducted tours, 18 days from New York, Aug. 1—$295.
CALIFORNIA
51 Days—$985.—July 25th
Personally conducted tours, best hotels, etc.
ALL WATER CRUISES
To California through Panama Canal—15 days—$250. Combination low rate returning rail or vice versa—$215
OTHER TOURS
Jamaica, Nova Scotia, Great Lakes, Bermuda, Havana.
Write for "Travel Tips" Describing All Tours.
McCann's Tours
Incorporated. "Since 1876"
1328 Broadway, New York
(Marbridge Bldg. at 34th Street)
Phone Fitz Roy 0123

Steamship tickets on all lines

For sale at American Express Offices. Official Agents. Impartial advice. Tariff rates. Write for free booklet "Ocean Sailings."
TOURS—Bermuda—Havana—Jamaica—Panama Canal—Hawaii. Send for booklet—For travel to Europe—ask for booklet "Europe 1924".
American Express Co.
NEW YORK: 65 and 2131 Broadway; 300 Fifth Ave.; 116 West 39th St.; 18 Chatham Sq., Newark, N. J.; 676 Broad St.
Always carry American Express Travelers Cheques

5th Around the World Cruise

Jan. 20th; most varied, by specially chartered new Cunard Atlantic "California," all inclusive, $1,000 upto $1250 up, including meals, guides, drives, non. Visiting Panama Canal, Los Angeles, 16 days upon and China, Java, cutting 10 days in India; Cairo, Jerusalem, Athens, Europe, etc. Stop over in Europe with both cruises.
21st Mediterranean Cruise, Jan. 31 specially chartered new Cunarder "Carinthia" (oil burning) 20,000 tons, 600 up, including drives, guides, hotels, fees. 17 days in Palestine and Egypt. 600 to 700 passengers expected on each cruise.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York

BERMUDA TRAVEL SERVICE
9 day—All Expenses—$83
SPECIAL PARTY JULY 28.
(62 PARK AVE. (41 ST.) VAND. 4883.

WORLDWIDE TRAVEL SERVICE
SPECIAL ATTRACTIVE TRIPS
U. S., CANADA, WEST INDIES
Inexpensive, Moderate, De Luxe.
103 PARK AV. (41 ST.) VAND. 4884

CALIFORNIA LOW SUMMER RATES
All rail excursion, $128.25. Special Itineraries for Independent Tours.
GILLESPIE, KINPORTS & BEARD
30 W. 57th St., N. Y. C. Phone 3618-9 Fitz Roy

St. Anne de Beaupre
via Niagara Falls, Montreal, Quebec; Lake Champlain & Saratoga. Leave July 12, ret. 22.
NATIONAL HOLY NAME TRAVEL BUREAU
420 Lexington Av. (Cor. 44th St.) Rhinelander 4600

"Best in Travel"
RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO.
6th Fifth Av. (bet. 45th & 46th Sts.) Tel. Bryant 3535
225 Fifth Ave. Tel. Mad. Sq. 6270

NIAGARA TO THE SEA
A Thousand Miles of Travel; a Thousand Miles of Pleasure.
CANADA STEAMSHIP LINES, Ltd.
New York Office, 118 West 43d St.

BERMUDA Official Information
EUROPE—CALIFORNIA—NIAGARA FALLS—CANADA—NOVA SCOTIA.
Tours & Trips of Every Description
STAR TOURS 508 5th Ave. (Est. 42d St.) Tel. Murray Hill 2158
CANADA St. Lawrence River, Great Lakes, NOVA SCOTIA—NEWFOUNDLAND CALIFORNIA BERMUDA
Bell's Travel Bureau 29 East 42d Street Mur. Hill 4836

EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES, Inc.
ONLY DIRECT LINE
ALL THE WAY BY WATER
TO BOSTON
$6.50
Via Boston and New York Line and Cape Cod Canal
Leave Pier 19 N. R. (ft. Warren St.), New York, daily, including Sundays at 5 P. M., Daylight

# Business Opportunities

*Bank and business references required. Rate one dollar a line.*

Advertisers should investigate replies before definitely committing themselves, as dishonest persons sometimes respond. $100 reward for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money fraudulently through announcements in The New York Times.

*Telephone LACkawanna 1600.*

## CAPITAL WANTED.

BALTIMORE, MD.—LARGE MANUFACturing concern opening office in Baltimore; business man with executive ability and $5,000 capital will be considered; strict investigation invited; connection permanent; large returns; must be capable of earning at least $10,000 yearly. Give telephone. W 858 Times.

STATEN ISLAND—LARGE MANUFACTURing company opening branch office in Staten Island; man with executive ability and $3,500 for equipment (local man preferred) will be considered as manager; large permanent returns; give phone. K. W. W 865 Times.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR MAN TO acquire half interest taxi business, 57-cab unit, and become actively engaged if desired; cabs shortly paid up; in good running condition; $10,000 required; will stand strict investigation; immediate action; principals only. Phone for appointment, Columbus 8361.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY WITH $10,000 OR more can secure substantial interest in West Virginia coal operation owning fee lands; eight inch seams, mines electrically equipped, railway and river transportation. F 537 Times.

YOUNG CORPORATION DESIRES ACTIVE partner with $12,500 to interest himself in a staple food business now in progress; principals only considered. V 959 Times Downtown.

RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR RETIRED person to purchase magnificently furnished west side mansion; large net income. M 404 Times.

$1,000 WANTED TO EXTEND AN ESTABlished school animal circus, now operating at Palisade Amusement Park. Call at circus tent.

PARTNER WITH $10,000 TO INVEST IN old-established surgical instrument business; State bank connections. F 926 Times Downtown.

PARTNER DESIRED BY ESTABLISHED manufacturer knited ouerwear; splendid opportunity. T 552 Times.

MAN WANTED WITH $1,500 TO INVEST in exceptional business; large profits; no stock proposition; give phone. W 389 Times.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE CORPORAtion, $5,000 to $10,000 needed, salary, to act as associate. Box 177, 228 West 424.

YOUNG BUSINESS EXECUTIVE WILL invest $10,000 and services in sound paying business. G 562 Times.

## CAPITAL TO INVEST.

WILL BUY OR INVEST $5,000-$8,000; wholesale manufacturing food syrup extract business considered; details to receive reply. H 665 Times Downtown.

## BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

A WELL-KNOWN TIRE COMPANY desires to secure the services of a man well versed and thoroughly experienced in the manufacture and construction of cord tires; he must be capable of taking complete charge of the factory; wonderful opportunity for the right man; no cash investment required. P 660 Times Downtown.

BRANCH MANAGER.
Philadelphia office; have you ability to manage office and get results, selling tourist tickets for vacation and pleasure trips; position now vacant; want live wire who can act quickly as rush season is in progress; good salary; investment $2,500 required; best security; exceptional opportunity for man of ambition who can qualify; give salary expected and sufficient information about yourself to warrant interview. N 787 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURERS' ATTENTION.
High grade sales organization with office and salesrooms in Philadelphia, desires to handle manufactured article of merit in Philadelphia and surrounding territory; exclusive arrangement desired; unlimited references. M. H. Goodis, Colonial Trust Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

ESTABLISHED LADIES' TAILOR DESIRES party to take over retail ladies' dress department on percentage basis; location East 60s, between Madison and 5th Ave.; reply, giving full particulars. N 326 Times.

LADY ASSOCIATE WANTED AS PARTNER in Broadway store with old-established health food company; $2,000 immediate profitable connection. Rumble Health Food Company, 205 Duane St.

MANUFACTURER RADIO WANTED BY sales agency selling jobbers and chain stores, metropolitan area and New York State; commission basis. F 933 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURERS METAL SPECIALTIES wanted by sales agency selling jobbers and chain stores, metropolitan area and New York State. F 934 Times Downtown.

ATTORNEY, SAILING IRELAND, ENGland, will accept corporation or personal commissions, including agency or sales representation. C 341 Times.

REAL ESTATE, BUSINESS, BROKERAGE (licensed)—Expert merchandiser wishes connection with established firm or associate. T 1130 Times Harlem.

AMERICAN IN PARIS, LEGAL TRAINING, office, highest references, would represent or negotiate for American firm in France, upon retainer basis. Z 2300 Times Annex.

JOBBER WANTS FLOOR LAMP LINE. Novelty furniture lines, &c., also considered. F 929 Times Downtown.

WILL BUY FOR CASH HARDWARE, tools, metal novelties, surplus stocks, jobs; send list prices. F 932 Times Downtown.

MAIL ORDER ITEMS WANTED, STEADY supply. S 926 Times Downtown.

## FOR SALE.

### Plants and Factories.

CONSTRUCTION COMPANIES, ATTENTION!
An exceptional opportunity to own and control your supply of bricks, clay, sand, gravel, &c.; circumstances compel owners to sacrifice a brick plant with equipment to turn out over 50,000,000 bricks per annum, together with 300 acres of clay, sand and gravel land situated on New York Harbor; with almost a mile of dock and shore frontage and railroad connections through the property to the waterfront; an opportunity seldom offered and sure to be snapped up quickly. B. K., 193 Times.

MODERN SEWING PLANTS IN PENNsylvania and Vermont, completely equipped for manufacturing shirts, pajamas, night robes or similar lines; majority of plants now in operation; best type experienced American operators at reasonable wages; additional labor available. Write Box 617, 206 Fitzgerald Building, New York.

KALSOMINE FACTORY LOCATED IN New York City; convenient for export and domestic trade. S 915 Times Downtown.

### Stores and Shops.

UP-TO-DATE DELICATESSEN AND DRY grocery store in Connecticut, 90 miles from New York; excellent opportunity for the right party; American trade; must be sold at once. Call A. H. Meller, Dry Dock 2090. Address 38-40 2d Av.

FUR DEPARTMENT FOR RENT IN beautiful cloak and suit store; 100 per cent. location. M. Apfel, 240 5th Av.

DELICATESSEN AND FANCY GROCERY; long lease; cheap rent; good reason for selling. Inquire X 2211 Times Annex.

### Hotels and Furnished Room Houses.

FURNISHED MAGNIFICENTLY; FOUR stories and basement, 4 rooms, 1 baths, electric lights, telephone, parquet floors throughout; all in wonderful condition; rent $350, income $805; lease five years straight. This is a high class house and a real money-maker, and has many other good features; will absolutely stand any investigation. See this house and you will be convinced; reasonable terms. 10 West 95th St. Call 1 to 4.

HOTEL, UPPER BROADWAY CORNER; 200 rooms; lease 15 years; elegantly furnished; sacrifice $18,000 account illness of owner; exceptional opportunity. Apply Jas. Crews, Times Building.

## FOR SALE.

### Restaurants and Tea Rooms.

SUMMER INN ON SOUTH SHORE CAPE Cod, first class, doing business; owner will sacrifice because of illness. Cape Cod Homestead Co., Brewster, Mass.

### Garages.

GARAGE, EXCELLENT LOCATION, WEST side in the 60th streets, 50x125; no pests, ground floor, fully equipped; will dispose of unexpired two-year term and equipment. Phone Columbus 5351.

LEADING GARAGE AND STORES, 100X150; favorable lease; twelve years incorporated general automobile business; all traffic to Connecticut and New England. Ford, 376-382 Main St., New Rochelle.

GARAGE; Bronx; under construction; direct owner; lease 60c. foot; or sell. Francis J. Phillips, 47 West 42d.

### Miscellaneous.

REFRESHMENTS AND GAS STATION.
Chance. Commute New York City.
Urgent personal affairs force sacrifice splendid property on heavily traveled paved highway, mile station, 50 minutes New York; 4 acres rich soil for high-paying truck crops and poultry; 8-room house, bath, electricity; pleasantly shaded porch; garage, poultry house; only $8,000 if taken now; easy terms. E. A. Strout, 130 West Broad St., Westfield, N. J.

COFFEE ROASTING BUSINESS DOING profitable business with large wholesale buyers; new, latest model Burns plant, admirably located to do high-grade hotel business; owner going abroad and will sell at attractive figure. K 363 Times.

### Leases.

BROADWAY, 2,895 (COR. 163D ST.)—Adjoining blocks of new houses being completed; great future; choice corner; store connected with large, light basement store by inside and outside stairway; 2 lavatories; $260 month; want offer.

HOTEL LEASE, LONG TERM, IN HEART of city; $30,000 cash; reasonable terms on balance; exceptional opportunity. T 545 Times.

## BUSINESS SERVICE.

MY SALES LETTERS BRING RESULTS because they are scientifically written. Durant, 280 West 41st St. Penn. 0162.

## FINANCING—LOANS.

GRAMERCY FINANCE CORPORATION,
Operating under New York State Banking Dept.
Loans made to salary and wage earners and merchants; monthly or weekly payments; prompt service without red tape; call or send for our booklet.
12 West 22th St.
Phone: 2720 Madison Square.

LOANS IN ANY AMOUNT,
DIAMONDS, JEWELRY & SILVERWARE.
Confidential Service.
J. E. LEMON & COMPANY,
Established 1878.
LICENSED BY THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
478 6TH AV., AT 29TH ST.
Phone Lackawanna 8080-8081.

AUTO OWNERS—QUICK LOANS,
WHILE IN YOUR POSSESSION.
LOWEST RATES. NO PUBLICITY.
DEALS MADE SAME DAY.
PEERLESS FINANCE CORPORATION,
1,780 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 8748.

BETHLEHEM FINANCE CORPORATION.
AUTO OWNERS, QUICK ACTION;
CAR IN YOUR POSSESSION;
CONFIDENTIAL.
NO RED TAPE; LOWEST RATES.
MORTGAGE LOANS, RENT ASSIGNMENTS
1,650 Broadway, corner 51st St. Circle 0065.

COMMERCIAL FINANCING.
Advances on accounts and merchandise. Consult our principals with your financial problems in strictest confidence.
WORMSER & CO.,
95 5th Av. Stuyvesant 8360.

BUSINESS LOANS.
We advance money to reliable business men whose propositions have merit, on notes and other good securities.
UNITED STATES GUARDIAN CORP.,
19 WEST 44TH ST.

OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS FINANCED ON liberal terms and at lowest rates; confidential; quick service assured. Mercantile Factors' Corporation, 212 5th Av. Madison Square 3657.

MONEY MAKES MONEY.
Manufacturers, jobbers financed by new plan; accounts purchased; quick action.
AETNA FINANCE CO., 40 WEST 33D.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS OBTAIN LOANS while using cars; quick answers; confidential. Bryant 2385.


C. B. Warren
President
Warren-Nash
says

*"A Warren-Nash Used Car is a whole lot better than some new cars we've seen!"*

*Warren-Nash is the Safe Place to Buy Your Car!*

TODAY'S SPECIALS

Hudson Touring, $161 cash and $33 monthly. You have been waiting for this chance. Repainted and in fine mechanical condition.

Nash Sedan, $338 cash and $55 monthly. Painted a beautiful Nash blue. Equipped with a number of extras and carries our guarantee.

100 OTHERS

*Used Car Bulletin Mailed Free*

OPEN EVENINGS
WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION
1757 Broadway—at 56th St.
COLUMBUS 7900


# RAILROADS FACE HUGE HOLIDAY TASK

## Fourth of July and Convention Crowds Promise a New Record in Travel.

## EXODUS ALREADY BEGUN

### Many Trains Added to Regular Schedules—Exercises All About the City.

The prolongation of the Democratic Convention threatens to increase many times the usual Fourth of July congestion in New York, especially at the railroad terminals. Whether the convention ends today, tomorrow or Saturday, there are bound to be enormous crowds leaving and entering the city at the same time.

All the railroads reported yesterday that travel out of the city for the holiday already had begun in large volume and was much heavier than at the same time in past years. When it reaches its peak today it is expected to be the heaviest on record. If the delegates have to compete with the holiday crowds to get out of the city, the railroads probably will have to contend with the biggest task in their history.

There is so much Summer travel this year that the New York Central Railroad Company announced yesterday that the number of persons who came to New York for the convention was a small compared to the grand total of visitors to New York for other reasons.

"The rush to get out of town for the Fourth is very great," the statement continued. "On Monday 10 extra trains and 79 extra Pullman cars left the Grand Central Terminal on the New York Central Railroad. Tuesday there were 16 extra trains out, 82 extra Pullmans and 80 extra coaches. Every car, Pullman and coach, was loaded to capacity. Wednesday there were 10 extra trains, including 72 extra Pullmans and 60 extra coaches. Thursday there will be 20 extra trains, with 90 extra Pullmans and 120 extra coaches."

The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company announced that it would run sixty-four extra trains into and out of New York to take care of the holiday rush. The biggest rush is expected today, when twenty-one extra trains will leave Grand Central and eleven will arrive. The Merchants' Limited and Bar Harbor Express will have extra sections today, and there will be a special train to New Hampshire and Maine. Tomorrow there will be three extra trains leaving New York and one coming into New York.

The bulk of the work of taking the delegates home will fall upon the New York Central and the roads leaving Pensylvania Station, as most of the delegates will go West and South. It was learned at Pennsylvania Station that arrangements already had been made to hold special trains in readiness to leave within four hours after the convention ends.

If the convention remains in session until tomorrow, William Jennings Bryan will have to cancel an engagement to deliver an oration at the Fourth of July celebration at Monticello, the home of Thomas Jefferson. He had been announced as the principal speaker by Theodore Fred Kuper of the Thomas Jefferson Memorial Association.

A flood of telegrams from all over the country will descend upon President Coolidge tomorrow, which will be his birthday, from members of the Coolidge Fourth-of-July Club. Ralph W. Bicket of 60 Broadway, National President of the club, said yesterday that nearly all the Governors of States, scores of Mayors, and hundreds of patriotic societies had assured him they would participate.

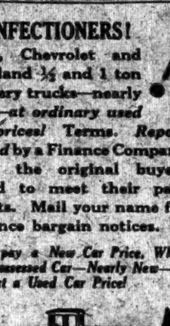
He said many Democrats in official positions had joined in the drive.

Medals for the winners of the American Legion essay contest in New York will be awarded tomorrow by State and County representatives of the Legion. The subject of the essays was "The Inauguration of George Washington, First President of the United States; its significance and bearing upon the affairs of the world today." All boys and girls attending the public and private high schools in the State were eligible to compete. Awards will be made in each county of the State with appropriate ceremonies.

The annual Independence Day exercises of the Fourth Degree Knights of Columbus and the United Councils of Bronx Civil, Spanish and World War veterans and patriotic societies will be held tomorrow morning at Fordham University field. There will be a parade from the Unity Council clubhouse to the grounds. It is estimated that 5,000 will be in the parade starting at 9:20 A. M. Supreme Court Justice Arthur S. Tompkins, Past Grand Master of Masons of New York State, will deliver the principal address. He will be followed by national officers of the Knights of Columbus and United States Senators. Albert Ward, County Commander of the American Legion, will read the Declaration of Independence. The Rev. Joseph C. Ryan will pronounce the benediction.


CONFECTIONERS!
Ford, Chevrolet and Overland ½ and 1 ton delivery trucks—nearly new—*at ordinary used car prices!* Terms. *Repossessed* by a Finance Company after the original buyers failed to meet their payments. Mail your name for advance bargain notices.

*Why pay a New Car Price, When a Repossessed Car—Nearly New—Sells at a Used Car Price!*



CONSOLIDATED SERVICE CO. Inc
16 West 61st St. Third Floor
Phone Columbus 8743-4-5
Finance Company Repossessed Commercial Cars



ENJOY YOUR VACATION

*Light, cool clothes will help. You'll find the best of the new ideas here.*

*Summer suits*
A Wallach two-piece mohair suit will add zest and joy to an otherwise humdrum, sweltering day; they're worth more to you than the price . $19.50

*Blue serge suits*
It's quite correct to wear the blue coat of your serge or worsted suit with white or gray flannel trousers for all summer functions. Hart Schaffner & Marx blue suits are well made; fine value at . $50

*White flannels*
It's a big season for white flannel trousers; grays are very popular too. They're here with all the new style touches; wide bottoms . $7.50 *to* $15

*Golf knickers*
Some prefer cheviots, some worsteds—white linens are the really cool summer fabric. Of fine linens, splendidly tailored $5

STORES CLOSED JULY 4TH

Wallach Brothers
Broadway below Chambers
Broadway corner 19th
New York
246-248 West 125th
Third Avenue corner 122d
*Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes set the style pace*

*Another Dollar to Celebrate!*

Get ready for the Fourth! Buy a pair of the best $8 shoes in the world. But only pay $7 for them! That's a dollar on the right side of the books, and shoes on your feet that wil tickle your pride and add distinction to your appearanse.

ALL JOHN WARD $8 OXFORDS* Now $7

There's a style for every taste, and a size for every foot—the greatest variety in any men's shoe shops anywhere. For 30 years John Ward Shoes hav been the choice of discriminating shoe buyers. *Right now,* we'r doing the biggest business in our history. Just get acquainted, and you'l know the reazon why!

*The same good shoes they hav always been—everything the same except the price*

John Ward Men's Shoes
INCORPORATED REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
THE BIGGEST MEN'S SHOE SHOP IN NEW YORK
Broadway, between 38 and 39 sts
FOR THE MAN DOWNTOWN
Nassau st, near Fulton st
Cortlandt st, just East of Church st
FOR BROOKLYN MEN—348 Fulton st
Other Shops in Newark and Philadelphia

* A FEW SPORT SHOES EXCEPTED


ADVERTISEMENT.

"Bring on those Kellogg's Corn Flakes. I'm a hungry man!"

**1st** It's crisp and delicious as no other cereal can be—and it's simply great for any meal, at any time!

**2nd** As healthful as it's good. Brimming with the kind of nourishment growing bodies need.

**3rd** Remember, too, it saves you *work.* No cooking—no sticky dishes to wash. Ready to serve.

Kellogg's CORN FLAKES

*Oven-fresh always*

Inner-sealed waxtite wrapper keeps Kellogg's as fresh and crisp after opening as before—exclusive Kellogg feature.

ADVERTISEMENT.


Insured Wholesomeness

*follows the careful inspection from the pastures and herds right through to each bottle of Borden's Grade A milk.*

Delivered to your office or shop, too

BORDEN'S Farm Products Co. Inc
Walker 7300



*Exports and Imports Financed*

LEVISON & CO.
Bankers
70 WEST 40th ST.



*Estimator*

*WE HAVE A PLACE for a qualified estimator for General Building Construction; an energetic, forward-looking man who intelligently believes in himself. WE want a man whose probity is beyond dispute. WE want a man who has real loyalty, hard work and ability to give a corporation which is ready to further his advancement. State full particulars. Write only Box K., L. T. Room 410, 33 Park Row*